

Poetry.

THE POOR MAN'S JEWELS.

My home, it is a poor one
To all who pass it by;
They cannot see its beauty,
And neither, faith, can I—
That is, in paint or timber,
In doorway, or in roof;
But that it has its beauties,
I'll quickly give you proof.

Come hither, young ones, hither,
Your father's steps are near—
That's Bet, with hair so yellow,
That's Sue, with eyes so clear;
That's Will with tawny trowsers
Tucked in his stocking legs;
And yonder two wee darlings
Are beauties, Jane and Meg.

A cluster of fair jewels,
Five in the rugged set;
If any man has brighter,
I have to learn it yet.

And, Tom, when I am swinging
These arms with weary strain,
Their blessed faces cheer me,
And make me strong again.

I sometimes sit and wonder,
What will their future be?
If they must delve and patter
A tread-mill round like me,
And scarcely at the year's end
Have half a groat to spare;
And see bad men put over them—
'Twill be too hard to bear.

But then, I think as nations
Rise in the scale of might,
God puts the poor man forward,
And gives him power and light;
And learning, Tom, will do it—
And Christian truth will show
That Heaven makes no distinction
Between the high and low.

So though my home's a poor one
To all who pass it by,
And none can see its beauty,
Save mother, child and I;
The future may be grander,
For some great glory won—
Some gem set in the ages
By e'en a poor man's son.

[Special to the DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

St. Petersburg, 18.
The Russian festivities over the marriage of the Czarowitz have been suddenly stopped by the serious illness of Princess Dagmar.

London, 18.
Telegraphic despatches from Bombay report the famine in India abating.

Madrid, 18.
The Spanish government is taking strong measures to prevent a threatened outbreak. Don Miguel is dead.

New York, 18.
The bank statement shows a decrease in loans 2½ millions; increase in specie 2½ millions; increase in circulation \$264,000; decrease in deposits 4½ millions; decrease in legal tenders 5½ millions; total specie 15 millions. Money is easier, without much movement in discounts.

Toronto, C. W., 19.
On the 17th, 39 Fenian prisoners, confined in the old jail, were released and sent by special train under guard to the Suspension bridge, each man with a five dollar greenback in his pocket. The discharge was conducted with great secrecy, the prisoners themselves being informed of it only an hour before their departure.

New York, 19.
There is considerable irregularity of feeling and opinion in the dry goods market and prices tend downward, although Saturday's quotations are nominally maintained.

The steam whaling bark Pioneer brings news of Capt. Hall, the Arctic explorer, who was at the head of Repulse bay, north of the river Welcome, on the 26th of July, all well.

London, 19.
Great floods have devastated the counties of York and Lancaster; many lives have been lost by drowning.

The report is confirmed that Chili and Peru have consented to accept the mediation of France and England.

Reported fighting has been renewed in Candia.

The reform demonstration in Edinburgh on the 17th was large and imposing.

Florence, 19.
Baron Ricasoli, Prime Minister, has issued a circular discouraging the agitation of the Roman question. He says Italy will be neutral and await the certain triumph of her rights.

Galveston, 19.
A spirited attack was made on Matamoros on the 10th, lasting several hours,

the forces under Tapia gaining; but, distrustful Cortinas, he did not follow up his advantage. The defenders lost 20 prisoners, and their commander, Col. Risa, was arrested for bad conduct. Tapia died of cholera.

New Orleans, 19.
Vera Cruz dates of the 13th say Maximilian was at Orizaba on the 13th, with health greatly improved, and no intention of abandoning the country.

James Brownlow, son of the Governor, has been appointed a captain in the regular army, and ordered to San Francisco.

Chicago, 20.
The Tennessee House of Representatives tabled the bill giving franchise to negroes, and amnesty to rebels, by 35 against 29. Another bill, striking the word white from the present franchise law, was also tabled.

London, 19.
The Dutch Chambers have been opened. The King, in his opening speech, expressed hopes for reciprocal confidence and loyalty to the constitution.

New York, 20.
The official report of the commander of the allied army in the Paraguayan war admits that the allies were severely defeated in the attack upon Fort Chu-rapty.

Australian dates to October 8 say a commercial panic prevailed at Sydney. Rust had attacked the growing wheat crops which, nevertheless, promises plentifully.

The west coast natives continue troublesome. Several skirmishes have taken place, in which the government forces have inflicted severe punishment on them.

The dry goods market is without change or interest.

Baltimore, 20.
The masonic demonstration to-day was very imposing, five or six thousand being in the procession, which was reviewed by the President from the steps of Gov. Swan's residence. The President, will witness the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the new masonic temple.

