routine business after the welcoming addresses of Governor Stanton and Mayor Taylor and the reports of President Theodore C. Search of Philadelphia. In addition to the appointment of committees on credentials, resolutions and nominations there were special committees appointed to which were referred different parts of the annual report of President Search and other subjects. These committees are expected to report on the different subjects of the annual report of President Search. The committees on credentials and nominations will not report until Thursday.

In addition to the progress for each of the three days' entertainments have been provided for the evening. A trolley ride has been chartered for an excursion on Friday from Chester, by way of the Monte Carlo Country Club, to the Maine and so far as Darby. The entertainment tonight includes an informal smoker and reunion of the Boston delegation, which will be given a night at a public meeting with addresses and Thursday night a reception and banquet at the Union League house.

President Search and others from the East arrived this morning on a special Pennsylvania train.

Standard Wins a Verdict.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 24.—The supreme court today reversed the action of Attorney General Monroe in quo warranto proceedings against the Standard Oil case.

ON MAY 31, 1899.

Date Fixed for the Transmississippi Congressional Congress.

Wichita, Kan., Jan. 24.—The date for the tenth session of the transmississippi commercial congress to be held in Wichita has been fixed for May 31st. It will continue four days.

ON THE DEATH ROLL.

Ex-Governor Bennington Parkers is dead of Bright's disease. He had suffered from this complaint for some time, but his condition was not regarded as serious until within the last few weeks. Several days ago he began to grow rapidly weaker and his death was peaceful.

Mr. Parkers was one of the best known and most brilliant Republican Americans of California. He served in the late State legislature, Congress, as lieutenant governor and as governor of the State, and was prominent in political and social life. His wife, who survives him is known as the author of several successful dramas and is also a leader in society.

Judge E. W. Woodbury, who framed the first probiatory bill ever enacted by the legislature of Idaho, is dead at his home in Bethel, Maine, aged 81 years.

ELECTIC FLASHES.

By a vote of 48 to 12 the Chicago city council has passed an ordinance granting a fifty year franchise to the Illinois Telephone and Telegraph company to operate a telephone system in Chicago. For the franchise the company is to enter into competition with the Chicago Telephone company and furnish telephones at the rate of $35 a year for business houses and $25 a year for residences. The rate rate that of the Bell Telephone is two.

Professor Dean C. Worcester of the Philippine commission, has appointed Pennoyer Sherman, Ph. D., of the University of Michigan, as the third of the three secretaries allowed the commission.

CHOSEN A REPUBLICAN.

Senator Clark is Re-Elected in Wyoming.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 24.—Promptly at noon today each house of the legislature voted for United States senator to succeed Clarence D. Clark. But two nominations were made—Clark by the Republicans, and Congressman J. E. Osborn by the Democrats. In the senate thirteen votes were cast for Clark and five for Osborn, one absent. In the house Clark received thirty-four votes, Osborn, three, one absent. Clark's total vote, 47; Osborn's, 8.

IDAHO POSTMASTER.

President Nominates John L. Chapman, Lewiston, and Sophia Davis, Caldwell.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The President today nominated the following postmasters:

Idaho: John J. Chapman, Lewiston; Sophia Davis, Caldwell.

COAL MINERS ARE AGREED.

Wage Rate for the Four Large Competing States is Settled.

Adoption of This Report Will Prevent a National Strike and Trouble in Mines Concerned.

Pittsburg, Jan. 24.—The coal mining rate for the four large competing States of the country was agreed to by the joint scale committee of operators and miners today and will be submitted for adoption by the interstate convention. This will probably be done before night.

The sub-scale committee met this morning to consider the recommendation of the joint committee as to the differences in Illinois. The operators of that state made the work easier by inflter comparatively easy to resisting from their demands for a double standard and agreeing to the arbitration of the machine differential price.

The report was then adopted by the joint committee.

The adoption of this report will prevent a national strike and any trouble that may occur during the year will be in Hocking Valley, Ohio, and at mines where the miners have refused to be a party to the contract.

No Change in California.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 24.—The first ballot for U. S. senator today showed no change in the standing of the candidates: Grant 26, Barnes 24, Betts 12, Barnes 10, White 20, Boxton 4, scattering 4. Necessary for a choice, 41.

Senatorial Ballot at Washington.

