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# DESERVING EVENING NEWS.

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE.  
Church of Jesus Christ  
of Latter-day Saints.

You may inaugurate a campaign of  
want advertising on a capital con-  
sisting of "loose change."

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

12 PAGES LAST EDITION.

TUESDAY, MAY 2, 1905. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-FIFTH YEAR.

## UNION PICKETS VERY INSOLENT.

They Stop Carriages and Hacks,  
Warn Drivers Against Carrying  
Passengers With Parcels.

## COMPELLED WOMEN TO WALK.

Employers' Association Delivers an  
Ultimatum to Leading Team-  
Owners.

## THEY MUST DELIVER FREIGHT

Or Lose Business—Trouble With Non-  
Union Colored Teamsters—Met  
With Yells of Derision.

Chicago, May 2.—The cordons of union pickets stationed on the curbing in State street and Wabash avenue have been supplemented greatly in numbers with the result that, in spite of the vigilance of the police, carriages and hacks are stopped and drivers and their fares warned against attempting to carry purchases home from the boycotted stores.

Store employees burdened with bundles are stopped and their parcels taken from them, and torn open and searched by the pickets and union sympathizers to see if they are attempting to deliver goods to customers or only carrying their own property to their homes. After assuring the pickets that the contents of the bundles belong to them they are not disturbed further.

In one instance a hired carriage was stopped in Wabash avenue, and the occupant, a woman shopper, compelled to get out and walk. Another woman, with both arms full of bundles, was caught by the skirts and stopped as she was about to step into a cab in State street. The cab driver was warned not to take her as a fare. Undaunted, the shopper walked to another corner, where she hailed a second cab. Again she was stopped by the union sympathizers. Finally she boarded a street car.

Only a few hacks or cabs ventured to drive up to the entrances to any of the State street stores. In most cases the drivers request their passengers to alight on the opposite side of the street and walk over to their destination.

With one exception, none of the State street stores attempted to make delivery in the residential districts yesterday, although at all the boycotted establishments assurances were freely given that the wagons would start out today.

With few exceptions the liveries generally refuse to carry passengers to a boycotted store.

The sidewalks and the surface and elevated cars are thronged with men, women and children carrying bundles of all sizes and descriptions.

## EMPLOYERS' ULTIMATUM.

Chicago, May 2.—The outcome of a move to bring the teamsters' conflict to a crisis was eagerly awaited today by the employers and unionists. The employers' association had delivered an ultimatum to five leading teaming companies, asking them to deliver goods to customers or lose the business permanently.

The team-owners quit making deliveries to stores when the teamsters entered upon the strike.

The team-owners were informed that they must either deliver goods to the boycotted stores or lose the business permanently.

To deliver goods as demanded would cause a breach of the strike to 5,000 more drivers.

The five teaming companies are: Arthur Dixon Transfer company, Joseph Stockton company, W. P. Hend Transfer company, Christopher M. Lynch and Stephen Clarke.

The employers seemed determined to force the fight, and an employer said: "The union has extended the strike and we will simply go one better and extend it ourselves if necessary. There is no use drifting along on the defensive."

Among the many detachments of incoming strike-breakers who arrived in Chicago today, the largest single lot perhaps came from Detroit. They number 75, and were escorted by heavy arms of police through the streets to the strike breakers' headquarters.

## MEN ON STRIKE DUTY.

Assistant Chief Schuetzler reported today that he had 130 men on strike duty. This force, he claimed, was able to protect 160 wagons in caravans. Where single wagons were sent out, a guard of six patrolmen is provided.

The attitude of the picketers, which has been involved in some doubt, is now declared to be opposed to the extension of the strike to their teamsters.

In general it was stated the various packing companies will pursue their practice of conveying meat to their own distributing stations by their own teamsters and selling from those stations to the boycotted firms as to any firm will be promptly served. The boycotted firms will be promptly served. The boycotted firms will be promptly served.

A PICTURESQUE SIGHT.

One of the picturesque sights witnessed today was a procession of 500 non-union colored teamsters going from their lodgings to the Employers' street and Jackson Boulevard. The negroes were led by a white man, Frank Barry, formerly a streetcar gripman, who became a strike breaker during months ago and who has recently been active in labor troubles at St. Louis.

He followed Curry's novel procession and as it turned into Jackson Boulevard from Michigan avenue, the negroes began throwing stones and bricks. Police Lieutenant Dillon was struck on the head, staggering him.

