

THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Thursday, September 16, 1893.

ANNA DICKINSON'S ANTI-MORMON
TIRADE.

Miss Anna Dickinson, the popular lecturer, who passed through Salt Lake City some few weeks since, en route to California, delivered a lecture, or "Lay Sermon," on the Mormonism in the Opera House, San Francisco, last Sunday night week, and said as many disagreeable things as she could in a speech two hours long about the people of Utah. Her lecture was furnished capital to our amiable co-temporary the San Francisco Chronicle, and other papers in that city which have been rendered conspicuous by their strong anti-Mormon proclivities.

Had the address, sermon or tirade of the fair lecturer been a personal attack, merely, gallantry would have forbidden our replying to it; but as it was an attack upon the entire people of Utah, we, as a public journalist, representing that people, feel bound to make some reference to it.

Miss Anna Dickinson tells the old stories about Salt Lake, with its licentious looking men, women of sorrowful countenance, and sickly children, bearing upon their juvenile faces the unmistakable impress of men's most brutal passions. She also tells of her visit to the theatre, and, to one Mormon dwelling. About the former she makes wilful misrepresentations; (they would have been lies in a gentleman, and, in regard to the latter, does what no woman possessing really refined and lady-like instincts ever would have done, namely, reveals to the world a confidential conversation which, she says, she had with the mistress of the house.

Anna tells what a beautiful city Salt Lake City is, and says that within its borders quiet and order reign both day and night, and neither drinking, gambling, noise nor riot can be found there. And while, with one breath she delivers this panegyric upon the metropolis of Utah, with the next she denounces it as a modern Sodom, a plague spot, and as a foul blot on Nature's face, and declares that after seeing the fearful evils existing here, she has found something to live for! If the last statement be true, Anna is under great obligations to the people of Utah; for we certainly have never been able to see what any woman has to live for who, like Anna, repudiates marriage and deprives herself of the joys and responsibilities of wife and mother, and thus shirk some of the most important of all the duties devolving upon her sex.

Anna is virtuously indignant at distinguished ministers, Senators and Congressmen, who, having visited this city during the summer, and having seen so much to commend and praise, have had honesty enough to say so! She thinks they ought to be as loud in their denunciations of the "Mormons" as she is, and because they have not been so she says they were "humbly-bugged" (elegant word for a lady) by "Mormon" civilities; and for allowing themselves to be so they come in for a good share of this lady's powers of invective.

When Miss Dickinson was here in Salt Lake City, she visited our sanctum, and without any apparent effort, made herself agreeable and pleasant; in fact her manner seemed so hearty and cordial, and she expressed such admiration at what she saw here, that we were half inclined to think she was free from animosity towards the "Mormons"; but she felt as indignant at what she saw as she has expressed herself in San Francisco, she must be a fearful dissimulator! But there is some secret reason for Anna's tirade against the people of Utah; the grief and indignation, which she says her righteous soul experienced at the sights she beheld here, are all a sham. These may be the ostensible, but we think we can give the true reason. A short time ago we were shown a letter from a gentleman in the East to a sojourner here, in which it was stated that an anti-Mormon clique back there had organized a crusade against Utah and its people, part of which was public lectures through the country, and that Anna had been chosen as one of the "apostles." We presume that this San Francisco harangue is the opening part of her role in the programme.

We think we can now understand whyling furnished by our usually astute cotemporary, the Chronicle. Miss D. has been in San Francisco for several weeks, and some of her lectures have not been very remunerative. The night previous to the delivery of the "Lay Sermon" on the "Mormons," she gave a lecture in Platt's Hall, at which, judging from the account published, the audience was not very large. Anna had not struck the right chord! But a bright and happy inspiration presented itself, and she resolved to try the "Mormon" question. This proved lucrative, for the house, says the Chronicle, was worth addressing when compared to that in Platt's Hall. The lectures are ours, and are used in a strictly

Come time between... MEMORANDUM BOOK, containing some photographs, letters and accounts. The reader will oblige by returning the same to R. M. CASTE, at his place in the 15th Ward, or at his residence in the 25th Ward.

