SCHOOL BOARD MEETING.

The Staff System of Teaching Music Adopted Last Night.

REPORT ON TEXT BOOKS.

A School Census To Be Taken.—The Bryant Building.—Miscellaneous.

The city school board met last night, Vice-President Nelson in the chair. The members present were Alff, Baldwin, Young, Pike, Bayboull and Newman.

BRYANT SCHOOL BUILDING.

The following communications were read:

Hon. Board of Education:

I hereby submit the following item of this my first estimate for work and materials incorporated in the Eleventh district or Bryant schoolhouse to date as per agreement:

[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

Respectfully, W. H. [illegible].

Referred to the committee on sites and buildings.

APPLICATION FOR EMPLOYMENT.

O. H. Lancaster applied for a position as janitor of one of the school buildings. Committee on furniture and supplies.

Samuel H. Carlyle petitioned to be appointed as supervisor of stone work on the buildings about to be erected. Committee on sites and buildings.

INSURANCE RENEWED.

Whittemore, Cooke & Co. stated that the fire insurance on the Eighth ward school building expires July 5th, and asked to be instructed to renew the same. The insurance was placed with the North German Fire Insurance company of Hamburg, Germany. The amount of policy is $1500, ratio, $1.85 for three years, premium, $24.20. Renewed.

TO TEACH.

The following list of applicants to teach was read:

[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Salt Lake City.
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
C. H. [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
E. L. [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

Referred to the committee on teachers.

TEXT BOOKS.

The committee on school work made the following report:

To the Board of Education:

Gentlemen—Your committee on school work have to report that for the past ten days they have been engaged each day in investigating the merits of the different books presented by the publishers for adoption by this board.

They have completed the examination by the agents of the different houses, and at the next meeting of the board will be able to recommend the books they think should be adopted.

They heard the merits of the tonic sol-fa and the staff systems of teaching music presented by the advocates of the different methods and decided by a vote of 4 to 1 that we ought to adopt the staff system.

Adopted.

TO RE-RENT ROOMS.

The committee on sites and buildings recommended that the contract between G. A. Heiss and the board be renewed until June 30, 1893, at $30 per month. They also recommended that the offer of W. H. Whitney of the rooms at Eighth West and First South be accepted, provided the rooms could be rented from month to month. Mr. Whitney donated the rent for July.

The offer of T. C. Armstrong of the two upper floors of the Armstrong building, on Second South street, was also accepted, provided they could be rented from month to month, and that the rent for July and August should be at the rate of $40 per month. Adopted.

THE LOWELL SCHOOL.

Mr. Young moved that the Board accept the proposition of the contractors for the Lowell school in the Twentieth ward contained in their letter of June 7, 1892, to build six two-story water closets and furnish inscription stones for the sum of $947, and that the Superintendent of Buildings be instructed to order said additional work done. Adopted.

THE NUMBER INCREASED.

On motion of Mr. Pike the Committee on Teachers was increased to five, to be the same in number as the other committee. Newman and Baldwin were appointed as the two other members.

SCHOOL CENSUS.

Mr. Pike moved that the members of each municipal ward at the next meeting, next Thursday evening, present the names of suitable persons from each ward to take the school census according to law. Carried.

Adjourned for one week.

NOTES OF TRAVEL.

The "Third" Party, Its Leaders, Its Convention and Its Prospects.

Traveling affords one good opportunity to study people. I have noticed that the distinctive traits of the pure New Englander do not change with time. The same is true of the people of the South and Southwest. The rural Yankee on the cars talks about himself and never surprises you with a thought above the average. The southerner indulges in raillery. He is irreverent, but does not try to make you think he is not. The westerner indulges in brag.

At Omaha I saw something of the People's Party convention that "saved the Union" on the Fourth of July. It was very clear that the delegates felt that they had done a very patriotic work and that they were "big" with promised blessings for the country. Here and there was an old man who was full of grand inspiration, thoroughly honest and capable of doing nothing wrong consciously. But the mass was no better than the average.

As a convention of reformers they were a failure. As a mass of men seeking power in a new channel they were not different from the common run of men who want preferment. Denouncing the railroads, they were all ready to use excursion tickets. One man who was loud against the roads has for years carried in his pocket a bundle of free passes. His name was mentioned for the presidency of the nation. A crowd of returning delegates came west on the Denver fast mail. They had a special car, but overran the regular coach. They kept the windows open and made the car unfit to ride in. They were noisy. They had many bottles with them. One fellow with gap badges on his patriotic breast dropped a full bottle from his pocket in the depot at Omaha and became the source of much sport for the crowd. Altogether it was not wholly unlike a Tuscarora party.

