

The misunderstanding between Edmunds and Conkling, still unhealed, is said to have broken out afresh and with increased bitterness during the impeachment trial.

The *Herald's* Washington special says a good deal of remark is occasioned by the fact that while, according to Gov. Kellogg, there are serious disturbances in Louisiana, so grave as to lead him to urgently demand Federal interference, he not only remains here, but has with him, spending their time in Washington, Wharton, Adj. General of the State, Ayres, Deputy U. S. Marshal, the clerk of the Metropolitan police, a body which the Governor can use at will in any part of Louisiana, and Badger, chief of Police.

If the Senate shall decide it has jurisdiction, Chandler intends to recommend to the House the impeachment of Thompson, one of his predecessors, who was Secretary of the Interior before the war. It is said he is preparing the case from the records of public documents, and an investigation will be had by Congress afterwards. This shows that Thompson, as Secretary of the Interior, abstracted more than \$700,000 of public money in the best of securities and exchanged them for individual notes of contractors, and that was the last the Government ever had of an immense sum virtually thus stolen from the public treasury. Chandler says Thompson is now living and wealthy enough to be amply able to repay the amount to Government, and he should be made to do it.

Capt. Samuel Cook, aged 92 years, the oldest shipmaster, died in Boston on the 17th inst. He made the two shortest passages in the *Flying Cloud* between San Francisco and New York.

The *Sun's* Washington special says B. H. Campbell, U. S. Marshal for the northern district of Illinois, testified before the civil service committee to-day that Blakeley was honestly indebted to him in the sum of \$5,000 and notified that Miss Sweet would pay the indebtedness. She did pay him \$2,105, but had not the slightest knowledge that it had anything to do with her appointment as pension agent. He only learned this within the last five weeks, and had paid the entire amount back to Miss Sweet, the receipt of which she acknowledged.

NEWCASTLE, Del., 20.—Ten criminals, white and colored, were flogged at the jail to-day, the number of lashes for each ranging from ten to thirty. Before whipping them two whites and one colored were publicly exposed in the pillory for an hour.

WILMINGTON, Del., 20.—An explosion occurred this morning at Dupont's mills, killing four men, named Patrick McKenny, Andy Carter, Frederick Dougherty and Patrick Dougherty.

BOSTON, 20.—The race between Faulkner Regan and City Point crews to-day, distance a mile and a half and turn, for a purse of \$1,000, was won by the former. Time twenty minutes and eighteen seconds. At the end of the first heat the boats came in collision; each claims a foul.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day—John E. Sherman, Jr., to be U. S. marshal for New Mexico; Merritt C. Page, to be U. S. attorney for Montana.

The committee on federal offices in Louisiana to-day continued the examination of G. W. Ferguson.

The committee have decided to meet in New Orleans on Saturday, May 27th.

Ferguson testified that in September and October Gen. Sypher, ex-member of Congress, gave him a bundle of pay rolls, each separate voucher at that time being made out separately, and asked witness to fill them with any name he chose to do. Witness filled up and signed about fifty or sixty of these vouchers and returned them to Sypher who took them away, and returned with a package of money, paying witness his salary of \$90 and giving him some money to give to others whose names he had signed on the vouchers. Witness was asked to give names, which he had signed to the rolls, and he said he signed whatever name came into his mind. The money paid to witness was not his salary, for he was not then employed in the Custom House. He was a political striker. Sypher gave witness money for eight or ten persons. The money was put into envelopes in sums from thirty-five to ninety dollars, and handed to witness,

who gave them to parties designated by Sypher. No name was filled in the top of the voucher, and no sum of money was filled at the time witness signed vouchers. The vouchers were in blank when signed and the amounts were all put in afterwards.

The committee on rules have agreed to report that Fitzhugh is an improper person to be doorkeeper of the House, and will recommend that the offices of sergeant-at-arms and doorkeeper be consolidated.

Orders have been issued from the Treasury, instructing the assistant treasurers at New York and Boston to disburse \$400,000 in silver each, in payment of government checks, in addition to amounts heretofore authorized.