Olympia, Wash., Jan. 24.—Two ballots were taken today for U. S. senator. The last ballot resulted as follows:

Foster 25, Wilson 20, Hanford 20, Anderson 5, Lewis 2, Houston 1.

New Jersey Chooses Reed.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 24.—The two houses of the New Jersey legislature balloted separately at noon today for a United States senator to succeed John W. Griggs, Republican, resigned to take the new attorney generalship. In the senate there are 21 Republicans and 22 in the house. Jesse Smith, Democrat, received 1 in the senate and 12 in the house.

Texas Elects a Senator.

St. Louis, Jan. 24.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Austin, Texas, says:

Ex-Gov. C. A. Culberson was elected by acclamation by the legislature at noon today as United States senator to succeed Roger Q. Mills.

WILL KEEP OUT OF THE FIGHT.

That is What Republicans Say on the Senatorial Struggle.

DEMOCRATS RESPONSIBLE.

They Will Not Probably Obstruct Though It Is Not Certain Prominent Republicans Interviewed.

"Will the Republican members of the Legislature enter the senatorial contest with a view to bringing it to a speedy settlement?"

That is a question that has been asked frequently during the last two or three days. Some of them say they do not seem to be that they will not. This conclusion is arrived at from the appearance of trading Republicans both in and out of the Legislature. They were questioned by a "News" representative today with the following answers:

NOTHING TO SAY.

Governor Wells, when asked to express himself on the matter today, imperturbably replied: "I have nothing to say on the subject. The people of the State have been fooled for the last time. Republicans will be more cautious hereafter."

VOTE ONLY FOR REPUBLICANS.

Secretary Hammond said: "I am of the opinion that hopelessness has been elected to the Legislature, on a platform pledging their aims only to the support of the interests of the people of the Dingley bill, and should stand by that platform and vote only the Republicans in whom we put all our trust."

STAND TOGETHER.

Ex-Governor Thomas, when questioned, replied: "The Republicans always stand together throughout the contest; that is all I have to say."

OUGHT TO KEEP OUT.

Representative Crosby, when spoken to on the subject, said: "My idea is that the Democrats should settle the fight themselves. When I first came to it was with the purpose of voting for whom I felt was the best objectionable Democrat, but I was compelled to change my mind by reason of the condition introduced into the Democratic caucus, which, although it was not generally known, showed that it was the policy of the majority that as soon as Republicans should come to the support of the leading Democratic candidate that the majority members should immediately arise and withdraw their support from him. Since that time I have been told repeatedly by Mr. Nebeker that he should keep up upon and of the senatorial ballots for as I am concerned I will endeavor to do so."

IS A PARTY FIGHT.

Representative R. H. Miller said: "I would rather take part in the contest, but I think the Democrats should settle it among themselves. I believe it is a party fight and that the question should be decided by the majority party. If the same condition existed in a Republican Legislature on calls in this city, I would want the Democrats to look out of it. It is and the minority party should."

WOULD REQUEST INTERFERENCE.

Representative J. E. Robinson said: "I don't think the Republicans have any business to meddle in this fight, which is affair of theirs. If the Republicans were in the majority we would request Democratic interference. The majority party should shoulder the responsibility. If it made a mistake so we the should be held accountable. If it did the few Democrats the Republicans gave assistance to that end, they would get none of the credit. I don't think the Republicans want me to take part in the fight, and I don't propose to do so unless conditions become such that I feel that I can do so without being accused of partisanship with my vote for Democratic candidates.

MAY GET INTO THE SWIM.

Representative Stevens expressed himself to the effect that "in the event of a deadlock my position would change. I think, as it now is, that it would be better for the Republicans in the public should minimize the contention at a protracted contest and continued deadlock; then I might be induced to come in the swim and settle the thing politely, so that we could get down to the solid work of the session."

DEMOCRATS SHOULD "FIX IT."

Representative Richards said: "My disposition is to let the Democrats fix it as themselves and that, too, without consulting the Republicans. However, sometimes persons become rattled, and there is no intimation on the part of the Democrats yet of a purpose to come upon us so we may get together in a moment's notice."

DON'T WANT TO TAKE PART.

Representative Murdock, when asked if he knew what he would do, replied: "I should not like to see the Republicans take any part and don't think they should. Nothing in my office has been thought of, certainly no action has been taken."

SHOULD KEEP OUT.

Hon. John Reilly Smith, Republican, said: "The Republicans should keep out of the fight altogether that is my judgment, and so far I have to say."

