

DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. IX.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 22, 1876.

NO. 51.

Mitchell & James
Respectfully announce to the Public that they continue to occupy their premises on
WEST TEMPLE STREET.
Opposite City Meat Market.

Where they hope, by strict attention to business and small profits, to merit the continued patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon them.

TIN, SHEET IRON
AND
Coppersmiths.

FURNACE WORK AND ROOFING
GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES,
Gas, Water and Steam Fitters,
WEST TEMPLE STREET.
Opposite City Meat Market.

Always Ask For
ESTERBROOK'S
Steel Pens.
Wm. C. Esterbrook, N.Y.
Sole Importers for Utah Territory,
J. M. Wheeler, Salt Lake City.

REMOVED!
We have moved our numerous Patrons and friends that we have removed our entire stock of Merchandise, from the Constitution Building to the

DAFT BUILDING,
OPPOSITE WELLS, FARGO & COMPANY, EAST TEMPLE STREET.

Where we shall open an extensive stock of

NEW GOODS, JUST ARRIVED.

RAISINS, MUSCATELS;

RAISINS, LAYERS;

RAISINS, VALENCIA;

RAISINS, SULTANA;

CHOICE NEW CURRANTS.

All Cleaned ready for Use.

Candied Peels, Nuts, Figs and Candies for the HOLIDAYS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

NEW DRESS GOODS

AT ASTONISHING LOW PRICES.

Hardware, Crockery and Glassware in Great Variety.

Flour, Feed and Grain constantly in stock.

DAY & CO.

CINCINNATI TRADE.

Grand Medal of Merit.

VIENNA WORLD'S FAIR, 1873.

AWARDED TO THE

FOR COAL

AND WOOD

COOKING STOVES

The best Bituminous Coal Cooking Stove in the World!

THE MONITOR has gained a far-famed reputation. No higher encomium can be bestowed upon a cooking stove than to say that every housewife who uses it, speaks in praise and recommends it to her neighbors and friends, for economy, cleanliness, and reliability in all its operations.

47,864 MONITORS NOW IN USE.

All our Stoves are kept for Sale by Z. C. M. I. and all its Branch Stores; also by all the Co-operative Stores in the Territory.

MANUFACTURED BY

Wm. RESOR & Co., Cincinnati, O.

Clean Cotton Rags and Gunny Sacks

SUBSCRIPTION

AT THE

DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

None but Clean Cotton Rags Taken. People from the City will please bring them on Wednesday and Thursday.

DAVID O. CALDER.

WASHINGTON HOUSE

THIRD SOUTH STREET,
Between Main Street and State Road,
Salt Lake City.

Renovated and refitted, is opened as a
Select Boarding & Lodging House

Meals, 25c. Beds, 25c. Rooms, 50c.
Special Rates for Families and Weekly Boarders.

A Quiet Place for Quiet People.
J. M. WHEELER, Lessee.

L. M. RUMSEY & CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of

Pumps and Fire Engines.

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Iron Pipe
Fittings, Bellows, Hose, Packing
and Agricultural Implements.

NORTH MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Business Directory.

Keep Them Before the Public.

Capl. C. Amussen
Sells watches, clocks, and jewelry.

F. Auerbach & Bro.
Sells dry goods, fancy goods, millinery,
clothing, boots and shoes, hats and caps,
notions, etc.

Joe Barker
Sharpens saws, repairs stoves, and does
all cutting, lock and gunsmith work.

Calder & Carless
Sells Mason & Hanning and other tools,
plaster, masonry, building materials, and
all kinds of material for building and
merchandise and takes second hand goods
and organs in exchange.

Geo. W. Davis
Practices in dentistry.

G. F. Culmer & Co.
Sells family groceries, window glass, and
home-made tables.

Davis, Howe & Co.
Do all kinds of millinery and sewing
machinery work, wrought and cast iron work,
and iron and brass work of all descriptions.

Day & Co.
Sells choice teas, coffees, fruit, groceries
and provisions, and buys dried fruits and
grain of all kinds.

Daynes & Son
Sells New American sewing machines, Etna
and several other kinds of organs,
pianos and all sorts of musical instruments
and merchandise and takes second hand goods
in exchange.

Deseret National Bank
Does various banking business and re-
ceives savings on interest.

Dinwoody
Sells the very best live and dressed
lumber and heavy timbers.

O. L. Eliason
Is a practical clock and watchmaker.

Empire Lumber Co.
Geo. Jones, makes and sells the best
kinds of lumber.

Dr. W. H. Groves
Does all sorts of Dental work.