Portland, Me., 20.
Sir J. L. Knight Bruce, late Lord Justice in the Court of Appeals, died on the 7th.

Gov. Rice, of Jamaica, would, in about 10 days, be arraigned at the central court of London for murder.

Manchester, 20.
The national reform conference resulted in all possible efforts to counteract the treaties of the Tories, and to prepare the outline of a reform bill.

New York, 20.
It is stated that for 11 months neither rain nor snow has fallen in Pekin, and in consequence the greatest distress prevails in that part of China.

The Prussian war office publishes a statement showing that it was not the needle guns but the men who carried them that gave the victory in the late war; and that in the hottest engagement the highest figure of firing from the needle guns was 23 rounds. During the war 900 cannon were brought into play, firing an average of 40 rounds.

The telegraph wires are complete from London to Kiachta, and work well, telegrams having been transmitted through in 14 hours. The courier service between Kiachta and Tientsin has been reduced to 12 days.

The appointment by Austria of Gul-ocraski, a Pole and a decided representative of the Polish element, as Governor of Galicia, is looked upon as against Russia and Prussia, between whom secret negotiations portend a war whereby Russia will absorb Turkey and Austria. Russia is rapidly concentrating troops on the Gallician frontier, and it is believed that Russia and Prussia have agreed to destroy what little national character Poland retains.

Nashville, 20.
Judge Henry Cooper, of Murfreesboro, well known throughout the state, decided, in a case pending before him, that the present government of Tennessee is bogus, and the franchise law unconstitutional. The case will be carried into the supreme court.

Boston, 20.
There is a rumor that two firms have failed in Federal street for \$17,000,000; their assets will be of no value. The import trade of Boston this year will amount to over \$150,000,000, adding charges and reckoning the value in currency; the business of Boston this year has reached the highest figure ever known in her commercial history.

St. Louis, 20.
Snow has fallen to a great depth in the region of Fort Benton, Montana. The plains were covered to the depth of three feet, and several westward bound trains, with women and children, were enduring untold suffering. The

Indians were taking advantage of their helpless condition, and over 20 women had been carried off, their husbands and children being previously murdered.

The steamer Miner arrived from Montana this evening, with \$100,000 worth of furs and robes, and nearly a million dollars in gold dust.

Chicago, 21.
Gov. Marvin, of Florida, in his message to the legislature, takes ground against the constitutional amendment. Gov. Worth's message, to the North Carolina legislature, opposes the amendment and recommends the northern states to encourage the settling of negroes in their midst.

New York, 21.
The financial condition of Italy is not healthy, and it is alleged that Napoleon is already engaged in active intrigues for the annexation of Sardinia.

Russia has formally annexed the Territory of Taschend in Central Asia. There are from 15,000 to 20,000 troops concentrated in Washington and between that city and Baltimore.

The Post says gold is depressed by the failure of a well-known firm, who have been carrying \$4,000,000 in coin.

The Commercial says the money market shows a continued tendency towards firmness.

Halifax, 21.
Gladstone has had another interview with the Pope and Cardinals, and the London Morning Herald says his object is to reconcile the Pope to the fall which awaits him, but that he has completely failed in his efforts. Earl Clarendon had also reached Rome, and would soon have an audience with the Pope.

Washington, 21.
The Treasury yesterday held 91½ millions of gold, including 21½ millions in gold certificates.

London, 20.
The High Assembly of the Island of Crete have dispatched a special envoy to Persia, to protest against the report of the submission of Crete to Turkish authority.

The Hungarian Diet has been opened, and urges the necessity of a prompt settlement of the question of a responsible ministry being granted to Hungary.

Toronto, 21.
Thirty-two Fenians remain in jail awaiting trial, which will take place next month; 7 Fenians have been sentenced.

Chicago, 21.
The official vote of Illinois for Congressman gives Logan a majority of 56,107.

The official vote of New York gives Fenton a majority of 14,642.

Charles G. Cornell, Street Commissioner of New York, has resigned, in a public letter denouncing Judge Whiting as prejudiced, and unfit to act as a referee in the matter of the charges preferred against him by the citizens' association. This act of Cornell, therefore, ends the investigation, as he is no longer subject to the Governor's power.

Manchester, England, 20.
Continued and very severe depression is still the ruling feature in this market, and orders previously telegraphed to the United States for the purchase of cotton have been wholly withdrawn.

New York, 20.
The United States government has instructed its consul to appeal for a new trial of the condemned Fenians. These condemned prisoners are supplied with one substantial meal, our consul paying the expenses.