I have had much interest in that new party, but while it has doubtless some grand men and women, I have no faith in many of its representatives as I have seen them. I believe, however, it will stay and that it will prove to be the union of the South and the West against the East and 1896 will see the Democratic party swallowed by it or it will be swallowed by that party. In either case it will be a restoration of the South to a large share in the political control of the nation. Even now these delegates are full of the idea that if they can throw the election of President into the House, Democrats will see the popular wave and vote to seat Weaver rather than Cleveland in order to secure re-election for themselves.

We ran from Omaha to Denver in fourteen hours and a half. In the early morning when near Denver the railroad men at a station found a chap stealing a ride on one of the trucks. He was so covered with dirt as to make it impossible to say whether he was white black or red; but from the cut of his jib and the presence of what was supposed to have been a plume it was agreed that he was one of the Salt Lake Tuscaroras returning to the home of his adoption.

CHARLES ELLIS.

SOUTHERN UTAH.

A Descriptive Account of the Towns and Settlements of St. George Stake.

Editor Deseret News:

Leaving Toquerville April 29, 1892, to visit settlements further up the Rio Virgen, I found myself traveling near the edge of the deep gorge through which Ash Creek finds its way to the river below; thence I descended a steep rocky hill to the La Virken, one of the main tributaries of the Rio Virgen and partly used by the people of Toquerville for irrigation purposes; thence I followed up the famous "Johnson Twist" for miles, and finally passed over a broken desert country to Virgen City, situated on the right bank of the Rio Virgen, nine miles southeast of Toquerville. Virgen City, first settled in 1858, was once a prosperous and growing place, but the river having washed away most of the farming land belonging to the settlement, its facilities are now very limited, and a number of the inhabitants are at present on the eve of moving to other "pastures" where they can secure homes that will not float away. The Virgen City ward, presided over by Bishop Leroy W. Beebe, consists of 300 souls, or 55 families; but this includes the pleasant little settlement up North Creek called Mountain Dell, about four miles northeast of Virgen City; and the once prosperous, now almost deserted, Duncan's Retreat, situated up the river about three miles east of that place.

Seven miles above Virgen City, on the left or south bank of the river is situated the village of Grafton, with 16 families, or 78 souls, and James M. Ballard as Bishop. This place has also suffered terribly from the floods which have washed away the greater portion of the farming land, and years ago the whole town (Old Grafton), of which there is now hardly a trace left, went down stream. The new town of present location is a beautiful little spot, but the river is continually threatening its existence, as every flood that comes down the river diminishes the area of the adjacent farms and destroys dams and ditches in regular succession. The village itself, however, is quite secure. Old Grafton was first settled in 1859, the present town in 1861.

Above Grafton, about two and a half miles, on the north bank of the river, lies Rockville, which the late President Brigham Young called the finest location for a town on the Rio Virgen. It was first settled in 1861, and during the time of the Indian troubles, when the surrounding settlements were temporarily abandoned, and the people fortified themselves in Rockville, that place contained over three hundred families. Now it occupies of the narrow valley, in which it is situated. It has a number of comfortable [illegible], surrounded by beautiful orchards and vineyards. As in the other towns the farming land is very limited, as most of what once was long ago went down stream to augment the sandbanks along the Gulf of California. The Rockville ward consists of 37 families, or 231 souls, under the presidency of Bishop Gottlieb Haschi. It includes the little village of Shunesburg situated on the south fork of the Rio Virgen, about four miles above Rockville.

Springdale is the upper ward on the Rio Virgen (the settlement in Long Valley excepted). This ward consists of 19 families or 118 souls, living in a scattered condition along the north fork of the Rio Virgen. It is quite a prosperous little place, as the people here have not the trouble in controlling their irrigation water like their neighbors who are situated on the main stream. Springdale is a very romantic spot in the mountains, the surrounding canyons, perpendicular bluffs, lofty peaks and innumerable other natural formations, forming one of the wildest and most interesting landscapes in America. The central point of Springdale (first settled in 1862) is about four miles northeast of Rockville and 4½ miles northeast of St. George. Wm. H. Crawford is the Bishop, and he is the only official of that grade in the Church that I have met so far who wears his hair so long that it rests upon his shoulders in regular cowboy style. The now almost defunct settlement known as Northop, situated at the junction of the north and east forks of the Rio Virgen, two miles above Rockville, belongs to the Springdale ward.