BALTIMORE, 20.—In the Methodist Episcopal Conference to-day, a preamble and resolution was read and referred, reciting that while it is not the policy or purpose of the Methodist Episcopal church in any manner to connect church with state, or to bring politics into our religion, yet in view of the impiety, unfaithfulness, and corruption in places of public trust, the conference recommends that members of the church throughout the country endeavor, by every just and proper means, to place in all civil offices of Government, only such men as are known to possess and maintain the true Christian character and principles.

Rev. Bennett Mitchell, of Northwestern Iowa, offered a resolution to remove the disabilities of women from holding offices in the church. Referred.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., 20.—A Millersburg special to the *Courier-Journal* reports a serious railroad accident at Hinkston Station, on the Maysville and Lexington road. The long span bridge gave way under the weight of the north bound train. The engineer discovered the bridge crumbling when one-fourth of the way over. He attempted to return, but, unable, turned on a full head of steam and succeeded in getting nearly over when the timbers gave way, and the passenger coach only fell into the water below, the bridge tumbling on it, and thirty passengers were more or less injured.

ST. LOUIS, 20.—Miss Julia Matthews, of the English opera bouffe, died at Mullanphy Hospital here yesterday p. m., of rheumatism and malarial fever. Her body will be embalmed and sent to England.

WHEELING, Va., 20.—Joblins, who left Carthage, Mo., with a wheelbarrow containing 500 pounds of minerals for the Centennial, and the seventy-nine year old gentleman that left New Albany, Ind., about three weeks ago for the same point, passed through this city this morning, both appearing in good health and spirits.

A third suit against the sureties of John Busby of the whiskey ring, was tried in the U. S. District Court and decided in favor of the Government. The jury returning a verdict for \$35,000, being the full amount of the bond.

BOSTON, 20.—In the Faulkner Regan and City Point race to-day, in which both crews claimed a foul, the referee has decided that the race be rowed again on Monday.

SCRANTON, 20.—A terrific explosion of fire damp occurred this forenoon at the Oxford air shaft of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company of this city, by which one man was killed instantly and four seriously scorched and otherwise injured. The explosion was caused by an accumulation of gas in the lower vein coming in contact with a miner's lamp.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The proposition for the material reduction in the appropriation for mail service on horse and steamboat routes was withdrawn before the House passed the postal appropriation bill. Unless the Senate amends the bill, however, all fast mail service must cease, and the free delivery in small cities be suspended.

There is much difference of opinion here on the question as to whether further legislation is required to secure patents to settlers, as against jumpers, on land within the limits of the railroad grants, and that were claimed under the Mexican grants which were subsequently rejected as invalid. Page thinks it unnecessary, because he don't believe the Interior Department has allowed any declaratory statements to be filed on such lands while the question of any Mexican grant's validity was pending. Wigginton, however, asserts many such filings have been allowed, and

unless settlers who have based their titles upon these supposed foundations hasten to file new declarations within the ninety days priority of the opportunity offered them by the general law, their lands and improvements are liable to be jumped. He says the Roland grant has been nearly all covered by declaratory statements thus illegally filed; therefore, he introduced, and will press his bill, which he thinks will secure all bona fide settlers, leaving nothing then for controversy.

Piper's earnest speech on the Chinese question has added to the impression upon Congress made by Sargent and Mitchell's efforts. He was especially effective in showing the helplessness of the California State authority to protect their people against the debasing and destructive evils locally imposed by the influx of coolies and criminals, and that there is no effectual remedy except by the modification of the Burlingame treaty.

There is no probability of the adjournment of Congress in June, as there is serious danger of a deadlock between the two houses on the appropriation bills. Besides, the republicans won't agree to adjourn until the House scandal committees have reported, lest they shall continue sitting during recess as so many mills for grinding out political capital. They will do well if they adjourn before August.

It is rumored that the sub-committee of ways and means are investigating the Alaska Commercial Company, and will report for sustaining the company and its contracts; also that this report will be contested in full committee.

The House committee on foreign affairs to-day received a letter from Cheesborough, of London, in which, replying to certain inquiries cabled by the committee ten days ago, he states that he left Paris in December, 1872, and went to London at the request of General Schenck, to look after letters and stock interests and that while in London he received a dispatch from General Schenck, authorizing the sale of 2,000 shares of the Emma mine stock for Schenck, which telegram he took to the General's bankers, Jay Cooke, McCullough & Co. In view of these statements, which are directly contradictory to part of General Schenck's testimony, the committee will delay their report in order to allow Schenck an opportunity next Monday to appear before them in regard to the issue of veracity thus raised.

