

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE VIRGINIAN UNION TELEGRAPH LIAISON.

AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 2.—Rear Admiral Benjamin F. Sands (retired) is dead.

Signal service reports for the Pacific states were resumed to-day.

The President has made the following appointments: Col. Hala burd, U. S. Quartermaster General, to succeed General Ingalls, retired; Wm J. Gallbraith, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Montana; Saml. J. Kirkwood, of Iowa, Sllas B. Dutcher, of New York, and Anthony Gilkeson, of New York, commissioners to examine 45 miles of railroad and telegraph line constructed by the Oregon & California Railroad Company southward from the city of Roseburg, Oregon; Morgan D. Frazer, Receiver of Public Money at Lewiston, Idaho.

The annual report of the chief of the mail division of the Pension Office shows the receipt during the fiscal year of 53,411 applications for pensions, an increase over the previous year of 35,805. Seventeen thousand letters were received from congressmen.

Decrease of the public debt during June, \$18,093,201.

Bids for contracts for the construction of new naval cruisers were opened at the Navy Department to-day. John Roach was the lowest bidder for all four vessels. He bids for the Chicago \$389,000, the Boston \$619,000, the Atlantic \$617,000, and the Dolphin, the dispatch boat, \$315,000. The contracts will be awarded to him. There were only four bidders for each vessel.

Gen. Steiuelet, expert, continued his testimony this morning before the Hill investigation committee, relative to the cost of the extra work of Bartlett, Robbins & Co. upon the New York postoffice.

Hill was called upon to produce certain vouchers, and the committee adjourned to July 5th.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided to continue the present system of fastening cars employed in the transportation of imported merchandise with lead seals. He has awarded the contract for supplying them for the present fiscal year. The new seal will cost about \$3 per 1,000, a reduction of \$2.50 per 1,000.

The President left for New York this afternoon. He has signed the commissions of the four newly appointed Collectors of Internal Revenue, and issued letters of designation to the Collectors retained under the recent consolidation.

During the fiscal year just ended, there has been a net increase in the postoffices established of 1639 compared with the previous fiscal year.

Preston, acting Director of the Mint, says that under the act which authorized the coinage of trade dollars, these pieces were coined for depositors of silver bullion at the mint, and charges imposed for coinage at a rate not to exceed the actual cost to the Government of the manufacture. By this act any owner of silver bullion could have the same coined into trade dollars. They therefore were not issued or paid out by the Government in payment of obligations, or exchanged for other money. The Government has endeavored to keep the trade dollar in its lawful, proper channel, and from ignorance of the law relative to this coin parties have taken them in ordinary business transactions, when they could have lawfully refused. Preston says there is no remedy unless Congress legislate upon the matter. His idea would be to call all the trade dollars in and redeem them. Congress fixing the rate at which they would be redeemed.

Jersey City, 2.—John Hallard, ex-president and chief wrecker of the Mechanics' and Laborers' Bank, is sentenced to 18 months in the State Prison, which judgment was affirmed. The sheriff took him immediately to prison.

Nashville, 2.—A jury is not secured in the trial of ex-Presurer Polk. The case is called again for to-morrow.

New Haven, 2.—Daggett, owner of the horse Boston, who raced the animal against the catamaran from New York to Stony Creek, ninety miles, is arrested charged with cruelty to animals.

Bradford, 2.—The coroner began his inquest to-day on the bodies of those killed in the accident on the Rochester & Pittsburg Railroad yesterday morning. Five witnesses were examined. The testimony elicited supported the story of Mr. McCurdy that the train men were

asleep at the time of the accident. The inquest was then adjourned until to-morrow.

John Collins of Limestone, New York, one of the injured, died to-day, making the seventh death. David Ford, brakeman, is also in a precarious condition. It is thought the others will recover.

New York, 2.—Wm. H. Seaman, aged 24, shot and killed his sister Fanny, aged 28, and then killed himself at Throgs Neck, Westchester county, yesterday. It is believed he was insane.

Fanny Seaman, whose father and mother are dead, resides with the family of W. L. L. Ferris, a respectable Quaker related to the Seamans. Her brother William, who was a frequent visitor at the house, had, it appears, been engaged to marry a young lady of this city. She, hearing that insanity had developed itself in the sister of her betrothed, broke her engagement with him. Young Seaman arrived at the house unexpectedly yesterday, entered unseen by a window, and made his way to the sleeping room of his victim. The report of two pistol shots disturbed the household and when the room was entered, the lifeless bodies of the sister and brother were discovered.

Little Rock, 2.—J. T. Brown, jr., late United States Marshal of the Eastern District of Arkansas, was today sent under two counts for forgery and perjury in vouchers while a deputy. Total imprisonment five years at Detroit and \$1,000 fine.

New York, 2.—Mrs. Grover, of this city was fatally shot by a boy playing with a toy cannon in the street.

