TELEGRAPHIC.

A MINE DISASTER.

A Hundred Laborers Buried in a Shaft at Pittston, Pa.

ALL HOPE OF RESCUE ABANDONED.

Thousands of People Gathered Near the Place Where the Catastrophe Occurred.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 29.—While ninety miners were at work in the Red Ash vein of the Twin shaft, at Pittston, about 3 o'clock this afternoon the roof caved in, and it is believed all of the men perished. About forty of the imprisoned men were Englishspeaking miners, the others Italians. The men were at work propping up the roof when the fall occurred. The alarm was immediately given by the singing of firebells, and the rescuers were put to work without delay. At 5 o'clock this afternoon the first twelve were found in the upper zone distantly from the place in which the men had been working.

More than two-thirds of the workmen were married men. Among them were Acting Mayor Hodgson, who was the mine superintendent of the mine, and J. H. Lynott, a well-known man.

About two weeks ago the surveyors reported to General Superintendent Law that the mine was "squeezing," and that timber stops were immediately taken to timber it, as cave, in or fall might be looked for. Superintendent Law lost no time, but at once put a number of timbermen at work to brace the falling roof. The "squeeze" continued, however, and yesterday the situation became alarming. In the afternoon a slight fall occurred, and the men who were at work had to retreat behind it. A considerable of mine officers was then held, and it was decided that the men would have to be rescued to prevent heavy damage to the mine. Inside Superintendent Langdon gave orders that the most experienced miners should be selected, and that the party would go down the mine at 7 o'clock. Expert timbermen put in an appearance at that hour and were soon lowered into the workings. They made their way to Red Ash vein, 150 feet down the slope. The men were propping previous nightly until 11 o'clock, when another fall occurred. It made a low rumbling noise, and the flying coal and debris drove the men back. Then the "squeeze" ceased again, and the men thought it was safe to resume work. They labored on until 2 o'clock, when, as it is presumed, the roof fell without warning, making a tremendous crash. It is supposed, however, that the men were not all together, but some near the slope, and these probably ran up the incline when the fall occurred. If the men received any warning, they had time to run up the slope, but not to say great distance. The falling rock and coal filled up the slope and the adjoining gangways, completely smashing all air ways in its wedge.

Crowds of people gathered about the mouth of the shaft and numbered thousands by daytime. Stalwart men stood appalled, and frantic women, who had husbands or sons in the doomed mine, wailed in despair.

One mother cried out that she had two sons below. Another was the wife or widow of some unfortunate, and had nine helpless children at home. Many knelt on the ground and in voices broken by sobs implored divine Providence to restore their loved ones alive.

When it was given out that there was little or no hope of rescuing the men alive, women and girls fainted and were borne away.

All Sunday the alarmists it became necessary to erect a extra police force to control the crowd around the mouth of the shaft. It had been noised abroad that Pittston was dynamited. Hope were stricken around the shaft, and only mine officials were allowed to enter the enclosure.

Sheridan, the water boy who had such a narrow escape, tells a thrilling story of the catastrophe. He thinks there was an explosion of gas which blew down the heavy timbers and caused the caves. He said there seemed to be no warning at all of a "squeeze." Everything was working along, and no one expected to be one of the unfortunate men.

At 11 o'clock tonight the situation at the mortal mine was unchanged. The rescuers were hard at work, but making little headway.

Superintendent Miller has given orders that the rescuers must proceed with great caution now, as the men they are laboring under a "crushing" none to lose. There is danger that in hurrying the work, other lives may be lost.

A conference of prominent mine superintendents from all over the Wyoming valley was held tonight and the situation in the mine discussed. The conclusion was reached that to prevent further loss of life, the work of the rescue must proceed with care. It is also the unanimous belief of the superintendents that the mine is now a tomb, and that it will be some days before the rescuers can reach the bodies.

At 11:30 there was another fall in the slope. It drove the rescuers back. The twenty feet of ground they had gained since 5 o'clock was instantly lost.

American Trade With Norway.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The American trade with Norway is reviewed in a bulletin issued by the agricultural department. It forms the setting of the seven fishing to the extension of foreign markets for American agricultural products. The bulletin says the products of Norwegian agriculture are not sufficient to meet the requirements of the population, and food staffs have to be imported in considerable quantities. The leading feature is a detailed statistical review of Norway's foreign trade, attention being given to the character and sources of imported merchandise. The total imports, exclusive of precious metals, in 1895, were valued at $18,258,170, and the exports at $12,762,308.

