CASE WITH THE JURY

Argument Completed Today in the Kessler Murder Trial.

ANOTHER VERDICT FOR WEBSTER.

Opinion of the Attorney General to Governor Wells Regarding Prisoners' Good Behavior.

Argument in the Kessler murder trial was completed today, Mr. [illegible] Taylor concluding for the defense in a very strong and able plea for his client and Mr. Whittemore concluding for the government was finishing his plea this afternoon, after which his honor Judge Hiles instructed the jury and the case was submitted.

Mr. Taylor covered the evidence in the case in a very thorough manner, showing that it was all circumstantial and of such a nature as to entitle it to little weight as against the prisoner. The strongest evidence brought out by the public prosecutor was the ante-mortem statement of Nisbergall(?), who was characterized by Mr. Taylor as a person and of a class whose word was not reliable under the most serious circumstances or upon the most solemn occasion.

Mr. Whittemore's argument was directed in great part to the testimony of the prisoner which was given in the attempt to prove an alibi and which was of a very flimsy nature and entirely insufficient to prove the contention set up by the defendant that he was at home and in bed at the time the tragedy occurred at Mrs. Hinckley's house.

ANOTHER VERDICT FOR WEBSTER.

Other Business in the Courts, Third District.

Another History of Utah case has been decided in favor of the George Q. Cannon & Sons company, through its representative, J. H. E. Webster, who this morning secured a judgment in Judge Ritchie's court for $20 against John Hall. The case was tried before a jury.

In the suit of J. H. E. Webster against P. E. Hansen the motion for nonsuit was sustained and the jury discharged.

Judgment was rendered for the plaintiff in the suit of Mary A. Parsons vs William McQueen. The defendant is ordered to return the property claimed in the complaint, with costs. The judgment was rendered by consent.

The damage suit of William Brock against the Rio Grande Western Railway company was in progress of trial today before the following jury: Isaac Brockbank, John [illegible], John Henry Smith, T. R. Ellerbeck, W. H. [illegible], Frank Taylor, Herbert Price and A. Hanauer Jr.

TO GOVERNOR WELLS.

An Opinion Relating to Prison Reductions for Good Behavior.

Since the adoption of the rules for government of the State prison the question of reductions of sentences on account of good behavior of prisoners has been a knotty one on account of supposed abrogation of the provisions of the copper act. Attorney General Bishop today transmitted the following opinion to Governor Wells touching his powers in such cases:

Hon. Heber M. Wells, Governor, City.

Dear Sir:—I have considered your communication of September 30th, in reference to your authority as Governor to restore to prisoners the benefits of the Copper Act, lost by reason of violation of the prison rules. The reward of convicts, commonly called the Copper Act and found in compiled laws of 1888, at pages 681-2-3, provides certain deductions in time of sentence for good conduct. Section 4,531 provides for a forfeiture of all the good time of the convict for the month in which the infraction occurs. This section also contains a proviso to the effect that a convict who may feel himself aggrieved by the action of the warden in deprivation of his good time may appeal in writing to the Governor, [illegible] he shall be sent back to the convict, [illegible].

An examination of chapter 81 of the Laws of 1896, being an act in reference to the government and discipline of the State prison, fails to disclose any provision whatever for reductions of sentences on account of good conduct, [illegible]. Section 23 of said act, page 271, provides that all acts and parts of acts [illegible] of the provisions of this act are repealed but all proceedings pending and all rights and liabilities existing, acquired or incurred at the time this act takes effect, are hereby saved and such proceedings may be consummated under and according to the law in force at the time such proceedings were commenced.

The copper act, in Compiled Laws of 1888 [illegible] at the [illegible] of the act of 1896, and the act of 1896 [illegible]. It is my opinion that the act found on pages 681-2-3 of the Compiled Laws of 1888 is still in force and that you would have the authority, upon proper application, to restore back to a convict any earned reduction of time of which he has been deprived. The letter of convict Albert Kem(?) which is attached to your communication however, hardly authorizes any action on your part. It is not claimed by the convict in his communication, that he lost his Copper by reason of being unjustly dealt with by the warden, but asks you to restore his good time on account of obedience to the rules and good conduct since that time. The statute, in my opinion, only gives you authority to act in cases where a convict asks to have his good time restored on the ground that the action of the warden was unwarranted. He should state in writing the facts, the evidence and the reasons for considering himself unjustly dealt with, and if upon investigation it was your opinion that the complaint of the convict was well grounded, then you would have the power to check back to him the earned reduction of time of which he had been deprived.

