

with congratulations this evening when with congratulations this eventing when the news of his appointment becomes known, as he is very popular here and has a large circle of acquaintances who will be gird to learn that such a good fellow has got bis just deserts, and that Salt Lake has again been honored in the selection to fill an important office.

Ogden, are defendants. The complaint sets forth that on Sept. 12, 1902, a mar-riage license was issued by the county clerk of Weber county, to James M. Durbey and Gertrude F. Hendricks: that after procuring the license the parties secured the services of a min-ister of the gospel to perform the marment: riage ceremony; that while said cere-mony was being performed, and before 't was concluded, plaintiff refused to permit said ceremony to go on, and rofused to be bound by same. It is further alleged that defendant Darbey represented to plaintiff, in order to induce her to marry him, that he was a wealthy rancher, that he owned a large farm and other property in Idaho, had a grand and convenient home, within 10 miles of the railroad, and was of good, moral character and education: that before the marriage ceremony was completed, plaintiff learned that said representations of defendant were faise and fraudulent, and were made with intent to deceive her. That Darbey is addicted to the use of intoxicat. ing drink; that through said false and fraudulent representation, plaintiff was induced to leave her home at Council Bluffs, Iowa, and came to Ogden; that she had a good home, and was a wo-man of good, moral character; that that and distressed; that defendant has money in the Utah National bank. Plaintiff prays judgment that the marriage license be annulled, and the TRIP THROUGH SOUTHERN UTAH marriage ceremony between herself and Darley be declared null and void, and for costs of suit, and for a restraining order to prevent defendantDarbey from removing his property from the state of Utah.

er and Atwood were passed for cause by both the defense and state. When the court called for the state's sixth peremptory challenge, Mr. Elchnor ex-cused Mr. Atwood. Mr. Rider was ex-cused by the defense upon their fourth peremptary challenge

box and were examined by Judge

and the occupants were thrown out. Mrs. Stewart struck on her head and was carried in an unconscious condition to a sanitarium in the vicinity, where

waukee man long, according to reports, to make up his mind and the result was that he wired his resignation to his superior officer, F. A. Nash, general western agent of the Miwaukee at

western agent of the Miwaukee at Omaha yesterday afternoon. The resignation goes into effect Oct. 1, on and after which date Mr. Downing will have charge of all the wool busi-ness for the Union Pacific and its con-nections, the Oregon Short Line, the Southern Pacific and the Oregon Rail-read & Navigation company. Just what his till will be is not at this time. The file will be is not at this time forthcoming. The main point, however, has been decided and that is that he will receive a salary very nearly twice a large as that ac has been getting from the Milwaukee, and he was one of the best paid commercial agents that have sale take their headquarter make Salt Lake their headquarters. The Harriman lines for the past few

wars have been concentrating efforts in the direction of handling the major perion of the wool that originated in their territory. As the output this sea-sea from Utah, Idaho, Wyoming, Oreover 55,000,000 pounds it can be readily tally the biggest thing in the west for a ndiroad to look after. that the wool business is essen a railroad to look after. In the selection of Mr. Downing, Mr.

Landon L. Downing has been connected with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul in this city in the capacity of commercial agent since Nov. 1, 1897, prior to which time for two years he prior to which time for two years he was traveling freight agent for the Chicago & Northwestern, with head-quarters in Denver. He entered the railroad service in 1869 as telegraph operator for the Cleveland & Toledo, now the Lake Shore & Michigan South-ern, since which he has been consecutively to 1890, in various capacities of operator, agent, train dispatcher, chief dispatcher and train master, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Wabash, Shore & Michigan Southern, Wabash, Lake Erie & Western, Ohio & Central, Denver & Rio Grande, Denver, South Park and Pacific, Denver & New Or-leans and Union Pacific; 1850 to 1892, with the traffic department Wabash at Denver; 1892 to 1894, agent Red Line Transit Co., Salt Lake City; 1894 to 1895, contracting agent for the Denver & Rio Grande at San Francisco.

pondents the following written state-

Messrs. Mitchell, Nicholls, Fahey, Duffy, Senator Flynn, Col. Richardson and Gov. Stone have been in conference. All the differences have been discussed

with the best of feeling. Every effort to get the participants in the conference to divulge what took place proved unavailing. Messrs, Mit-chell, Duffy and Fahey took the 4:40 a. m. train for Wilkesbarre, Mr. Nicholls remaining here. President Mitchell before leaving would not even say wheth-er the conference was astisfactory to him and his district presidents.

