SABBATH SCHOOL WORK

Will Receive Special Impetus Through the Convention Commenced Today.

A LARGE ATTENDANCE OF DELEGATES.

Addresses of Welcome by General Superintendent George Q. Cannon—Other Speakers and Topics, Questions and Answers.

For some days great interest has been manifested in the convention of Sunday school workers, which met today. Hundreds of delegates from the several Stakes of Zion far and near, are in attendance and the gathering promises much for the benefit of Sabbath school work throughout the Church.

The first meeting of the convention was held this Monday afternoon, in Assembly Hall. The body of the house was filled with delegates, who were admitted thereto by badge. It was a splendid assemblage of men and women who manifested great interest in the proceedings. Persons who were not delegates to the convention, yet who desired to witness its proceedings, were seated in the gallery, which was well filled.

There were present on the stand, of the general authorities of the Deseret Sunday School Union the following: Geo. Sept. Geo. Q. Cannon, First Assistant; General Superintendent Geo. Reynolds; Second Assistant Geo. Sept. Karl G. Maeser; members of the general board and ward Sunday school superintendents and many others prominently connected with Sunday school work. Also President Lorenzo H. J. Grant and George Teasdale of the Twelve Apostles.

At 1:30 p.m. the convention was called to order by Elder George Goddard. The first exercise was a singing practice of half an hour, which was led by Elder George D. Pyper, the congregation joining and participating. The pieces rendered were selected from the Deseret Sunday school Union Songs, and Professors McClellan and Hoff accompanied on the organ and cornet respectively.

The opening prayer was offered by Elder George Teasdale.

Singing by the congregation standing, Come Along.

General Superintendent George Q. Cannon then delivered to the convention an address of welcome. He expressed his pleasure at the large attendance at the convention and welcomed the delegates to the city of Zion. He hoped they would enjoy themselves during the sitting of the convention and realize by its exercises that they had been felt that something should be done to give a renewed impetus to Sunday school work, and that there was a tendency to slackness which was becoming apparent. For this purpose the convention had been called. The speaker hoped that the fullest freedom would be enjoyed during its sitting. He hoped that questions relating to Sunday school work would be asked freely, and suggested that they be submitted in writing. He referred briefly to the great necessity and value of Sunday school work, and considered that it was one of the most important features of the Church. He referred to the remarks made many years ago by ex-Bishop Hunter to the effect that the difficulties with which the Church was warring against Mormons, but mainly among the young by giving to them opportunities for gaining knowledge. He showed how our Sabbath schools aid in fortifying the children of the Saints against the errors and sin of the world, and urged that every effort be made to secure the attendance at Sunday school of all the children of our people.

He invited delegates who lack accommodation to report at the office, urged that questions concerning Sunday school work be freely asked, and advised delegates to take notes of the proceedings of the convention.

Elder George Reynolds then delivered an address on "The Objects of the Convention."

Elder Karl G. Maeser then addressed the convention on "The Sunday School Treatise and Its Effect."

For a long time the board had been impressed with the need of a published guide to Sunday school work. Teachers were at a loss in regard to the proper organization and the details of it. Much difference in the Sunday school sections, which it was necessary to correct. After great deliberation and consultation with leading Sunday school workers, the Treatise was prepared and published. The result has been a more complete and uniform organization and better work. Sunday school work, though the Treatise covers abundant latitude for the individuality of teachers and adapted to the varying circumstances surrounding them. Some teachers have failed to understand the intent of the Treatise, but this is largely due to the fact that that they have not sufficiently studied it. The first edition is exhausted and a new one, embracing improvements and new points, has been issued. In future editions of the work new points, covering out of experience will be introduced, for there is no standing still.

The speaker urged that teachers become familiar with the Treatise and the instruments it conveys, and that the latter be carried out. Every teacher should have a copy and it should be considered and discussed at teachers' meetings, so that every teacher will understand where his or her work fits in, in connection with the whole work of the school.

