

City, two garbage districts, said districts to be known and designated as Garbage District Number One (1) and Garbage District Number Two (2).

Garbage district No. 1 is within that portion of the limits of Salt Lake City, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of the intersection of South Temple street and First West street, and running thence due east along both sides of South Temple street to a point midway between First East (State) street and Second East street, and running thence due south along an imaginary line drawn through the center of blocks 74, 71 and 56, plat A, Salt Lake City survey, to a point in the center of block 53, said plat and survey, and running thence due west along an imaginary line drawn through the center of blocks 53, 52, 51 and 50, said plat and survey, to the east side of First West street, and running thence due north along said east side of First West street to the place of beginning.

Garbage district No. two (2) is within that portion of Salt Lake City outside of the limits of garbage district No. one (1), bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by Eighth North street, and on the northern boundary of the city, on the east by the Reservation line, on the south by Ninth South street, and on the west by Tenth West street.

It shall be the duty of every owner, agent or occupant of any and every building or place of business, within the business garbage district, described in section 2 of this ordinance, to provide or cause to be provided and kept within such building or place of business, a metallic vessel, with handles, for receiving and holding all ashes, sweepings and other non-combustible rubbish that may accumulate on said premises. That said receptacles shall be emptied promptly when filled, and shall be placed in a position easily accessible to the scavenger.

A separate and suitable vessel shall be provided for garbage and liquid refuse; said vessel to be free from leakage and provided with handles. All receptacles for garbage and liquid refuse shall be placed in a position easily accessible to the scavenger, and emptied daily. When placed in front of the premises they shall be deposited before the hour of 8 a. m., and removed as soon as emptied.

Within the residence garbage district, described in Section 3 of this ordinance, and outside the said business garbage district, there shall be provided and kept by the owner, agent or occupant of any and every building, a suitable vessel, free from leakage, in which shall be placed all garbage and liquid refuse that accumulate in said building or on the premises. Said receptacle shall be emptied not less than once during each week in spring, summer and fall, and not less than once in two weeks in winter, in each case oftener if so directed by the health department.

Within the garbage district described in Sections 1 and 2, ashes and non-combustible rubbish shall not be deposited in the same vessel or receptacle with garbage or liquid substance.

No house slops, rubbish, ashes, or garbage shall be deposited within the garbage districts described in sections 2 and 3, except as herein provided for.

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to sweep or deposit any paper or other rubbish in any gutters or ditches within the garbage districts, or to empty into said gutters or ditches any house slops or the contents of spittoons.

All sidewalks in front of places of business shall be swept before the hour of 8 a. m., Sundays excepted.

No manure shall be allowed to accumulate in or on any premises within the garbage districts described in sections 2 and 3 of this ordinance, to any quantity greater than two cubic yards, and shall be removed as provided in the ordinance.

No nightsoil shall be deposited or buried in or on any premises within the garbage districts described.

All garbage, manure, nightsoil, ashes and other refuse and offal shall be moved to a place directed by the health department, provided that all carts and vehicles for carrying any nauseous or offensive substances shall be strong and tight, and that the sides shall be made so high above the load or contents that no part of said contents shall fall, leak or spill therefrom, and either the vehicle or vessel carried by it shall be so covered as to be inoffensive. Provided further, that no part of the contents of privy vault or cesspool, except substances other than excrement, shall be removed therefrom, nor shall the same be transported through any of the streets of Salt Lake City, except by means of an air-tight vessel, or in such manner as shall prevent entirely the escape of any noxious or offensive odors therefrom. All dead animals shall be removed in such a manner that they shall be covered from view during the process of removal.

The removal of all garbage and ashes from places of business in garbage district No. 1 shall be at the expense of the city. The removal of ashes, garbage, manure, nightsoil and other refuse matter within garbage district No. 2, described in section 3, and outside of No. 1, shall be at the expense of the owner, agent or occupant.

All privy vaults and cesspools on property abutting the sewer system embraced within the limits of sewer district No. 1 shall be removed, filled up, and connections made with sewer system, within thirty (30) days after the date of the approval of this ordinance.

No person shall empty, or attempt to empty, any vault, privy, sink or cesspool within the garbage districts, except pursuant to a permit therefor received from the board of health; provided that such permit be issued to any applicant provided with the proper vehicle for removing the same.

It shall be unlawful and a misdemeanor for any person or persons, other than persons, companies or corporations holding a permit from the health department, to engage in the business of hauling garbage, manure or other refuse; provided that this condition does not apply to persons hauling their own garbage with their own teams.

All persons engaged in the removal of garbage, manure, or other offensive refuse, shall have the word "scavenger" and the number of the permit in large white letters on black ground plainly painted or attached on each side of the wagon bed.

Any person engaged in hauling garbage, rubbish or decaying matter of any kind through the streets of the city, from the overloading of any wagon, cart or vehicle, or through carelessness or negligence, allows or causes any of said matter to fall and remain in the streets of the city, shall, upon conviction, be fined as provided in section twenty-one (21.)

All persons, companies or corporations holding permits shall be entitled to charge and collect not to exceed the following fees for the removal of garbage and refuse matter as contemplated in this ordinance, to-wit: For all portions of garbage district No. 2 as follows:

For each two cubic yards of manure, 75 cents.

For each barrel of refuse (not more than thirty gallons), 25 cents.

For vessels of less capacity than thirty gallons, for each ten gallons, 15 cents.

For ashes per load, 75 cents.

For each load of refuse, 75 cents.

For quantities less than one load shall charge for each bushel thereof, 10 cents.

Any person or persons failing to comply with, or who violate any of the provisions of the foregoing sections of this ordinance, shall be fined in any sum not less than five (\$5) dollars nor more than fifty (\$50) dollars, and shall, in addition to such punishment, be fined in the further sum of five (\$5) dollars for every twenty-four hours of failure or refusal to comply with said ordinance.

RETURNED ELDERS.

Elder A. C. Sorenson, of Fountain Green, Sanpete County, returned yesterday from his mission to the northern states. He left for this field of labor on June 18, 1890, and was for the last four months president of the Indiana conference. He proceeds to his home tomorrow.

Elder E. H. Anderson, of Ogden, a valued journalistic friend, made the News a brief but pleasant visit this morning. He has been absent about two years, during which time he has presided over the Scandinavian mission. Elder Anderson says he has enjoyed his mission very much. The work is comparatively prosperous in those northern countries, not a few embracing the Gospel. He also speaks very highly of the missionaries who are laboring in the various branches.

Elder David Stoker, of Bountiful, Davis county, arrived in this city on the 21st inst., returning from a mission to the Northern States, for which field of labor he left on May 14, 1892. He had many opportunities, he says, of bearing his testimony to various classes of people, although the general sentiment seems to be indifference towards the Gospel. Elder Stoker acted as president of the Iowa conference for the last month but was released on account of failing health. Otherwise he has enjoyed his labors.

THE STAGNATION in business that is usually characteristic of presidential years has this year proven to be merely a stagnation in politics. By the generality of people the amendment is accepted with pleasure.