

HURLED A TRAIN FROM THE RAILS.

Great Damage in Nevada and California by Storm.

ROOF OFF RENO C. P. DEPOT.

Other Places are Injured—Traffic Is Stopped—Snow Piles Snowed In—Six Feet of Snow.

Reno, Nev., Jan. 4.—A terrific wind storm has done much damage here and in this vicinity. The south-bound passenger train on the Nevada, California and Oregon railway was struck by the gale at Doyle's, forty miles north of Reno, and was hurled from the rails. Four passengers and three trainmen were hurt. The severe injuries were sustained by Mrs. E. D. Dodge, of this city. A baggage car on the Virginia city and Truckee railroad express was lifted from its trucks at Washington Mills south of here.

A portion of the roof of the Central Pacific freight depot at Reno was blown off, and the round house suffered similarly.

R. W. Parry was the heaviest loser. The lively stable is a three-story brick building, and one of the largest in town. A portion of the second floor was used as a residence.

Parry and his family were seated in the dining room, when, without warning, a sixty-foot section of brick, lath, wall collapsed and crashed through the ceiling. Mr. and Mrs. Parry and their three children were buried in the debris, but almost miraculously escaped serious injury. Parry estimates his loss at \$2,500 to \$3,000.

J. A. Pothoff's large brick livery stable lost a cornice. The roof was torn asunder, and the western wall, threatened with collapse. Masters of the State university and its students were blown in. The residence of John Sparks, the millionaire cattle king, was slightly damaged.

A play-house on the Fourth street public school ground was hurled intact over 100 feet.

SAN FRANCISCO IS HIT.

San Francisco, Jan. 3.—A severe windstorm, accompanied by a driving rain, broke over the city this morning. Although of short duration, it did considerable damage. None of the individual losses, however, are large. Telegraph and telephone wires were downed, and very little news was received here from the coast or points east. The residence of John Sparks, the millionaire cattle king, was slightly damaged. A play-house on the Fourth street public school ground was hurled intact over 100 feet.

SHIPPING SUFFERS.

The schooner Mandalay that all the afternoon moored at Hathaway's wharf, knocked a number of planks loose from the pier and ripped a hole in her upper works before she was taken to a sheltered cove across the bay.

The ship Challenger and the bark Gatherer were anchored in the stream all day, and toward night they hoisted signals for tug. Their crews had been alarmed at the threatening weather, and had their vessels moved to more sheltered anchorages.

At main street wharf about twenty feet of the bulk head was washed away.

A portion of the ventilator on top of the new Ferry building, was blown away and Fred Rowen, who was on the roof at the time, had a narrow escape from death.

BUILDINGS INJURED.

In the city several trees and many advertising fences were prostrated. A new residence at 2151 Folsom street, was blown over. A young woman, who refused to give her name, was knocked almost senseless by a blow against a telegraph pole on Bush street. The heavy cornice of a building at Kearny and Sacramento streets fell to the street and several pedestrians had narrow escapes. At Powell and Sacramento streets two trees were blown across the street car tracks, stopping travel for some time. St. Luke's hospital was plunged in darkness by the breaking of its electric wires. The gale seems to be raging not only on the southern coast, but all along the line from Santa Cruz to Cape Platters.

The waves are rolling mountain high at Fort Ross. Old timers report by telephone that it is the worst storm ever known in that locality. The bay on the Oakland side was so rough that the ferry steamer Newark was withdrawn from service and the freight boat Eden turned back to port. The British bark Invermark and the American bark Theobald collided in the bay. The Invermark had her jib boom carried away.

SIX FEET AND STILL SNOWING.

Yreka, Cal., Jan. 4.—The snow storm has passed all previous records, and two inches have fallen since Tuesday evening and it is still snowing furiously. Buildings are falling in under the tremendous weight.

North and south bound trains, engines and snow plows are snowed in at different places in the county on the line of the railroad.

The Fort Jones and Etna stage has been since yesterday morning, trying to come a distance of eighteen miles, and it is feared that the passengers and driver are helpless in the Scott Valley mountains.

Two hundred and twenty-five excursionists from this county and as many more from southern Oregon and other points are in San Francisco unable to return on account of the blockade.

Striking Colliers Win.

Helifax, N. S., Jan. 4.—The colliers' strike in Pictou has collapsed by the unconditional surrender of the operators to the demand for a 12 per cent increase in wages. The strike lasted three days. Had the owners not given in, the 1,200 miners of Sprinfield would have ceased work today and gone out with their Pictou brethren. Accordingly, the coal mine managers of the province met and reached a decision to grant the demands of the men.

