DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

TUESDAY, . . . FEBRUARY 6, 1894.

THE DESERET EVENING NEWS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

THE DESERET NEWS PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING EXCEPTING MONDAY.

THE DESERET WEEKLY PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY EVENING	$10.00
DAILY (6 MONTHS)	5.00
DAILY (3 MONTHS)	2.50
DAILY (1 MONTH)	1.00
DAILY (1 WEEK)	25
SEMI-WEEKLY (6 MONTHS)	2.00
SEMI-WEEKLY (3 MONTHS)	1.00
SEMI-WEEKLY (1 MONTH)	50
WEEKLY (6 MONTHS)	1.00
WEEKLY (3 MONTHS)	50
WEEKLY (1 MONTH)	25

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

VERILY, SPEECH IS SILVER!

Just so hard is that particular cent of the averaged Congressional Record specially designated as No. 50, Vol. 26, though bearing date of January 22, 1894, it is devoted altogether to a speech delivered in the United States Senate by our stalwart and silver-tongued neighbor, Hon. John P. Jones of Nevada more than three months since. The legislative body at which Mr. Jones hurled his arguments and money had under consideration on the occasion the bill to repeal the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, and the best ear of the speaker and his sympathizers was to talk the life out of that act if they could not defeat it any other way. Accordingly, when he was recognized by the chair, Mr. Jones, on the 14th of October, 1893, took all the superfluous covering off his shining tongue and called in. Almost everybody knows the size of the Congressional Record—a page contains about two thousand words. Well, our paper gave the gentleman twenty pages with that first afternoon, a total 40,000 words, including interruptions, etc., and then "the honorable senator yielded for a motion to adjourn," which the president made adopted, and they and Mr. Jones were able to get a rest until Monday the 16th. On that day he gave them eleven pages more, a dose of something like 22,000 words. At this point Senator Peffer and others relieved him, and we hear him no more until Saturday the 21st, when he wheeled another massive in the shape of 20,000 words, again yielding at last to a motion for adjournment. Alas the interesting day of rest, the broken campaign came to grief and trouble, and poured forth more 19 pages' worth—about 38,000 words, only surpassing previous efforts that morning's proceedings became Mr. Teller and others wanted to make a few remarks. On Tuesday, the 23rd, he began where he left off on afternoon before. This time he was more moderate, however, he only talked about twenty-one or two thousand words at them; but he gave them nearly as much more next day, concluding this time amid "laughter in the gallery." He up over on Thursday, the 26th, but plunged into the fray again on Friday, the 27th. About 32,000 words was his quota for this occasion; it was largely made up of long extracts in small type and tables of figures that no one on earth could understand. Then "the honorable senator yielded the floor for the day," and on Monday the 30th of October, he proceeded to lay the lines with of his argument, array in compact phalanx his forces, marshal in orderly ranks his figures, deploy and transfix prevaricators—all this in a few short sentences requiring but more than 12,000 words. His last words were a stanza of poetry of which the concluding lines are:

> But the time has arrived when we must or must
> Ask leave to set out the weaker half.

Most people will agree that it was about enough for the weaker to say. We believe the speech is with the exception the longest ever delivered in Congress, the exception being a heroic effort of the same character. As printed in the Record it occupies more than 60 pages of more than 2,000 words to the page, and required for its delivery almost the whole of the time at eight sessions of the Senate.

And yet the bill to repeal the purchasing clause of the Sherman act passed the Senate, received the President's approval and is now law of the land!

CUT DOWN THE FEES.

At an early stage of the present session of the Legislature, Representative J. E. Booth gave out that he contemplated introducing a bill to revise the fee bill now being enacted under the existing statutory law. He also intimated that he might include the county and city officials. The gentleman should mature and introduce the bill without unnecessary delay. If he does not, the time required by the Assembly to consider and pass it will very likely be spent in amending other legislation, and bills so benefiting such a low would be laid and perhaps positively buried.