FOR STRAIGHT POLITICS.

Hon. E. R. Christian, ex-member of the Legislature, said: "I think the Republicans should by all means have no participation in the struggle. We should have no more to do with it than elsewhere and just now the only way to do it is for the Republicans to keep entirely out of the fight."

OTHER EXPRESSIONS.

State Senator Hinckley: "I would only be happy for the Republicans to participate in the event the Democrats are unable to agree."

John C. Black: "I think the Democrats will get together pretty soon and they should do so. Republicans have no business to be meddling in the fight."

Fred. H. Dinwoodey, ex-House member: "Let it alone, let it alone."

THE BUCKEYE CONTROVERSY.

Contest Among Directors Reaches Third District Court.

RECK'S STOCK IN QUESTION.

Defendants Ordered to Show Cause on February 4—Supreme Court Cases—Notes.

The factional differences that have been existing for the past three or four weeks between the stockholders of the Buckeye Mining company were carried into court on quo warranto proceedings today.

Director James H. Moyle appeared before Judge Cherry this morning and applied for a writ of injunction in behalf of George Clemens, George E. Romney, George Romney, James E. Jennings, Moses W. Taylor and Thomas E. Taylor against John Beck, Richard J. Taylor, A. A. Reed, E. B. Critchlow, A. E. Hyde and Brient S. Young.

The complaint sets forth that the annual stockholders' meeting of the Buckeye company occurred on the 9th day of January, at which meeting the plaintiffs were duly elected directors under the statement, made by Beck, that he owned 153,567 shares, which, it is alleged, were given to George Romney and the Pacific Lumber company, as collateral security to certain indebtedness of Beck's, the time for which had previously expired.

It is also set out that at the same meeting the defendants elected Brient S. Young secretary and treasurer, and that he now acts under the direction of the defendants.

It is also alleged that in the interest of a majority of the stockholders of the Buckeye company the plaintiffs, other than Thomas E. Taylor, met on the 11th of January and qualified as directors and named Thomas E. Taylor for the position of secretary and treasurer.

On the 12th inst., it is alleged, George E. Taylor was elected in place of Brient S. Young as secretary and treasurer and made a demand of Brient S. Young that he surrender to Taylor the books and other property of the company. The request, it is alleged, met with a refusal.

Plaintiffs now ask that each of the directors be ousted from office, including Brient S. Young and that pending the hearing each of the defendants be restrained from acting in their official capacities in any way whatever or disposing of the company's property.

Judge Cherry signed an order citing the defendants to appear before him and show cause, why a writ of injunction should not issue, at 9:30 a. m. Saturday, February 4th.

RESTITUTION DEMANDED.

John Beck Plants a Suit Against the Pacific Lumber Company.

The Pacific Lumber company has been defendant in an action brought by John Beck in the Third district court. Plaintiff demands the cancellation of certain indebtedness of Beck and the return of certain collateral given as security. The complaint alleges that Mr. Beck is indebted to the company from the company giving his note for the same, as well as a mortgage on certain real estate and a large number of shares of mining stock as security.

It is also alleged that the note fell due and was unpaid and that plaintiff offered the defendant company the amount and demanded the return of the security, but that the demand has been refused and the company is about to appropriate the securities and apply the same to its own use.

Supreme Court Cases.

The supreme court heard arguments in the following cases today:

Frank D. Hoge et al., appellants, vs. Dwee, appellant. Judge Hogan for plaintiff and Frank Pierce for appellant.

H. Parley Beckstead et al., appellants, vs. Grantsville city, et al., appellees. James A. Williams for plaintiff and J. H. Hart for defendant.

Samuel W. Woolley vs. Grantsville city, appellants, represented by same attorneys.

H. B. Booth vs. Grantsville city, appellant.

COURT NOTES.

Attorney E. R. Shepard has filed a suit against Pearson & Scugland to recover the sum of $333.33, on judgments rendered some time ago.

The case of S. J. Lynn vs. the Wasatch Mineral Springs company et al. was dismissed by Judge Hiles today.

Judgment for $26.65 was given the plaintiff by Judge Cherry today in the case of Robert Jones vs. W. H. Rolfe.

In the case of David P. Cook against Margaret Cook, Judge Cherry today made an order for Jesse Cherry today to enforce the judgment.

INSURANCE COMPANIES' REPORTS.

