TELEGRAPHIC.

EFFORT FOR PEACE.

Memorial Presented to Cleveland by New York Lawyers.

SETTING FORTH THEIR VIEWS

Concerning the Establishment of an International Court of Arbitration.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Hon. Edward O. Whitaker of New York, president of the New York State Bar association late this evening presented to President Cleveland the memorial recently adopted by that body recommending the creation of an international court of arbitration.

The memorial recites that in the opinion of the petitioners it is inexpedient if not impossible to form a voluntary Anglo-American tribunal for the adjustment of grave international controversies that shall be composed only of representatives of the governments of Great Britain and the United states. It is recommended that government provide for the establishment of a permanent international tribunal to be known as "The International Court of Arbitration," such court to be composed of nine members, one each from nine independent states of nations, each representative to be a member of the supreme or highest court of the nation he shall represent, chosen by a majority vote of his associates, judges of his high character as a publicist and judge and his acknowledged ability and irreproachable integrity.

The memorial concludes:

"Your petitioners also recommend that you enter at once into correspondence and negotiation through the proper diplomatic channels with representatives of the governments of Great Britain, France, Germany and Russia, Mexico, Holland and the Argentine Republic, for a union with the government of the United States in the humane undertaking of forming an international court substantially on the basis herein outlined."

More Charges Against Brown.

OAKLAND, Cal., April 21.—Rev. C. O. Brown, D. D., pastor of the First Congregational church, Sam Francisco, is again fighting for his ministerial existence. The day committee of Congregational ministers, appointed at Brown's request to avoid the stigma formerly imposed by the council, which tried his case, made a report of immorality and unchristian conduct, but protested new charges against him and asked for the trial committee. The new charges state that the pastor is unchristian and unfit for the ministry, besides fully some members of the church which six weeks ago pronounced Brown innocent of a scandal with Miss Freeman, now allege that letter to her immorality. The prosecutors of Dr. Brown's opponents now is not to hold a new trial, but to pass a vote of suspension from the ministry until such time as his character shall be cleared. The conference was in session today at the Market street church, where the proposed suspension was unknown at noon.

The conference voted to suspend Dr. Brown by a vote of 46 to 32 with no could prove his innocence. Dr. Brown became greatly excited when the result was made known, and he wept. Dr. McKeen in announcing terms. He even tried to assault him, but was held back by friends.

Regulators Quickly Disposed.

GREENSBURG, La., April 21.—Regulators, after terrorizing in camp near the place until after midnight last night, demanding that they would come in and take possession of the court house this morning, quietly dispersed. There was no interference with Waits as far as known, though it is assumed that some negroes, through fear of violence at the hands of the regulators, had surrendered their registration papers or signed certificates agreeing not to register or vote.

French Cabinet Crisis.

PARIS, April 21.—An official note has been issued explaining the attitude of the cabinet in the case of the error precipitated by the senate's vote to postpone the credits for Madagascar, the note says:

"The cabinet holds that in the face of the senate's vote, it is impossible to continue the direction of affairs. But it considers that it ought not to resign in the absence of the chambers. Therefore, the cabinet should be convoked without delay to enable the ministers to impart to them the reasons of their decisions."

M. Bourgeois has acquainted President Faure with this resolution and he has also requested M. Brisson, president of the chamber of deputies, to convoke the chamber forthwith. M. Brisson has accordingly telegraphed to the deputies to meet on Thursday at 2 o'clock.

Prohibition in Colorado.

DENVER, April 21.—The state central committee of the Prohibition party today selected the following as delegates to the national Prohibition convention at Pittsburg, Pa., May 27: T. Jones Hipp, Noreen Clifford and David Teague of Denver, Midwell Kelley of Golden, H. C. Sherman of Sterling, Rev. A. H. Chase of Boulder, J. M. Harrel of Pueblo, R. S. D. L. Rider of Fort Collins, Mrs. A. S. Bates of Colorado Springs and A. H. Heald of Florence. John Hipp and E. T. Singleary were chosen as members of the national committee.

The committee adopted resolutions in favor of the coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The state convention will be held at Pueblo, July 23 and 24.

