

"PURE CIVILIZATION."

The Colorado Chief, of the 8th instant, contains an article on "The Mormon Question," in which the writer alludes to the most hopeful and congratulatory tone to the wonderful changes which are on the eve of being accomplished in the circumstances of the people of Utah by the construction of the great Pacific railway.

"Infusing new life and activity into every department of trade and commerce, is daily promissory to accomplish more than the way of solving the Mormon question than any act of Congress, or the presence of hostile armies."

Our people have been nestled, the writer says, "in the sequestered home of their adoption, far removed from the refining, exalting and ennobling influences of true civilization."

There are men—and if we did not think the writer of the article in the Chief ignorant we should set him down as one of them—who would rather see the people of this Territory idle, profane, dishonest, diseased and vicious than to see them manifest the qualities which they do.

We have heard people who called themselves religious express their hatred against us because of our virtues. Our virtues, they said, made us more dangerous. If we were corrupt, degraded people, indulging in every bad habit and giving countenance to every form of vice, we would not have influence, could not prevail, and, consequently, would be too low to be feared.

Such precautions under such circumstances are necessary, and they cannot be too strictly carried out. If proper steps be taken whenever small pox makes its appearance in any of our cities or settlements, its spread can easily be checked by removing those who are attacked by the disease to a suitable place or places prepared for their reception, and prohibiting all intercourse between them until all risk of infection is removed.

on one occasion, while acting as agent of the Immigration in the States, towards some members of a company among whom this disease had made its appearance. They felt aggrieved at being selected from the company and quarantined by themselves, and they could see no propriety in such a proceeding.

In publishing these items about the small pox our object is not to create alarm, but to warn the people to be on their guard to prevent the introduction of this disease into our midst.

Speaking of grasshoppers "Singline" in his correspondence to the Territorial Enterprise says: "At their present rate of hatching and traveling they ought to reach Carson early this fall, and attack California next summer. I do not think the Sierras will bother them in the least, because I have seen them hopping about on the snow banks, 10,000 feet above the ocean level—they had no books on and did not seem to mind it much.

By Telegraph. Galveston, Texas.—Special dispatches from Columbus, Texas, say the Colorado river is higher than ever before known. The water rose forty-seven feet eight inches, and is now falling slowly.

Small Fox.—From the Desert Telegraph line we receive the news, forwarded by the Operator at Brigham City, that the Small Fox is very bad at Corinne. By letter, under date of the 12th inst., from Brother George Fagnworth, of Mount Pleasant, San Pete county, we learn that Small Fox has made its appearance in that town. He says:

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pany met at Sacramento yesterday; the former board of directors were re-elected, and the old officers again chosen.

No cigars are to be had for any offer of money either at Manila, or Cebu, or Hong Kong. It is reported that all the crew excepting captain and mates of the American ship Southern Cross have been poisoned. Great excitement at Manila in consequence; no particulars.

New York.—In the Supreme Court in chambers yesterday before Judge Cardozo in the case of Linderger, agent of the Ludlow Patent Co., involving a large amount of Mariposa stock, which it is alleged the defendants agree to carry, Clark Bell moved to set aside the order granted by Judge Bernard restraining the sale of the defendants' thirty thousand dollars of that stock and appointing a receiver to receive the same.

The Chicago Tribune's New York special says, the Evening Post publishes a list of names of the voters on bills which have passed the Legislature by bribery. It promises to give a list of those who enter into the Legislature now.

Washington special says there is an important case before the Court of Claims growing out of claims by deserters for bounties. The practice of the Government heretofore has been to refuse to pay bounties to men reported as deserters. It is now claimed that no person can be considered a deserter until tried and convicted by a Court Martial.

Chicago.—An Omaha special says that Gen. Augur had received dispatches from Gen. Carr with the expedition on the Republican, dated the 11th inst., which state that a large village of dog soldiers and Cheyennes had been taken by surprise.

Springfield, Ohio.—Mrs. Ormsbee, a widow living in East High street, was shot dead by a burglar at four o'clock this morning. The hotel at Point Clear was burned last night; the main building was entirely consumed with all the furniture. Many of the boarders lost all their baggage; no lives were lost.

Washington.—Major Wafford, of Mississippi, is here on behalf of the Conservative-Republicans of that State. General Sherman this morning received assurance that the registration of Mississippi would be impeded. The military officers who conducted the registration at the election in Virginia, will be ordered to Mississippi for duty.

New York.—C. Morehead, the representative of the Commercial Convention of Memphis, of the 15th of May, sails today to lay the results of that body's deliberations before the commercial exchanges of the principal cities of Europe.