Censure the Captain.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 4.—The coroners' jury at Union, which has been investigating the death of the victim of the Alpha wreck, has returned a verdict censuring the captain of that steamer for not having a reliable chart and for attempting to enter the channel near Union without a pilot.

Skin-Tortured Babies

And Worn-out Worried Mothers Find Comfort in Cuticura.

INSTANT RELIEF AND REFRESHING SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES and rest for tired mothers, in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure and parast of emollients. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusty, and blotchy humors of the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children.



Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of washes with gentle anointings of CUTICURA Ointment for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves. CUTICURA SOAP combines in One Soap at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the best skin and complexion soap, and the best toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, \$1.25. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened scales; CUTICURA Ointment (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set costing only \$1.25, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusty, and blotchy humors, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Cuticura

THE SET, \$1.25

GREAT BANKING TRUST CO.

It is Formed in the State of New Jersey by New Yorkers.

They Go Across the River to Incorporate—Reasons Given Out for This Course.

New York, Jan. 4.—The Tribune says: The certificate of incorporation of the North American Trust company of New Jersey, capital \$100,000, has just been recorded in the office of the clerk of Hudson County, N. J., and filed with the banking department at Trenton. Annexed to this certificate is the formal notice of approval of William Bettie, the commissioner of the banking and insurance of New Jersey, who certified that the establishment of this trust company will be of public service and approved the form of the certificate. The new company is empowered by its charter to do a general banking and trust company business. The stock is subscribed as follows:

Oakleigh Thorne, \$20,000; Alvah Trowbridge, \$20,000; James B. Dill, \$20,000; William H. Kimball, \$20,000; Alexander King \$10,000 and Howard K. Wood, \$10,000. Mr. Thorne is the president of the North American Trust company of New York. Mr. Trowbridge is vice president of the North American company and is president of the Ninth National Bank. Mr. Dill is a director and one of the counsel of the North American Trust company of New York. Mr. Kimball is the president of the Seventh National Bank. Mr. King is the vice president of the American Trust company of New York City and Mr. Wood is the president of the Corporation Trust company in New York City. The new company, while a separate organization, is apparently formed for the purpose of transacting in New Jersey the business of the banking institutions with which the men named are connected.

The question of establishing branches has been a perplexing one to the financial institutions of New Jersey. While one or more banks and trust companies have endeavored to form connections with other institutions which acted as branches for them, they have been prevented from establishing actual branch agencies by the State banking laws. The simple reason that a bank examiner in New York was not obliged to go out of the State to examine securities located outside of the borders of this State. If he took this course at all, it was simply as a matter of favor, but in the strict pursuance of his duty it was necessary for him to require a local institution to withdraw temporarily all the property, assets and deposits from the branch and bring them to the State. This requirement has been so onerous as sometimes to tend to strain the relations between the State banking department and financial institutions having so-called branches outside of this State.

That the North American Trust company with a capital and surplus of \$450,000, shall organize in the State of New Jersey, a trust company under practically the same name, with the words "New Jersey" added, with a capitalization of only \$100,000, but with power to do business in and throughout the State of New Jersey, is regarded by Wall street as a bold departure from banking. It is intimated that the establishment of this branch in New Jersey will enable the North American Trust company of New York to take deposits for the account of the New Jersey concern and vice versa, the connection between the two being openly announced both by the similarity of their names and the identity of their controlling interests. It is also to be noticed that the new trust company of New Jersey has especially broad powers in connection with matters of organization and reorganization, having special authority to act not only as the fiscal agent of corporations, but also as receiver.

Business Men's Association.

New York, Jan. 4.—Cornelius N. Bliss has been selected to succeed the late W. I. Strong as chairman of the Business Men's Republican and Sound Money association, at a meeting held at the Fifth Avenue hotel. This organization, which was formed in 1898, has heretofore taken no part except in presidential political contests. It has now decided to take an active part in State and local campaigns.

With this idea in view, a committee was appointed last night to secure articles of incorporation.

Orange Crop Unhurt.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 4.—Reports from San Bernardino, Redlands, Riverside and other centers of the orange growing industry in eastern California indicate that the recent cold snap inflicted practically no damage upon the orange crop. The temperature got below the freezing point in many localities, and ice was formed in exposed places, but the trees were protected by the wind and took proper precautions against freezing.

The cold snap is believed to be at an end, and the weather bureau predicts general rains, which will be of great benefit.

REORGANIZE DEMOCRATS.

Samuel J. Tilden Club Incorporated for That Purpose.

Wants Simon-Pure Democrats on Old-Fashioned Democratic Platforms—Some of the Club Leaders.