Harrisburg, Pa., 2.—The Dauphin County Alms House buildings, laundry and schoolhouse only excepted, burned to-day. All the inmates were saved, including some insane, some of whom resisted removal desperately. One woman, was badly burned, her clothing taking fire from flying sparks. Loss, \$200,000; insurance \$30,000. The insane were this evening removed to the State Asylum, and the sick brought to the hospital here. Tents were procured at the Arsenal, which will be erected near the ruins for paupers. Twelve of the insane, very violent escaped the guards in the confusion, and are still at large.

Port Jarvis, N. Y., 2.—At 4 o'clock to-day the thermometer registered nearly 100 degrees in the shade. At half past 4 a heavy wind and rain storm struck the village from the west and did much damage to trees, fences and small buildings. At Hancock the Erie freight house was totally demolished, the Catholic church blown flat to the ground, and other houses damaged. The telegraph poles are down.

Binghamton, N. Y., 2.—A terrific storm of wind and rain visited this section this afternoon. Many large trees were uprooted, houses unroofed and blown down. The Catholic Church and other large buildings are damaged badly. The storm was wide spread and destructive generally.

Williamstown, Mass., 2.—A tornado swept through Williamstown Valley at 4 this afternoon and wrecked the new college gymnasium, where the alumni dinner was eaten on Wednesday. Had the dinner been to-day, a hundred must have been injured. Loss to the college about \$6,000. Many barns and trees were blown down.

Milwaukee, 2.—A severe storm swept over Ozaukee County at 6 o'clock this morning, demolishing buildings at Necedah, Fond du Lac, Belgium, Fredonia, Oakfield, Lamertine, Princeton, Port Washington, Hartford, Ripon, New Cassell, Mayville, Brownsville, Kewassum, and a dozen other towns. In Belgium and Fredonia alone over 200 buildings were blown flat. At Oakfield, nine miles south of Fond du Lac, hardly a chimney is left standing. King & Erwin's barn and press were totally demolished, and the loss in the whole village is estimated at \$15,000. The storm was about 24 miles wide. At Port Washington three men named Hollander, Soule and French were drowned. The schooner *Ganges*, off Port Washington, lost all her topmasts. Several other vessels were seriously damaged. At Necedah a \$13,000 bridge, over the Wisconsin River, was damaged to the extent of \$4,000.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., 2.—The Covington and Baltimore mines are flooded with water over 200 feet deep. In the former the embankment supporting the main shaft of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad caved in after the track had fallen down, and

another house is in imminent danger. The inflow of water is checked. It will take six weeks to pump the water from the mines.

New York, 2.—The pilot-boat reports that the new Cunard steamer *Auriana*, from Liverpool June 23rd for this port, broke her connection rod and burst her cylinder, on Sunday, July 1st, at 5.40 p.m., off Montauk Point. No one was injured. Six tugs will be dispatched to tow her into port.

New York, 2.—Shortly before 6 this morning a violent storm broke over the city, sweeping through the streets with such strength that walking became almost impossible, while clouds of dust filled the air. An unfinished three-story house in Ann street was blown down. The front wall of the brick theatre owned by Harry Mauer, in the course of construction, also fell. The workmen escaped injury by having abandoned the building when the storm broke.

At Blissville a train on the Long Island Railroad struck a beer wagon, demolishing the wagon, killing the horses and Patrick Coyle and Peter Kruck.

Prof. S. P. Shaples of Boston, R. L. Withans of Buffalo, Wm. Habershaw of New York, Ira Benson of Baltimore, R. Ogden Doremus of New York, and L. O. Holden of New York, all prominent chemists arrived to-day to testify in the investigation as to alleged adulteration of lard by Fowler Bros.

Chicago, 2.—Mr. Bensly stated that McGeech authorizes him to make an offer of fifty cents on the dollar, payable in ten days, and would undertake to raise \$450,000 in addition to what is in the receiver's hands for that purpose, provided all the creditors would sign an agreement accepting it as a settlement in full, and would withdraw all suits, attachments and injunctions so that he might realize on his property so tied up. The creditors in general express themselves glad of the opportunity to settle on that basis, though one or two members opposed showing favor to persons whom they termed outsiders. The proposition, however, was finally accepted, and a committee appointed to secure signatures to the terms of settlement. Mr. Bensly states as the result of a thorough examination that McGeech had not sufficiently close connection with other capitalists to make them liable as partners.

New York, 3.—A Sun special says: The town of Cromwell, Conn., was destroyed by a cyclone yesterday and 14 lives lost. The Associated Press have asked for particulars, but thus far nothing has been received. The story is generally discredited.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., 3.—The boiler of the steamboat *Susquehanna* owned by the Plymouth Navigation Co., blew up here this morning. The boat was torn to pieces. No passengers on board. Seven of the crew were injured, several fatally.

CHICAGO, 3.—The *Daily News* Little Rock special says: A fight occurred at an Indian dance at Bird Creek, Indian Territory, last night at which over 100 Pawnees with drawn revolvers and knives took part. Two Indians were killed and others wounded.

MONTELELO, Wis., 3.—The granite shaft which is to mark the spot where Custer and the seven companies of the Seventh United States Cavalry laid down their lives, was shipped to Montana yesterday. The monument consists of a cube of Montello granite four feet square resting on a base of the same material; it is inscribed with 1,400 letters; names of the slain.