While no official information can be had on the matter it is believed here that Goy. Stone and his colleague sub. mitted a proposition to President Mit. chell which will tend to end the strug-gle in the hard coal field.

The conference was the result of the visit of Gov. Stone. Senator Flvan, Attorney-General Elkin, Mr. McMullin and P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia to New York a few days ago when Mr. Widener called on J. P. Morgan. The meeting was called at the instance of the governor. There was a rumor in circulation that Gov. Stone wanted the miners to return to work and have the operators adjust the differences afterward. It can be authoritatively stated that the men will not return to work stated that the revolutionists were ap

King for the defense. They were all passed for cause and their examination by the district attorney had not commenced when court adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Deputy Sheriffs Burbidge, O. P. Pratt and Ed Naylor were sworn by the clerk to take charge of the jury during the re-

cess of the court. **Revolutionists Getting Near.** Washington, Sept. 13 .- The state department today received a cablegram from Consul Malmrose at Colon, which

on those conditions. Attorney-General Elkin and M1. Widener were invited to the conference. It was given out that Mr. Elkin could not get here in time, but no reason was assigned for Widener's absence. the railroad. The dispatch was imme-diately sent to the navy department.

NEW BUILDING FOR UTAH STATE FAIR.

designating depositaries in preference to designating depositaries in the ordinary way, which compels them to buy bonds in the market at a large premium, thus paying out more for the bonds than they get from the government. The customs receipts are extremely heavy at this particular sensor of the year. Heber B. Aldous, James T. Clasby, Samuel F. Ball and George Rhodes were then called to the box. Mr. Clasby was prejudiced against capital punishment so was challenged by District Attorney Eichnor and excused. George at this particular season of the year, and the cash balance of the treasurer Rhodes had formed an opinion which went to the guilt or innocence of de-

has gradually increased. dence to remove. He was excused up-on the challenge of the defense. Mr. "He has also decided to anticipate the October interest, amounting to about \$4,200,000, and with this in view, orders on the challenge of the defense. Mr. Ball and Mr. Rhodes were passed for cause by both sides, but the state used have been issued to the various subtreasuries to cash such coupons as may be presented them for payment and the treasurer of the United States has its seventh peremptory challenge and excused the former gentleman. Mr. been instructed to mail checks Rhodes was satisfactory to both sides in terest on the registered bonds. All this and was sworn and accepted as the was decided upon some days ago and ninth juror to try the case. Elias C. Evans, John R. Smith and John B. Fagg were called to the jury letters and telegrams prepared for to-

day. "The secretary sees in present conditions no occasion for alarm. He calls attention to the fact that there is no evidence of a currency famine present or prospective elsewhere than in New York, and even there the rate is not high for commercial paper, and for com-mercial paper he has the greater solici-tude. He is well satisfied with his efforts to increase circulation which he decided upon in the early summer, when present conditions were plainly visible, and has the presses busy preparing to meet an emergency which he does not expect but which he thinks it is wise to provide against. Thus far he has made requests only of such banks as hold large deposits and have proaching the city and expressing fears that the Colombian troops were not sufficiently numerous to safeguard very limited circulation, and he is not asking these to increase to the maximum, nor to increase at all for the present. He does not desire to force the banks into the market to buy bonds at a rate higher than the government willing to pay. He does desire to make the best possible use of the free bonds now held by the banks. Inci-dentally he likes to encourage banks to hold free bonds during the dull months.

believing it is much better to hold bonds that will yield one half per cent than to make call loans at two per cent. He is therefore giving the banks that hold these an opportunity to use them to most excellent advantage. This method, if pursued by the banks, would give a slight element of elasticity to our otherwise inelastic currency sys-

tem "His position as regards increasing circulation is perhaps best expressed in a letter which he decently wrote a banker that had already been buying bonds, and which he has consented to

make public, as follows; "'Treasury Department, Washington, Sept. 10, 1902:-My Dear Sir: Your letter of the 8th Is received. I find it well nigh impossible to convey the purport of my request even to the banks of whom I have made the request, much less to the public.