New York, Jan. 4.—The Journal and Advertiser says: Grover Cleveland, David B. Hill, Daniel S. Lamont, William F. Sheehan, William C. Whitney, Jacob A. Cantor and other Democrats are, it is announced, to become members of the Samuel J. Tilden club, with headquarters at Broadway and 72nd street, articles of incorporation for which have just been signed by Justice Leventritt, in the Supreme court.

The club, as declared by those who are promoting its interests, is to be the pioneer in the movement suggested by Grover Cleveland for the "re-organization" of the Democratic party and to promulgate true Democratic principles throughout the United States.

It is to be a national as well as a State and local institution, and will seek to have nominated for office only "simon-pure" Democrats running on "old-fashioned" Democratic platforms. The two hundred men whom the incorporators assert have already signed their intention of joining are to be summoned early in the coming week, at which time officers are to be chosen. Robert Dowling, head of the contracting firm of Flake and Dowling, may be the first president.

The names of Jacob A. Cantor, for years the Democratic leader of this State; Samuel J. Hotchkiss, William Arrowsmith and Perez M. Stewart, who defeated Robert M. La Follette for the assembly a year ago, appear upon the articles of incorporation.

This is what Senator Cantor had to say about the club after a long conference with former Lieut. Gov. William F. Sheehan and Anthony N. Brady of Albany.

"The Samuel J. Tilden club is incorporated in response to the wishes of Democrats who are desirous that the party shall not continue to lose, but rather to win battles at the polls. "We shall, instead of fighting for sixteen to one, fight for tariff reform, against subsidies, against centralization of power, and the other great issues on which the Democracy has heretofore gone to the people and won a victory. "Will such men as Grover Cleveland, David B. Hill, William C. Whitney and Daniel S. Lamont, join your club?" was asked.

"We certainly should not have formed it were we not assured of the sympathy of men of their type."

New Daily News Editor.

New York, Jan. 4.—A dispatch to the World from London says:

The new editor of the Daily News is Rudolph C. Lehmann, the famous university rowing coach, who went to America a few years ago especially to coach the Harvard crew.

Lehmann married an American woman, the daughter of the late Harrison Davis. He is a strong radical in politics, and a clever writer. He has a large proprietary interest in the Daily News.

H. W. Massingham, who resigned the editorship of the Daily Chronicle rather than sacrifice his anti-war convictions, will be the chief editorial and parliamentary writer under Lehmann.

Negro Lynched in Georgia.

Rome, Ga., Jan. 3.—George Reed, a negro, charged with an attempted assault upon Mrs. J. M. Locklear of this city last night, was hanged to a tree today, after which his body was riddled with bullets by a mob of 150 men. Reed protested his innocence.

Much excitement prevailed throughout the day before the lynching was accomplished. After his arrest this morning the negro was taken before Mrs. Locklear, but she failed to identify him, and he was returned to jail. However, the mob which had been seeking the prisoner's life apparently was not satisfied. The demonstrations were so pronounced that Judge Henry of the superior court, not feeling any reason for holding Reed, and fearing an attack on the jail, ordered the sheriff to release him.

The men, after the release, formed within the city limits and marched to the house of Lilla Glover in North Rome. Here they found Reed. He was taken three miles from this place before being lynched. Mrs. Locklear's condition is serious.

Report Von Walderssee Dead.

Paris, Jan. 4.—Le Journal reports under reserve the death of Count von Walderssee, the rumor being that he was killed by an officer of the allied troops, the circumstances not being related.

It is said that the rumor is current in Berlin, where it is not confirmed. The death of Walderssee, however, is known to have been a week after the rumor became current.

BOERS ARE USING DUM DUM BULLETS

Were Captured from the English, and Have Woolwich Arrow Mark.

BURGHERS NOT YET BEATEN

Have 16,000 Men to Cope With British—Statement from a Boer Representative.

New York, Jan. 4.—Charles D. Pierce, consul general of the Orange Free state in New York, and treasurer of the Boer relief fund in America, has given out the following statement:

"The news coming to us every day, both by public and private cable, shows the reported conquest of the Boers to be a delusion.

"There are under arms on the Boer side over sixteen thousand hardy, determined, invincible patriots—of which 5,000 are now invading Cape Colony—against the 210,000 troops landed from Great Britain and her dependencies.

"The British invaders have lost over 45 per cent of that force. The Boers' total losses in killed and dying from wounds, have not exceeded 1,000, but their loss in property and in the impoverishment of the people has been very great.

"Part of the Boers are armed with Mausers, using a plain bullet, but many have Lee Metford rifles, which use the dum-dum bullet, and all of the latter were captured from the English; they bear the arrow mark of Woolwich."