Massachusetts.—The State Prohibitory Convention met yesterday at Worcester. The convention of Chicago of Sept. 1st shall have nominated a full State ticket.

New York.—The Union service of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, was stolen by break-thieves. Two hundred and nine children died at Brooklyn last week.

San Francisco, 14.—A new express company has been organized here to do business with all parts of the world, with a capital of eight millions. Among the trustees are D. O. Mills, President of the Bank of California, Josiah Stanford, of Stanford Brothers, Lloyd and Tevis, and other heavy San Francisco capitalists.

to San Francisco at from \$80 to \$100 each. Kim Orr, a Chinaman, who has been two years in this country, residing in Louisiana, addressed the Convention. He stated that over 50,000 were now in the West Indies in much distress. This prevails because they were not selected with proper care. He proceeded to describe the habits and peculiarities of the Chinese. He thought them well adapted for Southern plantations; the products of China being in many ways superior to those of the Southern States.

Wade Bolton was shot in front of the Court Square this a.m. by Dickens. It was the continuation of a family feud of several years' duration, and which had already caused the killing or crippling of over a dozen persons.

Boston.—Jos. J. Batters was convicted in the District Court for manufacturing a still without paying the tax. He was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of \$1,000. Batters sold only old stills for illicit distilling, then informed on the distillers, thus making money both ways. At an adjourned meeting of the American Tract Society at Boston, after a lengthy discussion, propositions were made to dissolve the society and divide the assets among the true denominations interested, they to reunite with the New York Branch, or sustain the present independence. The meeting finally tabled all propositions and adjourned.

The German Citizens Rights Society petitioned Gov. Clifton to stay the enforcement of the prohibitory liquor law until a vote of the people can be taken. The Saratoga Woman's Convention adopted a constitution similar to the National Suffrage Association, and was addressed by Mrs. Willbur and Miss Anthony and then adjourned.

Washington.—Jas. Wilson appointed Government Director of the U. P. R. R. vice James Brooks and George T. Terry, the new Registrar of the Land Office at Austin, Nev. The President today issued a proclamation designating Nov. 30th as the day for submitting the Constitution to the voters of Mississippi. The clauses in regard to the disfranchisement and ineligibility to hold office to be submitted to a separate vote; also that portion of the test oath in article 12 and the clause prohibiting the draining of the credit of the State in aid of any association or corporation.

Actions against Edward Lyon and Michael W. Jones, distillers at Madrid, Pa., resulted in favor of the Government. Martin Bellinger, who was convicted recently at Williamsport, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment and a fine of \$10,000; Ullman, who plead guilty has not yet been sentenced.

August Countess was arrested this afternoon by Marshal Packard, on a warrant from Commissioner Urban, and pleaded guilty to the murder of her husband. Collector Casey labors under heavy disadvantages in the prosecution of these cases, on account of the absence of District Attorney Morgan, who has gone to Europe, leaving the office in charge of a clerk, just at a time when efficient legal aid is necessary for the protection of the interests of the Government.

Harrisburg.—The names of Asa Packard, Gen. Hancock, Gen. G. W. Carr and Gen. W. McCandless were presented before the Democratic Convention for Governor. The latter was withdrawn after the first ballot. The second ballot stood: Hancock 19; Carr 47; Packard 68.

Galveston.—Carr were sent out from Harrisburg, Texas, to-day, with boats to reconnoiter the sufferers by the flood in the Colorado Valley, who have taken refuge in the tree tops at Eagle Lake, and who have been two days in that position. It is said the water is two feet over the tops of the telegraph poles on the farms on the Eagle Lake bottom.

The special to the Herald from Paris says, the resignations of Rouher and Lavalette have been accepted; the other members of the Cabinet remain. The new ministry will be transitional. Emile Olivier refuses a portfolio for the present, but will probably accept in the end. The radicals are indignant at the breaking of the legislative body.

London.—The following is an example of the Tories' liberality; they are now organizing a number of meetings in the suburbs of London, at the Irish Church, which are advertised to be held at various parts of the kingdom.

Havana.—The remains of Consul Steadman were interred at Santiago; seventy officials, civil, military and foreign, followed the body to the grave. The weather was very hot and dry. There is much sickness throughout the island.

Don't Forget.—All interested in the approaching celebration, on the 24th, should not fail to meet the committee at the City Hall at seven o'clock this evening.