We know of only one cause for real chagrin to Miss D. while here, and that, we admit, was very annoying to one of her turns of mind, and it is not to be expected that she will forget it. She talks about visitors to Salt Lake City being "humbly-bugged" by Mormon civilities; "we don't believe it; they may have been; we shall not discuss the point. But we do know that during Anna's stay here she desired to deliver a lecture or two; but they to whom she broached the subject did not seem at all favorable to the project; in fact they did not see the necessity or propriety of the people of Salt Lake City paying several hundred dollars to be humbled by Anna! That was annoying under the circumstances, seeing that she, at considerable cost, had come fifteen or eighteen hundred miles. Traveling expenses were a desideratum at such a time.

But enough on this subject; we have already devoted more time and attention to it than it deserves. The attacks, springing from the petty malevolence of Anna and the clique by which she has been hired cannot harm the people of Utah or the cause they are laboring to promote. And though the use of gain and popularity may induce male and female demagogues and adventurers to utter lying, inflammatory harangues against the "Mormons" and "Mormonism," they will never gain honor by the operation. And, long after the last of all such tools for the performance of dirty work have sunk into well-merited contempt and oblivion, "Mormonism" will be honored and revered, and accepted as a system of eternal truth by the righteous in all lands.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

Indianapolis.—W. J. Abrams, charged with the murder of Jacob Young and his wife, has been found guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

There was an accident at a bridge on the Vincennes railroad near here this morning. One man was fatally injured and another seriously.

New Bedford.—The filibusters arrested yesterday are not allowed to communicate with any one. They are held for orders from Washington.

San Francisco, 15.—The Seward party left for San Diego to-day.

The pioneers will leave Sacramento at 6:30 a.m. to-morrow, for the East. They take two California gray foxes for the Central Park.

Funds for the relief of the Avondale sufferers are being subscribed in Portland, Oregon.

Numerous stage robberies are reported on the White Pine roads.

Philadelphia, 15.—The American Pomological Society met at the Horticultural Hall this morning. Hon. Marshall P. Wilder presiding. Twenty-two States were represented. The attendance was larger than ever before. An address was delivered by the president. The exhibition of fruits is very attractive, and comprises specimens from all sections of the country.

Cincinnati.—The steamer Phantom, Evansville and Cairo, packet, on her down trip this morning, exploded her boiler at Fort Cumberland Island, near Paducah, Ky. George Nicholson, the first clerk, and five or six others were killed and many wounded; boat and cargo were a total loss.

The Woman's Suffrage Convention met at Pike's hall this morning. Among the notabilities present were Mrs. Livermore, of Chicago, Susan B. Anthony, Lucy Stone and her husband.

New York.—Pierce Butler, a clerk in the stock house, Broad St., has been arrested for receiving the ten one-thousand dollar U. S. bonds, recently stolen from Alfred Calver; the supposed thief is also in custody.

The speech of Prince Napoleon fills six columns of the official journal; the late foreign papers abound in comments on it.

In the course of his speech Prince Napoleon said, "I am anxious to affirm my entire and complete devotedness, not only to the Emperor but also to his son. (Loud applause.) I understand better than any one that my interest as well as my affections are indissolubly bound up in the Empire. (Hear, Hear.) I believe the co-existence of the Empire with liberty is perfectly possible; those who think it is not, are themselves as irreconcilable as they maintain those two words to be. Liberty may be for a time eclipsed, but it is a beacon towards which all civilized nations are tending. France has the right to count herself among the number of those who look upon present reforms as contrary to the principles of Empire; but they who entertain such an opinion are the enemies of the Government; and those who consider them an experiment only are equal dangers. I would have an Empire of personal authority bars its vessels and abandon all ideas of receding. The art of government is to give way to just aspirations, and not to resist them. Where all around us, in industry and science is advancing, would you have political institutions to remain stationary? Progress is necessary in the latter as in the former, and that onward march

New York.—The downward course of the Pacific mail shares for sometime past attracts much attention; they declined to-day to 72½, the lowest reached since '61, when they reached fifty dollars in gold. There was negotiated some time since with a foreign bank, in gold, on the Pacific shares, equal to about three and a half millions in currency. This loan falls due on the 23d inst., and will not be renewed. It is also reported that the bulk of the capital stock is concentrated in a few hands, from 50,000 to 70,000 shares being held by two firms.