Receivers Ordered to Pay.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 21.—Judge Walter Sanborn, United States circuit court of appeals, today issued an order in one of the Union Pacific cases, directing the payment of interest coupons which fell due August 1, 1895, and which were secured by the first mortgage bonds of the Oregon Short Line railway, amounting to $117,000. Judge Sanborn orders the receivers to pay $125,000 for this interest on the consolidated Utah Northern Railway company.

N. P. Reorganization.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Senator Mitchell of Oregon from the committee on judiciary today reported the joint resolution conferring the reorganization of the Northern Pacific railroad bondholders. One of these provides that the bonds to be issued by the purchasers shall not bear interest at a rate to exceed four per cent. Another amendment allows the issue of $15,000,000 worth of stock, of which amount $15,000,000 worth may be preferred, though it is provided that the preference in the stock shall not exceed four per cent per annum as to dividends.

The problem in the original bill prohibiting subsidies, sales or leases to any competing parallel line, a provision carried in the senate bill, relating to committing acts, name of consolidation with any other line without the consent of Congress.

To Investigate.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The House committee on military affairs today decided to report a resolution authorizing the select committee appointed at the last session to investigate the charges of mismanagement of the Soldiers' Home at Leavenworth, Kan., made by Representative Bise of that state.

JACKSON'S TRIAL.

A Jury Specially Secured—Testimony Given.

CHICKSAW, April 21.—The trial of Sam Jackson, for the murder of Paul Bryan, began at Newport, Ky., today, and speed was made in securing a jury that satisfied the court and the counsel on both sides. Judge Helm presides. Counsel for the prosecution are Commonwealth Attorney M. B. Lockett, County Attorney Rainey Wallington, Colonel R. W. Nesselrode of Newport and Attorney Hays of Greenville, Ind., the latter being employed by the Bryan family. Attorneys for Jackson were Colonel George Washington and Colonel L. J. Crawford of Newport and W. O. Bradley of Hamilton, O., who will appear for Wallace when his time comes. George Washington and Ramsey Wallington, father and son, are on opposite sides in the case.

At just three and a half hours after court convened the jury was sworn in from a venire of 100 men.

Nearly all are mechanics. Two are Germans or German descent, one is Irish and one of Eugene descent. There is not a native-born Kentuckian in the jury.

After the jury was sworn, the court ordered the prosecution and defense to send a list of their witnesses. Colonel Crawford for the defense gave notice of exceptions to this order. Commonwealth Attorney Lockhart read the indictment and stated what the line of prosecution would be. In this he announced the purpose to attack Jackson's character, showing he lived a quiet life.

The first witness called was John Hailing, the boy that found the dead body of Paul Bryan on February 1st. The next witness, Dr. W. S. Tingley, who saw the body two hours after its discovery and who swears with positiveness, gave expert testimony. He said the girl must have been killed where the body was found and further that the moonlight before the body was found; that the knife that did her head off was a sharp instrument and the hand that wielded it a skilled hand.

Judge Helm then started to examine the witness. The defense objected, was overruled and took an exception.

Jackson was calm all day and took notes of the proceedings, especially of the testimony. He was taken back to jail without being remanded.

PROMINENT POLITICIAN KILLED.

A Richmond Editor Killed by a Disappointed Suitor.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 21.—Five hundred Democrats here today witnessed the first state committee meeting since the state convention. Ex-Congressman Jones presided. Nearly all the prominent men of Alabama were present. Rumors of a tragedy as the news of the death of Colonel Richmond, editor of the Montgomery Dispatch, who was killed last night by a disappointed suitor, Perry Wood, son of a former member of congress from this district, and Mattie Wood, his sister, a young lady of 18, who had been engaged to marry Richmond, but who had broken the engagement a few days before the tragedy, and married young Perry Wood, the son of her father's friend, a man 40 years old. The young man had been drinking and was in a desperate state of mind when he came to the office of the Dispatch and shot Richmond down in his office. The young man was at once arrested and taken to the city jail. Richmond was a prominent Democrat and was a candidate for congress in the Fourth district against Congressman Wheeler before the election and Joseph Hodson, recently appointed postmaster at Montgomery, was also a candidate for congress against Wheeler. Hodson was a friend of Richmond and his death was a great shock to him. Hodson was