'First-In case of eminent danger or actual disaster I will be compelled to use government deposits to buy increased circulation. "Second-I desire to have from ff-

teen to fifty millions additional circulation printed preparatory, so that it can be issued in four days insead of forty. "Third-I will be glad to have the banks holding deposits arrange, if they

can, to borrow the bonds. "'Fourth-I desire to send no bank into the market to buy bonds at the

present time. " 'Fifth-I do not care to have the curcency issued unless conditions make it

nigh imperative

"I am making no demand upon any bank. The amount of their circula-tion must be determined by their directors, but inasmuch as the public holds the secretary of the treasury somewhat responsible for existing conditions. I deem myself justified in using the pub-lic funds now held by various banks on deposit as I think best for the public good, and in case of trouble I may think best to use these to buy increased circulation, the banks now holding such funds having preference."

The Dead Astor Child.

ondon, Sept. 13 .- It is now announc-that Gwendolin, the nine-year-old

Foote and Taylor escaped with minor bruises. Taylor was a cousin of Fred1 erick Benedict, who was recently crushed to death under his automobile in New York. Mrs. Stewart resided at Washington, D. C. She was visiting her sister, Mrs. Louis Aldrich, who lives in San Francisco.

Stewart before her marriage, Mrs. was a Miss Foote, a daughter of Henry Foote, governor and United States senator from Mississippi before the civil war and who during the fifties spent some years in California. Senator and Mrs. Stewart have several daughters, one of whom lives in New York City.

RIGHTEOUS RULING.

Judge Chytraus of Chicago Knocks Out Grain "Corners."

Chicago, Sept. 13 .- Corners in grain are forever rendered impossible hereafter by a decision handed down, by Judge Chytraus, in the circuit court to day, if sustained by a higher court. The case was for an injunction asked by Waite, Thorburn & Co. against prominent commission houses in the recent July oats corner. The most important July oats corner. The most important ruling is that the Chicago board of rade loses the power to pass on property rights where margins are involved, denying its authority to discipline members for refusing to put up called mar. gins.

Temperatures.

Chicago, Sept. 13 .- Temperatures at 7 a. m.: New York, 68: Boston and Wash-ington, 64: Philadelphia, 66: St. Louis and Chicago, 44; Minneapolis, 36; Cincinnati, 46.

Crocker Recovering.

London, Sept. 13.—George Crocker, the California capitalist, is slowly re-covering here from blood poisoning, which set in a fortnight ago as the re-sult of an ulcerated tooth. It is hoped that all danger is passed.

STILL BURNING FIERCELY.

Spindle Top Beights All Ablaze-Serious Losses.

New Orleans, Sept. 13 .- A special to the Picayune from Beaumont, Texas, at 1 a. m., says:

One acre of Spindle Top Heights in the great Beaumont oil field is a seething mass of flames and stifling smoke. The fire is under control so long as the wind continues from the northeast, fan-ning the flames away from the hill. Thirty-five or 40 derricks have been razed to the ground in the Keith-Ward tract. Across the avenue the mam-moth 37,500 barrel tank of the Higgins people is on fire, but the oil is being drawn from the bottom and packed away, which will eventually starve out the fire. The great Texas Flora gusher is ablaze, sending flames 80 feet into the air. The Wood well is on fire. Several smaller tanks are burning. Some place the loss at \$250,000, while others think it will be greater. The actual destruction of machinery will be enormous. The Higgins Oll and Fuel company are possibly the heaviest los-Keith-Ward are large sufferers. ors. Two wells of the Becky Sharpe con-cern have been burned.

Among other losers are Maj Strib-ling, the Flora Texas Oli company, Bryce & Parker, The Horseshoe Ol company, A. B. Wood, of Galveston, and Mr. Goodell.

The burning oil field is now under the command of B. S. Cullinan, a Standard Oil man, for years in charge of their interests at Corsicana. Judge Martin, of the district court officially placed Cullinon in charge, and to all intents and purposes martial law is reigning on Spindle Top.

Mr. Cullinan has mustered 500 men to his aid. They have 100 steam bollers at their service and streams of steam will be applied today.

