

"Gen. Kuropatkin will live on a train with his staff and be prepared to move anywhere his presence is required, "If the Japanese land in force on the

coast of Northern Korea, Gen. Kuropatkin will move his headquarters further north, along the railroad. If there is fighting along the Yalu, which now seems probable, he will go forward to Feng Hun Cheng.

"Great precautions are being taken guard against surprises. The Japanese have always shown a prefer-ence for night attacks, and most rigorous orders have been issued to keep up a continuous advance of scouting parties and to have heavy pickets out at night."

The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Cheefoo, who has just visited Chiampo, Korea, says: "On the way to Chemulpo was passed

a constant succession of Japanese transports. Three thousand Japanese landed at Chemulpo at the end of last week."

The correspondent adds that the Rus-The correspondent adds that the Rus-sians are retreating across the Yalu river before the advance of the Ja-panese outposts, and that their forces in this district number 20,000. The Dally Telegraph's Tokio corre-spondent, cabling March 17, asserts that the Russian fleet has returned to Port Arthur. If this is correct the

Port Arthur. If this is correct, the correspondent adds, it is evident from Rear Admiral Baron von Stackelberg's report that the Russian cruisers which left Vladivostok returned to that port without an attempt having been made to unite the fleets, and if an attempt was made, it was unsuccessful,

### Price of Iron Bars Advanced.

New York, March 18 .--- Leading eastein manufacturers of bar iron at a pro-tracted meeting here, have fallen into line with the recent rise in soft steel bars at the west and decided unani-mously to advance prices \$1 per ton. In other words, these manufacturers who compose ! what is known as the eastern bar iron association agreed to fix prices at \$1.35 per 100 pounds Pittsburg, and \$1.49% tidewater.

Trade conditions were discussed at length at the meeting and the state-ment was made that most of the lead-ing bar iron interests are inclined to take a hopeful view of the future. All the mills cost of Bittener states are inclined to the mills east of Pittsburg were repre-



els decline in domestic visible and invisible supplies within three years. The long predicted freer movement of cotton from the interior with growing

short sentiment has had the natural effect. The unusual accumulation of funds at New York by which banks are strengthened against the day of Pan-

ama settlements and possible needs by banks at European centers, is due in part to checked demands for mercantil commodation. In Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Chicago and St. Louis there is slackening in demands from banks On the other hand, Boston banks report no such che-k. Except at Chi-cago, among those cities, railway shipping facilities have vasily improved since last week but Pittsburg reports many cars needed which have ten sent to New York Central, Lake Shore

and Canadian points. General trade is quiet. St. Louis takes the brightest returns, with busi-ness well ahead of last year in drygoods and agricultural implements, and swelling volumes of sales of clothing, trugs and grocertes. The entry of Pennsylvania railroad as

a buyer in the steel rail market leaves no lingering doubt that the steel and iron industries will take on renewed activity at an early day, and that prices in some varieties will be still further advanced. The sentiment in New York inancial circles has improved greatly since the merger decision, and standard stocks which net 5 per cent with long thine money at 41g per cent are now beginning to have their natural in-

In the Canadian Dominion congested traffic has been relieved by milder weather. There is considerable ac-tivity in the distribution of spring goods, particularly cottons, millinery and footwear. Building at larger Canodian centers promises to be quite active. The increase at Toronto will probably be 25 per cent as compared with last year. The prospect is for with last year. Theavy immigration.

Very Cold in Korea. New York, March 18,-Although the ice in Fing Yang inlet is broken, there is much drifting, says a Times dispatch from Chinampo, Korea. The weather is intensely cold, but such Japanese troops as are not immediately pushed forward after landing from the transports are bivouacking with their animals in the open and sleep in turns in Korean houses which, with fire under the floors are warm, though dirty Everything requisitioned is paid for but at present the army is independ-ent of the resources of the country. The men carry two days' cooked rations and three days' rice rations. All the correspondents who arrived in the Korean theater of hostilities without official licenses have been requested to withdraw on board returning transports. No correspondent has been allowed more than 15 miles north of Ping Yang.

### Negroes Boycot Kerbin.

Snow Hill, Md., March 18 .- Delegate Show Hill, Md., March 18.-Delegate William G. Kerbin of Worcester coun-ty who has been pushing the "Jim Crow" bill in the state legislature, has been boycotted by negroes. Kerbin boards at a hotel here. When he returned from Annapolis and enter-ed the dining room he was informed that the colored cook had refused to that the colored cook had refused to prepare another meal for him. Hungry and angry, he traveled to Baltimore before obtaining food. His colored laundress also has joined the movement.

from his mission to San Domingo within 10 days, and upon his report the ad-ministration will act promptly. No clash of arms is expected as the de facto government is anxious and willng that the United States shall interfere and that happens to be exactly what the numerous revolutionary leaders desire.

A COLORED CONSUL.

It is not generally known that the United States is represented in the fur east by a colored man. The American consul at Vladivostok is Richard T. Greener, the first man with negro blood a his veins to be graduated from Harvard. Greener was born in South Carolina, and after receiving his degree at Harvard he came to Washington and was for several years the law clerk in the office of the comproller of the treasury. Later he practised law in Washington and was counsel for Johnson Chestnut Whitaker before the court of inquiry when that unfortunate colored cadet was ac-cused of slitting his own ears in his dormitory at West Point, Greener left Washington to become secretary of the Grant Monument commission and at the same time acted in like capacity for the civil service board of the city

of New York The consulate at Vladivostok was

MOTHERS OF SALT LAKE CITY

ARE YOUR CHILDREN THIN, PU. NY AND AILING?