The recent publication of the particulars in the case of a taxpayer, whose tax was four cents, but who actually paid $6.01 or less his property, is sufficient proof of a change in the conditions which urgently justified the law because of the low tax rates and entirely settled conditions of the Territory. This change demands that a change be also made in the law, which under present circumstances operates as an outrage upon the people. Perhaps no computer is almost heard in the halls of justice in this Territory, that not of the widow and orphan, whose gain against the extortion of which they are hence the victims, under the authority of the provisions of the private practice act, which quietly the fees that may be charged in the settlement of an estate. Therefore must be paid in cash, and in view of time it, a cow, a horse, and other property of much greater value, every needed for their support by the widow and children of the dead husband and father, must be sacrificed.

The fee collected is bitter, inadequate services, under a set that of existing law. Many cases of such necessities with proceedings in all the courts are noted and sought to be set down at exclusion. The perquisite which a number of public officers are permitted to collect from the people are, in many cases, an unjust and unreasonable tax upon persons having necessary business with or before such officers. The Legislature should modernize it if it cannot remove the evil at less. Let there be equal Provide for the compensation for those who carry the responsibilities and discharge the functions of official life, but do not allow them to be robbed!

INFORMATION WANTED.

A correspondent from Wasatch county, Utah, asks the following question:

Who was the first male child born in Utah after the arrival of the Pioneers in 1847, or who was the first woman to give birth to a child?

Whitney's History of Utah gives as the date of the birth of the first white child, August 9, 1847, two weeks and two days after the arrival of the Pioneers; but this child was a girl, daughter of John and Catherine Campbell Stoneman, both of the Mormon Battalion, who reached the valley in Captain Brown's company, July 28. The little lady was named Young Elizabeth Stoneman. The History gives no name of the first boy born, nor have we been able up to the time to ascertain to whom this distinction belongs.

A friend suggests that on the occasion of a Pioneer jubilee some years ago, a young man was introduced to the audience as the first white boy born in Utah. We have failed, however, to find any record of such event in the back files of the News, and Andrew Jenson, who is a thorough searcher after historical facts, has also been unable to give us any information. He suggests that Hon. A. O. Smoot, of Provo, had a son born in the "Old Fort," Salt Lake City, November 25, 1847, and that this boy was perhaps the first. From other sources we hear this disputed. We are accordingly compelled to confess our inability to answer the question propounded, and the person to be a fitting occasion to add for any light on the subject that any reader of the News may see in possession of.

FOR CLEAN FOOD.

The report of Henry Rennick, Commissioner of the Interior, contained in the News of the 5th inst., should be encouraging relating for producers of honey and other entities interested for not only in Cache Valley but throughout the Territory. There is little doubt that the suggested topic has been a matter of thoughtful consideration in many occasions to the users of the product. The pen picture, presented by Mr. Rollick, of the miners which represents mountaineer honey as being the product of most of the colonies of his section is almost enough to cause one's stomach to turn at the mention of honey, with the accompanying vision of dead bees, honeycombs and other impurities.

It probably will be claimed that straining produces perfectly clear honey; but the claim is hardly borne out by the facts, as an examination of honey of the kind of the product will show. Pieces of legs, wings, etc., are frequently to be discovered. Of course all the Utah honey is not that way, nor is there so great a proportion of it as there might appear to be of those county's product, according to what the reporter saw on his off on visits. Yet there is enough of it in that condition that users should be on for the personal benefit of the producers.

All this points to him the fact of impure food that is sold in Utah is frequently strained honey, there might be cause for self congratulation. But this cannot be done. Unfortunately there are many articles of food that are placed on the market and have the appearance of a condition and what it should be. Meats, vegetables, etc., come in this category as very prominent. The reason of better for the stands which have been for some years. The world is to be informed concerning the fact that the reason for the success in Europe with an excess of salt, or 27 grade left by Omaha packing methods, and will it be found, after straining a good honey, even to the consumers.

