The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock ~EDITION.~

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 47. FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1896, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

CONVENTION TALK.

Chicago Democrats Disappointed at the Late Date Agreed Upon.

ADLAI STEVENSON TO THE FRONT.

Prediction that the Gathering Will Be One of the Most Important of the Party.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—News of the selection of Chicago as the place to hold the national Democratic convention was received locally with no manifestation of excitement. The feeling from the start has been that if Chicago was to be chosen as the Democratic convention city, it would be for the sole reason that Chicago was best qualified to take care of it, in the minds of the national committee. Hotel proprietors and managers and some of the ladies exhibited a certain degree of interest in the matter, but that was all.

The hotel men smiled when the news came, they being the chief beneficiaries of the crowd that the convention will bring to town. Strangely enough, though, there was no flood of telegrams asking that quarters be reserved for the national headquarters of the Democratic party. As to hotel arrangements, the local committee, now in Washington, has evidently taken the matter in charge. A. S. Cage, of the Wellington hotel, telegraphed Adlai T. Ewing several hours before it was officially declared that the convention was to come here, asking him to notify all the principal hotels not to accept any reservations of rooms until the national committee has located its own headquarters and is heard from on the subject. In accordance with this telegram, messengers were dispatched from the Iroquois club with the message. But in spite of this, the hotel men expect a flood of orders today. Requests for room from metropolitan newspapers in different sections of the country, made through resident correspondents, were about all received by any of the hotels last night. At the Palmer house requests were received by telegraph for rooms for the Maine and Oregon delegations, the former dated being fourteen and eight respectively. Arthur Schmall telegraphed from Washington for the Maine delegates and national committeeman Grady performed a like service for the Oregon folks.

The Chicago Chronicle (Dem.) in its issue of this morning says: There was some disappointment among local democrats at the action of the Democratic national committee in fixing the date for July 7. In view of the fact that the Republican convention will be held June 16, it was felt that the national democratic committee should have followed established precedents and called its convention a fortnight in advance of the Republican gathering.

The Democratic leaders in this city believe that the holding of the convention here will have a stimulating effect upon the local political situation. The gathering is certain to attract a large crowd and it will arouse a good deal of enthusiasm among the Democrats of Cook county. Some of the managers said last night the incentive of the convention in Chicago would have the effect of helping the candidacy of Colonel W. F. Morrison for the Presidential nomination. Others seemed to think it would bring Vice-President Stevenson to the front as a Presidential possibility.

Ex-Mayor Hopkins in speaking of the decision of the date on the convention said: "I regret that the national committee decided to hold the convention so late as July 7. The Democratic party is in control of the national administration and it has always been the rule for the party in power to hold its convention first. It looks like cowardice on the part of the Democrats for them to hold their convention this year after the Republicans. However, that is a matter for which the national committee alone is responsible. I am gratified to know that we will have the convention in this city and the local Democrats will do all they can to make things agreeable for thousands of visitors, who will be here next July. I think it will be a very interesting convention, and I have no doubt the delegates will be able to agree upon a ticket and a platform that will sweep the country."

"The national committee did exactly what I expected it would do when it sent the convention to Chicago," said Theodore Nelson, secretary of the Democratic committee. "I am surprised that the result of the balloting was so close. If the committee had fixed the date of the convention in the early part of June, I guess St. Louis would have carried off the prize. I think it will be a big convention and one of the most interesting in the history of the party."

The convention will doubtless be held at the Coliseum, but that is a matter which is to be determined by the national Democratic committee. The delegates who went to Washington last night from places of both the Coliseum and Tattersalls. Either of these buildings would be available, but it is thought the committee will select the Coliseum on account of its superior arrangement and because of its larger seating capacity.

Comptroller of the Currency James H. Eckels, of Illinois, did not think the place of holding the convention would have anything to do, one way or another, with the convention's nominee, whether it was an Eastern or Western man. When asked what effect he thought it would have on Cleveland's alleged third term candidacy he said: "I do not wish to talk on that. I don't think there is anything at all in it. I do not believe he is a candidate for re-election."

"Do you intend to do anything in the interest of bringing out a Western man?"

"None at all, any more than if the convention were held in New York or any other Eastern city."

"Do you think it will help the candidacy of Governor Matthews, of Indiana?"

"Not at all."

