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EXTRA SESSION.

Congress will Have to Meet at an Early Date

AS A RESULT OF THE ELECTION.

To Confirm Cabinet Members and Foreign Representatives

AND REVISE THE TARIFF LAWS

An Analysis of the Congressional Election Returns—The Democratic Majority.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—It is strongly probable that an extra session of Congress will be called immediately after the inauguration of the President-elect. A special session is always called at the beginning of a new administration to confirm the nomination of the Cabinet and diplomatic representatives abroad, but the general election having turned on questions of domestic policy, it is said to be certain to experienced political leaders of all parties that an extra session of both Houses of Congress will be almost the inevitable result. Secretary of the Treasury Foster, among others, admits this. The country, he says, has challenged the judgment of the Republican party on the McKinley bill and the result must be accepted as the will of the people that a different policy be put into effect. Ex-Secretary Bayard writes a friend here to the effect, adding that the people will expect this to be done without unnecessary delay.

An analysis of the congressional election returns shows that with the returns missing from twenty districts in which the result is either unknown entirely or is very close, the Democrats have elected to the Fifty-third Congress eighty-eight more representatives than the Republicans. This majority does not include nine members elect who are classified as either Farmers or Third party men, nearly every one of whom will act with the Democrats in any proposed reduction of the tariff taxes. The support, with the additional strength the Democrats are certain to derive from securing some of the twenty districts yet in the unknown column, makes it conservative to estimate that the Democrats will have a majority of a hundred members or more on the most important question likely to come before the next House of Representatives, viz: The revision of the McKinley tariff law. A number of persons are also thoroughly in sound with the Democratic policy as far as it goes on all other questions, if hardly with the exception of Davis and Lease. Five Populists from Kansas are inclined towards Democracy. The silver states of Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Nevada and Colorado will even on the congressional ballot, three Republicans coming from the three states first named, and three Populists from the two new states. Newlands of Nevada inclines toward Republicanism.

TERRIBLE SCENES.

Fire Breaks Out in an Almshouse: A Hundred Inmates.

FRANKLIN, Pa., Nov. 10. — The county almshouse four miles north of here, took fire this morning and was almost entirely consumed with its contents. Terrible scenes were enacted as fifty more about a hundred inmates, many helpless as worse, and their rescue was accomplished with great difficulty. The ground was covered with snow, and a bitter cold wind added to the suffering of the feeble and ailing. Mrs. Culp, wife of the superintendent, who is very ill, it is thought, will die from the shock and exposure. The building was valued at $200,000 and insured for $60,000. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Wounded in a Duel.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 10.—Hon. General De Las Fuentes, a prominent government official, is in a critical condition as a result of a wound received in a duel last Friday with Hon. Francisco Ibanez, who is also a well known politician. The duel was fought with pistols at twenty paces. Fuente cannot recover. His opponent has not yet been arrested.

Monthly Crop Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10. — The monthly crop report says the average yield for corn in seven states was Ohio, 29 bushels; Indiana, 28; Illinois, 23.8; Iowa, 28; Missouri, 28; Kansas, 23.3; Nebraska, 28.7. The average yield of buckwheat is 14.1 bushels per acre. In New York 14.7; Pennsylvania, 14.5; Wisconsin, 12.5; Iowa, 10.7. The yield of corn averaged in November returns 22.4 bushels per acre and promised an aggregate production of a little more than 600,000,000 bushels. The Atlantic coast crop ripened well. In the cotton states it was injured somewhat by excessive moisture, causing rot and mould; in some districts it was shortened by drought. In Ohio the crop is well cured, but from drying too rapidly the yield is very uneven, ranging from 10 to 40 bushels per acre. The Indiana product is in good condition on the early planted areas and better than expected while planting and in view of the long-continued drouth the local yields are extremely variable. There is much complaint of the lightness of the ears and looseness in the husk in Illinois and the same variability in the yield and quality elsewhere. It is well filled out and undamaged by drouth. Iowa was injured by being cut and shocked too early. There is much really corn and the average weight will be light.