Apropos produces and dairy products of most that personal pride in raising their products to market in well kept conditions. Above all they should observe cleanliness. To sick butter, dairy or other articles of food with impurities through carelessness or contamination is a place of corporate shame such as is truly known among all families in. Sometimes it is the have an number which through thoughtlessness or ignorance, and this cause might be attributable to failure of some one knowing, or such is some better cultivated, but it is the case with all who are not anxious to market and be likely to lose. There are a good many people in this business who might profitably amend their ways as far as care and cleanliness are concerned.

BUFFALO BILLS CONVERSION.

Colonel W. F. Cody, better known as "Buffalo Bill," is about to have quarrel, if one of the latest reports from New York is true. In an interview the other day the colonel was charged that he has been negotiating with the Philadelphia Friends with a view of establishing a colony on his ranch near North Platte, Neb., where he owns four thousand acres of land, said to have fine soil and to be well watered. This land he will divide in small holdings with a family on each. He has in, further, to establish a community of interest and he hopes to gather round him a little colony of five hundred people. In case he succeeds he may even join the sect himself. "There isn't her virtues so low regarded than war," said the colonel, when asked if he would become a Quaker. "Many strange things happen. Why should not Buffalo Bill become a Quaker, if he sees fit? Why not indeed? Nothing is more delightful to a traveler after a stormy voyage than a calm, peaceful harbor; the balmy spring is all the more enjoyed after a severe winter, and rest is sweetest when the preceding labor has been hardest. On the same principle it is not difficult to imagine "Buffalo Bill" ending almost as the chief of a Quaker community after years of Wild West show.

A LADY EXPLORER.

On Saturday Mrs. Isabella Bishop, the famous lady fellow to the Royal Geographical society, sailed from Vancouver for China, whither she goes on a trip of exploration. Mrs. Bishop has been in many of the countries of the world, and has written many books of her travels, her literary title being Mrs. Bird. The volume relating her experiences in this part of the country is styled "A Lady's Life in the Rocky Mountains."

Mrs. Bishop is being sent out by the Royal Geological society on her present trip, one reason for her selection being that the one to the society would not be so much as if a man were sent, as a woman can secure more liberal concessions from the authorities in foreign lands for transportation than can one of the stronger sex. The lady herself enjoys foreign travel. In fact her own country is the only one that she complains of in going from place to place, and this is on account of the "pine" that are required by railway and other employes, that she, "Tipping in England has become a national calamity. I travel with no comfort in my own country. Every where I turn I find an atmosphere saturated with an oily smile and an itching palm."

Mrs. Bishop was very successful in her recent exploration of Tibet, where she met with an accident that nearly cost her her life. She slipped and fell into a river, from which she was rescued by two brave Tibetan youths. Her present sailing is to explore through the comparatively unknown regions of northern China. The courage she exhibits in undertaking such arduous work is deserving of success.

EARLY ELECTRIC MOTOR.

Most people look upon the electric motor as the product of a very few years ago. Yet it is a fact that the machine was constructed and operated more than forty years ago, though the expense of operating it was too great to admit of its use. One of the most successful of those exhibits was the motive locomotive of Dr. Charles G. Page, of Salem, Mass., which made an experimental trip from Washington to Bladensburg, over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, on April 29, 1851.

This locomotive obtained a rate of speed on a nearly level road of nineteen miles per hour, and the trial trip was made over the same road where Morse had succeeded with the first recording magnetic telegraph line from Baltimore to Washington in 1844. The cost of producing electricity by the consumption of zinc in a battery precluded the possibility of deriving any economical advantage from the plan and Dr. Page was compelled to abandon his idea of rapid transit. Nevertheless, the experiments were made use, as well as an effective aid in the evolution of the modern motor, which has since attained the greatest size.

