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### DESERET EVENING NEWS FRIDAY OCTOBER 1 1909



In His Coming Message to Congress Will Urge Legislation For That Purpose.

# GOVERNMENT FOR ALASKA.

is Opposed to Granting One of Territorial Form to That Far-Off Possession.

Seattle, Wash, Sept. 30 .- Speaking before the largest audience he has faced since his trip began-a crowd that over flowed the natural amphitheater of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition with its seating capacity of nearly 20,000-President Taff today announced that he would urge in his coming measage to Congress the enactment of a ship substdy haw.

Mr. Taft declared that the country was ready to make such experiment and that something must be done to build up an American merchant marine. His utterances on this subject

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for entire slef-government. "I am as much in favor of popular revenament as anybody," declared the rovernment as mybody." declared the president. 'but I am in favor of popu-lar government only when conditions exist under which popular gov-criment may be a success, and work for the behefit of the people and the government at large. When there are imitations growing out of various cir-cumstances we must take other means until popular government becomes pos-suble, and then, of course, it is the best government in the world." In amouncing his position with re-gard to a ship subaidy. President Taft declared that with the \$4,000,000 to \$5,000,000 earned by the government on foreign mail service each year, a sat-

foreign mail service onch year, a sat-bractory system of subsidy could be inaugurated. As to the argument that a ship subsidy would be an appropria-tion of public moneys to private com-panies, the president said that a sub-sidy was in principle and effect much the same as accompany assisted as a subthe same as government assistance in the development and improvements of rivers and harbors, and the reclamation of ardd lands through government hrighten projects. If a war should come at this time. President Tafi declared, the United States would not have enough versels to enough on the the declared to the states.



west, of Ainslas, and the Pacific coast, I feel a great pride in having unged upon the proper congressional com-mittee, with all the emphasize of which

upon the proper congressional com-mittee, with all the emplanals of which I was capable, the importance and the utility of the enterprise. "And it is gratifying to know that under the administration of Scattle-men the exposition has been a great success, both in arousing world-wide hiterest in the growth of the far north-west and in showing a profit over, the immense outlay in its construction and maintenance. "When I first planned my visit to Seattie I had included with it a trip to Anska in order that I might by a personal investigation make myself better acquainted with the character of that great territory and with the best method of securing its development. I greatly regret that the time con-sumed by Congress in consideration of the tariff bill prevented my carrying out the part of the plan embraced in a visit to this most interesting terri-tory. DEET TO SEWARD tory

#### DEBT TO SEWARD.

"One of Mr. Seward's substantial claims to the gratitude of his countryclaims to the gratitude of his country-men and to a place among the states-men of his country was the broad view which he took of the value of Alaska and his wisdom in effecting its purchase. The secession of Virginla and the ordinance of 1787, which gave to the mation the middle west, the pur-chase by Jefferson of Louistana terri-tory, which carried our domain to the Rocky mountains: the annexation of Texas and the trenty of Guadaloupe Hidaigo, which extended our territory to the Pacific coast, were properly supplemented by the acquisition of Alaska, and this exposition may well be regarded as a celebration of the foresight of Seward in his policy of expansion. expansion It would seem that the wealth of

"It would seem that the wealth of Alaska in minerals, in fish. In furs-and even in agriculture, was still but inadequately known, and yet its value from a mere money standpoint to the mation, as shown by the wealth which has been extracted from it, exceeds by many fold the cost of it to the gov-ernment of the United States. A re-view of the history of the territory will show that Congress has been very slow to extend to it a proper form of government.

show to extend to it a proper form of government. "Alaska is a country of immense ex-ranse, and the governmental needs of the southeastern perion near to Wash, ington and the northwest are quite dif-ferent from those of Nome and the Seward peninsuin, and of the valley of the Tukon. Such a territory has need of a local legislature and local government which can only be under-stood by those who are on the ground and it is utterly impossible and im-practicable for Congress in its legisla-tion to govern the details by legislation required for the best development of the territory. There has been no au-thority in the territory having an ade-quate jurisdiction to meet the exigen-cies of auch a young but potentially prosperous territory.



PURPOSE OF TARIFF.