Iowa corn has ripened well, heavy rust being delayed till the last week in October, but late planting is shortened from the rapid growing of immature ears. Part of the crop is sound and good and a portion is very light. Low lying areas were damaged by excessive moisture in the early summer. The wet weather in the spring and the drouth in the summer reduced the quantity and quality in Missouri. The average in Kansas was reduced by the low yield of west central which of course is included in the aggregate. Nebraska corn early planted ripened thoroughly; some of the latest planting was pinched by and sown to fodder. The variability of the yield makes it difficult to fix a fair average. In low places it shows injury from frost.

It is estimated that the yield of potatoes is sixty-two bushels per acre. It is eighty-two in Maine, sixty-three in New York, sixty in Pennsylvania, sixty-two in Michigan, seventy in Minnesota, fifty-one in Iowa and forty-seven in Kansas. The crop almost everywhere is light. Tubers are small as a rule and selling some densely in New York and throughout the west. The yield of tobacco is less than last year the average being reported as 862 pounds per acre of all kinds against 794 last year. The average yield of hay is 1.17 tons per acre, nearly the same as in 1891.

The New Orleans Strike.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 11.—At 2 o'clock this morning the strike was declared off. The men will return to work pending the arbitration.

A Banker Indicted.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—S. A. Kean, the banker who failed two years ago, is in hot water, as he was indicted this afternoon by the grand jury on a charge of feloniously concealing money from the depositors in his bank, and was taken into custody.

In Finance.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 10.—Quincy, Alabama, near Huntsville, is in flames and the complete destruction of the place with some fatalities is expected. Huntsville has been asked for aid.

BENTON'S SUCCESSOR.

Albert H. Nash Appointed Postmaster at Salt Lake.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—President Harrison today appointed Albert H. Nash postmaster at Salt Lake City, Utah, vice Irving A. Benton, resigned to accept the appointment of United States marshal.

Express Dividend.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The board of directors of the American Express company today declared a dividend of $3 per share, payable in January. The transfer books close Dec. 10 and reopen Jan. 4.

Death of a Murderer.

READING, Pa., 10.—Murderer Keck, who was to have been hanged today, was found dead in his cell shortly before the time set for his execution. No trace of poison was found, and after a post-mortem, the doctor swore that death was caused by nervous exhaustion.

Tin Plate Factory.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 10.—At Atlanta today ground was broken for a large tin plate factory. E. Stanford, president of the Indiana Tin Plate Manufacturing company, will erect the plant.

Knives at the Polls.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 10.—Telegrams state that the only election row in the state occurred in Mitchell county, at a polling place called Big Rock Creek. Knives were freely used and fourteen men were seriously wounded, six fatally.

Chrysanthemum Show.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The chrysanthemum show, which is to be visited by the members of the diplomatic corps and by such members of the cabinet who can find the time, is reported to be the richest and most complete floral display ever made in this country. The White House gardens are represented by specimens of chrysanthemums valued at thousands of dollars and the national botanical gardens have a display almost as fine. It may be interesting to add in this connection that no year has witnessed so great a number of flower shows as 1892. There are now in progress in the cities of the country over 100 of these exhibitions, and the chrysanthemum is in each case the special variety displayed to the best advantage. Almost all of the shows in the larger cities are equal, if they do not eclipse that given last week at Madison Square garden in New York.

Knights of Labor.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 10.—The officers of the Knights of Labor left this evening for St. Louis, where the annual convention begins early next week. While no announcement has been given out, the probable retirement of Grand Master T. V. Powderly, it is said today on excellent authority that if the various elements in the order can be harmonized, he himself will favor the election of A. W. Wright, the general master of the order, to succeed to the position Mr. Powderly now holds. The only contest promised at the coming convention is that directed against the political action of some of the labor leaders during the recent campaign. It is asserted that Mr. Powderly and others went beyond the plan of political action outlined and endorsed at the Denver convention of 1891. John W. Hayes, the secretary of the order, is certain of re-election.

For French Newspapers.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—In the Deputies today Prime Minister Loubet asked that Wednesday be fixed as a day for discussing the bill increasing penalties that may be inflicted on newspapers publishing articles that incite to murder and pillage. The request caused much excitement, the members of the right accusing the government of weakness in regard to the Carmaux troubles, and in dealing with the socialists. After a heated debate the request was agreed to.