There are a good many of the inventions of modern times that are but the remaining of old ideas. The steam locomotive machine was known and used by Greeks and Romans in their temples, moreover in years ago. Well merely developed the steam engine and made it a commercial reality. The bicycle, it is claimed, has been in use for hundreds of years, and the wonder of the wheelmen nowadays has proved an old invention and present a idea being dressed up in what we in modern a collapsed line. Yet in both developments the men who made them are entitled to the award of genius for bringing into practical use that which before was beyond the reach of the people.

AN ARTICLE on "Pontifical Encyclicals and the Papacy," which is sure to attract considerable attention just now when the relations between the Vatican and the Quirinal are so subject of so much discussion, has been written for the February number of the *North American Review*, by the Right Rev. Monsignor Bernard O'Reilly, who is known as the biographer of Pope Leo XIII.

Keep up With the Times, don't sling in the superfluous things. Do you use cereal foods on your breakfast table? Then you need cream. Borden's Peerless Brand Evaporated Cream is wonderfully superior in richness and flavor to ordinary milk or cream.

Life is Misery

To many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this cruelest are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.

Hood's Pills cures all liver ills. 25c.

SALT LAKE THEATER

CHAS. S. BURTON, Manager.

3 NIGHTS 3 COMMENCING MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5TH.

THE DISTINGUISHED ACTOR, Mr. James O'NEILL.

MONDAY AND WEDNESDAY, FEB. 5 AND 7. MONTE CRISTO.

TUESDAY NIGHT, FEB. 6TH. VIRGINIUS.

FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THIS CITY.

Prices—$1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seat at Grow's Drug Store Monday, Feb. 5th.

Gala Afternoon—June 7, Ruby, in "Mr. Pip." Monday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 9, 16, 23. Seats at Grow's Drug Store Wednesday, Feb. 7.

Prices same as above.

WONDERLAND.

Main St.—Next to Salt Lake Hotel.

NEW CONVERGING SIDE THEATER.

Monday, Feb. 5th.

Entirely Fresh, the Spectacular Mass Drama, Specially Performers.

THE ATONE.

Station Master and Stock Co. in a Country Adventure.

ADMISSION—10c.

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS, Attorneys at Law. Rooms 53 to 59 McCornick Block.

JAS. H. MOYLE, Attorney at Law. Rooms 30 to 35 Constitution Building, Opp. P. O. U. L.

L. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS, Attorneys at Law and Land Attorneys. 17 to 23 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

YOUNG, YOUNG & MOYLE. Le Grande Young. Richard W. Young. Jesse W. Moyle. Attorneys at Law, Deseret Nat. Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City.

R. T. LLOYD, Attorney at Law, 404 McCornick Block.

J. E. TAYLOR, PATENT ATTORNEY. Patents for Inventions, Trade Marks, &c. Full instructions, circulars on request. Office, 261 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON, Dentist, Rooms 506-7 Constitution Building.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR & BRO., Dentists. Rooms 1 and 2 Smith Aparicio Building, 1st floor, 102 Main Street.

DR. J. THOMAS, Surgeon Dentist, 15 Main St. All work guaranteed. Anesthetic Administered.

D. DIMSTEDT, Fine Custom Made Boots and Shoes. Repairing Neatly Executed. 75 E. 1st South St.

Great Remnant Sale!

Suits to Order $10.00

Pants " $2.50

Fine Trimmings.

GABEL, THE TAILOR, 60 WEST 2nd SOUTH.

One Week!

WE SHALL FILL OUR TABLES WITH SUITABLE, SERVICIBLE and VALUABLE GOODS, AND TAKE A WEEK TO SELL THEM.

Everything Marked In Plain Figures.

OUR PROMISED .. MUSLIN .. UNDERWEAR FOR LADIES, MISSES, . CHILDREN AND INFANTS WILL BE DISPLAYED ALSO, and you can be prepared for the prices.

THE STOCK MUST BE SOLD.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES AT

Z. C. M. I.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

DAVIS SHOE HOUSE

110 MAIN STREET.

READ PRICES OF SALE NOW ON.