Above Springdale about seven miles, is the place designated on some maps of Utah as Zion. It consists of a lovely little place shut in on all sides by lofty perpendicular mountains, but nobody lives there now. The people in the south call it "Not Zion," owing to a circumstance connected with one of the visits which President Young made many years ago to the settlements on the Rio Virgen. Having learned of the existence of this romantic spot, the President set out with his company from Rockville to visit the same, but after traveling several miles up the canyon through which the north fork passes, he suddenly stopped, and, addressing his traveling companions, said: "Brethren, this is not Zion." He then turned around, followed by his company, since which the place has been called "Not Zion."

Having spent a pleasant time with the good people in the settlements named, holding well attended meetings in each place, I returned to Toquerville, and from there started for Harmony in the morning of April 25th. About eight miles north of Toquerville I passed through Bellevue, which years ago was quite a village, but now only occupied by three families, over whom Elder Andrew Gregersen presides in a branch capacity, the place being under the jurisdiction of the Toquerville ward. Continuing my journey up Ash Creek, over the famous Black Ridge, which separates the lower Dixie country from the colder and higher regions, I soon reached the old John D. Lee location on Ash Creek, where there is only one ranch at present; thence I passed the site of Old Harmony to the present town of that name, which is pleasantly situated in an open valley, at the base of the Pine Valley mountains, at an elevation of about 5300 feet above the level of the sea. This place is cool and healthy, and the people prosperous. Thirty-one families and 119 souls constitute the strength of the ward, and William A. Redd is the Bishop. Harmony is forty-two miles, by mountain road northeast of St. George, eleven miles from Bellevue and twenty-one miles southwest of Cedar City. A public meeting held at Harmony, and another special meeting with the older settlers of the place finished my historical labors in the St. George Stake of Zion, which of all the Stakes I have visited so far, has been the most difficult to write up, owing to the very extensive territory over which its numerous wards and branches are scattered.

The St. George Stake of Zion embraces all of Washington County, Utah, a part of Lincoln County, Nevada and the extreme northwest corner of Arizona. It consists of twenty-one fully organized wards, some of which are divided up into a number of branches. Whenever the members of the Stake Presidency or others have to visit all the wards and branches in the Stake, it means a journey of nearly five hundred miles over the worst roads imaginable. The numerical strength of the Stake last February was as follows:

One Patriarch, 224 Seventies, 175 High Priests, 315 Elders, 20 Priests, 52 Teachers, 102 Deacons, 2152 lay members and 1410 children under eight years of age, making a total of 4[illegible] souls, divided into 811 families. The largest ward in the Stake is the St. George Fourth Ward with 625 members or 106 families, and the smallest is the Price Ward with 61 souls or 13 families. I spent nearly seven weeks traveling in the St. George Stake, and was everywhere treated with that kindness and hospitality which is characteristic of genuine Latter-day Saints. The special meetings which I held were as a rule very well attended, and the instructions imparted appreciated and accepted in the true spirit and meaning thereof. For many years to come I shall hold the good people of Southern Utah in the highest esteem, and ever pray for their welfare and prosperity.

ANDREW JENSON.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 4, 1892.

FIRE IN A COAL MINE.

A $17,000 School Building Being Erected at Lehi.—General News Notes.

Elder Brigham Johnson, son of Bishop J. P. R. Johnson, will arrive home in a few days from the Sandwich Islands, where he has been during the past three years laboring in the missionary field. Brother Johnson is a promising young man and will receive a hearty welcome by his numerous friends. The military band is already preparing a serenade for him, as he was one of their number before leaving for the Islands.

Ole Peterson and Hannah Bernison, Ole H. Olsen and Thorild Magnesen, all of Spanish Fork, received marriage licenses today, and before leaving the court house were married by Justice W. H. Brown.

A Mrs. Snow of this place spent the Fourth at Castle Gate and returned home yesterday. She reports that on that day a fire broke out in the coal mine of the Rio Grande Western railroad at that place, and before it could be extinguished considerable damage was done. Fortunately no lives were lost.