PURPOSE OF TARIFF. "We maintain a protective tariff to encourage our manufacturing, farming and moling industives at home, but when we assume to enter into com-petition upon the high sens in trade between international ports our juri-diction to control that trade as far as vessels of other nations are concerned of course coass, and the question which we have to meet is now with the greater wages that we pay, with the greater wages that we pay, with the protection of our sulfors and with the protection of our sulfors and with the protective system making a difference in the price between the necessaries to be used in the mainte-neces of a merchant marine to com-pete with the marine of the rest of the world. Vorld

"This is not the only question, either, for it will be found on an examination of the methods pursued in other countries with respect to their merchani-marine, that there is now extended by way of subsidies by the various gov-

ernments to their respective ships up-wards of \$25,000,000, and this offers another means by which in the compeanother means by which in the compe-tition the American merchant ship is driven out of business and finds it atterly impossible to bid against its for-eign competitors. Not only this, but so inadequate is the American mer-chant marine today that in seeking auxiliary ships with which to make our navy an instrument of offense or de-fense, or indeed in sending it around the world as a fleet, we have to call he world us a first under a foreign flag on vessels sailing under a foreign flag to carry the coal and to supply the oth-er needs of such a journey. Were we er needs of such a journey. Were we compelled to go into a war today, our merchant marine lacks altogether a sufficient tonnage of auxiliary unarmod sufficient tonnage of auxiliary unarmod ships absolutely necessary to the proper operation of the navy and were a war to come on we should have to purchase such vessels from foreign countries and this might, under the laws governing neutrals, be most difficult. "The trade between the castern ports of the United States and South Amer-ica is a most valuable trade, and now equals something like \$256,000,000; but European nations, appreciating the

equals something like \$250,000,000; but European nations, appreciating the growing character of this trade have by subsidies and other means of en-couragement, so increased the sailing of large and well-coupped vessels from Europe to the ports of South America as visibly to affect the proportion of trade which is coming to the United States by the very limited service of a direct character between New York and South American ports.

a direct character between New York and South American ports. "I need not tell you of the inade-quacy of the American shipping marine on the Pacific coast and the growing power for commercial purposes in this regard of the empire of Japan. Japan is one of the most active and gener-ous countries in the matter of subsidies to its merchant marine that we have, and the effect is only too visible in an examination of the statistics. examination of the statistics.

FAVORS SHIP SUBSIDY

LADIES You demand the best goods for the table. A good meal with poor Tea would be unwise. A good cup of Tea will make even a poor meai taste good.

Hewlett's Teas are Always Good.

not putting monoy in the pockets of shipowners, but we are giving them money with which they can compele for a reasonable profit only with the mer-chant marine of the world. "From my observations I think the country is ready now to try such a law and to witness its effect in a com-paratively small way upon the foreign trade of the United States. If it is successful experience will show how the policy can best be expanded and enlarged and the American commercial may be made to wave upon the seas as it did before the Civil war. It is true that our foreign trade is great and increments, and this without the merchant marine greatly enhances the constitutes the greatly enhances the

that the development of merchant ma-rine means the growth of Scattle into a port of such importance that hardly the lively imagination of her arm-bitious citizens can compass it."

### COLD WEATHER ADVICE

COLD WEATHER ADVICE To all is to beware of coughs and colds on the chest; as neglected they readily lead to pneuments, consumption or oth-er pulmonary troubles. Just as soon as the cough appears trent it with Ral-hard's Hovehound Syrup, the standard cure of America. Use as directed-per-fectly harmless. A cure and preventive for all diseases of the lungs Price, 25c, 50c and 15.00 pr bottle. Sold by 2, C. M. I. Drug Depi., 112 and 114 South Main Street, Sair Lake City.

### WATCH OUR WINDOWS.

Saturday morning. A mathematics problem entitling the winner to his choice of any \$30.00 Hart, Schaffner Marx suit in our house. RICHARDSON & ADAMS CO., 172 Main St.

Utah Photo Materials Co., Commer-cial Photographs, 423 Main, Phone 1452.

## A HORRIBLE SUICIDE.

Girl Throws Herself Into Cage of Llons and is Torn to Pieces.