When asked as to his opinion of the national committee having entire charge of arrangements, including the distribution of tickets, Mr. Eckels said he knew nothing whatever of the plans of the committee but he thought the committee would do what was right. Mr. Eckels thought it was not to be known by one man that it was decided where the convention was to go or not to go, but it was a question merely of convenience.

"Chicago is superior to any city in its convenience," he said, "and that is what probably brought it here and not any man's boom."

Consigned the Bibles to the Flames.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A special to the Herald from Lima, Peru, says: The mayor of San Miguel seized and caused to be burned in the public square of the city all the Bibles and stock of the local agent of the American Bible society.

Bancroft Library for Sale.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The Bancroft Library of San Francisco, California, of which much has been written during the last few years, has been offered for sale to the New York Public Library corporation. Although estimated to be worth $500,000, by its owner, Hubert Bancroft, the price asked for it is $300,000. The owner is represented by H. Mansfield, of Chicago, now at the hotel Kensington. Mr. Mansfield made his offer to the New York library trustees through Andrew H. Green, and the matter was referred to the library committee, of which Alexander Maitland is chairman.

THE CONDITION CRITICAL.

A Havana Newspaper Urges Measures for Peace.

The Legal Residence of Cuba Disappointed at the Military Tactics of the General.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The World this morning prints a special from Havana giving the editorial of the Diario De La Marina, which has attracted so much attention. The editorial says:

"In our evening edition yesterday we referred to a dispatch from Madrid stating that news received from here had caused the greatest anxiety there. If such is the case in Spain where—owing to the fact that the dispatches had been received by way of the United States—they could entertain hopes as to their fidelity or exaggeration, and where they could receive adequate relief at the hands of the premier, and, having reached there just after the minister of war had stated at a public banquet that the end of the war was near, owing to the position of the troops and the supposed exhaustion of the enemy's ammunition, what shall we, the loyal residents of the island, say—we who are daily disappointed in our hopeful reading some favorable news when we receive instead, but the news of a final blow, which is utterly impossible, but some unwelcome news?

"In vain have we advised, time after time, confidence and serenity. In vain, because no one can doubt the ultimate success, but the families that have lost their all, be it great or small, those who have witnessed the assassination of husband, father or brother; those unfortunate who have seen their capital disappear, cannot find consolation in confidence and serenity.

"They final triumph is sure. Who doubts it? But the conviction of final triumph cannot prevent lamentations over the present state of affairs nor cause one to refrain from applying an efficient remedy.

"The present condition, without being desperate, is critical, and this fact is hidden only to those who do not wish to see. Whatever our columns have preceded in bringing about an engagement, our triumph has been as complete as our enemy's resistance would permit.

"But the latter, eluding battles, disbanding only to unite again, and availing themselves of the superiority of their cavalry, have managed to put large distances between our columns and themselves, extending their ravages from one extreme end of the island to the other.

"The lines of defense have proved useless. Notwithstanding them, Maximo Gomez has marched east over the ruins to the vicinity of Havana.

"The material loss may be placed at between thirty and forty million dollars. But far more precious are the lives which have been sacrificed in defense of the country.

"And after all this is the nation to be satisfied with the cry of confidence and serenity just because we uphold order and desire that our governor should be invested with all the prestige one like him and because we do not care to discuss our general just when he is in the presence of an enemy who has prolonged this war longer than it should have lasted? We wish to dissipate the dense atmosphere which this said—perhaps not surely we know not—surrounds the palace and prevents public opinion and a knowledge of existing deficiencies penetrating therein, as well as the measures that could be employed to render less unfortunate the present state.

"To reach a practical solution in this direction we believe that representative persons should present themselves to the general and lay before him the exact course in which public opinion is flowing, and state with all due respect all that they think could be done to contribute to the re-establishment of peace."

Disappointed at the Bride.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—A special from Toledo, Ohio, says: The aristocratic circles of Lower Summit street experienced a sensation yesterday morning, the details of which have not leaked out and which came near resulting disastrously. A young lady named Mary Hanson was engaged to a young man well known in the city, and Thursday night was set for the wedding. The hour arrived and no groom appeared. A messenger was dispatched to his home and he was found complacently smoking a cigar in his father's library. He sent back a cruel reply to the young lady and her parents.

