

again and again—being publicly declared 'untrustworthy,' as Mr. Campbell-Bannerman was on Friday.

FORT SMITH, Ark., June 24.—The jury in the Kettenring case in the U. S. court today returned a verdict of guilty against three defendants—Mrs. Mary A. Kettenring, George Washington Frazier and Richard Calhoun. Mrs. Kettenring's husband was beaten to death by the side of a road at Muldrow, I. T. The object, it is claimed, was to get the \$20,000 insurance on his life. The testimony revealed a conspiracy of long standing that Kettenring had been taken into, and also that after a scheme to defraud the insurance companies had been arranged and he had written letters showing that he feared violence from different parties and was being followed, his co-conspirators executed the plot to kill him.

HAVANA, June 24.—Captain General Martinez De Campos arrived this morning at 3 o'clock from Cienfuegos. At Quivigan near Havana, the insurgents have raised a small band of men. It is reported from Remedios, Province of Santa Clara, that the insurgent leader Zayas has been killed.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—At Indian Head proving grounds on the Potomac this week, the ordnance bureau of the navy department will make the first complete test of the most powerful projectile yet contrived for modern warfare. It is the Wheeler-Sterling semi-armor piercing projectile, and each of these enormous shells weighs 100 pounds. This is supposed to be the most terrible of all methods of warfare. The projectiles are thirteen inches in diameter and about two feet long and have a head of chrome steel. They are supposed to pierce the toughest nickel-steel armor to a depth of seven inches and then explode. There is no end to the havoc they will cause. One of them successfully shot is supposed to tear the biggest battle ship to pieces. The projectiles carry sixty pounds of highly explosive powder in their heads. The ordnance bureau has ordered 400 of these projectiles, and two selected at random from each hundred are to be put to the test. In order to make the shells conform to the requirements of the navy these eight shells must perform successfully the work claimed for them. The expense of firing one of the projectiles is enormous. In the first place a cargo of 550 pounds of powder is required for each shot. The gun from which they are fired is thirteen inches in inside diameter—the largest bore used on modern battleships. The test arranged for this week is to be conducted under all the conditions as nearly as possible as they would exist in a naval engagement. A ship's side in fact similitude of the battleship Iowa has been built at the navy yard at Norfolk and sheathed with the armor plate to be used on this great battle ship. This will be brought to Indian Head and the eight 100-pound projectiles will be fired into it from a distance of 2,000 yards, or more than one mile. The representatives of all the foreign powers will be present at the test.

DENVER, June 24.—Mrs. Lydia Spaulding, proprietor of Bella Vista hotel, San Francisco, lost her mind when crossing the mountains, and when at Leadville the Pullman em-

ployee handed her over to the sheriff last Thursday. On receipt of a telegram from friends of the lady at San Francisco Thomas Hadley of this city went to Leadville and secured the release of Mrs. Spaulding and brought her to Denver. As soon as she reached a lower altitude her mind was restored, and she discovered the loss of \$380. Mrs. Spaulding was on her way to Carlsbad, Germany, but will remain here until the loss of her money has been investigated. She is very indignant because she was not brought to a lower altitude more quickly in the end of being detained at Leadville.

NEW YORK, June 24.—A special to the *Herald* from Hamburg says: It is announced that Denmark intends to construct a naval port on the island of Bornholm. Several vessels attempted to pass through the Baltic-North sea canal have been stranded and obliged to remain where they were all night. It will be absolutely necessary to carry out a thorough and extensive dredging process before the canal can be used for practical purposes. The kaiser has paid a visit to the Russian cruiser. It was of an extremely cordial nature. His majesty embraced the Grand Duke Alexis and shook hands with the junior officers.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., June 24.—Near this place Esner Moore was attacked by a wild boar and nearly torn to pieces. The woman and her little daughter had gone out to pick berries. The boar charged upon them. The little girl fled but her mother tripped and fell. Instantly the boar was upon her, tearing her in a horrible manner. The thrust entered near the right ankle and extended to the thigh, laying open the flesh as though by a razor stroke. The little girl's screams attracted a neighbor who rushed to the spot and shot the animal. The woman was found to have received mortal injuries, one thrust from the boar's tusks having penetrated the lung. The boar was a magnificent specimen, weighing over 200 pounds. Its tusks were over a foot long.