The spirit tax will come up and notwithstanding the opposition of Rouvier, minister of finance, the chamber decided to suppress all duties on wines, beer, etc. The report of the budget committee declared that the adoption of such an amendment would entail a deficit of $8,000,000 francs.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Depew's View of His Democratic Friends.

MINISTER PAUNCEFOTE.

Manley Says the Workingmen are against the Republicans.

HOW TO BENEFIT INDUSTRIES.

Hoch Lays it to the Tariff—McKinley Cause Arrangement for English Commerce.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Chauncey Depew expressed his views on the result of the election in a speech at the Union League tonight. In the course of his remarks he said that he talked today with a pearl button manufacturer who paid six dollars a week to his hands before the passage of the McKinley bill, but is paying from twenty to twenty-six dollars a week now; yet, he said they all voted the Democratic ticket, because they were led to believe that they were not getting their share of the profits. Then the Democrats got the laboring vote. This verdict demands the repeal of the McKinley bill, and cutting off of the tariff where it protects either the mill owner or the mill hand, said Depew:

"When I asked a Democratic congressman today if the Democrats would repeal the tariff law and the ten per cent tax on state banks, he replied: Brother Depew, the platform is made to get in on, not to stand on."

"I hope," said Mr. Depew, "that the Democracy will have control of the Senate. Then they cannot say we have prevented their fulfilling their Chicago promises, and we can say to them, 'You are phenomenal frauds, and got control by lying.' We will make them confess that they did not dare fulfill their promises."

PAUNCEFOTE IS SILENT.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, British minister to the United States, arrived today by the Majestic. After expressing his pleasure at resuming official duties Pauncefote said the relations between the two countries were in every way satisfactory.

"Of course the English people take an interest in American politics so far as international commerce is concerned, but it is not my place to discuss any phase of American politics."

Regarding the monetary conference at Brussels he said there was such a diversity of opinion on the subject, that new light was awaited with the greatest interest, and he felt that the conference would give more information than ever before expressed. He had no opinion as to the character of the decision which the conference may make.

JOSEPH H. MANLEY.

Republican Committeeman Joseph H. Manley in an interview today said the returns showed that the workingmen in the manufacturing half of the country had gone against the Republican party, while in agricultural interests as represented by the farmer vote stood by it.

J. S. CLARKSON,

of Iowa said all the best calculations in respect to every state except his own had been set at naught by the Republicans. He was especially sorry for the defeat of Senator Spooner as Republican candidate for governor of Wisconsin.

CRISP'S FORECASTS.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 10.—Speaker Crisp today in an interview said: "If we have the Senate, and it looks as though we might have it, the Democratic party will enact such tariff law as will raise an ample fund for the economical administration of the government, and at the same time open to the people the necessaries of life. If we cannot increase the price to cotton producers of what he makes, we can increase the purchasing power of what he gets for his crop, and thus greatly benefit him. This is true of every other industry in the country, and our victory means local self-government and home rule and prosperity of the great masses of the American people."

THE TARIFF DID IT.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Secretary Rusk was in the city today on his way back to Washington. He said: We were cleaned out; that's all there is about it. In my opinion the tariff was the whole and sole cause. There has been a howl everywhere about it, and the Homestead affair made the laboring classes discontented. Undoubtedly there has been a change in the public as to sentiment."

M'KINLEY HAS NOT GIVEN UP OHIO.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 10.—Governor McKinley is in the city tonight, and in an interview said he could not account for the result of the election. He is not prepared to give up Ohio yet, having received a telegram from Columbus saying that the state was safe for the Republicans by 3,000 plurality.

POPULISTS NOT SATISFIED.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 10.—Chairman Taubeneck of the National Campaign committee of the People's party, was asked regarding the election. He said the result was produced above all by a spirit of unrest, discontent, and dissatisfaction among the people of the nation. The old party lines were loosened if not broken. It has taken the American people long years to discover that the tariff is a tax, and that the foreign manufacturer does not pay it, and it will now take them years to learn that a tariff for revenue will not remove the burdens of which they complained. The people jumped from one fire into another. The People's party will not accept any responsibility for the fight on the lines mapped out, but will immediately reorganize on a proper call for the work ahead.