In the Louisiana investigation Ferguson testified that money was paid for election purposes. The parties were democrats and liberal republicans, and they were expected to support the ticket bearing Sypher's name. Witness did not know that the money was not Sypher's own. He understood it was drawn from the custom house, owing to Sypher's having the rolls made out and taking them away and returning with the money. A telegram from Collector Casey states that he had records of his office to show that McCarthy imported a hundred and forty-five thousand cigars in March, 1875, and paid the full duty, instead of importing a hundred and forty thousand and paying duty on 70,000, according to the testimony of Ferguson. McCarthy telegraphed the committee to the same effect as Casey. Joseph E. Domingo, of New Orleans, telegraphed the contradiction of Ferguson's testimony relating to the cigar affair; and another telegram received from J. Maesach, pronouncing the cigar testimony absolutely and maliciously false. Ferguson answered that the statement in the dispatches was false. It could not be expected these men would acknowledge their connection with any fraudulent importing.

Representative Reagan denies that he has agreed to report favorably on a bill for the reciprocity treaty with Mexico. He has been unable to give the subject his attention, but will investigate it soon.

NEW YORK, 20.—Ben Holladay's last property at his Westchester County farm was sold yesterday at sheriff's sale to satisfy judgments.

Charles Francis Adams has been selected by the centennial committee of this city for orator on the 4th of July.

GALVESTON, Tex., 20.—The Galveston News special from Brownsville 20th says, General Revueller, with the advance of the Government forces under Escobedo, reached Matamoros last night at eight o'clock and the American and Ger-

man consuls turned over the city to him. Escobedo arrived there this morning. Diaz is reported to be at San Fernando, in the interior, whither Gonzalez has gone to join him.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—The investigation of the Bay View distillery and surroundings was completed to-day. The report will be submitted early next week. The officials are reticent, but do not deny that important discoveries have been made.

NEW YORK, 21.—Daniel Drew has been suffering from dysentery for some time past and his physicians say his recovery is doubtful, owing to extreme old age.

The *Times's* Washington special says the sub-committee on foreign affairs of the House, consisting of Faulkner, Springer and Monroe, began, to-day, an investigation of the charges of fraud in the settlement of the Venezuelan claims. The charges are that the claims were largely exaggerated and in some cases wholly fraudulent, and the commissioners who settled them were interested in the claims and received certain per cent. of each claim allowed, and that drafts for the payment of the claims allowed were made payable to bearer, so as to facilitate the division of the proceeds.

Another dispatch to the *Times* states that it appears that the management of the naval investigation is open to the charge of gross unfairness and imbecility. If the committee believes that the testimony which reflects upon Secretary Robeson was capable of explanation, common decency demanded that he should be examined at once and given an opportunity to produce his rebutting testimony. Not to do this, was to lay the committee fairly open to the suspicion that they desired to create a scandal rather than develop facts.

Louis Sorhagen and four of his children were bitten by a mad dog on Thursday last. One of the children has died of hydrophobia, and the physicians are of opinion that the rest will die.

WASHINGTON, 22.—The President has sent to the Senate the nominations of Pierpont for Minister to England, Judge Taft for Attorney General, and McDonald Cameron, son of Simeon, for Secretary of War.

The Senate, in executive session, confirmed the nominations of Pierpont, Taft and Cameron.

Blaine is still confined to his house by illness.

BOSTON, 22.—The three mile race on Charles River this morning, between Faulkner Regan and City Point crews, was won by the former, time twenty minutes twenty seconds.