The wedding was declared off and the young lady went into hysterics. Later on she made two attempts at suicide, but both were frustrated and she was carefully watched all day. She insists that she will yet take her life.

Faithful to Her Lover.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 16.—Anna Royster, whose father, a wealthy farmer of Boone, Ia., shot and killed Banker McFarland of that place on the streets of Boone Monday, committed suicide in Omaha tonight at the Midland hotel. She wrote a letter saying she did not care to live since her father had killed her lover, and then covered her face with a handkerchief saturated with chloroform. McFarland was accused of ruining her.

Exorbitant Tax on Cemeteries.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A special to the World from Guatemala says:

A new municipal law is published here placing an exorbitant tax upon cemeteries.

Representatives of a Scotch syndicate are here with the proposition to purchase the Central Railway.

The opening of the Guiana Railway has been postponed on account of serious deficits in its construction.

Satolli Denies It.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Cardinal Satolli has not tendered the services of Pope Leo as arbitrator of the Venezuelan controversy, nor has the cardinal received up to now any intimation that he will be called upon to offer the services of the pope. This is the answer given at the residence of the cardinal in response to inquiries as to a report of the London Chronicle that the pope had taken those steps through the American delegate.

The Monroe Doctrine.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The Senate committee on foreign relations was in session today. The only question before it was the legislative affirmation of the Monroe doctrine. The discussion proceeded upon the basis of the resolution of Senator Davis prepared under instructions of the committee meeting held last Saturday. The terms of the resolution are known only to members of the committee. It has been found difficult to so phrase the document as to please all or even a majority of the committee.

The committee adjourned at 12:40 o'clock after voting to report the Davis resolution with a few verbal modifications suggested by the sub-committee. It is understood the resolution will be presented to the Senate on Monday.

Campos's Recall Demanded.

MADRID, Jan. 17.—Dispatches from Havana say the constitutional unionists and reformists have called the government demanding the recall of General Campos.

Bank Suspends Action.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 17.—The Farmers' National bank, Portsmouth, Ohio, suspended payment today by order of the comptroller of currency. The claim is made that the depositors will be paid in full.

M. Floquet Dying.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—M. Floquet, formerly president of the council of ministers, who has congestion of the lungs, is said to be dying. He was one time editor of the Temps, later of the Siecle.

Found Dead on the Railroad Track.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A light engine ran into a crowd of car cleaners walking on the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad at 142nd street today, killing two women, injuring two other women and men so bad that they probably will die. At the point where the accident occurred the road runs through a cut on the west side of which there is a high embankment and on the east side a high stone wall, on top of which there is an iron railing. The car cleaners were on their way to the yards. When the Chatham express came along they stepped aside to let it pass. The light engine coming up on the northbound track was unobserved. The Becker and Mahon women were ground under the wheels; the others were thrown against the stone wall.

More Gold for Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Lazard Freres has ordered $1,000,000 gold bars at the assay office for shipment to Europe tomorrow.

Life Sentence Reversed.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 17.—The court of appeals yesterday reversed the life sentence of Jesse Fields and Joe Adkins of Perry county, who were sentenced for the murder of County Judge Combs. The main grounds given in a lengthy opinion by Judge Grace are in brief that the defendants were given power to bring their witnesses from where the tragedy occurred and these witnesses with material evidence were not present.

Charges Against a Court.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A special to the World from Managua, Nicaragua, says:

A committee of representative citizens of Granada has presented to the supreme court an accusation against the court of appeals of Granada, charging it with deciding cases in favor of those who pay the highest price, regardless of justice.

Populist Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 17.—Seventy-five members of the national committee of the People's party assembled at Lindell hotel at 11:30 a. m. Chairman H. E. Taubeneck announced that the time up to 1:30 would be devoted to the hearing of suggestions as to the time and place of convention and what the platform should contain. Speeches were limited to five minutes each. Capt. Charles A. Lowe, of Terre Haute, said silver was the paramount issue and if the Populists would nailing themselves to that they would win.

Clemens, of Topeka, Kan., said one of the planks of the Omaha platform was government ownership of railroads. That plank had been particularly assailed and now that very thing was represented to Congress in such a way as to make it impossible for any honest man to grant the extension of the Pacific road debt.

CUBAN SYMPATHY.

The Blind Chaplain of the House Prays for the Insurgents

AND IS WARMLY APPLAUDED.