AN EMBARRASSED VIEW.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The Pall Mall Gazette reverting to the subject of the elections says today: "It does not seem the result of the election will embarrass the United States in foreign relations, but the movement in favor of protection will be arrested. Public opinion is flowing in other directions.

"With the disappearance of Blaine and Harrison," it adds, "the Americans will be the United States and have no rivals in importance. Democracy has its place to Mr. Cleveland. He is now to be independent of the earlier power. Blaine's statement attempt to arouse the nationality of Irish-Americans impelled great difficulty and divided and confused his opinion. There may be even some hope for Tammany Hall."

The Globe attributes the result to the dissatisfaction of farmers and wage-workers with protection, and says there is a certain similarity in the revolt of American agriculturists with the present attitude of that class in England. In one case protection benefited the manufacturing class at the expense of the agriculturists; in the other free trade has caused the same effect. Signs are not wanting that British agriculturists will follow the revolt of the American farmer and start a party of their own.

CARDINAL CONSISTORY.

Vacancies to be Filled by Appointment of the Pope.

ROME, Nov. 10.—It is now probable that one great cardinal consistory will take place on the 19th of December, when it is expected the Pope will create thirteen cardinals, as has been mentioned. Five are certain, viz: Tuan, Rotten, Gross, De Falco and Petrosi. The archbishop of Seville appears equally certain. For England there is as yet none in question. America remains three, but the Pope will accord only three. In the local archdiocese the Prussian minister requested the latter's demand that Monseigneur Kopp, bishop of Breslau, be included among the cardinals, but the Pope would prefer the archbishop of Cologne. As the Prussian government opposes this selection, the archbishop of Posen may be first chosen.

He then controls the number and duration of his audiences and secludes himself in his apartments working over the encyclicals, one for the jubilee and one for the church in the east. It is said he occupies himself also with America, but has not yet decided whether he will speak thereon in a special document. It is denied in Vatican circles that Monseigneur Satolli has any mission regarding scholastic questions in the United States, and it is considered that these have been regulated through the Ireland incident.

Serious poor points have occurred between the holy see, the Spanish government and Spanish parties. On the death of Nocedal, representative of Don Carlos, his son, Director Italy Future, solicited a succession to the post, but Don Carlos preferred the Spanish grandee. Nocedal then separated himself from "the King" as being too liberal a schism, obliges Don Carlos to recognize his party and there is now a circle in every village.

Nocedal, with his set, has conceived the idea of forming a Catholic union, the programme of which will be to rally to the existing monarchy for a better defense of the interests of religion. Nocedal requires the Pope to write a new encyclical in order that power to rally from one side to the other be conferred.

Bishop Seattitz, of St. Cloud, Minn., has left Rome. During his last days here he dined with Cardinal Ledochowski. He has spoken to his friend in a very positive manner, asserting that development of events in Minnesota will not fail to be favorable to the German party in the United States. Special advices, however, justify the assertion of a reverse in the case, but it is undoubtedly true that all friends of the German party in Rome are doing their utmost to advance the interests of the party.

The holy father is greatly pleased with the sympathetic receptions accorded to Monseigneur Satolli, papal delegate of the World's Fair dedication ceremonies and also with the speech of Chauncey M. Depew and the prayer by Archbishop Ireland, and a medal was struck by order of the committee on this occasion. Referring to the event he said: "The United States form a great people to whom the future belongs."

Disabled at Sea.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Another steamer bound for this port was passed, disabled at sea, by the Red Star steamer Pennland, which arrived this morning. Antwerp, which reported having seen the disabled steamer American Steamer Sandam at midnight Nov. 8, off Newfoundland, with a piston rod broken. The Sandam left Amsterdam Oct. 29, and carried no passengers.

A Terrible Voyage.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Incoming vessels continue to report that the weather has been very heavy. The effect of the storm was very severe on cattle ships. The British steamer Dracona from Montreal has arrived at Aberdeen and reports a terrible voyage. She lost 170 head of cattle. Captain Thompson and a mate were badly injured.