Paris, Sept. 30 - A young woman com-mitted suicide in a frightful manner here tonight. Having had a quarrel with her sweetheart, who is a lion-tamor in a theater in which three lions are introduced, she went behind the scenes and leaped forward into the caze. The animals were wild with rage and with a few blews of the claws tore her head and breast to pieces. The woman's screams and the roars of the animals caused a ratio areas the animals caused a panic among the audience and the fire proof curtain had to be lowered

#### NEVER WORRY

About a cough-there's no need of wor-ry if you will treat it at its' first appearance with Ballard's Horebound



South will be open for business Saturday October the Second.

The Alford Bros. have had the pleasure of knowing and serving the clothes' wearing publie for some years past-and knowing so well the tastes of the careful dressers they have gotten around them a beautiful stock in a beautiful room and will take great pleasure in showing men's clothing, hats and furnishings of the bet-

ter sort.



Mrs. Workhard (winding alarm clock)-"I always set the alarm for 4 o'clock on Monday morning, so I can make an early start with my washing and get through before dark " before dark.

Anty Drudge—"Nonsense. Just you sleep three hours later, and then send to the grocer's for some Fels-Naptha soap, and do your washing the Fels-Naptha way. Your wash will be on the line before noon, cleaner and whiter than ever before."

In India the women still go down to the river banks and wash clothes by rub-



That Sharp,

Peter's semi-smokeless loaded shells

Secretary.

the best ammunition known-More force, more speed and less injurious to 55c a gun. The 

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TAL MARK OF PAS-A GUARANTEE

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Ladies

To know that braclets are in

We are proud of our selection

which includes the latest Parisian

effects as well as the plainer

Reliable and Reasonable.

vogue this year.

styles



States would not have enough vessels to carry coal to the fleets. And it would be doubtful, under the neutral-ity laws, he added, if the United States would be able to buy foreign vessels to the memory of the transmission. In the emergency. In his address in the natural amphi-theater, President Taft siad:

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

"This great Alaska-Tukon-Pacific expessition was the objective point on my trip to the west, and I am giad to have arrived here after two weeks' traveling from the oid Bay state. As I look about me at this wonderful ex-hibit of the progress of the north-

ECZEMA DEFIED Doctors of Two Continents Could Make No Impression on Torturing Skin Disease All Treatments Failed for Nineteen Years. THEN CUTICURA CURED

"I contracted my disease at school in London, England, when I was four-tive, years old - I am now thirty-times. My father put me under the cars of our family physician who diag-nexed my disease as itch. But after several months' treatment without receiving any benefit. I was advised - Hospital London. Then and on two other occasions, without my get-ing any benefit, they treated me for exerna. My mest attempt was trying different continents from doctors and druggits. Then I tried patent medicines.

SWIFTLY AND EASILY

different cintments from doctors and including \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ T passed examinations for government attuations huit was finally respected at the modical examinations. After three attempts to enlist in the British army I successful examination. After three attempts to enlist in the British army I successful examination. The disease was confined to fare, arms and legs, my face being actually raw at times. I come to America thirtien years ago, but my face because worse, if possible When in New York City I was advised to go to \_\_\_\_\_\_ Hespital, whence I was ent to the \_\_\_\_\_\_ Hospital, whence I was ent to the \_\_\_\_\_\_ Hospital, in Brooklyn. I was put under the care of Professor \_\_\_\_\_\_ but this also added to the number of unaucessful attempts. I metures to England and tried the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Hospital, Leadon, also the world-famed home to England and tried the bindes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Hospital, Leadon, also the world-famed homes to function of the set of the more more than a divised in and I can safely say I and curves. Sobn F. Burke, New Cansana, Conn. Jan. 10.'09.'' T are familiar with Mr. Curier's meant to be true, aboh F. Burke, New Cansan, Conn. Jan. 10.'09.'' T are familiar with Mr. Curier's meant to be true a down and believe his statement. Sobn F. Burke, New Cansan, Conn. Jan. 10.'09.'' T are familiar with Mr. Curier's meant to be true, aboh F. Burke, New Cansan, Conn. Jan. 10.'09.'' T are familiar with Mr. Curier's meant to be true. John F. Burke, New Cansan, Conn. Jan. 10.'09.'' T are familiar with Mr. Curier's meant to be true. John F. Burke, New Cansan, Conn. Jan. 10.'09.'' T are familiar with Mr. Curier's meant to be true. John F. Burke, New Cansan, Conn. Jan. 10.'09.'' T are familiar with Mr. Curier's meant to be true. John F. Burke, New Cansan, Conn.'' The manufacture a true familiar with Mr.'' Curier's meant to be true. John F. Burke, New Cansan, Conn.'' and the manue left blank in the manufacture and the cure and believe blank and the curier's meant to be the stoom of the more left blank and the manufacture an

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GOVERNMENT FOR ALASKA.