Very respectfully yours,
A. C. Bishop,
Attorney General.

THE GREEN BAG.

Judge Ritchie did no business in open court today.

Messrs. Ferron and Bean of the land board are out making locations.

The secretary of state today issued a notarial commission to Alvirus H. Gleason for Box Elder county.

R. J. Dininny and N. V. Jones have been admitted to practice at the bar of the United States district court.

Certificates of incorporation were today issued by Secretary of State Hammond to the Mercur Gold Dust Mining company and to the Japan Mining and Milling company.

County Attorney Whittemore this afternoon filed the State's brief in the case of the State ex rel Morgan Richards, State auditor, vs C. E. Stanton, county clerk of Salt Lake county.

A venire for twenty-three persons from which to select a grand jury has been issued by Judge Marshall in the United States district court. A venire of thirty petit jurors has also been issued. Both are returnable Nov. 9.

Judgment in the case of $730 and $2427 each has been entered against M. J. Chessman, C. H. Jacobs, Harvey M. Rees, H. H. Rea(?), M. O. Johnson, J. A. Graham and W. S. Henderson, bondsmen of Rev. Dr. W. D. Mabry.

A bench warrant has been issued from the United States district court for Daniel Lambert and Ephraim Lambert, charged with unlawfully cutting government timber. They failed to appear yesterday and their bonds were forfeited.

E. L. Terry, charged with unlawfully cutting timber from government land, entered a plea of not guilty in the United States district court yesterday. Nels Nelson, Jamie Welch, Christian Olsen and Heber Olsen will plead to a similar charge on Oct. 28.

On motion of Assistant District Attorney Maginnis, Judge Marshall has dismissed the following cases: W. C. Tilden, adultery; W. G. Turnbull(?), depositing a letter in a postoffice with intent to defraud; Benjamin Kilpatrick, adultery; J. G. Reynolds, fornication; C. S. Hall, unlawful cohabitation; David Thomas, Charles Burton, Wesley Gillespie and J. J. Tuckfield, fornication; D. W. Sykes, adultery.

DAILY WEATHER VANE.

Observations Taken at Utah, Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Wyoming Stations.

Weather reports showing observations at 8 a.m. today:

Salt Lake City—Barometer, 29.94; temperature, 45; minimum, 44; wind, southeast, 3 miles per hour; clear.

Baker City—Barometer, 29.92; temperature 46; minimum, 42; wind, south, 10 miles per hour; cloudy.

Cheyenne—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, 38; minimum, 36; wind, southwest, 8 miles per hour; cloudy.

Helena—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, 38; minimum, 36; wind, southwest, light; snow.

Miles City—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, 30; minimum, 28; snow.

Winnemucca—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, 38; minimum, 36; wind, northeast, 6 miles per hour; clear.

Idaho Falls—Barometer, 30.08; temperature, 28; minimum, 28; wind, northwest, 8 miles per hour; clear.

Havre—Barometer, 29.98; temperature, 22; minimum, 20; wind, northwest, light; clear.

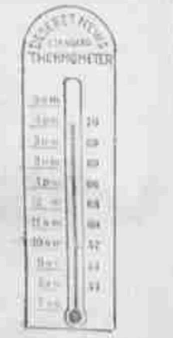
General and local forecast for 36 hours ending 8 p.m., Wednesday:

For Utah: Fair tonight and Wednesday. Stationary temperature.

Salt Lake City and vicinity, fair tonight and Wednesday. Stationary temperature.