Contract Laborers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Ellis Island officials today made a discovery that a crowd of contract laborers were coming to take the place of the glass works strikers at Pittsburg. Labor Inspector Layden of Pittsburg received information that the men were coming by the steamer Freeland, and telegraphed here. When the steamship arrived it was found that there were no steerage passengers, but a little detective work on the part of the inspectors discovered the presence of twenty-nine glass workers among the second cabin passengers, in charge of Francis Vidal, foreman in the Pittsburg works. All the men were placed in detention. As a good case is made out against the owner of the glass factory he will be prosecuted.

THE ELECTION.

Republican Defeat Officially Acknowledged.

HARRISON SO NOTIFIED.

Election Returns Still Coming in from the Various States.

CALIFORNIA FOR CLEVELAND.

Position Now said to be Colorado—Ohio Still Claimed by Both Parties.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Chairman Carter of the Republican national committee sent the following telegram to President Harrison this morning: "The returns show that we have been defeated by a pronounced majority. The defeat can only be attributed to a reaction against the progressive policies of the Republican party."

ALABAMA.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 10.—It is positively known that the following Congressmen, all Democrats, were elected in Alabama:

First district, Chang; Second district, Stallings; Third district, Oates; Fourth district, Richmond; Fifth district, Cobb; Sixth district, Bankhead; Seventh district, Bowman; eighth district, Wheeler; Ninth district, Turpin. Official returns from all but five counties give a majority for Cleveland of 40,314, which is a big increase over the state election in August.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—Sufficient returns have been received from California to show that Cleveland carried the state by at least 9000 plurality. Returns are in from nearly three-fourths of the precincts in the state, including practically all of San Francisco, and they give Cleveland a plurality of 2,564. Nineteen counties from which less than half the returns have been received, gave Cleveland a plurality of nearly 500 in 1888. The chairman of the Democratic state committee claims Cleveland's plurality will be 4,000. The Republicans concede that the state has gone for Cleveland. The Congressional contest is still doubtful. Three Democrats and one Independent Democrat and one People's party are elected and probably three Republicans. The Republicans admit that the Democrats will have a majority of one or two on joint ballot in the Legislature.

COLORADO.

DENVER, Nov. 10.—Later returns, without materially changing the result on the national ticket, give the following vote for governor: Waite (People's party), 35,707; Helm (Rep.), 29,856; Marvin (Dem.), 5,005. For Congressman Pence (People's) was elected in the First district, and Reid (People's) in the Second district. Goddard (People's) for supreme judge, ran ahead of the ticket, and probably will have a large majority. The state senate consists of Populists and Democrats, 22; Republicans, 11. Of the hold-over senators, six are Democrats, five Populists and one People's party. The House stands 18 and the Democrats 15. In the house, so far as heard from, there will be 36 Republicans, 13 Populists and 15 straight Populists.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Six hundred and ninety-three precincts of 710 outside Cook county give Harrison 158,330, Cleveland 127,807. The vote on governor is very close as these figures. Altgeld is running a little behind Cleveland, and Filer ahead of Harrison. Cook county has given Cleveland a plurality of 52,888 and Altgeld 37,985.

GALESBURG, Ill., Nov. 10.—General P. S. Post, Republican candidate for Congress in the Tenth district, has 1978 plurality over Hunter, Democrat.

IOWA.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 10.—Up to 11 p. m. the reports from ninety-seven counties give a plurality for Harrison of 21,832. This will make Harrison's plurality in the state close to 24,000. The congressmen elected are ten Republicans and one Democrat in the Second. No pluralities can be given on congressmen.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 10.—Official returns have scarcely begun to come in yet. Unofficial returns from eighty-eight of the ninety-two counties, with the other four estimated, give Cleveland 11,196 plurality. No figures can yet be given as to the total vote of the People's or Prohibition candidates.

KANSAS.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 10.—Returns from all counties show that the Third party has a majority of 4,87 on Presidential electors. The Populist majority on the state officers is slightly below Weaver. The Republicans concede defeat.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Nov. 10.—No revision of the Presidential vote of the state has yet been made, but it is asserted that Harrison's plurality is about 21,000.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, Nov. 10.—The Harrison electors have undoubtedly carried Nebraska by about 2000 plurality over Weaver. Thomas, for governor, and the whole Republican ticket are elected by 12,000 plurality over Van Wyck (Pop.). The result in the First congressional district is very close. Field (Rep.) claims the election by 19 plurality. Bryan (Dem.) claims victory by 10 plurality. The Republicans elect Mercer and Meekes in the Second and the Independent resident Mickelson. The result in the Sixth district is in doubt, with the probability that Winchester (Rep.) elected over Evans (Dem.), sixty majority. Of ninety-five Harrison 50, Cleveland 38, Weaver 6, Wilson 1. The Legislature will stand on joint ballot Republicans, 38; Democrats, 35; Independents, 4; doubtful, 22. The Democrats and Independents will probably contest the election of a United States senator.