The President's Special Message Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—There was a most unusual demonstration at the opening of the session of the House today. The blind chaplain, whose ardent Americanism has frequently occasioned remark, prayed fervently today for struggling Cuba and the "success of the battle for independence." When he concluded, the sentiment he had expressed was given a hearty round of applause.

The President's special message, urging the necessity of immediate legislation to extend the limit of the time allowed the government to bring suits to annul grants of public lands, was referred to the committee on public lands.

The House then went into committee of the whole for the consideration of the pension appropriations under the five minute rule.

Special Message to Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The President today sent a special message to the House urging the necessity for immediate legislation to extend the limit of the time within which suits can be brought by the government to annul the grant of public lands. He called attention to the numerous complications that had arisen between railroads as to grants that overlapped and the necessity for an adjustment. The time in which suits can be brought expires on March 6, 1896, and if the time limit were allowed to expire then, a portion of the adjustment act would be rendered nugatory. The government, the President says, in conclusion, should not be prevented from going into the courts and righting the wrongs perpetrated by its agents.

Committee Suicide.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Siegfried L. Stowebach, the junior member of Sherbow & Co., brokers, and brokers, committed suicide in his place of business today by shooting with a revolver. No reason is known.

Confidence in Japan's Government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17.—A telegram has been received at the Japanese legation stating that on the 9th and a vote was taken in the Diet on motion to present a memorial to the emperor attacking the foreign policy of the government, especially as regards the relinquishment of the Liao Tung peninsula. The motion was defeated by a vote of 170 to 105. This result is regarded as a decisive vote of confidence in the present government.

ENGLAND'S SQUADRON.

Its Destination Now said to Be Bermudas.

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., Jan. 17.—The flying squadron is assembled at Spithead. It is reported the destination of the squadron after leaving Bantry bay, Ireland, will be Bermudas.

REPORT NOT CONFIRMED.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The cable report today from Portsmouth, England, whence the British flying squadron is about to sail, that its destination may be Bermudas cannot be confirmed in any official quarter here. The British squadron already at and about Bermudas consists of sixteen ships. Should the Portsmouth report be true, it would increase this squadron to twenty-two ships, or twenty-eight, including six torpedo catchers. It is doubted that Great Britain would send such a powerful fleet into American waters at this time when their presence almost certainly would be regarded as a hostile demonstration—certainly not called for as long as diplomacy has not yet exhausted its resources in the settlement of the differences between the United States and Great Britain.

The Obituary List.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Frank Lawler, ex-congressman and present alderman of the Nineteenth ward, died of heart failure.

Sugar Bounty Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Some talk concerning the resolution introduced by Senator Lodge for the investigation of Comptroller Bowler's course in the sugar bounty appropriation occurred in the House committee on judiciary today. The resolution is still in the hands of the sub-committee of which Hay, of New York, is chairman. Blair has desired to have it taken up by the full committee. It was finally decided to lay it over until next meeting, when the sub-committee probably will report a substitute providing for an inquiry into the law under which the comptroller claims to act, with recommendation as to whether legislation is needed to define and restrict the comptroller's duties. The preamble to Bowler's resolution so far as affects Bowler's course will not be adopted as the committee think it is not official knowledge of the statements made.

SERIOUSLY STABBED.

A Cutting Scrape that Was the Result of too Much Saying—The Victim in a Bad Plight.

Despite the fact that every endeavor has been used to hush the matter up, it transpires that a serious stabbing affray took place on the city hay market yard on First East, between Third and Fourth South streets, at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

It is the custom for the owners and teamsters of the respective loads of hay to congregate around the stove in the weigh house and kill time playing cards and incidentally indulging in mild horse play and boisterous. On Wednesday two or three playful scrimmages and takes place in which Fred Wilkinson, a youth of seventeen, had scored the ire of Alma Peterson, both hailing from Mill Creek. Finally Wilkinson said he would cut the first man who annoyed him again. Some of the boys got scuffling, and Peterson was pushed against Wilkinson, before anyone was aware of what had happened, the latter stabbed the boy in the thigh, the blade cutting through his overcoat and other clothing, making an ugly gash some two inches deep.

The hitherto terminated abruptly, a doctor was summoned and the boy taken to his home. Everybody wanted someone else to swear out a complaint; finally an attempt was made to hush the matter up.