J. H. Smith,
Observer, Weather Bureau,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Today's temperature is shown in the fac simile thermometer given below:



Cures Talk

"Cures talk" in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as for no other medicine. Its great cures recorded in truthful, convincing language of grateful men and women, constitute its most effective advertising. Many of these cures are marvelous. They have won the confidence of the people, have given Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world, and have made necessary for its manufacture the greatest laboratory on earth. Hood's Sarsaparilla is known by the cures it has made—cures of scrofula, salt rheum and eczema, cures of rheumatism, neuralgia and weak nerves, cures of dyspepsia, liver troubles, catarrh—cures which prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills [illegible]

HE IS BOUND OVER.

Lewis L. Burningham Held to the District Court.

CHARGE CHANGED TO FORNICATION

Defendant and Mrs. McDaniel Had Lived Together as Man and Wife, Never Married(?)

A case, the details of which are wholly unfit for publication, was that which occupied Justice Wenger's attention at this morning's session of the police court. It was that of the State vs Lewis L. Burningham, in which Amanda McDaniel was the complaining witness. The original complaint charged the defendant with failure to support an infant child, his alleged offspring, but when the hearing was called up today, Assistant County Attorney Harrington asked leave and was granted permission to change the charge to one of fornication.

After some little discussion and the entrance of a demurrer to the complaint it was slightly amended, when Attorney Frank B. Margetts for the defense entered a plea of not guilty, and the hearing was begun.

Amanda McDaniel was the first witness. She mounted the stand with a nursing baby in her arms and told her story. It was to the effect that she settled at Bountiful about three years ago at which time she made the defendant's acquaintance. She was then a widow with three children, her husband having previously died in the South. The defendant, she said, had been very attentive to her during her residence there and had courted her, notwithstanding the fact that he was but 18 years of age, while the witness was 32. Last year she moved to this city and Mr. Burningham moved with her, getting a house for her and paying the rent of the same. He did not stay at her house all the while, but occasionally made a trip to Bountiful where his mother resided. She had moved about a good deal during the last year, and her child was born on November 23, 1895, shortly after her arrival here from Bountiful. The defendant had always held her out as his wife, although the marriage ceremony had never been solemnized. He, however, had promised repeatedly that at no distant date he would make her his wife, and the witness had always had that understanding until the time that she read in the News of his marriage to another woman. He had addressed her as Mrs. Lewis L. Burningham, and when he was in the city he stopped with her, both living together as man and wife.

Carl McDaniel, the fourteen-year-old son of the complaining witness, testified that the defendant had lived with his mother both in Bountiful and in this city. He made his mother's house a stopping place on divers occasions up until about three months ago.

Then followed the testimony of Mrs. Hannah Gilbert, Mrs. Ann Leaker, Mrs. Elizabeth Leaker and Mr. Vernon Wells. The three former testified to the parties having lived together and posed as man and wife. They also stated that Burningham directed affairs in the house when the child was born on Nov. 23, 1895. Mr. Wells is a teamster and testified to having moved the household furniture of Mrs. McDaniel from the Eleventh ward to this city in the First ward. Defendant hired him and paid him for the work.

This closed the testimony of the prosecution and the defense presented its side of the case, beginning with the defendant, Lewis L. Burningham, on the stand. He narrated the circumstances leading up to his acquaintance with the woman, three years ago. Mrs. McDaniel had made the first advancements to him and had lured him on in his youthfulness to the consummation of the illegal relationship with her. At divers times he had helped her financially. He was 21 years of age on July 31st last.

Eliza Burningham, the aged mother of the defendant, was the next witness. Her testimony was to the effect that when Mrs. McDaniel first settled in Bountiful, she felt to sympathize with her, she being a widow, and oftimes did she send her son to do chores for the lady and assist her in other ways. She never dreamed that any intimacy would grow up between them, as the woman was old enough to be her son's mother, and in time the boy, who had prior thereto been obedient and dutiful, began to stay from home at nights, and once she found him at the house of Mrs. McDaniel. Mrs. Burningham stated that the woman wielded an influence over her son, that she had led him astray and caused him to be dragged into the present disreputable case.

The defendant's married sister was the next witness. Her testimony was substantially similar to that of her mother.