Lehi city is building a fine school house at a cost of $17,000. Mr. [illegible] Lindsay of Provo has the contract. The work on the building has been delayed, however, for some time on account of difficulties in obtaining the kind of brick, the contract called for. Lehi was to furnish the brick, but was unable to get the kind required. They have been able, however, to obtain them at Ogden, and the work will now be rapidly pushed.

The Provo Tabernacle choir held a practice last night, at the conclusion of which they resolved to have an excursion to Heber City. It is their intention to secure the assistance of the Fourth ward glee club and our military band. If this is accomplished the undertaking is sure of success and a very enjoyable time will be had. At present it is their intention to leave here about July 20th and return on the 21st, and while at Heber they will give a concert. This will be a very interesting trip, for the scenery is fine and the roads are in an excellent condition.

G. A. King went to Fillmore this morning on business. He, in company with L. S. Hinckley, Jr., of that place, intends shipping a few carloads of horses to Kansas City.

PROVO, July 7th.

Signs of the Times.

Judge Powers, the "Liberal" chieftain has issued the following:

There will be a meeting of the Liberal Territorial committee and a conference of all Liberals of the Territory who choose to attend, at Salt Lake City, commencing at 2 o'clock p.m. on Wednesday, the 20th day of July, 1892. Admission to the conference will be by ticket. Every Liberal is entitled to a ticket, and the same can be procured of either of the chairmen or secretary of the committee. All Liberals are urged to be present as matters of the gravest importance will be considered.

Among the questions proposed for consideration are the following:

1st. Is it deemed advisable for the Liberal party to nominate a delegate for Congress next fall?

2nd. If not, shall the Liberal party wage an active campaign next fall for the local offices?

3rd. Is the Liberal party ready to advocate immediate statehood for Utah?

4th. Is it the judgment of the Liberal party that the time has arrived to divide on party lines in Utah?

Again, a full attendance is urged, in order that the voice of the party may be heard and its servants governed thereby.

O. W. POWERS, Chairman.

C. E. ALLEN, Secretary.

And Still Another.

And now comes the information from Denver that, commencing July 10th, the Colorado Midland train will arrive at Denver at 8:15 a.m. instead of 8:30 a.m. as at present. This is the train which connects with the Rio Grande Western No. 2, leaving Salt Lake City at 8 a.m. The time consumed from Salt Lake City to Denver being 24 hours and 15 minutes. This is the fastest train between Salt Lake City and Denver.

Personal.

Henry C. Olsen has gone east and will probably visit his old home at Richmond, Va., before he returns.

Mrs. C. E. Stanton and Mrs. M. J. Kennedy will go to Bear Lake tomorrow to spend the heated term.

Wendell Benson has returned from the East after a successful business trip of several week's duration.

Congressman Wilson's War Record.

[From an Exchange.]

One of the stories told about the Hon. William L. Wilson of West Virginia, who was permanent chairman of the Democratic National convention, was this: Mr. Wilson went into the Confederate army as a drummer boy and was at two or three of the earlier battles of the army of Northern Virginia. At Ball's Bluff Gen. Longstreet found a young fellow sitting with his drum on a fallen tree, taking no interest whatever in the very interesting proceedings going on a half mile in front of him.

"Why don't you rejoin your regiment, sir?" Longstreet asked angrily.

"What's the use?" the boy answered. "I ain't got nothing to fight with but this drum, and these blamed Yankees have shot the sound out of it. Either I get a gun or I go home now, and that's the long and the short of it. I will not fool away any more time resisting this base infamous invasion with a leaky drum, and you can report that at headquarters." Young Wilson was given a gun which did not leak and at the surrender had risen to the rank of captain in the Confederate army. He has served several terms in Congress from the Second district of West Virginia, where he is now representative, and is held to be the most eloquent of the younger generation of Virginia politicians.

Unnecessary Expense.

[From the Youth's Companion.]

Among the many stories told of Nantucket by old residents and frequent visitors is one that, while it seems almost improbable, is nevertheless vouched for by unimpeachable authorities.

Some years ago a man in Nantucket was tried for petty larceny, and sentenced by the Judge to three months in jail. A few days after the trial the Judge, accompanied by the Sheriff, was on his way to the Boston boat, when they passed a man who was busily sawing wood.

The sawyer stopped his work, touched his hat politely, and said, "Good morning, Judge!"