Teachers should work to a plan covering a specified period of time, a term of months. The speaker illustrated this proposition at some length and in a manner to show how it had been followed and explained that the Treatise provided for this need. The speaker explained the need of classifying schools, and placing each pupil in the proper class. Changes from one class to another should be made frequently by the teacher to the superintendent, and by him to the teachers' meetings should be held often. The speaker laid great stress upon this. He urged that superintendents should be familiar with the station, studies and students in their schools and described how questions should be framed in order to elicit proper answers.

The speaker dwelt at some length on various portions of the Treatise, explaining how the same should be complied with, and showing how much time was often wasted by teachers and classes in "threshing straw."

The question, "How shall you prepare a plan for a six months' course for the first intermediate department?" was asked by Deseret Sunday School Union Secretary Joseph Ballantyne, and a query covering the same subject was put by Delegate Horne, and the following were appointed a committee to prepare a reply in the form of a model plan: J. M. Tanner, Karl G. Maeser, Jos. E. Eggertsen and Nathan T. Porter.

The question was asked "How may a strong home feeling be created in the ward?" General Superintendent Cannon replied, "Study it." (Laughter.)

Prof. McClellan then rendered upon the organ with exquisite taste, a revelation of the air, "O My Father," arranged by himself.

In answer to questions the following replies were given: If teachers are capable of drawing plans for class work, they may do so, and report the same to the superintendent; but when teachers are not qualified to do this, the plans should be prepared by the superintendent.

The following question was put: "Should the subjects of the Deseret Sunday School Union be followed as the subjects of the class work in the respective departments?"

The answer was: "No. Each should depend upon the general plan according to circumstances. Prof. Cannon gave an illustration of this, in the Theatre. When the plan has been agreed upon, the subjects in the Theatre are suggestive only, but not to be other than given in the Theatre."

Elder J. M. Tanner read an address prepared by Elder Seymour B. Young, who, because of duties elsewhere, was unable to be present.

The following question was asked: "Would you require a complete answer in all cases, or would not a suggestive answer be more conducive to discussing the matter to better in the higher classes?"

Elder Maeser replied that full answers should be insisted on for disciplinary purposes in the lower grades, but that conversational discussion was well adapted in the higher grades.

Elder James W. Ure spoke on "How to secure the attendance of delinquent pupils." He recommended a committee of good men and women to visit the delinquent young people and labor with them. He also recommended that the committee ascertain the cause by which the missing pupil believed that the latter immediately after the visit. The speaker urged that inquiry into the cause of absence. There should be no compulsory methods adopted, he thought, to induce pupils to attend Sunday school. It is a good thing for the teacher of the class to visit the parents of the absent pupils at their homes, and learn why the latter do not attend.

Often boys from 15 to 19 years old, with sisters in the Sunday school, discontinued attending Sabbath school. The committee would do well to visit these gathered in the Sunday school, and mission, and work to prevent them from ceasing to attend Sunday school. Members of the committee should be men of influence, and women chosen for this last is approaching and winning over young people. Sunday school workers should be on the watch for new pupils, and be sure attendance of the children at the Sunday school.

General Superintendent Cannon said the question had been asked, "Should the Word of Wisdom be made a test of the qualifications of Sabbath school officers and teachers," and that the subject would be discussed later on in the convention.

In reply to the question, "Is it possible in the absence of a county or stake Sunday school, for a ward Sunday school?" Elder J. M. Tanner said: Those who thought little of it in most cases felt so because they did not make a proper use of it. The Book of Mormon, and Doctrine and Covenants were never intended to be used as text books in schools or others, as is so difficult to do, in a proper manner, through such a volume. Hence the need of a publication which would contain such a subject in a convenient form. Such a basket has its subject, which it outlines in a manner to aid the student in studying the subject and in the light of the promises of God upon bearing upon it, if properly used, the basket is a valuable aid. It was designed to be a guide, not to abridge study. It is a syllabus of the subject getting reference which should be followed in study. The teacher should be careful not to interfere with the independently of the pupil in being led by the spirit of God. The speaker illustrated the use of the basket in his hands in the leader in his hands the pupil can study the subject at home and come prepared upon it to the Sunday school. The speaker urged the proper selection and use of Scripture reference, and the need of real study as distinguished from mere recitation. The best method of teaching subject in colleges was to give the pupil a syllabus and require him to look up references. Keep the class upon one subject long enough to make its members familiar with it, and not to do it, but not long enough to tire them of it.