Counsel for the prosecution did not care to argue the case, but Attorney Margetts for the defense made a short but pointed statement. He said that the present case was one of a very unpleasant nature. He sympathized with the little innocent babe which lay in its mother's arms, [illegible]

Justice Wenger stated that he was acting only as a committing magistrate and would do nothing but bind the defendant over to the district court, which he did in bonds of $500. The bond was promptly furnished.

The Park and Neighborhood.

Park City, Utah,
Oct. 19, 1896.

To the Editor:

I have just returned from Heber City, Kamas and other settlements in Wasatch and Summit counties. The Latter-day Saints of Park City held very largely attended meetings at the opera house yesterday. Elders John Henry Smith, Heber J. Grant and C. W. Penrose are here and attended the Sunday schools in the morning and addressed the people in the afternoon and evening. The German and Swiss choir from Salt Lake City furnished the singing. Prof. J. J. McClellan presided at the organ. The house was packed and a great many people were unable to gain admittance.

The Swiss and German singers will give a concert in the Park City opera house tonight. From there they will go to Heber City, Midway and other towns in Wasatch, where they intend giving a series of concerts. Professor McClellan, Miss Lizzie Thomas Edwards and Prof. C. D. Schettler are with the company.

This morning we all went to the Ontario mine, except Brother Heber J. Grant, who returned home on the morning train. Brother John Henry Smith got a permit from Mr. George [illegible] and took us all down to No. [illegible] mine. We went to the 1500-foot level. Mr. Connelly, the foreman, kindly showed us through and explained to us the workings of the drills, etc. The engineer was very careful in letting us down the shaft, while the miners, who are used to it, are let down about as quick as if they should fall. There are over sixty-five miles of tramway railroading in the Ontario mines.

The Latter-day Saints of this city are now building a fine meeting house. The foundation is nearly completed.

One of the merchants here offered a prize some time ago $100 worth [illegible] to the denomination getting the largest number of votes. The Latter-day Saints won first prize.

There are quite a number of nice residences in course of erection; also a new opera house is being built by the A. O. U. W. of Park City.

[illegible] S. Penrose(?).

Is Now Well Again.

Elder Louis Stevenson, a missionary from this city in the Southern States, writing to his parents from Live Oak, Florida, says: Our president, Elder West, was taken very sick, his life being despaired of. The Elders fasted and prayed three days. Friends in their grief gathered around the bed of the apparently lifeless form. We laid our hands upon him with faith and invoked God's blessings upon him, and he immediately spoke, saying, "I am all right." He ate dinner, dressed himself and walked about the house, which he had not done before for two weeks.

ADDITIONAL TELEGRAPH.

BRYAN IN GOLD CROWDS.

He Encounters Some On His Tour Through Ohio.

Steubenville, Ohio, Oct. 20.—The trip this morning of Bryan through the Ohio Valley district along the banks of the Ohio, has been punctuated here and there with cheers for his opponent. Sandwiched in the crowds were many badges of a color which indicate the wearers were not so friendly to the white metal as they could have been. There were five stops before this place was reached, and at three the candidate addressed the crowd from the rear of the car. There was a good crowd at Bellaire and it was enthusiastic. Bryan addressed them fifteen minutes. He said free coinage of silver would be a benefit to the farmers, the laboring men and business men, using practically the same line of argument to substantiate that statement, as employed by him on other occasions. At Bridgeport wearers of yellow badges were numerous but the shouters for the nominee were strong enough to drown the cheers for the Republican candidate. Bryan spoke three minutes saying the fundamental principle which underlies the financial question is the quantity and not the quality of the money. At Martin's Ferry gold badges were worn by a large portion of the audience, and cheers for McKinley alternated with cheers for Bryan. Bryan said that in this country anybody could take the gold cure who wanted, and told the story about a Nebraska woman who said her brother was a gold man without gold. The allusion was applauded vigorously.

As soon as their speaker would go away there would be cheers for McKinley. At Yorkville and Brilliant Bryan simply appeared on the platform and acknowledged the receptions given him.

HE REPLIES TO A QUESTION.