OHIO.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 10.—At Republican headquarters at midnight the returns showed a plurality of 1400 for Taylor, Republican, for secretary of state. The gains on the official returns have been gradual and steady for the Republicans.

At Democratic headquarters, while admitting that the vote was against them again, a small Democratic plurality is still claimed, and the committee says it will be necessary to get the official vote.

VERMONT.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Nov. 10.—Returns received from 238 towns in the state give Harrison a majority of 19,021. The same towns in 1888 gave Harrison a majority of 20,012. This indicates a decrease of 991 in the Republican vote, 542 in the Democratic vote, and 75 in the Prohibition vote. Twenty-five remaining towns in 1888 gave Harrison a majority of 1108. Providing the rate of increase in the remaining twenty-five towns be the same Harrison's majority will be 20,306.

WEST VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 10.—Returns from about three-fourths of the state show a Democratic plurality for the national and state tickets of between 8000 and 8500. Until the official returns are made the exact plurality cannot be stated. All four Democratic candidates for Congress were elected. The legislature is Democratic.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 10. — Sentinel returns report that twenty—one out of sixty-eight counties give the Democrats a plurality on governor of 4478. The figures are slightly smaller on the electoral ticket.

MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 10.—From returns received up to 11 o'clock tonight the Globe figures that the Minnesota congressional delegation will consist of four Republicans, two Democrats and one Populist. From present indications the legislature will be anti-Republican by a small majority, but no figures can be given. The Republicans claim Nelson's (Rep.) majority for governor, will be between 10,000 and 12,000.

NORTH DAKOTA.

BISMARCK, Nov. 10.—Returns from twenty leading counties almost completely knock out the previous Republican estimates. It is now certain that the entire Republican state ticket is elected by majorities of 300 to 1000. It is believed that the Harrison electors were also defeated, but Johnson (Rep.) for Congress may pull through. The legislature is in doubt, but probably will be Republican by four or five majority.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 10.—Returns from 207 towns give Harrison 42,110, Cleveland 37,[illegible], Prohibition and Democratic 1081, Independent Smith, Republican, 39,118, McKinney, Democrat, 38,476, Corr, Prohibition, 1118, Noyes, Democrat, 218. The remaining towns will not materially change the result. Smith will be elected by a majority of upwards of five hundred.

AN ENGLISH GIRL.

She is Young and Aristocratic But Dishonest.

LONDON, Nov. 10. — Gwyneth Maude, a girl of eighteen, was arraigned in the police court today on a charge of stealing silver salvers and candlesticks from Sighth & Son, jewelers. The girl was dressed in the height of fashion, and was ladylike in appearance and dress. She resides with her mother in a small house in Hyde Park Gate. The family is widely and favorably connected, and the arrest of Gwyneth caused a decided sensation.

Spinks says that after selecting salvers and candlesticks she ordered crests engraved upon them. The order was filled and left by direction of the firm the articles were sent to the residence. They were not paid for, but as soon as Gwyneth received them she pawned them.

This is not the only charge against the girl, as a representative of a fur company was in court and made a charge against her of obtaining a sealskin mantle, jacket and muff without paying for them. It is thought she obtained in this manner over $2500. When arrested she said: "It's my mother's fault." The magistrate remanded her, refusing to accept bail.

BIMETALLISM.

A Remedy Against the Depression in Trade.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Arthur J. Balfour has written a letter to which he says that one of the most practical remedies for the fall in British exports will be to return the currency to the direction of bimetalism. Joseph Chamberlain, writing on the same subject, points out that the condition is as bad in protected countries as in England, from which he reasons that the causes are not principally with tariff. The Duke of Portland, in a letter to his tenants, announcing his intention to sell his lands does not hesitate to say that the depression in the agricultural industry is due to the free importation of agricultural products.