A. Hopper
Does wagon and carriage making and re-
pairing, blacksmithing, etc.

Ireland & Watson
Sells china, crockery, glass and bar ware,
lumber, frames, and everything in the build-
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Wm. Jennings, Son & Nodder
Sells wholesale and retail, staple and fan-
cy dry goods, ladies' and men's clothing,
rubber goods, ladies' misses' and children's
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merchandise.

B. W. E. JENNENS
Is resident agent for Franklin MacVeagh &
Co., wholesale grocers, Chicago, Ill., and
London & Globe Fire Insurance Co.

David P. Kimball
Runs the Kinball Flouring Mills.

Geo. M. Knowlton
Sells flour, grain, feed, provisions, general
produce, etc.

Lattimer, Taylor & Co.
Sells lumber, shingles, saws, doors, moldings,
frames, and everything in the building line.

Liddell & Brown
Sells turkeys, geese, ducks, hares, Yar-
mouth broilers, family groceries, etc.

James McHale
Sells all kinds of Wash and woolen mills
home-made cloth and yarn.

A. Miner
Does business as attorney and counsellor.

Mitchell & James
Do anything in the line of sheet iron and
copper-plate, also in the building line.

Morris & Evans
Deal in marble and granite and fine stone-
work.

Morton & Tufts
Sells wines and liquors, wholesale and
retail.

Dr. Samuel E. Newton
Cures the sick on the botanical system.

Thomas Oakley
Does all kinds of painting and sawing,
makes doors, sash, frames and machine
boxes, also does wood-turning, etc.

O'Neill & Co.
Do all kinds of wagon and carriage work,
blacksmithing, carriage painting and auto-
mobile, horse-drawn, etc.

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Sells medicines for treating and expelling
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By Telegraph.

Last Night's Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Relations of Spain and the United States.

Washington, 21.—The following is a portion of the Spanish correspondence:

Department of State.
Washington, Nov. 5, 1875.

Cable Caching.—Sir:—Pursuant to the intimation conveyed in my dispatch 252, I deem it necessary to refer to the general question of our relations with Spain, and to consider the progress which has been made in disposing of the outstanding questions which have arisen since our last meeting.

George W. Davis.
Sells choice teas, coffees, fruit, groceries and provisions, and buys dried fruits and grain of all kinds.

Day & Co.
Sells wholesale and retail, staple and fancy dry goods, ladies' and men's clothing, rubber goods, ladies' misses' and children's shoes, notions and all kinds of groceries and merchandise.

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separate instruction under this date I abstain from further reference.

In February, 1874, the first instruction was addressed to you on general matters pertaining to the views entertained by the president, and to the position of this government. It was then, more than five years since, an organized insurrection had broken out which the government of Spain had been entirely unable to suppress.

At the time the first instruction was issued, the president of the United States was of the opinion that the insurrection was a civil war, and that the United States should remain neutral.

But the insurrection was not a civil war, it was a rebellion against the government of Spain, and the United States was bound to take action.

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of this country, the preservation of its commerce and the institutions of humanity alike demand that some speedy and satisfactory ending be made of the strife that is devastating Cuba. This disastrous conflict, of more than seven years' duration, has demonstrated the inability of Spain to maintain peace in an island lying at our door.

Desolation and the destruction of life and property have been the only results of this conflict. The United States sympathizes and feels that this inability results in a large degree from the unhappy condition of Spain at home, and to some extent from the distractions which are dividing her people, but the facts which remain to be added to this are the large expanse of ocean separating the peninsula from the island, and a want of harmony and personal sympathy between the inhabitants of the two countries.

In addition to all this, it cannot be that the question of the continued maintenance, in the face of the decrees and enactments to the contrary, of a compulsory system of slave labor is the cause of the dispute, and if the excitement to a large class in the island, also in the United States, which the government of Spain has led us, by very distant assurances to expect should be removed, and which the enlightened Christianity of the United States has started itself for seven years to repress unlawful acts on the part of these self-exiled subjects of Spain, relying on the promise of Spain to pay for the island.

Seven years of strain on the powers of the government to fulfill that most exacting demand one government can make, under any circumstances, or claim of international obligation upon another, have not witnessed the much hoped for pacification. The United States feels itself entitled to be released from this strain.

The measures, injurious to the United States and often in conflict with public law, which the colonial officers have endeavored to enforce, and which have resulted in the destruction of the lives of the people of the peninsula, and the destruction of the property of the people of the peninsula, have not witnessed the much hoped for pacification. The United States feels itself entitled to be released from this strain.

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