Secretary of State Hammond is busy examining reports of insurance companies doing business in Utah. Only three companies have done for that their statements. They are about 15 to the State.

CLEARING HOUSE REPORT.

Salt Lake City, Jan. 24, 1899.

Today's clearings	$[illegible]
Same day last year	$[illegible]

ORE AND BULLION REPORTS.

Following are today's ore and bullion receipts, as reported by the assayers below indicated:

McCORNICK & CO.

Hanover bullion	$ 5,[illegible]
Silver and lead ores	2,[illegible]
	$ 5,[illegible]

T. R. JONES & CO.

Ores	$[illegible]
Bullion	5,[illegible]
	$[illegible]

HAMBRICK & McMILLAN.

Ores	$ 1,[illegible]

In the metal market Cutting Copper stood at yesterday's figures, the product being quoted at 17c a pound.

CHURCH NOTICES.

OFFICERS' MEETING.

A meeting of the officers of the Young Men's and Young Ladies' M. I. A. will be held tomorrow (Wednesday) evening in room 412 Templeton building, at 7:30 p. m. Important business will be considered.

HENRY B. LYMAN,
NELLIE C. TAYLOR.

AMUSEMENTS.

The "standing room only" sign was hung out early at the Grand last night, and late comers who had not provided themselves with reserved seats had to occupy the space back of the last row throughout the evening. Kelly & Mason's thirty men, entitled Who Is Who, are still in the vanguard of the old-time farce comedy. The Silent Partner, but southern with so much dancing and singing and variety that it is the merry evening. It starts with a steady roar of laughter and applause, though there is little in it that will be remembered as the season wears on. The opening scene, the corn scene in German dialect, is much harder than anything which follows, as the Whiting sisters, the clever comet soloists, and Harry Kelly, the eccentric dancer, do good work. Clara Mason as the Germania is the leading man, if a leader could be picked out of the aggregation. The girls all belong to the merry song and dance school, but were evidently selected first for dancing, last for singing. Who Is Who runs for three hours after the fill of fare the Grand patrons want, and the house still applauded and filled for the remainder of the engagement, which runs all the week.

Pinafore at the Grand.

There has been a great rule for the opening night of Pinafore at Wilson's, and there will be a great rush for it, I am, when the curtain rises on the notable play this evening. A number of my friends have asked me if I have found a special reserved seat for them. Their disappointment, of course, would easily discomfort among them, if I should say, "No."

—H. A. ALZER,
Secretary of War."

"DIAMONDFIELD JACK"

To Hang—Idaho Board Decide to Let the Law Take Its Course.

Special to the "News."

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 24, 1899.—The State board of pardons had their final session this morning in the "Diamondfield Jack" Davis case and concluded to let the law take its course. Davis was reprieved until February 1st, so on the last Wednesday in the month, he will pay the penalty for the murder of the two sheepherders, Lee and Allen, Cassia county, unless the bill now before the legislature providing for all persons under death sentence to be brought to the State penitentiary here to be executed, becomes a law before the day of sentence. The board of pardons was in session until midnight last night considering the case, and at noon today agreed to grant no further reprieve.

MINORITY REPORT LOOKED FOR.

The City Council will hold its regular meeting tonight. The water question will, it is thought, form the principal theme of discussion. Councilman Cannon, chairman of the committee on ways and means, has prepared a report, to be, it is expected, submitted to the city engineer's affairs, strongly at variance with the report of the majority. It was also stated yesterday that Mr. Pennstone favors an investigation of the city's expenditures by a committee of the whole.

ROAD THROUGH TO LOS ANGELES

Southern Pacific Surveyors Said to be Working in That Direction.

PURPOSE OF THE SURVEY.

Utah and Pacific Matters—Fire in Kemmerer Mines Under Control—Traffic on Railroads.

According to word brought in from the southeastern portion of Nevada the Southern Pacific surveyors are pushing their way toward the coast. Their line passes down through Meadow Valley, Nevada, and from indications they are looking for a gap between the Meadow Valley and the "Mormon" ranges, which will leave them a fair foot to any point they wish to make in the neighborhood of Los Angeles. At present it looks as if the survey would be completed by the first of June.

The Utah and Pacific people back on the survey are a more or less dead on the part of the Southern Pacific people and discredit the report of the heavy order of steel rails for the Southern Pacific that has been announced.