Chicago.—The Republican's Washington special says the claim of the Eureka Gold Mining Company to 1664 feet of land, running along the Eureka lode, including twenty-three acres of surface ground, situated in Grass Valley, California, has finally been allowed, and the patent will be forwarded from the land office in a few days.

RAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
A large stock always on hand and sold at the lowest market price.
413 6m

from the long continued, and unusually heavy rains. The boom above the dam broke yesterday morning, when a half million feet of logs ran over the falls, sweeping off the light flush boards of a temporary horse dam, which holds a volume of the Mississippi back from improvement. The waters of the dam were unbroken. The Mississippi River is emptying below into the Mississippi, which is reported to be up eight feet. Fifteen thousand tons of hay have been swamped. The rain storm continued four days and did damage to the grain. The damage in St. Croix county alone is situated at a hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Toledo.—The State fair now in progress here is one of the most successful ever held in the State. The entries number forty-three hundred, being nearly a thousand in excess of last year. All the departments are full. That of the live stock is specially attractive. The attendance, to-day, was not less than 30,000.

Boston.—George Peabody, yesterday, donated fifty thousand dollars more to the Peabody Institute, making the entire gift \$200,000.

Twenty-six Cuban filibusters, from New Bedford, were brought here to-day, and arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Hallett, for violating the neutrality law; they were sent to jail in default of bail.

Toronto.—Alberic J. Gould, has been arrested here on a charge of committing forgery to the extent of \$200,000 in Monroe Co., N. Y.

Plymouth.—The board of managers of the Avondale relief association to-day appropriated \$5,000 for the immediate wants of the destitute, and appointed an executive committee for the management and distribution of the fund. The receipts, thus far, are over \$18,000.

Erie, Pa.—The President and Secretary and several members of the Erie typographical union have been arrested at the suit of W. P. Atkinson, proprietor of the Erie Republican, for damages sustained to the sum of \$5,000, in consequence of the late strike in his office; they were bound over to appear at the next term of the court.

Washington.—It has been ascertained from a reliable source, that Gen. Sickles was not authorized to make any demand upon the Spanish government, and was instructed merely to act discreetly and with earnestness as a mediator between that power and the Cubans, on the basis already published for the independence of the island. The leading members of the government favor the Cuban proposal, ratified by the Senate, but parliament has yet to pass a law, necessary to carry it into effect. He has since been engaged in negotiations for a consular treaty. The measure is considered of much importance to this government.

The administration has not, contrary to report, restricted Minister Motley in reopening negotiations for the settlement of the Alabama claims, although it was thought at the time he received his instructions it would be expedient to wait till the excitement in England over the Senate's rejection of the Clarendon-Johnson treaty subsided, before entertaining the subject with Her Majesty's government; but it was never contemplated that Mr. Motley should neglect any favorable invitation or opportunity to renew the negotiations. It is not probable that he was specially instructed on the subject.

Pittsburg.—The annual convention of the Master Mechanics' Association of the United States has been in session here to-day; interesting reports were read, relative to locomotive building, and other matters pertaining to railroad machinery. A banquet will be given by the Convention to-morrow evening by the manufacturers of Pittsburg.

Nashville.—Senator Brownlow publishes a statement that he has dispossessed of his interest in the Knoxville Whig, but that paper will continue to support the Republican cause. He says so many Union men in Tennessee have gone astray that he would advise his Northern friends to accept the Tennessee Republicans for what they are worth to-day. He has evidently lost faith in his former comrades.

St. Louis.—The "Red Stockings" arrived this morning en route to San Francisco. They played with the "Unions" this afternoon and beat them badly, the score being 70 to 9.

New York.—In the Board of Education yesterday, the Hon. John Smith offered a resolution, showing that from fifteen to twenty thousand children are roaming about the streets, never attending school; and authorizes a special committee to remedy the matter; the resolution was adopted.

A Washington dispatch from Madrid, representing the completion of a sort of tripartite treaty on the part of England, France and Austria to protect Spain against the United States, creates quite an excitement. It is surmised that the usual secrecy at the State Department has something to do with the matter.

Atlanta.—The Democratic Executive Committee of the State of Georgia met to-day under a call from the chairman; there being no quorum present the committee adjourned. It was the unanimous opinion of the members present that it was inexpedient to recommend an election for Congressmen this year, there being no law authorizing such an election till November 1870. Whether eight of those members elected in April 1868 are to be admitted to seats in the forty-first Congress, is a question to be determined by Congress.