## Vinol Will Make Them Strong, Robust and Rosy or We Return Your Money.

Is there a mother in Salt Lake City who will ignore such a generous offer as this? You risk not one cent. We pay for all the Vinol your child takes f it does not give satisfactory results. There are plenty of children all There are plenty of children all around us who are thin, puny, ailing and tired all the time. Don't want to do this, and don't want to do that, Do not blame the children; they have no strength, no blood, no vitality; rapid growth takes all their strength. Vinol is just what your child needs.

It is a delicious cod liver oil preparation, and children love it. It creates strength, makes rich, red blood and vitality as nothing else can, and after a severe sickness there is nothing that will build your child up like Vinol. The following letter is only one

which we have received from hundreds of mothers in regard to what Vinol has done for children.

Mrs. E. M. Oswalt of MLnsfield, Ohio, writes: "My little daughter became so poorly that I was obliged to take her from school. She was thin, no appe-tite, tired all the time and weak. We had tried several medicines without benefit, and I noticed your recommendation of Vinol and decided to try it. She commenced to gain at once, and, after taking three bottles, she is as well as ever; she has gained in flesh, rosy cheeks and good appetite, and is going to school every day." We want to say to every mother in Salt Lake City that Vinol will build

your children up into strong, robust, healthy children. We have never sold anything equal to it in our store for this purpose, and we will return your money if it fails,-Druchl & Franken and Smith Drug Co.

is not fixed upon any particular in-dividual. It is true that a number of distinguished Republicans have been suggested to Mr. Roosevelt as well equipped to perform the exacting duties of national chairman. But beyond the mere suggestion nothing substantial has eventuated. Gov. Odell has been mentioned as a very likely candidate for the place but the governor of New York has put a quietus on the use of his name by emphatically stating that he is not only not a candidate, but that he could not take the position if ten-dered him. Ex-Gov. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, who has been very generally suggested for the position, occupies much the same relationship to the place as Gov. Odell. Senator Pen-rose, of Pennsylvania, is looked upon as one of the most likely men who might be selected for the place. He has the support not only of his colleague, Senator Quay, but the whole of the Pennsylvania delegation. Upon Senator Penrose will devolve the re-sponsibility of keeping intact the Republican organization of the Keystone state when Senator Quay retires from active politics. In fact much of the detail of the party machinery in Penn-sylvania rests now upon Senator Penrese's shoulders and as he is growing bigger every year he remains in the senate there are many who believe that the mantle of the lat senator from Ohio, Marcus A. Hanna, will eventually fall upon the junior senator from Penn-sylvania. He is one of the president's nearest friends and as he has had wide

training in politics it is thought the party would be safe in his hands. Then Senator Scott of West Virginia has also an enthusiastic following and as he is national committeeman from that state it is believed that he will have desided It is believed that he will have degided support in the committee. It is true that Senator Scott has not been as closely in touch with the president as the others mentioned above, but there is no others described to the senator to be a scheduler to the senator to the senator to be a scheduler to the senator to the senat is no one who questions his loyalty to the party or to the nominee. Senator Scott stated the other day to your correspondent that if was vitally neces sary to maintain as compact an organisary to maintain as compact an organi-zation in the coming four years as char-acterized the party in the last two presidential elections. The party, he said, must be left in the same position by President Roosevelt when he quits the presidential office as where he found it. There is no question as to Senator Sentity ability to conduct a successful

Scott's ability to conduct a successful campaign. The question of expediency is the one thing, however, which will play no small part in the selection of a national chairman.

Then there is J. W. Blythe of Burling-ton, Ia., than whom there is no more adroit politician in all the west. His name has been very largely used in connection with the chairmanship. But his association with the Burlington railroad and his connection with James J. Hill and the merger place him wholly out of the running. But Mr. Blythe will find himself in an advisory position with the national committee and his advice and counsel will be greatly in demand by the national chairman, whoever he may be. Were Mr. Blythe in any other business than that of looking after the legal department of the great Burling-ton system it is believed in Washington that the word would go out to make Mr. Blythe the national chairman. The power of the cartoon, however, is well known in presidential campaigns. The public will readily recall with what tremenduous force the carteon was used against that very distinguished Ameri-can, James G. Blaine, and the carteon would be invoked with probably as much telling effect against Mr. Roose-velt should Mr. Blythe be made chair-man of the national committee. A man wholly free of entangling ellipse and wholly free of entangling alliances will be selected for national chairman, but the name of that man at this time is wholly a matter of speculation.

# SEVEN REASONS WHY FOLEV'S HONEY AND TAR

is a Household Favorite Everywhere for

## Goughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Grippe and all other Throat and Lung Troubles

It quickly stops coughing, tickling in throat, difficult breathing and pain in the chest and lungs.

It immediately relieves the spasms of Croup and Whooping Cough and effects a speedy cure.

It contains no opiates or other poisons and can be given with safety to children and delicate persons.

It contains no harsh expectorants to strain the lungs or astrin. gents to dry the secretions and cause constipation.

It prevents Pneumonia and Consumption, strengthens the lungs and cures LaGrippe and its after effects.

It will cure Consumption and Asthma in the early stages and give comfort and relief in the most hopeless cases.

It is pleasant to take and at once produces a soothing and strengthening effect on the lungs.

### A Severe Cold For Three Months.

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The following letter from A. J. Nusbaum, of Batesville, Ind., tells its own story: "I suffered for three months with a severe cold. A druggist prepared me some medicine, and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR, and eight doses cured me."

A Chattanooga Druggist's Statement. Robert J. Miller, proprietor of the Read House Drug Store, of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes: "There is more merit in FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR than in any other cough syrup. The calls for it multiply wonderfully and we sell more of it than all other cough syrups combined."

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