Peterson's father was seen in town yesterday and reports his son to be in as a very critical condition.

A Voluminous Bill.

County Attorney Whitemore, as a result of corresponding and conference with a large number of other county officials throughout the State, is engaged in preparing a bill for legislative enactment on the government of counties. The proposed measure is a very lengthy one, covering more than two hundred pages of type written matter.

GOOD DAY ON 'CHANGE.

One Thousand Shares of Mammoth Sold—Little Pittsburg Has Heavy Deals.

Business was good at the call on the stock exchange today and sales of listed stocks representing $1,372.50 were made, while unlisted sales aggregated $668.75. One thousand shares of Mammoth brought $1.65, and fifty shares of Sunshine were sold at $3.40 per share. Little Pittsburg sales were quite heavy, 13,000 shares changing hands. Geyser took its place among the listed stocks today.

Figures prevailed as follows:

LISTED STOCKS.

Mines	Asked	Bid
Alliance	$ 2.00	$ 1.50
Alta	30	
Beck Tunnel	15	
Bullion-Beck	8.00	
Centennial-Eureka	1.50	1.37.50
Chief	2.50	2.30
Daly West	8.25	8.00
Eureka Hill		55
Geyser	1.40	1.37½
Grand Central		
Horn Silver		
Iron Silver	6.25	6.00
Mammoth	1.65	1.40
Marion		
Ontario	5.25	5.00
Ophir		
Silver Mountain		
Stock Consolidated	2.00	
Swansea		16.00
Sunshine	3.47	3.40
Uncle Sam	8.00	50

UNLISTED CALL.

Little Pittsburg opened the fight on this class of stocks and after 13,000 had been disposed of, it closed with 2½ cents asked, 2¼ bid.

New American Natural Gas scored a sale of 200 shares at 17½ cents; closing figures, 17½ asked; 17 bid.

Dalton stock was offered at 9½ cents, but 9¼ was the highest bid.

Sixty cents was bid for East Golden Gate, while holders demanded 62.

For Hogan, 11 cents was bid, but no 13 was wanted, no stock exchanged hands.

Allen reiterated his offer of yesterday—one cent for any part of 5,000 shares of Richmond Anaconda. He got 1,000 shares.

Stocks at the following figures were placed on the market but no bids were offered: Bi Metal, 45 cents; Christmas, one cent; Cleveland, 17 cents; Old Fred, $1; Gold Dust, 50 cents; Tetro, 7 cents; Insley, 12 cents; Wasatch 25 cents.

TODAY'S SALES.

1,000 Mammoth at $1.65; 50 Sunshine at $3.45; 10,000 Little Pittsburg at 2½ cents; 1,000 Little Pittsburg, 2½ cents; 2,000 Little Pittsburg at 2¼ cents; 200 Natural Gas at 17½ cents; 1,000 Richmond Anaconda at 1 cent.

WORLD AND GOVERNOR.

Telegraphic Correspondence on the Financial Situation.

Following is a copy of the correspondence had yesterday between the World, New York, and Governor Waller:

NEW YORK, Jan. 16, 1896.

Hon. Heber M. Waller:

Will you oblige the World by telegraphing whether in your opinion public sentiment in your State favors issuing government bond call to make it really popular loan with upset price, and whether to set an example you would make subscription to loan.

THE WORLD.

THE ANSWER.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, January 16, 1896.

After careful canvass situation here am convinced that sentiment of majority of people in this state is opposed to any bond issue whatever. A change in the tariff that will produce sufficient revenue to meet the expenses of government and the opening of the mints to the free coinage of silver will, we think, cure all the ills of the treasury.

HEBER M. WALLER.

Elder Miles's Funeral.

Funeral services over the mortal remains of William H. Miles were held on the 16th inst. in the Twelfth ward chapel, under the direction of Bishop H. S. Clawson. The speakers on the occasion were Elders John T. Caine, George Romney, R. P. Neslen, James Dwyer, Martin Lenz, Seymour B. Young and H. W. Naisbitt. Each spoke of the singularly faithful character of the deceased, as an unselfish and devoted man, one whose life was to do good, and help to establish the "marvellous work and a wonder" of our God upon the earth. Brother Miles's life was, from a human standpoint one of continuous sacrifice, time, means, business, home and family were secondary always to his interest in and love for that faith and religion which received in early life was the crown of his mature manhood, and the glory after all of a well spent life. It was aptly said that he was "an Israelite indeed, in whom was no guile." This was appreciated by those who attended these closing services, and said, "Peace be to his ashes."