The leaflets are best adapted to the primary grades, but may be used in lower ones, though in the latter more preparation is required on the part of the teacher. In the primary the leaflets are placed there to comply with the law relating to second class mail matter, but need not be regarded in their use. In reply to question, the speaker said, reference of reputable works on profane history might properly be made in the Sunday school, but not prayer to be used as text books in Sunday schools. He urged that teachers study carefully and thoroughly prepare themselves for their work.

Answering questions the speaker said that the Sunday school teacher should be a member of the ward, that the object to be study in a lesson, subject the best method is to study the passage relating to it.

In using the leaflet it is a good thing to make a review of the lesson, and to be able to state what they learn from the lesson, having each succeeding page review the preceding one, and the teacher affiling new matter. Thus each member of the class gets the benefit of repetition and receives the stronger impression.

New Paper at Manila.

From far-off Manila the "News" is in receipt of three copies of a new paper called Freedom. Its editor is the special correspondent of the "News" at that point, Don C. W. Mason, and the manager is Frank W. Hines. The paper is well gotten up and shows that American enterprise, even nothing by being transported. More extended mention will be made tomorrow.

Sutter Improvements.

During the "dead season" at Saltair there will be many improvements made. A large force is now at work repairing the pavilion and making things bright and clean. Among other improvements there will be a large merry-go-round erected on the lawn to the north of the building, to accommodate which the platform will have to be very much extended. Heretofore the place has been a resort for grown up people and children to go and have a good time, but the little ones would be looked after in the future, and most of the energy of the coming year will be in that direction.

WEATHER REPORT

Weather report showing observations at 8 a. m. today:

Salt Lake—Barometer, 30.12; temperature, 42; moisture, 32; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Baker City—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 24; moisture, 44; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Helena—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 18; moisture, 44; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Lander—Barometer, 30.26; temperature, 20; moisture, 44; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Pocatello—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 18; moisture, 44; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Winnemucca—Barometer, 30.36; temperature, 24; moisture, 44; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Denver—Barometer, 30.30; temperature, 30; moisture, 44; wind, southwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Pueblo—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 30; moisture, 44; wind, southwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Dodge City—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 30; moisture, 44; wind, southwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Havre—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 18; moisture, 44; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Huron—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 30; moisture, 44; wind, southwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Bismarck—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 18; moisture, 44; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Minnedosa—Barometer, 30.32; temperature, 18; moisture, 44; wind, northwest; weather, clear; total fall of 24 hours, 0.00.

Forecast for 36 hours ending at 8 p. m. Tuesday:

Utah—Fair Monday and Tuesday; not quite so cold Tuesday.

Colorado—Fair Monday; warmer; possibly Tuesday.

Idaho—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Montana—Fair Monday and Tuesday; stationary temperature.

J. H. SMITH,
Observer, Weather Bureau.

One Large Scar

Is All That Remains of Great Scrofula Sores

Neighbors Could Not Bear to Look Upon Her—A Grand, Complete Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla After Others Failed.

"I was taken with neuralgia in my head and eyes. Not long after this, a scrofula sore appeared on my left cheek, extending from my upper lip to my eye. Other sores came on my neck and on my right arm and one of my limbs. They were very troublesome and painful and soon became great running sores. My face looked so bad that some of my neighbors could not bear to look at me and advised me to wear a bandage, but I based this would irritate the sore and make it worse, do I

Could Not Hide the Sores.

