

THE SCANDINAVIAN FATHERLAND.

Prepared from Special Cablegrams.

SWEDEN.

Rev. E. Solberg, of Orebro, died at the age of 89 years.

Cholera has appeared at Fejan, one of the islands off Stockholm.

Lieutenant-Colonel Baron H. H. von Essen died at the age of 74 years.

A very large hay crop is reported from nearly all Swedish provinces.

Large forest fires are reported from Hornoen in the Angerman river.

The Cellulosa factory at Hjerpen near Oestersund, was burned to the ground.

A large modern tourist hotel will be erected at the Ronneby watering place.

A larger number of tourists than ever before visited northern Sweden during the latter part of June.

Vimmerby was visited by a severe thunder storm. Many houses were struck by lightning, and a large number of cattle killed.

Kristina Nilsson, an unmarried woman living on Baggensgatan at Stockholm, was murdered the other night. No traces of the murderer have been found.

A statue of John Ericsson, the famous Swedish-American engineer and the inventor of "Monitor," will soon be erected in some Swedish city.

The aldermen of Gefle have granted an appropriation of 10,000 kronor to be used for the purpose of fighting the cholera, in case that plague should reach the city.

Admiral Elfsberg, of the Russian navy, is at present visiting in Sweden. The admiral, who has the reputation of being one of the best officers in the Czar's navy, is of Swedish descent.

Hugues Le Roux, the French journalist, has been appointed a Knight of the Order of the North Star by King Oscar. Mr. Le Roux has always shown himself as a good friend of Sweden and the Swedes.

August Strindberg's play Creditors was performed at the Comedie Parisienne in Paris and made a success pyramidal. Creditors and two other plays by Strindberg have recently been published in French.

In 1893 cotton goods of different kinds (carpets, tulle, cotton-cloth, etc.) were imported to a total value of \$3,100,000, which shows that the country's own production is far from sufficient to satisfy its requirements.

The monument, which will be raised on the tomb of John Ericsson near Filipstad will probably not be ready before next November or December, and it is probable that it will not be dedicated before the 8th of March, the day of Ericsson's death.

In Sweden all trade in drugs and medicine is by law restricted to the apothecaries. The number of apothecaries is limited. They must qualify for their profession, and no new chemist-shop can be opened without special permission. All such shops are subject to periodical inspections, and must be examined once a year. There are also

regulations relative to the sale of medicine, its preparation and the keeping of poison. The number of chemist-shops in the whole country is 259, or one to 18,475 of the whole population.

NORWAY.

A tourist hotel will be built near Roraas.

The summer fisheries in Norway have been very rich so far.

A marble field of large dimensions has been discovered at Skogn.

The city of Tromsøe celebrated the 100th anniversary of its existence.

Norway has about 400 physicians or one to a little over 5,000 inhabitants.

The heat in Christiania during some days of July was worse than for many years.

The Geological Survey of Norway has recently published several new and well-drawn maps.

Viggo Ullman, the president of the Storting, is holding lectures in Norway on the labor question.

The emigration from Norway to America is at present very small; more emigrants returning than departing.

The Norwegian seal fisheries have given a good result the present year. So far 34,000 seals have been caught.

The political campaign in Norway has now begun, and mass meetings are reported from all parts of the country.

Twenty-seven persons were poisoned at Baerum by consuming cooked salmon. Two physicians had to work very hard in order to revive them.

The Socialists of Christiania the other day had a parade through the principal streets of that city. Only eighty persons joined the same, and the Socialists were much poked fun at along the whole line.

DENMARK.

Denmark has 66 practising dentists.

A new Socialist club has been organized in Copenhagen.

Rev. E. Kastrop, of Langnæs, died at the age of 62 years.

Two more Danish missionaries are soon to depart for China.

The import of American pork to Denmark seems to increase every year.

Many French tourists have visited Denmark during the month of June.

A mourning service in honor of President Carnot was held in the St. Ansgerii church of Copenhagen.

Admiral Ravn of the Danish navy will the 3rd of August celebrate his 50th anniversary as an officer of the navy.

The Danes living in Sweden have subscribed for a magnificent silver wedding present to be given the crown prince and crown princess.

Fire works have been imported to Denmark from some foreign countries and will all be transformed into smoke on the silver wedding day, the 28th of July.

IN THE TURKISH MISSION.

[Millennial Star, July 29.]

Elder Don C. W. Musser, who has presided during the past two years and six months over the Turkish mission, and who was honorably released May 5, 1894, to return home, arrived in Liverpool, July 9, after a seven weeks' voyage. Besides his faithful labors in the Turkish mission, Brother Musser spent some ten months laboring in the Swiss and German mission. He was in good health and reported that the Elders in the Turkish mission were enjoying the best of health, and that they were working zealously in spreading the truth. There are now four Elders there, two being stationed at Aleppo where there is a prosperous branch of Saints, and the other two at Beyrout studying the Arabic language. The former are Elders Albert Herman and Fred. A. Hulsh, and the latter are Elders E. W. Robinson and J. A. Clark. Brother Robinson was appointed to labor in the Turkish mission last February, having at that time spent seven months in the German mission. On the release of Brother Musser he was appointed to preside over the mission. The Elders have a hard field to labor in. They have to learn a new language, and when it is learned they find that several other languages are spoken by the various races besides the Arabic, so that they are able to reach but a small portion of the people of Syria. They are laboring diligently and are finding quite a number who are interested in their teachings and who are convinced of the truth of the Gospel. Many of these, however, fear the persecution that will be sure to fall to their lot if they ally themselves with so unpopular a people as the Latter-day Saints, and this fact as well as the obstacles raised by the language, makes the labors in the Turkish mission very difficult. The Elders are therefore entitled to much credit for the work which they are doing.

WASATCH STAKE CONFERENCE.

The Wasatch Stake conference convened in Heber, July 28th and 29th.

On Saturday morning President Hatch gave a brief report of the Stake, reporting peace, health and prosperity in all the wards. Elder Brigham Young then spoke on the Word of Wisdom, tithing and other principles of the Gospel. Elder John M. Murdock spoke on the same principles.

Saturday afternoon some of the Bishops' reports were given, and Elder Brigham Young spoke in relation to the subject matter of Bishops' reports.

Elder Willard Done spoke of the many opportunities for advancement afforded the Saints.

Patriarch Thomas Hicken advised the people to labor spiritually as well as temporally.

On Sunday morning, after the usual opening exercises, the rest of the Bishops' reports were given, after which Elder Hatch commented upon the same and the condition of the Stake. Advised the people to take care of their harvest and to cultivate a spirit of peace and kindness in politics as well as in religion.

Elder Young then spoke on the statehood question; said he was in favor