The principal agricultural imports are rye and rye-flour, wheat, flour, coffee, sugar, pork, barley and barley, beans, wool, potatoes, wine and liquors, and tobacco, cigars and cigarettes. The principal exports are fish, lumber and manufactures of wood. Fatty and oleaginous products together constitute more than two-thirds of the entire export. Norway's trade with the United States is largely in favor of this country. Our leading exports to Norway are pork, beans, raw tobacco, wheat, leaf tobacco, raw cotton, petroleum and petroleum products. The principal articles received in return are Norway pilchards and fish.

CHICAGO CONVENTION.

The Silver Men Will Nominate the Candidate, It Is Thought.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 28.—Hon. John C. Tarsney, ex-congressman from this city, and recently appointed United States judge at Oklahoma, is in the city on a short visit. From here he goes to Chicago to attend the Democratic national convention. Mr. Wood asked what he thought the Democratic convention would do on the silver question and whom he thought would be nominated. Judge Tarsney replied without hesitation:

"The silver men will have a majority and will dictate nominations the convention. Bryan is the man. It is impossible to say who will be nominated. The Democratic party is a national convention which it is hard to forecast. No one can tell what may happen, for there are delegates coming together from so many different sections. The Western and Southern delegates to every one are influenced by the money question given to the various states. One section of the country will be opposed to another, and there will be many candidates who will have no compromise to offer."

"And so," suggested Judge Tarsney, slowly, "if a choice carry the country will be entombed for life, then fully will not last more than a year or two. I shall help to the platform of the legislative branch of the government to protect the interests of our currency laws, and while voting for a free silver resolution, will use every effort to prevent the enactment of a 16 to 1 free silver measure."

"Do you think the party is declaring for free silver in this way, because what might be termed silver party or a free party in any respect?"

"Not at all. This is simply a question of legislative policy. The broad principles of Democracy are unchanged and the party remains intact. Neither free silver nor the single gold standard can ever be called a principle of the Democratic party. I am a Democrat and would not sacrifice the principles of the party merely because some legislative detail which it may endeavor to be opposition to my views. If the adverse silver Democrats would hold, where would they go? I could never vote with the Republican party, with whose principles I am irreconcilably opposed, and will always be a Democrat with the party ready to its principles. By party principles I mean broad principles rather than detailed statistical views of government and not mere matters of policy in legislation."

WILL GO ALL OR NONE.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 28.—Ex-Governor Lyman Humphrey and Hon. Jerry Comer left for Chicago to attend the Democratic national convention today.

"I want to be on the ground early," said he, before starting, "for to be on it I am for the cause of silver. It is going to be a great convention—perhaps the greatest and most important in the history of the Union. The people are going to win, I think. I am in the cause. The platform will be for silver and the ratio will be 16 to 1. The opposition will make a fight, but it will be beaten. The silver men have their minds made up and will stand like a rock. The public sentiment behind those men is so strong that they would not dare to retreat in their respective homes with the guilt of a compromise on their souls."

Senator Martin says that the gold standard leaders will work for a platform which will be all things to all men.

"Such a flop-water platform as that will be for the New York democracy would please them well," he said.

"Failing in their efforts to force the adoption of a wishy-washy platform, they will try to secure the nomination of the weakest candidate in the field for the presidency. They think they would throw their support to Stevenson of Illinois. They would rather do this than vote out, knowing that the Republican ticket is made to fit the interests of the Republican gold standard ticket than the latter.

"I don't look for a bolt, but if we have to be defeated by the two-thirds rule it may give the anti men a pretext to walk out. I am willing that the gold men should go if they can't design silver. That would draw the line more sharply. But I don't believe there will be the slightest pretext for it. I think that we will have more than two-thirds of the convention, and there will be no question about the two-thirds rule."

The Self-defense was Murder.

CINCINNATI, June 28.—The Commercial Tribune's special from Muncie, Ind., says:

During the strike last winter Frank Gallagher was assaulted by two scabs named Hilkes, and in self-defense killed them. The jury returned a verdict of murder against Gallagher. Citizens have started a subscription to help Gallagher to the higher courts.