My alone, who was familiar with a case similar to mine, which had been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, urged me to try it. Finally I was persuaded to do so, and in a short time I saw it was helping me. The sores began to heal and the neuralgia in my head was better. In a few months the sores on my arms and limbs all healed; those on my neck gradually disappeared and now they are all gone. I have never had any symptom of scrofula since. One large sore on my right arm is all the sign that remains of my terrible affliction. The neuralgia is also cured." Mrs. J. M. Hanson, Box, New Hampshire.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

PEYTON IS SENTENCED.

Embezzler of Lou's Bore's Money Gets Three Months in County Jail.

HIS ATTORNEY ASKED FOR LENIENCY,

Which Was Not Granted by the Prosecution—Trial of Old Man Shaich on a Serious Charge.

Frank Peyton, who pleaded guilty on Friday last to embezzling a sum less than $50, belonging to Louie Boreis, was this morning sentenced by Judge Norrell to three months in the county jail.

Before sentence was pronounced the defendant's attorney, D. C. Eichner Esq., made a statement to the court, calling his honors attention to the fact that Peyton's connection is crime, F. H. Sawyer, had not been prosecuted, when if anything he was guilty of the law. Mr. Eichner also stated that Peyton had already been confined four months in the county jail, and in view of the compact with Sawyer's release, he thought the court should exercise mercy.

Mr. Putnam did not resist Mr. Eichner's request for leniency, but stated that the reason the county attorney's office did not prosecute Sawyer was because of his youth, his confession and return of the stolen money and the further fact appearing that he had been led into the commission of the crime by the defendant Peyton.

Judge Norrell interrogated Peyton at some length. He said he came from Chicago to Salt Lake City about two years ago. He was thirty years of age and admitted having done time in the penitentiary, having been convicted of petit larceny.

Judge Norrell then sentenced Peyton to three months imprisonment in the county jail.

AN OLD MAN'S ALLEGED CRIME.

The trial of Frederick Shaich, on a Serious Charge, Before Judge Norrell.

The trial of Frederick Shaich, an elderly man, whose age is given and general appearance would indicate that he had at least passed the sixteen milestone of his life, for the charge of assault with intent to commit rape, commenced before Judge Norrell and a jury in the criminal court room at the court house, yesterday afternoon. Mr. Putnam appeared for the State, and Frank Hoffman was present making after the interests of the defendant.

The complaining witness is a fifteen year old girl named Carrie Jessen, it appears that she was left alone with the defendant in his house, which is situated at the mouth, where she married a man named Bob Birdsall.

Mr. Putnam in making a statement of the case to the jury, said that the parties lived at Holliday, near Eleventh and Statesville streets, which lived all alone in a one-roomed adobe house, at the back of which was a large barn, where in summer time the defendant slept. Shaich gave employment to the Jessen family.

The elder Jessen did odd jobs in the fields as also did a brother named Joe, while the girl did occasional housework. On the night of July 26, about 8 o'clock, the elder Jessen, Joe Jessen and a young sister were sleeping, and the girl was sitting out on the lamp, attempting to make flowers with the proceeding witness. The girl screamed and Shaich left the room. He obtained access to the room by cutting the screen wire and unfastening it, which after preparing the defendant's breakfast, the next morning, the girl went home and informed her father of what had happened, resulting in Shaich's arrest and his being held to the district court by Justice of the Peace McMaster.

The first witness called to the stand was Carrie Jessen Birdsall, who bore out the statements made by Mr. Putnam. She also stated that the defendant proposed to her early in July, but that she had refused his offer.

The mother of the last witness was also examined. Her testimony was practically the same as that of her daughter, and she stated that the last time her girl had told her when she returned from Shaich's place.

Special Venire Returned.