Wellsville, Ohio, Oct. 20.—Steubenville was visited yesterday by "the general" and one of the speakers attacked the pension record of Bryan. When the nominee arrived there today he answered the statement made by saying that he was a better friend of the soldier than those who wished to commit the financial policy of this nation to the dictation of the foreign powers. There was a good-sized crowd about the car and in the rear some boys wearing gold badges kept up the cheer for McKinley, which Bryan interpreted as an attempt to break up the meeting. He said: "My friends, I am not surprised at this interruption. You show me a man that believes in the gold standard, and I will show you a man who is afraid of public discussion. The gold standard people do not meet discussion. We are leaving those who refuse [illegible] to interfere with public meetings and to prevent the discussion of an issue that concerns every man, woman and child of the United States."

Referring to the question he said: "Before entering the discussion of any question I want to ask you not to take the word of the Republican gold standard or ex-Democratic advocate of the gold standard for my record upon the soldier question. I was in Congress four years and I want you to read the Congressional Record. You will not find in that record one single evidence of hostility to those having served their country and saved the country thirty years ago, and are ready to save it from foreign domination. There is reason why a soldier who believes in the policy set forth in our platform should act with us because the interests of the soldiers are safer with those who believe in a government such as the Lincoln government, of the people, by the people and for the people, than with those who believe in a government of syndicates, by syndicates and for syndicates. Those who stand by the gold standard in this campaign, those who in this country and in other countries are seeking to make money scarce so they can control the volume and dole it out at such a price as they desire, to those who must have it—I say those people never had any use for common humanity except to put them up to be shot at while they make money in the war. These are the same people who during the war saw that their bonds were payable in coin while they allowed the soldiers to be paid in 40-cent dollars and are now trying to scare the soldiers with 50-cent dollars. The soldier who was willing to fight for his country then, when his pay was in dollars worth forty cents, compared with the bondholders' money, will be willing to take his chances now under a system that gives him a dollar [illegible] under the same kind of a dollar."

Several hundred people listened to the nominee at Toronto. They greeted approval when he said the gold standard advocates resort to an ambiguous phrase and speak of "sound money" instead of telling what they mean by sound money. [illegible]

THE WHEAT MARKET.

A General Inclination to Sell Depresses the Figures.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Wheat opened a quarter to half a cent higher this morning, in spite of lower cables, the advance being carried over from yesterday's close. But the market was inclined to drag. Northwest receipts were larger than last year. This and other evidences of wheat coming into sight everywhere on a large scale created a general inclination to sell and take profits. Opening prices for December were [illegible], then gradually sold down to [illegible]. A rally to [illegible] ensued. The market was [illegible] at the first hour's trading.

THE LONDON MARKET.

London, Oct. 20.—At the Baltic today wheat opened 6d. under yesterday's prices but values stiffened later, sellers demanding yesterday's top prices. There was little doing, however.

CAUSE OF THE MOVEMENT.

A representative of the Associated Press had an interview with a broker who does the largest business of wheat on this side of the Atlantic, in regard to the situation. He said in substance:

"In the half natural and half speculative course, we have only followed the lead set by the United States, where speculators are very active. There is scarcity, in spite of the fact that England has a seven million crop, and that reduced crops in Russia. Russia's crop is poor and Austria's crop is very small. But what is of great moment, consumers having a large advance of milling contracts also rushed in to acquire supplies, even at the top prices, which today are 10 per cent higher than last week.

"California wheat sent to India as yet is only a drop in the bucket, but the moral effect of the movement and of the impending famine in India has been very great. Of course, if rain falls, quantities of California wheat will not be wanted, but I doubt that, and, coupled with the [illegible] grave situation, it naturally affects speculators [illegible] the real element of uncertainty they delight in.

"Still this does not account for more than half of the rise. The balance is a solid advance, owing to the shortness of supplies.

"We shall follow the United States closely, however, and the speculators who [illegible] the market.

"The rise in freights has at times been in advance of the rise in wheat and the demand for steamers is most brisk. The closing of the sea of Azov early in December will give a number of ships to seek elsewhere, though at present Azov boats are loading as rapidly as possible."