The committee on federal offices in Louisiana met again to-day and continued the examination of G. W. Ferguson. The witness alluded further to the Custom House band, and thought there were twelve or fourteen members to it, and thinks their names were all on the pay roll of the Custom House. The band was used to attend political meetings, and Collector Casey once took them down the river when he went on an excursion on the revenue cutter *John A. Dix*. Perry Bell was the leader and Grinnell and Sam Lienburger were members. In relation to the frauds, witness said that, at one time, Domingo imported a lot of cigarettes, in boxes, containing 35 packs in each box, whereas the law requires that each box shall contain 25 packs, and the internal revenue taxes are paid on that basis. In this lot there were 58 boxes, and as each box had 10 extra packs in it, there were 580 packs that evaded the tax. It was the inspectors duty to see that the boxes contained the proper number. Ingolls was inspecting officer in this case, and witness did not report this case, because he felt sure he would have been discharged if he had done so. He had known instances where parties had been discharged for knowing too much. Witness was asked if he could identify the fraudulent pay rolls, of which he had spoken, and said he could. A sub-committee, consisting of Reilly and Darrell were appointed to visit the Treasury Department, with the witness, and see if the rolls were returned to the Department. They were also instructed, in response to the telegram received by the Chairman, from New Orleans, to ascertain if the pay-rolls for the months of December, 1875 and January and February, 1876, were in the Department; also if any application had been made

to withdraw them, and if so, by whom.

NEW YORK, 22.—The nomination of Don Cameron for Secretary of War will be regarded as the selling price of the Pennas vote for Conkling at the Cincinnati convention.

Judge Spar, of the Supreme Court, granted an order, returnable to-morrow, requiring Sidney Dillon, Jay Gould, and Wm. Osborn to show cause why a mandamus should not be issued compelling them to attend a meeting of the directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and vote for the election of officers. The complainant is Rufus Hatch, who declares respondents persistently and studiously absent themselves from meetings.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co., has been called for this p. m., and it is rumored that Mr. Gould is about to resign and take with him his friends in the board. This action is said to be the result of a conviction forced upon him by the examination of the transfer books, and the showing they make of a number of votes likely to be cast by the Hatch party at the polls.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., 22.—A hailstorm of great fury passed over here last night. The hailstones killed chickens and many birds on the wing. Plate glass was shattered as easily as common hailstones were found six and three-quarter inches in circumference, and the ground was covered with them. Not a greenhouse, hot bed, or skylight in town escaped, and many plates of stained glass in church windows were broken. Fruit is greatly damaged, if not ruined.

#### FOREIGN.

•VERSAILLES, 18.—The Deputies, this afternoon, rejected the motion of Raspail, for the complete amnesty, by a majority of 394 to 52.

Marcou, the radical, introduced a motion for an amnesty for all common law offenses committed with a political object.

Minister Dufaure opposed the motion. He declared that pardons would be granted in proportion; in which the Chamber refrained from insisting upon the amnesty. The Government would show no leniency towards those who continued to display violence and hate in anonymous pamphlets and articles.

Marcou's motion was rejected by a large majority.

Interesting from Kanab.—Bro. W. D. Johnson, Jr., writes as follows, from Kanab, under date of May 5th—

"On the 11th ult., we had a very unusual snow storm, which lasted two days and was accompanied by frost, snow six inches deep. At first it appeared that nearly all the fruit was killed, but it was damaged but very little. The prospects are that we will have good crops of peaches and grapes, and some apples, plums and cherries. Our gardens look fine, water plenty, weather pleasant, and the people, as a general thing, feel well."

"Bishop Nuttall has become quite strong again, and is out attending to his duties."

"On the first day of May, the day school of Sisters Udell and Stewart had a May walk and picnic. I understand the little folks had a jolly time. In the evening the older folks had a dance, which went off very pleasantly."

"Under the auspices of the Library and Literary Association, we have a lecture every two weeks, for the benefit of the public, which is well attended and promises to do much good."

"Bishop Nuttall organized a Y. M. M. I. Society on the 3rd of May. Forty of the young men became members, and the following officers were nominated by the Bishop and elected by the society—W. D. Johnson, Jr., President; J. H. Lewis and Z. K. Judd, Jr., Councilors; L. Maringer, Secretary; L. J. Nuttall, Jr., Treasurer."

"Four brethren from Arizona arrived here on Wednesday, and gave a good report of those on the other side of the river. Brother Lot Smith and company have settled at a place they call 'Sunset,' 150 miles up the Little Colorado. They have put in 200 acres of wheat and are preparing to put in corn. On the day they arrived at their destination they commenced to work in the United Order and everything is working harmoniously with them. They are well pleased with the country and their location. There are three other camps below 'Sunset' on the Little Colorado."