He Battered Victor.

E. V. Fuhlin swore to a warrant in the police court today directing the arrest of Warren Hutchings, who is charged with committing a battery upon Mr. Fuhlin's 12-year-old son Victor, while the lad was running errands for his parents. Hutchings resides in the vicinity of Eighth East and South Temple.

Will Hold Court Monday.

Judge Hiles held no court today and will not do so again until Monday, unless arrangements shall be made for him to meet Judge Young or Judge Hiswat in the hearing of cases tomorrow.

Putting in the Bathtubs.

The bathtubs for the Mutual Improvement League—five in number—have arrived, and the work of putting them in commenced today. They are fine tubs and were gotten here from the East under the direction of Elias Morris. In the course of a few days, everything connected with the new league will be in ship shape, and ready for the complete accommodation of members.

MINING STOCK CIRCLES.

Cheaper Speculative Stocks Led in the Calls Last Week.

Dividends By the Bullion Beck and Centennial Eureka—Bullion Continues to Grow in Favor.

James A. Pollock says in his weekly mining share market letter under date of today:

The past week in mining stock circles has been characterized by a very satisfactory activity and the demand for stocks has not been confined to any particular line, except that the cheaper, or speculative, securities have rather had the call. Orders from the outside were not as numerous as was the case during the previous week, but it is anticipated that there will be a great activity just as soon as the financial situation in the East is improved by the settlement of the many pending questions.

The board of directors of Alex recinded the recent assessment of five cents per share, the report being that the mine has so improved that the heavier shipments can be made. The stock held its own only during the week, the tendency being slightly downwards. Alliance did not convince the bears of its strength, buyers and sellers being unable to get together to any marked extent. The stock is now selling lower than for many months. Stockholders are displaying their old fair faith, however, and paying the twenties assessment, this displayed considerable strength and recorded an advance of several cents. The annual meeting is to be held tomorrow. The company reports another well. Another showed no activity. This should be a splendid buy at the present offerings.

Hogan did some business, but not at advanced quotations. Bullion Beck paid another div. dend of $25,000 on the 15th, making $1,075,000 for the property. The properties are in splendid shape.

The regular double dividend of $1 per share was paid by the Centennial-Eureka on the 15th, making a total of $1,550,000. Very little of the stock is on the market, and none below $60. Crescent and Uncle Sam are doing no business in the local market.

Dalton was a favorite during the week, but at considerably lower prices than were in force a few weeks ago. The heavy holders have no desire to sell at anywhere near present figures. Daly and Daly West were neither very active. The new mill of the latter is working smoothly, but has not yet got down to full capacity. Horn Silver is making heavy shipments. The stock is not coming out in response to the bids made. Lucky Pill continues development work with little change in the showing.

Mammoth held very close to its record of the week previous and considerable business was done in the stock. Sunshine and Tetro only moved a little, not at the offering price. The Mercur deal was declared off the first of the week, the board of directors declining to grant the extension asked for by De Lamar, who stated that no failure to connect was not the fault of the property, but simply due to the financial uncertainty of the East. The usual monthly dividend of 12½ cents per share comes on the 20th. Recent developments in the mines of the company are of a highly encouraging nature and stockholders are congratulating themselves that the option was not taken up. Ontario was very quiet.

Hover showed some weakness, but recovered somewhat towards the close. Silver King was in demand, but little of the stock came out. The mines are making a splendid showing. Preparations are being made for the coming battle.

The shipments of product that have been made from the Sunshine in Camp Floyd district have given very flattering returns. The sunshine saves the values in the ore in a very high percentage. Dividends should not be more than two months away, as the company has no debts. Considerable work was done during the week. Pedro will double its present working force within the next few days and the company proposes to push the development work with great vigor. The subscriptions for the Gold Dust treasury stock took the entire block recently offered and sold by the board of directors, and no more of the remaining shares will be sold for the present.

WITH A SNOWSLIDE.

Vanderbilt Mill and Two Men Carried into the Gulch.