A Prelate Sees Danger.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Right Rev. G. L. Seymour of Springfield, Ills., bishop of the Episcopal church, has written a letter to the gold standard Democratic committee, denouncing the Chicago platform in very forcible language. The bishop says he takes no interest in politics under ordinary considerations, but the political situation at present, he remarks, is perilous. He states that free silver is injurious to all classes, and declares that he is unqualifiedly in favor of a single gold standard. The remainder of the letter is devoted to what he considers "the efforts of the Democratic platform to array class against class, employe against employer, and the West and South against the East." He asserts the tendency is revolutionary and the men who preach such doctrines are "not aware of the ultimate results." He condemns particularly the plank of the Democratic platform referring to the United States Supreme Court.

To Locate a Deep Water Harbor.

Washington, Oct. 20.—The River and Harbor bill passed by last session of Congress contained a provision that the location of a deep water harbor in California should be determined by a commission to be composed of a naval officer to be detailed by the secretary of the navy, an officer of the coast and geodetic survey, to be detailed by the superintendent, and three civil engineers, to be appointed by the President. The board has been made up as follows: Detailed by secretary of the navy, Rear Admiral J. G. Walker; detailed by the superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey, Assistant Augustus F. Rogers; appointed by the President: William H. Burr, New York; George S. Morison, New York; Richard P. Morgan, Illinois.

Marriage Announcement.

New York, Oct. 20.—Miss Edith Shepard, second daughter of Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard, a grand daughter of the late Wm. H. Vanderbilt, was married at Scarborough, Westchester county, today, to Ernest O. Fabbri. The ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Dr. John Hall, assisted by Rev. Francis [illegible], took place at Shepard memorial chapel, erected by Mrs. Shepard in memory of her late husband. The chapel was elaborately decorated with flowers and palms, many being imported expressly for the purpose.

MINOR MENTION.

Harry Harding and John Bingham were fined $10 and $5 in the police court today for fighting.

The case of C. J. Nelson charged with selling milk without a permit, has been set for hearing tomorrow at 2 o'clock.

The registration in the 15th election precinct of Salt Lake county, of which Wm. N. Anderson is registrar, reaches an even 300 voters.

In the 28th election precinct of Salt Lake county, Registry Agent Thomas Wright has registered 138 female and 141 male voters, making a total of 279.

The remaining companies of the Twenty-fourth infantry are expected to arrive in this city over the Union Pacific on Thursday evening or Friday morning next.

John McDonald, the gypsy who was arrested on Sunday morning, on suspicion of having robbed the house of Mrs. Fenton during last week, was having a hearing in the police court at press time.

This afternoon Peter S. Condie, the Republican nominee for sheriff of Salt Lake county, called the attention of the Herald to certain untrue and libelous statements it had published concerning him, and requested that the paper make the matter right in the minds of its readers.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Walker—F. McGrath and wife, [illegible]; Mrs. Harris, Columbus, O.; H. C. Faulkner, Frisco; [illegible], Denver.

Cullen—L. R. Rhodes, Ogden; F. Knowlton, San Jose, Cal.; E. W. [illegible]; J. A. Pattison, San Francisco; John E. Hill, St. Louis.

Templeton—John C. Harris, Evanston, Wyo.; C. D. Helwig, Kansas City; J. H. [illegible], Boston; J. W. [illegible], Rochester; M. Fowler, Cincinnati, O.; W. S. [illegible], Omaha.

Knutsford—R. D. Clarke and wife, Peoria, Ill.; E. Saunders and daughter, San Francisco; E. M. Van Cortlandt, Denver; Chas. A. Smith, Denver; S. K. Bradford, Cripple Creek.

Night Times: The sheepmen are beginning to move their flocks from their summer range to that of winter, and owners are preparing for dipping and purchasing supplies for winter and getting their wagons and other equipments in proper order to stand the winter trials, which will be encountered on the desolate grazing grounds of the western desert.