Another Kidnapping.

New York, Jan. 4.—William L. Radford, a real estate dealer of prominence, reported at the bureau of information early this morning that he had reason to believe that his sixteen-year-old daughter Mary may have been kidnapped. The girl was slightly ill and was to have met her father at noon yesterday at the Sixth Avenue Elevated Railway station at Thirty-third street. He was to have accompanied her to his physicians. She did not keep the appointment. He waited for three hours vainly, and then went home. There he was told that Mary had left the house in time to keep the appointment at noon, and that nothing more was known of her.

Steamer Wrecked.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 4.—The steamer Guy according to Skagway advice, brought down by the Victorian, was wrecked on a reef and a half below Skagway on the afternoon of Saturday, Dec. 22. The Guy was on her way from Skagway to Haines when the disaster occurred.

The news was given out at Skagway by the steamer Mabel, which passed the wrecked December 23. She found the Guy's battered hull ashore on the rocks on the west side of the canal. There were no lights or signs of life aboard, and the supposition is that Capt. E. O. Dickinson and the crew, consisting of engineer and clerk, were drowned while trying to reach shore in a small boat.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

What has thus far been learned about flesh foods has been collected in a new English work by C. A. Mitchell. It corrects the serious but common mistake of supposing that meat extracts have any value as food, and points out that Liebig expressly stated that his extract of meat was to be regarded as a stimulant, like tea or coffee, and not as a food. While some products have eight or ten per cent of meat added to them, the food value of a large quantity would be needed to give the nourishment of an egg. A matter of much importance is the detection of diseased meat, which cannot always be done by certainly by chemical means, and the microscope shows bacteria of all forms in sound as well as diseased meat. Certain tests are to be learned by long practice.

A striking observation of the slow-movement with which heat penetrates the snow has been made in Australia by St. Charles Todd. In a hot wave lasting from the 7th to the 18th of February, the temperature was above 100 degrees on five days and above 90 degrees on ten days. On the 8th the temperature at the Adelaide Observatory was 73.5 degrees at three feet below the surface, and 67.5 degrees at eight feet. On the 15th the readings were 73.5 degrees and 68.4 degrees respectively, an increase in the ten hot days of only 2.1 degrees and 0.9 degree.

In this season of prophecy, the picture of the future earth should include the flora at a time when the nature plants and fruits shall have been improved out of existence. Note the chrysanthemum as an illustration of the evolution. In its native Chinese home this is a poor weed, with yellow flowers scarcely a half-inch long, yet from it the Chinese and Japanese have obtained flowers of every shade except blue, and gardeners have increased their size to 15 to 18 inches in diameter.

A new determination by M. Perrotin, places the velocity of light at 186,228 miles per second.

Another industrial transformation through the use of electricity is looked for by Mr. E. Bailey, of York, Eng. He uses the electric arc for volatilizing pig lead, and exposes the metallic vapor to suitable gases for converting it into carbonate of lead—the white lead of commerce—and other lead compounds. The apparatus being hermetically sealed, the usual great risk of poisoning is removed. The fumes pass into canvas-roofed chambers, where the fine dry powdered white lead falls down, while the incondensable gases escape through the canvas. Grinding, washing, drying and other objectionable processes of the present dangerous industry are made unnecessary. It is claimed that this rapid and direct method of manufacture will cheapen the cost at least 50 per cent under usual conditions, and that the economy may be even greater with water power or cheap fuel.

The steam meter of A. Friedberg, of

The Delicious Fragrance

from a hot
Royal Baking
Powder biscuit
whets the
appetite. The
taste of such
a biscuit—
sweet, creamy,
delicate and
crispy—is a joy
to the most
fastidious.

ROYAL Baking Powder improves the flavor and adds to the healthfulness of all risen flour-foods. It renders the biscuit, bread and cake more digestible and nutritious.

Royal Baking Powder makes hot breads wholesome. Food raised with Royal will not distress persons of delicate or enfeebled digestion, though eaten warm and fresh.

Many imitation baking powders, made from alum, are upon the market. Alum is a corrosive poison, used only because it is cheap. The use of alum baking powders is condemned by all physicians, and in many sections their sale is prohibited by law.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Berlin, is a simple but ingenious device placed in a horizontal length of the main through which the steam passes. It consists of a flat plate, actuating through a sector and rack a conical plug valve in the top of the main, and as the steam flows through the pipe this plate rises toward a horizontal position, opening the valve to a degree corresponding to the amount of steam passing. The quantity of steam being used is readily determined from that escaping through the valve. This is condensed, and either permitted to flow into a measuring tank provided with a glass gauge, or is made to fall upon a bucket wheel whose revolutions are indicated upon a counter arranged to show the corresponding steam-flow through the main.