Memphis.—The Avalanche's Little Rock special says that a number of the Republican members of the Arkansas Legislature have held a meeting and adopted resolutions for the restoration of universal suffrage and amnesty.

A committee was appointed to solicit subscriptions and take other measures for the completion and organization. These resolutions were signed by Lieut. Gov. Johnson and sixteen members of the Legislature. The committee publishes a call for a State convention to be held October 13th, to carry out the purposes of the former meeting.

New York.—The Tribune says it is authorized by Mr. Boutwell today there is no truth in the statement that a personal difference ever existed between himself and the late Secretary of War in reference to the recognition of Cuba or any other subject. The relations between General Rawlins and Boutwell were never for a moment interrupted by excitement or unkindness.

Chicago.—A New York special says, in the case of Nottingham, who was placed in the Bloomingdale asylum at the request of friends, Judge McCann has decided that the prisoner is not insane.

Douglas Hardware Company,
64 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.
Particular attention given to filling orders from the Jobbing Trade. 413 6m

except Loring, went to Boston yesterday, and will have a public reception at the City Hall on their arrival.

Omaha specials report the Sioux still committing depredations in Wind River Valley.

The returns of the Colorado election come in slowly; only three counties are heard from. The Republican gain is considerable. Denver elects three Republican and one Democratic member to the Legislature.

Reports from New Mexico say the Indians continue their depredations near Fort Cummings, and have already killed a number of women and children.

Chicago.—The meeting of the citizens' reform club, last night, appointed a committee to confer with the Democratic committee and the editors of the daily papers to bring out an independent people's ticket for city and county officers. There is general dissatisfaction with the Republican ticket, which, it is alleged, was decided by a "Ring." Very many respectable Republicans abstained from voting at the primaries.

FOREIGN.

Madrid.—The Madrid journals assert that the government recently sent a circular letter to the great powers respecting the note of General Sickles, on the subject of the recognition of Cuba. Replies favorable to the rights of Spain have been received from England, France and Austria.

London.—A large meeting of cotton merchants, spinners and manufacturers, was held at Manchester last evening, for the purpose of considering the condition of the trade of Lancashire. Speeches were made and resolutions adopted asserting that it was expedient to form associations to urge Parliament to grant inquiry into the causes of the depressed state of capital and labor. It was also resolved to hold a series of public meetings in the principal towns.

Berlin.—In consequence of the restrictions on the French Atlantic Cable Company the Federal telegraph administration of the North German States has resolved to forward all telegraph dispatches for America via Valencia, without exception.

Dublin.—The general synod of the Irish Church assembled yesterday at St. Patrick's Cathedral. There was a full attendance. A protest against the act of disestablishment was passed unanimously. A scheme for the formation of a church board, consisting of a hundred and twenty-four representatives, was submitted.

Paris.—The Emperor presided to-day at a council of ministers. The official journals announce that the health of the Emperor is restored. La Patrie states that the Empress will leave again for the East on the 30th instant. Gen. Prim was accompanied by Silveira Olozaga on his visit to the Emperor. It is understood that the Cuban question was discussed at the interview. Prim was well satisfied with his reception, and will return to Madrid on Saturday.

Madrid.—The Imparcial says Prim has telegraphed to the government, declaring that he will hesitate at no sacrifice to subdue the insurrection in Cuba.

London.—The report is repeated that the Czar has forbidden the attendance of the Russian bishops at the Ecumenical Council.

Basle.—An international working-men's Congress convened yesterday; there was a large number of delegates present. Congratulatory letters and dispatches from all parts of Europe and America were received, among which was a letter from the German workmen of New York City, regretting their inability to send a delegate; a communication from the National Union of the United States was received. Mr. Cameron, the American delegate, made a long speech, and invited the delegates to attend the National Labor Congress, at Cincinnati, in 1870.

Paris.—Paraguay advances to the 9th of August, via Rio Janeiro, say that a provisional government had been established at Asuncion, which consisted of three members.