The Utah and Pacific officials argue that the Southern Pacific does not need Beaver, and that if it is to be joined through that it will be found out in the end to be backed by the Rio Grande, which owns Beaver. In speaking of the article from the Los Angeles Record, relating to the purchase of a coast terminal by the city, for the Utah and Pacific, the officials say there is nothing in it, and that there have been no negotiations looking toward that end.

Chief Engineer West of the Utah and Pacific has been in the city for several days going into details at the office and presenting to prospective the work of building on a large scale in the spring.

Fire Under Control.

Mr. Eccles of the Short Line received word this morning that the fire in the Diamond mine is under control. The blaze is entirely extinguished to the 300-foot level, and will be entirely put out in a day or two.

Mr. Eccles says that he wished to correct an impression that has gone abroad concerning the mine, and to say there has not been a day since it was opened that the company has not been taking out coal. The fire was entirely in the unused portion of the mine. The company is now taking out coal from two openings. The work of developing the property will be pushed and three new openings will be made in a short time. The Short Line is contemplating many improvements to the handling of the coal, and new switches will be put in to all the openings.

The Radcliffe Damage Suit.

The case of Sarah Radcliffe against the Salt Lake Rapid Transit company, the trial of which began in Judge Cherry's court yesterday afternoon, reached the jury this afternoon, but up to the hour of press time a verdict had not been returned.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Matt Walker and family left for San Francisco last evening on the Rio Grande Western and Southern Pacific.

C. J. Millis, general agent of the Oregon Railroad and Navigation Co., at Portland, came in yesterday afternoon.

Harry Cushing, the traveling passenger agent of the Denver & Rio Grande, came in this morning with the Twentieth Infantry.

J. L. Yandt of the Rock Island is in the North.

Superintendent Welby of the Rio Grande Western left for Denver this morning.

Five new passenger engines are being built for the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western for the Sioux Fe line.

The Northern Pacific has ordered 1,000 new box cars of 80,000 pounds capacity.

Orvin Morris, the traveling freight agent of the Short Line, left for Boise this morning.

Traveling Freight Agent Beardsley of the Chicago and Northwestern left for the north out night.

General Agent Walker of the Northwestern leaves for an extended trip to the northwest in the morning.

E. W. Evans, the contracting agent of the Northwestern, has been recalled to Chicago.

GALILEO MANUSCRIPT FOUND.

Galileo's manuscript of the treatise "On the Ebb and Flood of the Sea," written in 1616, has been found in the cathedral library by Father Lodi, the subdibrarian.—Ex.

Uncle Lucas Eleven.

Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 24.—The vote for senator in the house was: Scott 19, Scott 29, Goff 1, Blizzard 1, absent 1.

The county voted: Scott 11, McKenzie 1, Tokel 1, Goff 1, Blizzard 1, Hayward 1, absent 1. Necessary to elect, 60.

Hayward Gains Two.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 24.—The legislature gave one ballot for senator today. It resulted:

Allen, 38; Hayward, 41; two more votes to be had for nominee; Weaver, 16; Thompson, 1; Lansdale, 1; Breen, 2; Hinshaw, 1; Weston, 1; a pair of ones; Fons, 1; Adams, 1; Corbett, 1; Yandt, 1; Ames, 1.

It had been intended to have two ballots but it was voted down, 78 to 34.

Quay Scores 100.

Harrisburg, Jan. 24.—The sixth joint ballot for United States senator resulted as follows: Quay (Rep.), 80; Jenks (Rep.), 40; Dalzell (Rep.), 32; Irwin, 3; Stewart, 3; Huff, 1; C. W. Stone, 4; C. E. Smith, 1; Dobbs, 2; Rice, 2; Grow, 1; Metzler, 1; Deeming, 2; Wolfe, 2; Kennedy, 1; Jones, 1; Dodge, 121. Paired, 19; absent without pairs, 3.

NO CHANGE IN VOTING.

(Continued from page 1.)

stab to have my vote recorded for A. W. McCune."

FOUGHT FOR KING.

"For thirty-seven times I have voted for the candidate of my choice, but inasmuch as I believe that the time has come for me to dispose of this question without further delay. Two years ago, I if I should have who are aware of my voting, the same course that I am following was followed by those same gentlemen to make a mistake. Nothing but the conviction of duty has led me to do so. I say it is better that we elect no Senator at all than