The luminous electric radiator of Dowling has been adapted to serve as a coal fire. A bright copper frame-work imitating an open fire-grate reflects the light of four special incandescent lamps, and the heat of the radiating surface warms a current of air that by suitable channels is made to flow out into the room.

Yellow and yellowish-green eyeglasses are found by Drs. Dolkanoff and Klimovitch to be of advantage in protecting the eyes from strong violet rays, as when working under an electric arc, or from ordinary violet rays when the eyesight is weakened, and possibly for aiding distant vision.

One of the latest new diseases is traced to imperfectly cured sausages. It differs from poisoning by putrefying meat, and in the epidemic observed, affecting three adults and five children, it was at first thought to be diphtheria. Its specific organism, bacillus botulinus, has been isolated and found to generate a toxin producing effects like the poisons of tetanus and diphtheria. The symptoms do not appear for 12 to 24 hours. The disease begins with indigestion, vomiting, and diarrhoea, followed by difficult breathing and prostration. The skin and mucous membranes become very dry. The mouth ulcerates, red patches appear in the throat, often with a grayish membrane, and there is constipation and hoarseness or cough. Death may occur after a considerable period of wasting, or within eight or ten days from paralysis of respiration.

A new lesson in the handling of poisons is conveyed by a recent singular case in England. A farm laborer, returning from town, helped some men unload a quantity of timber, and in so doing spilled half a pint of carbolic acid upon his clothes from a bottle in his pocket. Being given a ride, he was soon noticed to be yawning in his seat, when he was helped home as intoxicated. He died on reaching the house, and the physician summoned, finding that the caustic acid had spread over much of the body, concluded that death resulted from absorption of the acid.

The welding of aluminum is a discovery of W. C. Heraeus, of Hanau. It is found that the metal becomes soft when heated by a blow-pipe to a certain critical temperature, which exists within narrow limits, and that two pieces may then be so firmly joined by hammering that no joint can be detected. As no oxide is formed at the welding temperature, no flux is required.

Sensitiveness is attributed by Dr. A. E. Summe to mental impressions, which may be received wholly through vision. In proof of this he tells of a house that was carried away by a flood and landed in a very unusual position, when, though perfectly stationary, it caused persons entering it to become seasick.

A brown color of the ticking suits worn by soldiers in tropical sands is found to hide the men from a distant enemy. Some means of temporarily giving this color to the white suits provided for the troops sent to China has been sought by the German navy, and the solution of the problem is credited to an apothecary named Milch. The suits

1. plat G.....	1
Theo. Bunnell to Edgar S. Hills, warranty deed, east half lot 1, block 73, plat D.....	1.500
Isabella L. McGhie to Emily C. Smith, warranty deed, part lot 4, block 1, five-acre plat A, big field survey.....	600
Rachel Isaac to Francis A. Langton, warranty deed, 510 rods northeast corner lot 2, block 49, plat C, etc.....	2.000
James R. Hardman et ux to John G. Brown, warranty deed, 24x10 rods northwest from 24 rods corner of section 10, township 11, range 2 east.....	3.600
Emilia C. Smith et al to Alex. Curtis et al, quit-claim deed, south half of west half lot 4, block 1, five-acre plat A, big field survey.....	1
Chloe A. R. Eldredge et al to Ben R. Eldredge, quit-claim deed, 3.65 acres, lot 15, block 35, ten-acre plat A, big field survey, etc Allen G. Campbell to Edgar S. Hills, east half lot 1, block 78, plat D.....	1
Gen. C. Adams to corner lot 4, Adams, quit-claim deed, 50 acres sections 29-30, township 11 south, range 1 east.....	10
Total.....	\$10,017
For a Cold in the Head	
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.	
The most soothing, healing and anti-septic application ever devised is Dr. Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It relieves at once and cures piles, sores, eczema and skin diseases. Beware of imitations. F. C. Schramm.	

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With the cold and your teeth chattering like a pair of castanets, come to us, because we have the daisiest little HEATING STOVE you ever heard of and we want to talk to you about it.

THE SALT LAKE HARDWARE CO.,
42-44-46 W. 2nd So.

ELIAS MORRIS & SONS COMPANY.

21-23-25-27 W. South Temple, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Mantles and Grates
Monuments and Headstones.

Just Received Four Carloads of New Goods.
Now is the time to get what you want in our line at the Right Price.

van Houten's
Cocoa

contains more digestible nourishment than the finest Beef tea. For Breakfast, Luncheon, or Supper, it is unequalled.

Sold at all grocery stores—order it next time.