The allies had commenced active operations. The Count Deu had carried two Paraguayan fortifications and had occupied Venezuela. General Orsoco menaced Paraguay. General Barreiro had commenced a flank movement on Asuncion. The Brazilian fleet had attacked Paraguay and La Puye, and had taken many prisoners. Reinforcements from Maricao, Graceros and the Argentine States had arrived. News of a general attack on the last stronghold of Lopez was expected.

A monthly service new line of steamers, between London and Aspinwall, will commence in January.

London.—The leading event to-day is the Doncaster race for the "St. Ledger." "Pretender" was the favorite, betting being even on him at the start. The race was won by "Pedro Gomez" by a neck, after a close and exciting contest. "Martyrdom" was second by three-quarters of a length. Geo. Oxbaldston was third, the latter being "Pretender," who was fourth by half a length. The time of the "St. Ledger" was three minutes and twenty-one and a half seconds, the distance a mile, six furlongs and thirty-two yards. The Bradgate Park stakes were won by "Perfume," the Corporation stakes by "Barrien."

London.—There is a rumor in circulation that the conference on the Egyptian question will be opposed. Russia and Prussia maintain an attitude of reserve; the other powers are not disposed to accept the proposal because they regard the question merely as a matter of the internal administration of Turkey.

The Herald-London special says it is admitted to the Spanish Cabinet an official note, protesting in behalf of the American people and the Government of the United States, against the outrages recently committed on American citizens in Cuba, and insinuating, at the same time, that belligerent rights would soon be accorded the Cubans by the Government at Washington, should Spain persist in her barbarity on the island and refuse terms of compromise with the people. The members of the Opposition to the Serrano government assailed the Sickles' dispatch, with the object of embarrassing the Regency.

Telegrams from Spain, addressed to the New York Herald, relative to Cuban affairs, were stopped at Madrid, on Monday, the 13th inst., by order of the government.

Body Found.—The body of the son of Bro. Geo. Goddard, drowned last Friday, was found this afternoon, a considerable distance from the point where the boat was lost. Ladies are invited to examine the body, whether desiring to purchase or not.
CHAS. S. HAMMER,
Manager.

ARRIVALS AT TOWNSEND HOUSE.

Binard Pionie, Italy
Courtis, U. S.
Mrs. H. & C. Jones, Iowa
John D. Brown, San Francisco
W. H. Ross
Mrs. J. Ross
James H. Jordan
S. M. Fenton and wife, Philadelphia
Rev. Geo. Gray, New Jersey
Miss Anna, San Francisco
H. D. Morton, Ohio
Geo. Batters, London, England
Geo. Batters, jun.
H. C. Belmont, Manchester
Carl Barratt, Cornwall
A. B. Godfrey, Central, Cal.
J. F. Hubbard
S. J. Nelson, wife and child, Vallejo, Cal.
Mrs. H. E. Chandler
O. L. Boy Mitchell, South Britain, Conn.
Oliver Ames, Pres. U. F. R. Philadelphia
James W. Merr, San Francisco
J. Chabert, Paris
Marquis De Laleu, Paris
J. Roger Dutton, New Zealand

Special Notices.

SORREL HORSE LOST, last night, has saddle marks, had a piece of lariat, two or three feet long, round his neck, with a leather strap on end of lariat. Any one returning him to J. C. DAVIS, 17th Ward, will be rewarded. 2321r

"A Remarkable Case" is recorded in Burnett's Floral Hand Book, pages 20 and 21. Get the Book at Drug Stores.

The Combination renders Burnett's Florimel a fine Perfume.

Ladies bestow loud praises upon Burnett's Kalliston as a preparation which imparts a clear soft and beautiful hue to the skin, without being attended by any injurious effects.

For The Bath, Burnett's Cologne Water is unrivalled.

Whitecomb's Remedy for Asthma is a sure cure.

DOOLY'S CHEMICAL YEAST BAKING POWDER has been pronounced the best ever offered to the public, and well deserves the reputation. It is perfectly harmless, and the ingredients entering into its composition so carefully combined that no trouble is experienced in producing good biscuits, rolls, pastry, etc., every time. It is only necessary to use half as much as those of ordinary manufacture, consequently it is cheaper. Will not spoil in any climate if kept dry. For sale by all grocers.

The original formula for the manufacture of the rare vegetable specific—Red Jacket Bitters—is rigidly adhered to. Its quality and proportions never vary—consequently its operation is uniform. Moreover, it does not deteriorate in any climate.