The Judge looked at him earnestly a moment, passed on a little way and then turned to glance backward, saying to the Sheriff:

"Why, isn't that the man I sentenced to three months in jail the other day?"

"Yes," replied the Sheriff, with some hesitation, "yes, that is the man that you—why you see, Judge—we—we don't happen to have anybody else in jail just now, and we thought 'twould be a sort of useless expense for us to hire somebody to keep the jail for three months just for this one man, so I gave him the jail key, and told him if he'd sleep there at nights I guessed it would be all right."

A Lodger's Ruse.

First Student (to his colleague)—What are you locking that cupboard door for? Why, there's nothing in it.

Second Ditto—That's just why; for if my landlady knew it I should have to clear out pretty quick, I can tell you!—B. Hoensler.

AMUSEMENTS.

→|WONDERLAND|←

Supplementary Season for the Benefit of

THE CALIFORNIA OPERA COMPANY.

—3—DAYS ONLY—3—

COMMENCING THURSDAY, JULY 9.

California Opera Company in Gilbert & Sullivan's Opera,

Pirates of Penzance

Mr. Arthur Pryor,

Trombonist, late Soloist with Gilmore, Cappa and Liberati, appears in each evening performance.

Each admission ticket purchased on above date entitles you to a coupon on a DIAMOND RING, to be given away Saturday Night, July 9th, at the last performance.

10c.—ADMISSION—10c.

—AT—

TEASDEL'S

Surplus Stock.

REDUCED PRICES.

Men's & Boys' SUMMER COATS

25 CENTS —EACH.—

EXTRA GRADES

50c. & $1.00

BIG REDUCTION

IN PRICE OF

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Special Bargains.

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155 S Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, 2461 Washington Avenue, Ogden, Utah.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Bicycles, Tricycles and Velocipedes, Fishing Tackle, Base Ball and Lawn Tennis Goods, Tents, Hammocks and Sporting Goods of every description.

All Kinds of Sporting and Blasting Powder, Caps, Fuse, etc., etc. Drop in and see the National Typewriter, cheapest and best. Send for our New Catalogue, free to all.

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PRACTICAL TAILORS

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235 S. MAIN STREET,

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PATRONIZE RESPONSIBLE TAILORS.

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Punctuality, Fashion, Economy.

Gentlemen's Own Material Made Up.

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26, 28, 30, 32 EAST FIRST SOUTH STREET.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!

4 GRAND BARGAINS IN SUMMER 4

SILKS

45 Cts. 55 Cts. 75 Cts. 95 Cts.

Our Entire Line of 60c PRINTED CHINA This Week 45c.
Our Entire Line of 75c PRINTED CHINA This Week 55c.
Our Entire Line of $1.10 REAL SHANGHAI This Week 75c.
Our Entire Line of $1.25 FOULARD INDIA This Week 95c.

ANOTHER IMPORTATION OF

SURAHS,

All Colors, 25 Cts. Per Yard.

SILK GRENADINE.

BLACK SILK GRENADINE, worth $1.50 for 95c.
BLACK SILK GRENADINE, worth $1.00 for 75c.

White :·: Goods.

200 Pieces Assorted WHITE DRESS GOODS; Piques, Marseilles, Lace Stripe Organdies, Polka dot Lawns, Etc., Etc., worth from 35c to 50c per yard. Your Choice This Week for 20c.

WHITE EMBROIDERY FLOUNCINGS

We have, undoubtedly, the Finest Line of DRESS EMBROIDERIES ever shown here, both in White and White with Colored Work,

THIS WEEK VERY CHEAP.

::: LADIES' SUMMER BLAZERS and WAISTS. :::

We Place on Sale This Week an Elegant Line of BLAZERS and WAISTS

WASH :-: GOODS,

We are showing more WASH GOODS than all the rest of the City together. This week We are Making Great Reductions in Prices.

Shoe ·.· Departmnet.

Our Shoe Trade has grown to such proportions as to cause an extension in that department. We have lately added several new lines of Ladies' and Misses' Shoes, and are now in a condition to supply and satisfy Everybody that wear Shoes.

100 Different Styles of MENS' SUMMER SHIRTS—The Largest Stock in the West. Special Prices for This Week.

BOYS' WAISTS and KNEE PANTS.

Come to us for your Boys' Knee Pants, 1000 pairs just opened.

Boys' Waists, 20c, 30c, 35c and 40c, worth double.

R. K. THOMAS