The special venire issued out of Judge Norrell's court last Friday, calling for twelve additional jurors, was returned this morning all the parties commanded appearing at the call of their names. A. J. Weiss was excused because his duties as postmaster of Brighton, requested he be much of his attention, besides the fact that his father Mr. Weiss had to look advantage of it. James Fisher an Englishman, was excused because he could not speak the language. Mr. Fisher showed his citizenship papers. David W. Evans was excused because he was under age, he also showing that he should have been 21 prior to the 1st of January last, and it appearing that he had since attained his majority.

The following jurors were then sworn: Hugh W. Allen and Russell Tracy, and serve A. J. Glendinning a juror in absence covering a period of three days.

Alleged Theft of Hat.

M. A. Watkins and John Watkins, father and son, residing at Granger, were arrested yesterday, charged in the complaint of Thomas Jones with the theft of a felt hat, the property of the latter. The defendants were taken before Justice Robinson on the charge of petit larceny, and bonds for their appearance in court for trial Thursday morning. In default of $100 bonds both men were taken to the county jail. Robinson is a resident of the Sixteenth Ward on Fifth South and Fifth West streets. He says he lives in Granger and on his way early Saturday morning, little thinking of the charge defendants, saw that they came here from Nebraska.

District Court Notes.

The case of Fred H. Bonds vs W. H. Crocker, set down for Friday, Judge Cherry, today, will Thursday, December 8th.

Judge Hilton and he having returned from the country today, the report of court was held in the equity division today. The honor is expected back this evening, and if so, we will hold court tomorrow morn.

Arguments were made to the jury today in the case of the Whitehead Gravel Cleaning company vs John H. Bailey, the trial of which commenced Friday last. Judge Cherry charged the jury this afternoon and they went out and had been returned up to the hour of going to press.

Can Collect From Estates.

Attorney General Bishop delivered an opinion today in answer to a question asked by H. L. Black, county attorney of Sanpete county, regarding the right to a county to collect from the estate of a deceased person that money of an original, or a part of a promissory.

The attorney general holds that such notes are a charge against the estate of deceased and should be collected and paid into the county treasury, but that such action must be taken within three months of the date of the decease.

DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS.

County Board Awards Publishing of Names of Living Issues.

At a meeting of the board of County commissioners held this afternoon, the Western Newspaper union was awarded the contract for printing the names of delinquent taxpayers of twelve cents a name. Advertising and Hall's Weekly, the only bidders, the contract for printing the names which will, no doubt, will be the paper that will get the business.

Information Wanted.

A New England correspondent of the "News" writes as follows: George Lincoln Black, who was a native of Salt Lake and went to Utah about 10 years ago. Miss Mary Hancock, once of Mr. Hancock's, Salt Lake City, and from her or her children, Address Miss Mary Babcock, Box 3, Huntsville, Litchfield county, Connecticut, or F. F. Moses, East Canaan, Connecticut.

Mr. J. L. Hakes would like to get information of a Mormon Church, man in Elder in the Mormon Church; man is quite an old man if still living; may be a member of the Salt Lake City will be thoroughly resolved. Address: Joseph L. Hakes, Box 66, East Canaan, Litchfield county, Connecticut, or F. F. Moses, East Canaan, Connecticut.

Historical Society Meeting.

The board of control and committee on lectures and addresses of the State Historical society, were scheduled to meet at the Historian's office at 2 p.m. today to arrange for a meeting of the general society, which will be held in January.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, it is only necessary for a family will be thoroughly resolved. Address: Joseph L. Hakes, Box 66, East Canaan, Litchfield county, Connecticut, or F. F. Moses, East Canaan, Connecticut.

CATARRH

COLD in HEAD

Ask Your Druggist for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm is quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; Trial size, 10c, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

It Gives Pleasure.

Those who use our U. S. baking powder are pleased to point to it with satisfaction and recommend it to their friends. We are giving the satisfactory results to many thousands in this country today for we are making all the people who use it feel that in no other material could they find the excellence that we provide in the form of our U. S. Made from pure materials and on healthful formula it is certain to give satisfaction to the certainty of its use.