SUPREMACY COURT.—Chief Justice Wilson and Associate Justices Strickland and Hawley occupied the bench to-day. The case of Brannigan vs. The People, in appeal from the Third Judicial District Court, was called yesterday. Mr. Baskin appeared for the appellant. He commenced his argument yesterday afternoon and closed to-day at 12 noon. Z. Snow, Esq., appears for the people this afternoon.

Table of Arrivals and Departures listing names, ship names, and agents.

JAMES MILLER, formerly of Hamilton, near Glasgow, Scotland, arrived at New Orleans, by the ship Zealand, in the Spring of 1859, accompanied by his sister Jane, who had been married to a man by the name of James Wright. The last he saw of his sister was in St. Joseph, Missouri, in the Spring of 1851, where he left her, expecting she would follow him to the Valley the next year. Any information respecting her, directed to Christopher Williams, Third Ward, will be thankfully received.

MOWERS AND SULKY RAKES.—In consequence of the great demand for Mowers and Rakes, we have made arrangements for getting through from Omaha, another car load of Champion and Woods' Mowers, and a few of the Hollingsworth Sulky Rakes, which will be ready for delivery either in this City or at Deseret, about the 20th inst. We will, as heretofore, sell them as low as possible, and having only a limited number, those wishing to secure them, must send in their orders immediately to the Eagle Emporium.

THAT LARGE LOT of FINE WOODS has arrived at Deseret's Store, third door above Salt Lake House, embracing all kinds, from a fire-drocker to a sledge-hatchet, in time for the Celebration of the Twenty-Fourth.

CASH paid for Clean COTTON BAGS at this Office, or at the Paper Mill, Sugar House Ward.

THOSE who suffer from Liver Complaints may rely upon the Red Jacket Bitters, because they derive from its anti-bilious properties immediate and certain relief, when all the usually prescribed remedies have proved useless.

"ASTONISHING but True," that Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder is not only the best but the cheapest in market. It is entirely free from any deleterious substances, and compounded with such scrupulous exactness that the contents of each box are the same, and will produce the same every time.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. THEATRE. Decided Triumph OF THE FAIRY LOTTA.

Assisted by the Popular Young Actor, MR. GEORGE D. CHAPLIN. As HAROLD CECIL. MISS ANNIE LOCKHART. AND A POWERFUL CAST OF CHARACTERS.

This Evening, THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1899. Will be presented the Starting Military Drama IN FIVE ACTS, ENTITLED, FIRE FLY!

MAD DANCE! TERRIFIC BATTLE SCENE! Starting Denouement!

SEVEN SISTERS! BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!!! WE have on hand at the Co-operative Brick Yard in HUGAR HOUSE WARD, a large quantity of excellent BRICK, which we will sell at \$1.00 per thousand. All kinds of taken; cash not returned.

ZION'S CO-OPERATIVE MERCANTILE INSTITUTION RETAIL Dry Goods Department.

EAGLE EMPORIUM Retail DRY GOODS Department. WHERE WILL BE FOUND A CHOICE SELECTION OF SILKS, MERINOS, ALPACAS, DELAINES, DRESS GOODS, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, and DOMESTIC.

LADIES will find SUPERIOR STYLE OF SHOES. A LEADING FEATURE. Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Matting, Curtains, Window and Table Damasks.

WINDOW SHADES. A very large assortment and LOW IN PRICE! The Public are assured that their wants, in Style of Goods and Prices, will be carefully studied.

H. B. CLAWSON, SUPP. TRUSTEES' SALE. WILLIAM P. BELL, by the deed of trust dated July 23rd, A.D. 1888, of the County Record, book 3, page 59, of the Salt Lake County Survey, conveyed to the undersigned Trustees the following described property, to-wit:

THOMAS MARSHALL, AS TRUSTEE. WILLIAM JARVIS, by his deed of trust, dated May 3rd, A.D. 1889, of Salt Lake County Record, book 6, page 58, of Salt Lake County Survey, conveyed to the undersigned the following described piece of ground, to-wit:

THOMAS MARSHALL, AS TRUSTEE. WILLIAM JARVIS, by his deed of trust, dated May 5th, A.D. 1891, of Salt Lake County Record, book 10, page 100, of Salt Lake County Survey, conveyed to the undersigned the following described piece of ground, to-wit:

THOMAS MARSHALL, AS TRUSTEE. WILLIAM JARVIS, by his deed of trust, dated May 5th, A.D. 1891, of Salt Lake County Record, book 10, page 100, of Salt Lake County Survey, conveyed to the undersigned the following described piece of ground, to-wit:

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