A Failure.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The sheriff today received an attachment for $25,[illegible] against Joseph P. Murphy, manufacturer of cotton and woolen goods in Philadelphia, in favor of commission merchants. In February, 1891, Murphy made an assignment, but obtained a composition at forty cents on the dollar. The liabilities are reported at $400,000.

GROVER AT HOME

Telegrams of Congratulation Pouring in.

MAKE-UP OF THE NEXT CABINET

The State as Figured out by the Politicians at Present.

BAYARD, SECRETARY OF STATE.

Grover and Thurlow on the Idea of Issuing an Address to the Voters of the Country.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Cheerfulness pervaded the house of President-elect Cleveland today. Though the weather without was cheerless in the extreme, messages bearing words of congratulation kept the door bell ringing almost continuously.

Secretary O'Brien said this afternoon that Mr. Cleveland had at first intended to address a letter to the voters of the country giving his views on the political situation, but this project he abandoned. Mr. Cleveland also decided not to allow any telegrams of letters of congratulation to be published. O'Brien said the number of these messages already exceeded 2000 and the stream showed no sign of diminution.

The result of the election being positively settled politicians are turning their attention to the possible make-up of Cleveland's next cabinet. Many are also greatly interested, now that the New York state legislature is known to be Democratic on joint ballot, in the succession of United States senator Hiscock, whose term will expire March 4 next. It is said that Governor Flower is undecided as to his senatorial successor, and Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan wants to succeed to the governor's office.

Democratic politicians generally admit that Governor Flower will be sent to the Senate if he so desires, and Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan thus become governor for the unexpired term. Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan's friends declare that his splendid achievements during the present campaign in the interest of the Democratic party entitle him to the next term as governor, as well as a full term. There has been some talk of Bourke Cockran for senator, but his friends allege that he does not want the place.

The Cabinet slate, as generally figured out by the politicians of today, was:

Secretary of State, Thomas F. Bayard.

Secretary of the Treasury, John G. Mitchell or ex-Postmaster General Vilas.

Secretary of the Navy, William C. Whitney.

Secretary of War, W. F. Franklin of New Hampshire.

Secretary of the Interior, Isaac P. Gray of Indiana.

Attorney General, Congressman William L. Wilson of West Virginia, or Congressman Culberson of Texas.

Postmaster General, Don M. Dickinson.

It has been a generally accepted belief in political circles that ex-Secretary Whitney would be offered the place of secretary of state by the President-elect, but those who appear to know something about it, say Whitney prefers to be secretary of the navy.

SEVERAL VACANCIES

In the High Offices of the Executive Department.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—There are a number of vacancies in the high offices of the executive department of the government and the problem of filling them has been considerably complicated by the result of the recent election in view of the fact that a general change will be made by the new administration in March, and the vacancies are not altogether desirable prizes. Among them are the first assistant postmaster generalship, commissioner of the general land office and a number of diplomatic places including those at Italy, Russia, Portugal and Swiss nations. The resignation of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Nettleton and Mr. Crouse, the Republican governor-elect of Nebraska, will take effect next month. The president will also have four vacancies on the bench to fill between now and the 4th of March. These are the positions, and the most alluring prizes remaining within the gift of the Administration.

Election to Be Contested.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Nov. 10.—J. Maurice Finn, the defeated congressional candidate on the Democratic ticket in the Twelfth district, says he will contest Stephenson's election on the ground of flagrant violations of the election law.

Fraud in Connecticut.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 10.—The Union, in an extra edition tonight, says the Democratic state committee is in possession of evidence tending to show that some Republican managers are engaged in a conspiracy to again count out the Democrats who were elected in the state offices Tuesday.

Arizona Democratic.

TUCSON, Ariz., Nov. 10.—The majority for Smith, Democrat, for Congress is 1357 against 400 in 1890. Both branches of the legislature are Democratic. Pima county elects the entire Democratic ticket for the first time in the history of the Territory.

Theodore Child is Dead.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—The reported death of Theodore Child is confirmed. He died of cholera at Tonsberg, Persia, Wednesday, November 2nd.