Governor of Crete.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 28.—Georgi Benorias, prince of Samos, has been appointed governor of Crete, on succession to his Mussulman governor, the island of Samos is autonomous, although it pays a tribute to the Turkish government, and Prince Georgi Benorias is a Christian. The friend of the former Christian governor of Crete, Caratheodory Pasha, and the appointment to his stead of the Mussulman Abdullah Pasha, who was implicated in the Armenian troubles, caused into flame the smouldering discontent of the Cretan Christians, and resulted in the disorders which have prevailed for several months in the island. The appointment of the prince of Samos was designed to pacify Crete, which has manifested great sympathy with the insurrectionist of the Cretans under Turkish rule.

Denmark is Willing.

LONDON, June 28.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Times says: The action in the platform of the St. Louis Republican convention in favor of the entry of the United States purchaser the Danish West Indies has created no one in official circles. It is believed that Denmark is personally favorable to selling to offer an excellent American market. The opinion prevails that Denmark is quite prepared to sell these small colonies at a suitable price.

OUR MINERAL PRODUCTS.

Report of the United States Statistician—Iron Industry.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The mineral products of the United States for the calendar years 1895 are now ready at length in the annual statistical report of the United States geological survey. The report, which has been compiled by Dr. David T. Day, chief of division, shows that the total value of the products is $[illegible]. The chief items contributing to this total are valued at $[illegible], and of the [illegible] the value of products for the year were as follows:

Pig iron, $[illegible]; silver, $[illegible]; gold, $[illegible]; copper, $[illegible]; lead, $[illegible]; zinc, $[illegible]; coke, $[illegible]; petroleum, $[illegible]; anthracite coal, $[illegible]; bituminous coal, $[illegible]; building stone, $[illegible]; lime, $[illegible]; cement, $[illegible]; clay products, $[illegible]; glass, $[illegible]; total, $[illegible].

The increase in the value of the total mineral products over that of 1894 is $[illegible], or about [illegible] per cent. The principal items of increase are in the value of pig iron, $[illegible]; silver, $[illegible]; copper, $[illegible]; lead, $[illegible]; zinc, $[illegible]; petroleum, $[illegible]; anthracite coal, $[illegible]; bituminous coal, $[illegible]; building stone, $[illegible]; lime, $[illegible]; cement, $[illegible]; clay products, $[illegible]; glass, $[illegible]; total, $[illegible].

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Lost flesh

You naturally lose through the Summer. If too thin now, what will you be in the fall? Look ahead! That's the only way to prevent disease. This preventive is found in

Scott's Emulsion

It makes flesh which does not melt away, as snow, in the summer sun. For children it is sound meat and nerve, a healthy growth of bone and sinew. Don't let yourself get thin! All druggists sell SCOTT'S EMULSION. Some druggists have substitutes for it. Get the original.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.
25c. and $1.00 all Druggists.

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co. Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

SALT LAKE CITY, June 27, 1896.

Today's Temperature at 1 p. m.—87.
Tomorrow fair.

A Week For Pleasure.

In a few days the great Midsummer Carnival will be upon us in all its glory. Thousands of people will be here to admire our city. The city will have on its gala day attire.

We Will be Ready for You.

Our artist has been busy for weeks preparing for the great event. We want you all to come and see—The Eagle Gate—The Woman in White—The Prairie Wheel—Little Red Riding Hood—Blue Beard and a dozen other beautiful things, all arranged for your pleasure. The big crowd will be come to enjoy Carnival week. We have another treat in store for you—a little financial pleasure.

Enjoyment That Touches the Pocketbook,

This is the kind of amusement that counts. We are going to make prices for this week at our entire store so low that you can more than cover your entire Carnival expenses in almost every corner. Financial enjoyment is every joint LOUD.

Walker Brothers Dry Goods Co.

Two women

One fair—only fair—to look upon, but cold and true and beautiful withal. Her presence is a delight, her absence a desire for her presence.

The other, stunning—but some art and her beauty becomes mere paint and powder. She is false; there is no beauty to her.

Tea is like women—literally: the beauty of tea tea is actually paint and powder; it has no real beauty.

But tea—real pure fine delicate tea—charms the palate, as a real and true woman charms man.

Schilling's Best—money back tea, at your grocer's.

Also pure and sweet ground spices, baking powder, extracts, soda, mustard, and flavoring extracts.

At Schilling & Company's San Francisco.

[illegible] $[illegible]; [illegible] $[illegible]; [illegible] $[illegible]; [