THE STATE TABLE.

Communications have now been received from almost every state or territory requested to furnish something for the Utah State table which John R. Wilson is constructing. Here are a few of the latest responses that have come to hand.

NORTH CAROLINA.

The president of the chamber of commerce and industry writes from Raleigh as follows:

Dear Sir—At the request of his excellency, Governor Carr, we send you by express a piece of curly yellow pine lumber, as we deem it to be the most suitable coming from this state.

Hoping you will be pleased with the same, I am,

Very respectfully yours,

WM. E. ASHLEY,

President Raleigh Chamber of Commerce and Industry.

MARYLAND.

Col. Wm. Love, of Baltimore, was requested by Governor Brown to furnish the piece of wood desired, and says:

Dear Sir—I am in receipt of a letter

from Governor Frank Brown enclosing one from you dated May 19, 1895. Your request for a piece of wood from this state with some historical value I am glad to say I have been able to comply with and I have now in this office a piece of the world renowned "Black Mulberry" tree, under the shade of which the first settlers of this state, under Gov. Leonard Calvert, did, on March 27, 1634, make the first treaty with the Indians, at St. Mary's City, St. Mary's Co., Maryland. This tree stood within ten feet of the first state house erected by English hands in this country, and in which the act of religious toleration was passed 1649, being the first in the world. The tree was prostrated some thirteen years ago, by a storm, and the wood was then carefully preserved by the Episcopal church authorities on the spot, and by the state officers.

The piece I propose to send you on behalf of the governor of Maryland is nine inches long, seven wide, and one and one-eighth inches thick; so that you can get what you want out of it.

Please inform me by return mail how you want the wood shipped.

Very respectfully,

W. H. LOVE, Secy.

ALABAMA.

Thomas J. Key, editor of *The Southern Agriculturist*, writes from Montgomery:

Dear Sir—We mail to you today a beautiful specimen of curled or wavy pine, to go into your many colored table. It is known as long leaf pine—the lightest colored side should be the part upwards on table. It came from Escambia county, Ala., and was gotten out by Mr. W. M. Carney, of Atmore, Ala. For beauty it cannot be surpassed. Hope it will reach you uninjured.

Yours,

THOMAS J. KEY,

DELAWARE.

Governor Watson writes from Milford as follows:

My Dear Sir—Governor Marvill's death accounts for your not hearing from your request for a piece of native wood for the table you propose building. As his successor I'll at end to it. How soon do you want it and to whom shall I send it?

Respectfully yours,

W. T. WATSON, Milford, Dela.

NEW YORK CITY.

The chamber of commerce of the state of New York, founded 1788, says, through its secretary:

Dear Sir—Your letter of the 20th ultimo, was duly received and submitted to the executive committee of this chamber, who referred it to the undersigned with power, and I have entrusted the White, Potter, Paige Manufacturing Co., of No. 414 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, to forward to you a leg of oak properly turned, for the purpose you indicate. Kindly acknowledge receipt of same and oblige,

Yours truly,

GEO. WILSON,
Secretary.

CALIFORNIA.

The bureau of mineralogy, San Francisco, thus responds:

Dear Sir—By even mail I send you a piece of olive wood, cut from a tree planted by the Mission Padres at Mission San a Cruz, about the year 1800, shortly after the founding of the Mission.

The tree was cut down about ten years ago to make room for building.

This is the only hard wood I have of historical interest that could be used in the table.

Yours truly,
HENRY S. DURDEN,
Secretary Bureau.