STATEMENT BLANKS for sale at this Office. See our advertisement in another column.

THEATRE.

Lessee and Managers—H. B. Cameron & J. T. Crane
Prompter, W. T. Harris, Treasurer, T. Williams
Leader of the Orchestra, Geo. Careless.

Fourth Appearance of

THE GREAT ENGLISH TRAGEDIAN,

MR. NEIL

WARNER

When he will have the honor of appearing in this masterly impersonation of

OTHELLO!

THIS EVENING,

THURSDAY, SEPT. 16,

The performance will consist of Shakespeare's Sublime Tragedy, entitled

OTHELLO

OTHELLO, by NEIL WARNER

Emilia, Miss Annie Lockhart

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7½.

LOST IN THE STRAY.

I HAVE in my possession one black, H. & M. MULE, 9 or 10 years old, with indelible brands on left shoulder and left hip, and white piece where the collar is worn.

The owner can have the same by calling on the subscriber and paying charges.

HIRSH CANNON, 17th Ward.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 15, 1893.

413 6m

History and Philosophy of Marriage

OR,

POLYAMY AND MONOGAMY COMPARED.

CHAPTER I. The Author and the Book. II. Love. III. Marriage. IV. Polygamy. V. Monogamy. VI. Catholic Marriage-Symbols. VII. Protestant Marriage-Symbols. VIII. Marriage vs. Crime. IX. Objections to Polygamy. APPENDIX. Review of Lecky's History of European Morals, &c.

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DRIED BEEF, BACON, SUGAR

CURED HAMS, First quality.

AT

Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.

413 6m

LOST!

ON Monday evening, between the 20th and 21st inst., a black and white dog, PATTERN with Trimmings and Collar. The finder will confer a favor and will be suitably rewarded by leaving this article at SAVAGE & COMPANY'S Gallery, East Temple Street. 231-1

"FOUR"

COME time between Saturday and Monday, the 16th and 17th inst., a MEMORANDUM BOOK, containing some photographs, letters and accounts. The reader will oblige by returning the same to R. M. CASTE, at his place in the 15th Ward, or at his residence in the 25th Ward. 413 6m

CASH

WILL BE PAID FOR

Clean Cotton Rags!

Delivered at the

DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

None but CLEAN COTTON RAGS.

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SUGARI SUGARI SUGARI
OF ALL GRADES.

AT

Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.

413 6m

O YES! O YES! O YES!

A GREAT MIRACLE to be performed! The Jordan River to be turned! and a Great Lake to be dried up! Two thousand acres of Choice Land—THE GARDEN SPOT OF UTAH—to be redeemed!

All persons owning land in what is known as the Fulphur Field, are requested to attend a meeting to be held in the 17th Ward School House, at early candle-light, on Saturday eve., the 18th of September, and we will show you how all this can be done, with less than \$50 worth of honest labor.

GEORGE MORRIS, 17th Ward.

413 6m

Hardware, Cutlery, &c., &c.,

OF ALL KINDS, at

Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.

413 6m

MARSHAL'S SALE.

WHEREAS, judgment was rendered in the District Court of the third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah, on the 30th day of August, 1893, in favor of Husey, Dahler & Co., and against Robert G. Slesiter and William A. Jax, for the sum of \$3,561.83 (three thousand five hundred and sixty-one dollars and eighty-three cents), I have levied upon the following goods, as the property of said Slesiter & Jax, and will offer the same for sale, at Public Auction,

At their Store First South Street, between East and West Sts., On Monday, September 17, 1893, at 10 A. M.

To Wit: Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Glassware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Notions, Furniture, Jewels, Stoves and a variety of General Merchandise.

J. D. T. McALLISTER,

Territorial Marshal.

HAZARD POWDER, RIFLE POWDER

Blasting Powder and Fuse,

BEST IN THE MARKET.

BUY AT

Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.

THEY ARE AGENTS.

413 6m

TWO THOUSAND

PAIRS!

Men's Home-made Shoes

will be retailed at

less than Boston

Wholesale

Prices!

Per Pair

The Best Double Sole Pegged, \$2.00

" " " Nailed, 2.25

OTHER GOODS EQUALLY CHEAP!

Wm. SLOAN & Co.,

At the Sign of the "BIG BOOT,"