ANOTHER MAN IS MISSING.

The Mine the Property of Salt Lakers—The Strike in the Company's Stage Group.

Judge Hunter, of Hailey, Idaho, is in town, and says that in the Star group of mines at Hailey, owned by Salt Lake parties, there was recently made a strike of seven feet of fine galena ore. This property is being managed by Superintendent Ferguson, and is one of the coming bonanzas of that region. It is owned by the Vanderbilt Mining company of this city, a member of which, Isaac Brockbank, went up a few days ago to settle with the men on the regular pay day.

Right on top of the good news of this strike, comes the tidings of disaster, as told in the following telegram received this afternoon:

HAILEY, Idaho, Jan. 17.

Vanderbilt Mining Co.:

Snowslide took our blacksmith shop and mill half a mile down the gulch, with two men. George Hague we can't find, stockbreaks at mine. I will leave for Salt Lake tomorrow.

D. H. FERGUSON.

Hon. Elias Morris and the other officers of the company in this city are exceedingly anxious over the news, lest there possibly may be loss of life in addition to the destruction of property, but it is hoped that the men have been rescued alive. George Hague formerly lived in this city, being a son of James Hague, the gunsmith of early days.

Military Papers, Etc.

The following important order with reference to "reports" and "returns" has just been issued for the information of officers of the National Guard of Utah:

HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL GUARD OF UTAH,

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 14, 1896.

General Orders No. 2.

The following changes are announced in the condition of "Reports" and "Returns" required in this office:

The "Quarterly Returns of Government Property" are discontinued, and hereafter a "Return of Government Property" will be rendered on May 31st and November 30th of each year. These "Returns" will be made by Company Commanders and forwarded direct to the Adjutant General.

"Monthly Reports of Drill" and "Quarterly Returns of the Company" will be forwarded by Company Commanders to the Colonel of their respective battalions, who will forward them, as soon as all are in, to the Colonel of the Regiment, who in turn will forward them direct to the Adjutant General. The Majors of separate battalions (battalions of Infantry and of Cavalry) and Commanders of the Light Batteries and of the Signal Corps will forward these papers direct to the Adjutant General.

The Adjutant General will furnish the Brigade Commander with consolidated "Returns" of the organizations.

All matters pertaining to the personnel and discipline of the Guard such as applications for furloughs and discharges, etc., will be forwarded to the Adjutant General, through the offices of the intermediate commanders, that is, through the offices of the Major, the Colonel and the Brigadier General.

The Majors of battalions are especially charged with securing from their commands a prompt and correct condition of all "Reports" and "Returns."

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

JAS. G. CANNON,
Adjutant General.

The Mayor's Message.

The first annual message of Mayor Glendinning is in course of compilation and will be ready by the 25th inst. That was the information given out by Archie McKay, the Mayor's clerk, today.

Cases Before Judge Howat.

Judge Howat held court for a short time this forenoon and disposed of business as follows:

F. E. Schupps & Co vs Anton Riel et al, motion for a change of venue to the Second judicial district; motion granted.

John B. Taylor vs John W. Smith, motion for a new trial; passed.

James I. Neff et al vs Salt Lake and Hot Springs Railway company, demurrer to complaint; passed.

William Roberts vs Caroline Leith et al, plaintiff's amended complaint and defendant's to amended complaint; passed until 2 p. m. today.

Mrs. T. N. Abbott vs W. O. Bixley, demurrer to complaint and motion to dissolve attachment; motion granted by consent; demurrer withdrawn and permission given to prepare and file answer.

James B. Fishleigh, vs John L. Shaw et al; motion to amend demurrer to complaint.

Utah Nursery company vs John Beck; motion to dissolve attachment passed.

New England Trust company vs William H. Wilkinson, et al; demurrer to complaint overruled.

Carl H. Paytrae vs Salt Lake City Railway company; suit dismissed, settlement having been effected by the interested parties.

Margaret Ella Tileman vs Martha Dunne et al; default entered, attorney's fee of $100 allowed, and foreclosure was ordered.

O. J. Salisbury vs Wells, Fargo company, demurrer to complaint set for tomorrow.

J. W. Farrel et al, vs Eccles Lumber company et al, motion for change of venue, argued and granted.

A. Hougen vs Salt Lake City et al; motion to dismiss appeal, argued and overruled.