YOUR GROCER SELLS

U. S. BAKING POWDER

at following prices:

8 OUNCE CAN	10c
4 OUNCE CAN	15c
16 OUNCE CAN	25c

Remember, every can guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. You take no risk. Why not give it a trial?

RETENTION OF PHILIPPINES.

Officers and Volunteers are Adverse to Uncle Sam's Proposition.

Insurgents are Very Insolent and Refuse to Obey the Orders of American Authorities.

Port Townsend, Wash., Nov. 28.—Captain Frederick Keys, commanding the First North Dakota volunteers, who arrived here today from Manila on leave of absence, said the officers and enlisted volunteers and regulars are feeling strongly against the retention of the Philippines. The officers are all desirous of returning home, and a number of them have tendered their resignations, which will not be accepted. Many are asked for leave of absence, which applications are very numerous, and even refused. Only the orders of the American authorities are respected by the insurgents, who are very insolent, and even refuse to obey the orders of the American authorities. The insurgent army was covered to some eight miles inclusive back from Manila, but they refused, and are still refusing to withdraw and enforce the order. The Americans and insurgents are now in close touch, and a fight is expected at any moment. Reinforcements are allowed to arrive daily, these arrivals inside the American lines, and the insurgents permitted before they can prevent it.

Officers of the Oregon report having had a very competitive voyage, the Oregon having left Manila ahead of the other ships, but they arrived before reaching Honolulu. Factory's work was carried on day and night, laborers being up to steam prevailing.

The Relief Clerks' association of this city will give a large and social at Odeonheim's on Friday evening, at which the reception committee consists of the Misses E. King, E. Smith, Grace Kirby, Ida Flack, Ida Murray, Lizzie Hardcastle, Jessie Hawkins and Jessie Jensen. The members of the reception committee are Messrs. Jos. F. Smith, F. W. Hooper, M. Misch, H. Cookson, Max Nolle, Griffith and Nate May Pratt.

A social gathering of the Columbia Knights of America, St. Lawrence branch 731, will be given tomorrow evening at their own hall, Hebrew rooms, addresses, music and games will constitute the program.

THE STATE RETURNS.

State Board of Canvassers Meet and Begin to Figure Out the Results.

RICH COUNTY REPORTED DELINQUENT.

Its Returns Have Not Yet Reached the Secretary of State—Telegram Sent to Hurry Them Along.

The State board of canvassers met at noon today for the purpose of canvassing the state returns from the recent election. There were present Attorney General Bishop, State Treasurer Christman, State Auditor Richards and Secretary of State Hammond. The board was organized by the appointment of Mr. Bishop to the chairmanship, Mr. Hammond being ex-officio secretary of the board by virtue of the election law.

Upon examination of the envelopes, it was found by Mr. Hammond that returns from Rich county had not yet reached him, and this morning he sent a telegram to the county clerk, urging him to expedite their transmission. The election law provides that if any returns are missing up to the fifth day before the board of canvassers meets, the secretary of state shall send a special messenger to the delinquent county or counties to bring them in. If, however, there may be any inaccuracies in the returns, or any omissions, or if, on the part of any county so transmit its record, or because of error in totaling, the board should be unable to extract from issuing certificates to successful candidates if the returns reasonably show the winners of the elections. The secretary has not sent out the special messenger provided by law, on account of his confidence in the thought that the returns from Rich county, if delinquent, would arrive by today. If this morning's telegram shall fail of bringing the Rich clerk, a messenger will be sent after the returns. In view of the fact that there are fourteen counties to be canvassed, and that Rich county is one-half, there is still time for the large returns to reach here.

The board will certify to the number of votes cast for the four congressmen and for justice of the supreme court; for two state senators, one from the twenty-third and one from the twelfth district; also as to the success or defeat of the five proposed amendments to the State Constitution. The totally sheets prepared by the secretary of state are so arranged that the vote of every county can be entered on a single line, and the work of totaling, and this necessarily will cause the labors of the board to extend over a period of about three days, at least, in which time all results will have been ascertained. After organizing this morning, the board took recess until 2 o'clock.