MENS' SHOES, Way Down.

All solid shoes for men, $3.

James Mann's new styles, $3.25.

All $4 shoes now $3.

All $5 shoes now $4.

All $6, $7 and $8 shoes now $5.

We have the world renowned makers, such as Strong & Carvill, Clough and E. T. Harrell in the last other.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

FOR EASE AND COMFORT WEAR THE DAVIS GAITER FOR LADIES

LADIES' SHOES At Cost.

$2.35, shoes for ladies, $2.25. Words will not express their true value. A surprise awaits you to see them.

48 STYLES.

$2.25 buys a fine kid shoe with patent tip and made in style. We deserve a medal for selling the best $3 shoe in Salt Lake.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

Wear the DAVIS GAITER. No tearing of laces no breaking of button holes. Prices the very lowest. Mail orders promptly filled.

Continental MARKET

ERECTED AT A COST OF $45,000.

. 45 STALLS TO . SELECT FROM.

DIRECTORY

Give It a Trial.

Cor. 1st South & West Temple.

STALL 1. Bountiful Produce company. Fine Blackwell and Fresh Cow Meat, Salt 16.

STALL 2. S. F. BALL. Every description of Cakes, Pastries, Sandwiches, Home-made Bread a specialty.

STALL 3. WISCOMB & COMPANY. Game, Fancy and Green Groceries.

STALL 4. A. W. MURRAY & CO. Fresh Butter, Eggs, Honey, Smoked Meats, Fast and Sea Fish, Green Groceries, Fruits, etc.

STALL 5. J. M. REINSIMAR. Fresh and Smoked Fish, Poultry, Game, and Oysters.

STALL 6. W. L. PRICE & CO. Eggs and milk dealers in Lancaster, Fresh Vegetables, Strawberries paid for poultry and produce.

STALL 7. NEW YORK & CEYLON TEA CO. Teas and Coffees. Microscopic analysis. Extracts and Spices a specialty.

STALL 8. Salt Lake Cider & Vinegar Co., Cider and Malt Vinegar, Pickles, Catsups, Home Bottled, Mustards, etc. Barrels sealed.

STALL 9. Central Meat Market. Dealers in Beef, Pork, Veal, Mutton, Poultry, Game, Fish, Oysters, Fruits, Vegetables, Fresh Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Hams, Bacon, Smoked Meats, etc. Fresh Ranch Eggs. Fresh Ranch Butter. Fresh Cow Meat. Fresh Pork. Fresh Veal. Fresh Mutton. Fresh Lamb. Fresh Poultry. Fresh Game. Fresh Fish. Fresh Oysters. Fresh Fruits. Fresh Vegetables. Fresh Eggs. Fresh Butter. Fresh Cheese. Fresh Lard. Fresh Hams. Fresh Bacon. Fresh Smoked Meats. Fresh Sausage. Fresh Pickles. Fresh Catsups. Fresh Home Bottled. Fresh Mustards. Fresh Barrels sealed.

STALL 10. JOHN DAVIS. Dealer in Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds.

JOHN BERGEN, the reliable Tailor

Has removed to 119 W. South Temple Street. He will be glad to have his customers and friends come and see him and give him some work. Good work and cheap. Perfect fit guaranteed. All kinds of store orders taken for pay.

MONEY TO LOAN

COLLATERAL SECURITY.

Any amount in Sums. Parties desiring to borrow money can do so without publicity. Interest always payable.

H. W. FULLER, Rm 1 E., Second South St.

JAMES SPENCER BATEMAN CO.,

(Successors to David Jones & Co.) 341 Commercial Street.

Plumbers, Tinners, Gas and Steam Fitters.

We carry a complete line of Gas and Kerosene Stoves and Ranges, Gasolies and Oil Stoves, Tin Ware, Granite Ironware and House Furnishing Goods.

NO. 67 MAIN STREET.