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St. Petersburg, May 2.—Bad as was the rioting at Warsaw, Lodz, Kalisz and other places in Poland yesterday and yesterday was the hostility everywhere displayed against the police and the Russian authorities the uprising was far less formidable and the results less bloody than anticipated. The authorities had given due warning of their intention to permit no demonstrations and the troops quelled the disturbance ruthlessly. All reports, however, indicate that the demonstrators were comparatively few in number, the vast bulk of the population fearing trouble or remaining in doors. Where trouble occurred the crowds were armed with bombs and revolvers. In Warsaw a red flag procession was dispersed by two volleys. Cossacks and ulans then charging and cutting down the people in the streets, driving them into courtyards and beating them with sabres and whips in the cruel fashion peculiar to these wild horsemen of the steppes. About a hundred persons were killed or seriously wounded, according to the reports, women and even children shared the fate of the men.

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Merged Into a New Corporation  
With Three Millions  
Capital.

## STOCKHOLDERS UNANIMOUS.

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## MILLION STOCK IN TREASURY.

It Will be Issued to Stockholders as  
Money is Needed—\$200,000 Dur-  
ing This Month.

The two sugar companies known as the Idaho Sugar company and the Fremont County Sugar company went out of existence this morning, both being merged into a new corporation known as the Idaho Sugar company.

The consolidation was effected at meetings of the stockholders of both the old companies held in the Deseret News annex this morning, and Attorney Richard W. Young later filed with the court clerk articles of the new corporation which is capitalized for \$3,000,000, paying the secretary of state the necessary fee of \$150 required by law.

The meetings of the stockholders were largely attended. At the Idaho Sugar company's meeting, held first, the total number of shares represented was 74,500 out of 100,000. At the meeting of the Fremont County Sugar company which followed, 13,824 shares were represented out of the 14,000 total, both the old companies having been capitalized at \$1,000,000. Thos. R. Cutler was elected chairman, and Horace G. Whitney secretary of both meetings. Mr. Cutler made a verbal statement of the reasons for the consolidation of the two companies, which was favorable. The questions were fully and harmoniously discussed by the stockholders, and the unanimous vote of all the stock represented was cast in favor of the consolidation.

The new articles of incorporation are signed by John R. Winder, John Henry Smith, and John C. Cutler, who certify under oath that they are acquainted with the properties of each of the consolidated corporations, and that the properties are worth in cash the amount for which they have been accepted by the consolidation, namely \$2,000,000.

The articles also set forth that of the \$2,000,000 capital, \$2,000,000 shall be issued in shares of \$100 each, and that the stockholders of the two old companies, and that \$1,000,000 shall be held in the treasury to be disposed of under the direction of the board of directors as the proceeds may be needed in the conduct of the business. It was stated at the meeting that \$200,000 of this treasury stock will be offered at par to stockholders within the next 15 or 20 days. The articles of incorporation also fully describe the plant, real estate, etc., of the two factories located in Idaho.

The new board of directors is composed of John R. Winder, John Henry Smith, Thos. R. Cutler, Horace G. Whitney, John C. Cutler, John H. Smith, Geo. C. Parkinson, Jos. F. Smith and Geo. C. Parkinson. Thos. R. Cutler is named as president; John C. Cutler, vice-president and general manager; and Horace G. Whitney, secretary and treasurer. These officers are to serve until the next election which occurs April 10, 1906. All stockholders in the old companies were permitted to transfer their certificates and receive new shares as soon as possible.

Manager Cutler informed the stockholders at the meeting that the acreage planted for the coming season amounted to 6,000 for the Fremont County Sugar company and over 7,000 for the Idaho Sugar company, and that if the weather was favorable, both factories would be taken to the capacity. He also announced that the Steffen process would be installed at the Fremont county plant, and by this it was expected that a much larger portion of sugar could be extracted from the beets than had been hitherto done.

## EWING'S WATER SCHEME.

Thinks Underground Flow in Liberty  
Park Should be Utilized.

Proprietor Sam Ewing of the Cullen is confident that his proposition made several years ago, relative to reinforcing the city's water supply from the underground flow in Liberty Park, will sooner or later be adopted. Mr. Ewing calls attention to the fact that competitors eastern engineers are building a city engineer of Kansas City, have been over the ground, and have expressed emphatic surprise that this water has been for so long allowed to run to waste. They all have declared that it ought to be appropriated without delay. The Chalmers Machinery company offered to put in a plant for \$15,000 that would pump 5,000,000 gallons of water every day, and add a duplicate plant for \$22,000 more. The water is excellent, and Mr. Ewing cannot understand why it is not made use of.

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