A Times special says there are less than 15,000 troops in the entire department of Washington, which includes Maryland, Delaware, Va. and West Va.

The United States consul at Odessa writes, under date of 15th of September, that the wheat harvest is nearly ended, and is considered the best in quality and quantity for many years. The new crop finds a ready market at about \$1.25 in American coin.

A Paris letter says the Moniteur contains six columns in small type, giving the details of the disasters by the late inundations in the south of France. The most salient fact is that 12,000,000 francs will be required to repair the injuries done to public works alone. Thirty-two English miles of road between St. Juan De Maurine and the Italian frontier and 3 miles of road over Mount Cenis, including one of the principle bridges of the Victor Emanuel railway, were destroyed.

Chicago, 22.
In Illinois the official Republican majority is 54,957.

In Wisconsin the official Republican majority is 25,000.

In Minnesota the official Republican majority is 10,600.

In Kansas, all except 3 counties, the Republican majority is 17,771; the total vote will reach 27,000.

Next Monday the route of the over-

land California mail will be changed from St. Louis to Chicago, and will go by way of the northwestern railroad to Woodbine, Iowa, thence by stage 35 miles to Council Bluffs and Omaha, thence by the Union Pacific railroad to its present terminus 285 miles west of Omaha. The gap of 35 miles between Woodbine and Council Bluffs will be filled by the 1st of January, and running time from New York to the North Fork of Platt river, all rail, will then be 6 days. The Union Pacific Co. have completed the bridge across the North Fork of Platt river, and make their present terminus on the west side of the North Fork, where their workmen are encamped waiting the resumption of operations next spring. No more work will be done until next March, but Mr. Durant is confident that he will complete 300 miles in the first 100 working days.

Under the new arrangement mails will leave Chicago at 7 p.m., containing the New York morning mail of the day previous and connecting with the overland coaches.

New York, 22.
Money is active and firmer. Gold is irregular, and lower. Government stocks are heavy and a half per cent. lower.

The Post says the panic in Wall street has entered on a new phase this morning, on rumors that the Government was selling both coin and five-twenties. These rumors and other depressing causes produced a general loss of confidence, and resulted in the most sudden fall which Government securities have received for a considerable time.

The Commercial says affairs in Wall street wear a very unsatisfactory aspect. Money is decidedly stringent; discounting is almost at a dead stand, with a prevailing pressure for collateral loans.

The difficulty of effecting loans and an indefinite apprehension of further stringency have caused a realizing movement in the stock market, not equalled in magnitude since 1864. There are more hopeful indications in the dry goods market; no further reduction of prices is reported or apparently expected. Efforts are made for goods at rather lower prices, but all parties have a firmer feeling, and there are less transactions than yesterday.

Philadelphia, 22.
A loan of two per cent. in gold has unsettled trades.

Chicago, 22.
The Western Union Telegraph Company have just opened their newly completed overland line to California by way of Denver, Bridger's Pass and where the overland stage route is now travelled; this is in addition to the old line by the way of Laramie and the South Pass. The new line is constructed in a superior manner, and there will probably be little interruption in connection with the Pacific coast.

New York, 22.
The packet ship Mercury, from Havre lost 34 out of 450 passengers by cholera.

The Evening Express says there is a general fear of business paper, owing to numerous reports of failures in all directions.

Washington, 22.
The President to-day appointed Edward Uhl, of New York, Consul at Guatemala.

General B. S. Alexander Long, in command of the defenses at Washington, will soon leave for California, to superintend the construction of docks at San Francisco.

Admiral Dahlgren is about leaving Washington, to assume command of the South Pacific squadron.

Chicago, 23.
The story of outrage upon the wife of Rev. David A. Wasson of Boston was false; it appears that a negro, intending robbery, locked Mrs. Wasson in a room to prevent her giving an alarm, but she escaped by a window, and the negro was captured.

The Alabama legislature has elected ex-Gov. John A. Winston United States Senator, by a majority of four votes over George S. Houston, whose nominal term expires March 4.

New York, 23.
The Lynn, Mass., Reporter, mentions four new failures among the shoe manufacturers of that city, making nine within a month; and says if the present dullness continues, more will be sure to go.

The Albany Argus says of the cattle trade: We have never known prices drop so rapidly and heavily as within a few weeks; the losses on beaves passing through this market since the middle of October must have been \$500,000, and on hogs probably as much more.

London, 22.
A large quantity of arms designed for the Fenians was seized on a Liverpool steamer bound for Cork.