The fire fighters have been able to udvance to within 150 feet of the burnhg structures.

have arranged their itinerary for a trip to southern Utah on which they will lows have the latter part of next week. They fist go to St. George, where they will attend conference on Sunday and Monday, Sept. 21 and 22, and then return-

he hold meetings in different places en nute the names and dates of which appear below. The party will consist of President Smith and wife, President Anton H. Lund, Apostle John Henry Smith and wife, Apostle Hyrum M. Smith, Bishop William B, Preston and i

President Smith and Party Will Take One, Leaving Here the

Latter Part of Next Week-Their Itinerary.

Colorado Has a Fire, Too.

Cassels, Colo., Sept. 13 .- The largest and most destructive forest fire ever knewn to Colorado is raging between Chase and Chawnee. This is the opin ion of A. J. Wells, state timber inspec-tor, and U. S. government agent Nich-

what U. S. government agent Nich-chen who are on the ground. Mr. Wells said: The fire is entirely beyond control, and the only hope of saving the for ets and town of Platte Canon from complete destruction is that the wind does not shift from the east. Danuare classify done to the Platte water sheds cannot be estimated."

The Boodle Cases.

St Louis, Sept. 13.-The grand jury

centinued its inquiry into the lighting scandal, for which eigh-members of the house of delegates then indicted on charges of brib-

and perjury. Ouries F. Kelly, the much-wanted aries F. Kelly, the much-wanted mer of the house of delegates who sedicted with having personally dis-used the \$47,500 boodle fund put up large the passage of the lighting at has decled to surrender to Cir-at Attorney Folk. Kelly is indicted at hiber in connection with the in the and for bribery and perthe onlession of the Murrell brothers,

President Joseph F. Smith and party | Church Reporter Arthur Winter. The itinerary as arranged today is as fol-

Leave Salt Lake City for Modena Thursday night. Sept. 18, to be con-veyed next morning by carriages to St. George to attend conference the 21st and 22nd. Leaving St. George directly after the conference they will proceed to Washington, where a meeting will be held at 7 p. m. Then continuing meetings will be held as follows: Leeds, Tuesday, 10 a. m.: Cedar, Thursday, 7 p. m.: Summit, Friday, 10 a. m., Parowan, Friday, 7 p. m.; and Beaver, Sunday at 10 a. m. and 1 p.

ex-Delegate Robertson and others to convict the entire 18 members of the old house combine who are indicted for bribe-taking and perjury. The state's witnesses are supposed not to know the source of the money which bribed them, and the circuit attorney lacks the "preponderance of evidence" necessary to convict the bribe-givers. Kelly is be-lieved to be able to give this evidence.

Pittsburg. Sert. 13.—Ridgeview camp meeting grounds at Millwood. a few miles east of Dorty, Pa., on the Penn-sylvania rafiroad, were visited by a mysterious and flerce fire last night, which destroyed. 45 cottages, the hotel and a store. Loss about \$25,000. Most of the cottages were occupied, but the hotel was closed.

Street Car Strike.

Ottumwa, Ia., Sept, 13 .- The street car strike is assuming a serious aspect. The blacksmiths in the employ of the com-pany struck this morning. The city de-pends upon the street car plant for electric power, which may be shut off.

Lost in the Fog.

Astoria, Ore., Sept. 13.—The steamship Columbia from San Francisco lost her Columbia from San Francisco lost her bearings on account of the dense smoke near Tongue point in the Columbia river yesterday and went ashore in the mud. She was a mile and a haif out of the channel. Up to 11 o'clock today she had not been floated but the vessel is in no danger.

Loss by Fire.

Photo by Fries.

the outlook. The fair will open Sept. 20, and close the night of October 4.

Above is a good perspective of the new exposition building at the state fair grounds. It is 78x162 feet in dimensions and 44 feet high in the clear. The material of construction is of m etal lath and cement plaster, and the cost of the completed structure is \$20,000. Suitable arrangements have been made inside for exhibition purposes, and a large band stand has been erected opposite the main entrance which is at the southeast corner. The other and minor buildings are being pushed as rapidly as possible by Architect Ware, so that everything will be in readiness when the time comes for the reception of the exhibits. Extensive cattle, sheep and hog and fowl pens have been crected, the race track is in good shape, and an electric system of lighting will obtain. President Empey is visiting the grounds this afternoon to further the arrangements. Both he and Secretary Sears are much encouraged at