Price Advocate: We get the information from a source that is from the reservation and who is in a position to know the facts that the Uintah reservation is soon to be opened. The commission that is treating with various tribes will reach the fort the latter part of November when the allotting of lands in severalty to the Indians will be begun. Col. [illegible] who is to be [illegible] to December has volunteered to remain and assist the commission. It would [illegible] that the conditions are favorable for speedy work. The Indians are now willing to receive their allotments of land. Should the commission be successful in their work of allotting [illegible] and the balance be thrown open to settlement we may hope for a big rush to that favored place early in the spring. The Uncompahgre is almost sure to be thrown open when the Uintah is opened.

STOCKS AND MARKETS.

New York Stock Market.

[illegible]

Omaha Live Stock.

Special to the News.

South Omaha, Neb., Oct. 20.

Cattle receipts, [illegible]; market, steady. Western steers, [illegible]; cows and heifers, [illegible]; Feeders, [illegible].

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 20.

[illegible]

Chicago Market.

Chicago, Oct. 20.

[illegible]

Silver, Lead.

Silver—[illegible]
Lead—[illegible]

DIED.

[illegible]—At Draper, Salt Lake county, October [illegible], 1896, of old age, [illegible]. [illegible] papers and Millennial Star please copy.

A SPECIFIC

FOR

La Grippe, for Colds, Coughs,

AND LUNG TROUBLES.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Two years ago, I had the grippe, and it left me with a cough which gave me no rest night or day. My family physician prescribed for me, changing the medicine as often as he found the things I had taken were not helping

me, but, in spite of his attendance, I got no better. Finally, my husband,—hearing one day of a gentleman who had had the grippe and was cured by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,—procured for me, a bottle of this medicine, and before I had taken half of it, I was cured. I have used the Pectoral for my children and in my family, whenever we have needed it, and have found it a specific for colds, coughs, and lung troubles."—Emily Wood, North St., Elkton, Md.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Highest Honors at World's Fair.

Cleanse the System with Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Twenty-five one pound bars best Washing Soap for $1.00, at Equitable Coop.

A Trip to Mexico.

Those desiring to know about this most delightful winter outing should call at the Union Pacific Ticket Office, 201 Main St. Special arrangements are being made for this excursion.

Try our English Breakfast Tea, only 35c lb. Equitable Coop.

NOTICE OF CREDITORS' SALE!

The receiver of the creditors' sale at

25 West Second South Street, Next Door to Cullen Hotel,

Wishes to announce to the public that the balance of the stock which consists of clothing, shoes, hats, furnishing goods, ladies' capes and jackets, hosiery, dress goods, etc., must be sold in the next few days, and in order to do this quickly we have marked down prices to less than 50 cents on the dollar. Don't miss this opportunity of getting merchandise at less than cost of manufacture.

Men's 10c Rockford Hose, 5c.
Men's $1.25 Plush Caps, 50c.
Men's Handkerchiefs, 3c.
Men's Suspenders, 6c.
Men's fine Working Suits, [illegible].
Boys' Overcoats, [illegible].
Boys' Suits, 75c.

We have about 50 Men's fine Black Clay Worsted Suits at $7.95 Each.

Remember the Creditors' Sale, 25 West Second South Street, next to Cullen Hotel

The young mother hardly knows what to do with her first baby. Girls marry now-a-days with little idea of the duties of matrimony and maternity. They approach motherhood with considerable fear. They have learned in a vague way that the baby's coming means pain and danger. Few of them have been told that these things are of the past. Pain and danger are no longer necessary. By the regular use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription during the expectant period—safety, comfort and health are assured for both mother and child.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is for the cure of all diseases distinctly feminine, and for the invigoration of [illegible]

"DR. MILES,

Through His Nervine Is a Benefactor to Thousands."

A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 6th, 1895, as follows:

"Five years ago I became so nervous that mental work was a burden. I could not rest at night on account of sleeplessness. My attention was called to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I commenced to use it with the very best effect. Since then I have kept a bottle in my house and use it whenever my nerves become unstrung, with always the same good results. My son also takes it for nervousness with like never failing success. I have recommended it to many and it cures them. All who suffer from nervous troubles should try it. It is free from narcotics, perfectly harmless, and yet soothes and strengthens. Dr. Miles, through his Nervine is a benefactor to thousands." A. C. LEHMAN, Editor and proprietor of Der Landsmann.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

For Sale by all Druggists.