"It has been proposed that Congress should give to Alaska the regular form of territorial government under which a legislature might be elected and a governor, and between the two they might be given the powers ordinarily

night be given the powers ordinarily siven to the legislature and executive of regularly organized territories. I think this would be a great mistake, became I do not think that the ter-ritory has a population of sufficient number on sufficient stability and permanence of residence to warrant the delegation to a locally elected legislature of such authority. Many of the places in Alaska, where there is a considerable population, are nothing but mining camps, with all the mi-gratory and temporary features of such settlements. More than that, the population is ao small, as compared with the vast expanse of the terri-tory that it would be unwise to pro-vide that a comparatively small popu-

with the vast expanse of the terri-tory that it would be unwise to pro-vide that a comparatively small popu-lation in southeastern Alaska should elect representatives and legislate for the enormous territory reaching from British Columbia clear to the Bering see and the Arctic scene." "Local self-government or home rule in a country so large as Alaska, with a scattered nomad population, intense local and sectional feeling, should not be given serious considera-tion until the population and develop-ed resources of the country have in-creased to such an extent as to war-rant the division of the territory into more limited areas, where the inhabi-tints of each would have an oppor-tunity of becoming acquainted, and where there would be some degree of similarity of interest. Before such an experiment, an earnest effort should be made to secure a large percentage of permanent residents and endeavor to attach some of the population to tractal. to attach some of the population to the goll

WAY TO DEVELOP ALASKA.

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o be entrusted to some local author-

ity." President Taft here suggested that local legislation be visited in a resident commission of five to be appointed by the president and to act in conjunction with the governor of Alaska. "It will be observed." continued Mr. Taft. "that this is virtually the gov-crament which was given to the Philip-pine Islands, although the commission there had more registative authority

"For this reason, it seems to me, that there is no subject to which Congress can better direct attention in the com-ing seguton than the passage of a bill which shall encourage our merchant marine in such a way as to establish American lines directly between New York and other eastern ports and South American ports, and between our Pa-cific ports and the orient and the Philippines. Philippine

LESSONS TO BE LEARNED.

The application of that amount would be quite sufficient to put on a satisfactory basis two or three oriental lines and several lines from the gast to South America. Of course, we are familiar with the argument that this would be contributing to private com-panies out of the treasury of the United States; but we are thus contributing in various ways on similar principles in effect, both by our protective tariff aw, by our river and harbor bills, and by our reclamation service. We are

Syrup. It will stop the cough at once and put your lungs and threat back holo perfectly healthy condition. Soid by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112 and 114 South Main Street, Salt Lake City.

GIRLS WANTED

Twenty girls wanted at Sweet Cindy Co., 13 East First South.

### DEATHS DUE TO INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS

Chicago, Oct. L.-At least 600 deaths due to industrial accident, occurred in Chicago from Aug. 31, 1908, to Sept. 1, 1909, in the opinion of Ethelbert Stew-art, special agent of the department of commerce and labor. Mr. Stewart yes-terday completed an investigation in Chicago and will compile a report to be inade to the department at Washing-ton in connection with a proposed em-



home can be happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering and dread that

by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that

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bing them over stones.

They are unprogressive, we say. But they are no farther behind the times than the American women who still boil clothes and hard-rub them on a washboard. The women of India don't weaken their clothes by boiling, at least.

The truly modern way of washing is the Fels-Naptha way. No boiling to weaken the fibre; no hard-rubbing to wear and tear. Work saved, time saved, fuel saved; clothes cleaner.

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FLOUR

she looks forward to the hour with apprehension. Mother's Friend,

she passes through the event ,