FIRST ERROR.

Beaver county was the first canvassed upon reassembling of the board this afternoon, and it was discovered that a mistake had occurred in the compute footing was not given. The returns from all counties were opened first, to discover how the results were indicated, and nearly every county was found to have a different way of stating the footing of the returns. The returns were complete by districts, some were by county totals only, others were by precincts, and others by both. In Salt Lake county the clerk wrote under the detail figures: "Roberts is elected" and Sheakin is elected," etc. This condition of affairs is very inconvenient, the necessity for the transmission of uniform tally sheets to all the county clerks, in order to secure the same plan, some in one style and manner, Wayne county gave only the total vote on the Constitutional amendments, no other returns whatever being included.

The election law requires that all counties shall make up their returns in "abstract" from their respective counties, and the attorney general has ruled that "a copy of the clerks who had sent in incomplete returns should be requested to at once amend their abstracts, so that the vote may be board established in a satisfactory of adjusting pending the receipt of complete and proper returns in order that those who represent the State may be in interruption till the work was completed. It was concluded by the board that the request for the clerks to place before the canvassers the detailed returns in order that the work of canvassing could be carried on without interruption and expedition, if found to be expedient, in canvassing the returns of the election officers, the board found that Beaver had forwarded the same on total and had accepted it with a caveat, which it notes. That was considered a bad precedent, however, and the attorney general was directed to inform that the board should have the complete returns before it.

Pending a further examination of the status the board took a recess till 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair tonight and Tuesday stationary temperature.

Prevent Pneumonia

Prevention is always better than cure, even when cure is possible. But so many times pneumonia is not cured that prevention becomes the natural act of that instinct of self-preservation which is "the first law of nature." Pneumonia can be prevented and is often cured by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

"Some years ago I had a severe cold and was threatened with pneumonia. I could neither sat nor sleep, and was in a wretched condition. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and took it according to the directions, and at the end of fifteen days so as well and sound as before the attack. I have recommended it to many cases of pneumonia since, and have never had it to fail in effecting a cure."

JOHN BENEY, St. Joseph, La.

"I was attacked with a cold that settled on my lungs, and defied the skill of my physicians so that they considered me a hopeless case. I was induced to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. At bed I begin to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and was entirely cured after having taken two bottles."

FRANCISCO A. SEVERIANO, Taunton, Mass.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

is put up in half-size bottles at half price—50 cents.

I know your mother uses Safety Baking Powder for you know it is a healthy

"KID"

Safety Baking Powder you have in every product, that's what makes it so good. Ask your grocer say it is superior, so say you and extract relish not only the "kid" but all.

CUT RATE WAR BEGINS

Eastern Roads with Utah on a Market Growth Involved.

CUTTING COMMENCED EAST OF CHICAGO

First Contract for Hardware, but Not Includes Several Other Things—Great "Scapegoat" Colorado Midland.

At last the secret is out, and we are there is indeed a war of rate cuts on the lines having freight from the East to Utah points. The "News" for long aware that this state of affairs has been going on for over two weeks, has been refreshed from making and publishing more upon the matter, owing to the fact that the information for publication from sources that would have been injured by an earlier publication. In the meantime, however, the "News" has continued to keep its readers informed of the progress of the war and the results of the war.

The demoralization in rates commencing there during business out of Chicago, and the cuts made in the rates to some twelve days ago, and made only between of from ten to twenty dollars per car, in the rates from points on the atlantic seaboard and a few other points east of Chicago. The war gradually spread west, as one after another lines running from Chicago, St. Louis and other points saw shipping business have to be given up to the cut road. The second war contract is one of the local offices, stating that a contract has been made upon many goods with the Hardware Association of Utah, which goes into effect on the first of January, stating that a contract has been made with the Association, by which some heavy goods are to be shipped from the Atlantic seaboard and a few other points east of Chicago. The contract is