Petersburg, Va., 3.—About midnight last night a difficulty occurred in Blanford, between Bowen Barney Jones and Woodson Dunn. Jones accused Woodson and his brother, of having induced his son, wife and daughter to follow them, intimating that improper motives were indulged in their action. Words ensued, when Jones seized an old army musket loaded with bird shot, and fired at Woodson Dunn, the charge entering his right groin, passing through the body, making a wound two inches in diameter. Dunn cannot recover.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 2.—One hundred and twenty State-aided emigrants embarked on the Allan line steamer *Austria*, at Tynes, County Limerick, to-day for the United States, most of them from Glen and Ennis Unions.

The Fine Art Exhibition opened at Munich on Sunday. The Ameri-

can exhibit is good, the landscape especially. There are many fine works in black and white.

Advices from Tamatave dated June 18th, state that previous to the bombardment of the town, most of the foreign residents took refuge in ships in the harbor. The French inhabitants were ordered to leave the citadel when the bombardment commenced.

The reported death of Count de Chambord is regarded as premature. The *Union of Paris* says: The condition of the Count is grave, yet all hope of his recovery is not abandoned.

A special from Paris states the Comte de Paris started for Frohsdorf, to which place yesterday the Orleanist Council decided he should go with the Duc de Nemours and other participants in the elaborated fusion visit of 1873. It is believed the Government has decided to expel from France every member of the Orleans family if the Comte de Paris makes any political disturbance.

Take has written a letter defending the class of emigrants he forwarded to America. He states the work of the society of which he is head is virtually finished for the season. He could place over 50 families in the United States and Canada. He further states he has many applications from American employers for foreign laborers.

West Bromwich, 2.—The American Rifle Team practiced here this morning and made good scores at the short ranges. In the afternoon they shot a competition match with 16 crack shots of the Midland club. Five shots each at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. Prizes were offered those making the best aggregate. The weather at the start was most favorable. On the American side, Sergeant Paulding, Dolan and Van Heusen at 800 yards made 25 each, the highest possible score; J. M. Pollard, 23; and Major Denham, F. Stuart and C. Winham, 20 each. On the Midland Club side, the highest scores were made by Bates, Reading and Bird, who made 21 each. On account of the lateness of the hour it was arranged to fire only two shots each at 900 yards and the full number at the 1,000 yards. A violent storm arose, however, and the shooting was stopped. The English riflemen were much disappointed, as they had expected to recover their losses at the long range.

Deaths from cholera in Damietta on Monday, 120.

An Alexandria dispatch announces the death there to-day of a woman said to be a refugee from Damietta. The autopsy established the cause of death to be epidemic cholera. The small street in which she died is surrounded by soldiers. It is rumored several deaths from cholera have occurred in Tantah.

PARIS, 2.—The Comte de Paris, Duc d'Aumale and Duc de Nemours are here in consultation, owing to unfavorable news touching the condition of De Chambord.

It is stated that a royalist meeting is to be held to-morrow, where documents brought by a messenger from Count de Chambord will be read to the assemblage. The messenger is expected to reach Paris to night. Latest advices from Frohsdorf state the hope for the recovery of the count is increasing.

Berlin, 2.—The Upper House of the Prussian Diet has by a vote of 64 to 16 adopted the government church bill. Dr. Gossler, minister of the ecclesiastical affairs, declared that the right of nomination to an ecclesiastical beneficiary was not worth contending for.

At a joint session of the diet, Puttkamer, minister of the interior, declared the session closed, and the members dispersed, after cheering the King three times.

Vienna, 2.—A dispatch says it is probable Austria will within 48 hours summon Roumania officially to repudiate the toast proposed by her deputy at Jassi, in the presence of the King in favor of Roumanian annexation of Bukovina. If Roumania refuses, as is unlikely, there will shortly be grave news.

Wilhelmshafen, 2.—A naval put-officer is arrested for selling a plan of the port.

Madrid, 2.—The Spanish authorities have imposed ten days quarantine upon all vessels arriving at Spanish ports which left Egypt since June 22, and a fortnight's quarantine upon vessels with sick men on board.

LONDON, 3.—3 p.m.—Intelligence has just reached here of a terrible calamity which occurred during the launch of the steamer *Daphne*, at Glasgow to-day. While being

launched she fell over on her side, paralyzing a number of those in the water. According to dispatches thus far received, 300 were drowned.

Those who had maintained position on a portion of the steamer, not merged did their utmost to assist in the work of rescue. Unfortunately people and succor saving quite a number. It is believed, however, that there were fifty persons below in the *Daphne* whose vessel went over and they must have been drowned. Cross-grief-stricken relatives of the victims are flocking to the scene of calamity. Another dispatch from Glasgow says the cause of the sinking was that she had too topweight. Steamers are carrying the water for bodies of the victims.

London, 3 p.m.—Further details of the calamity at Glasgow that the *Daphne* which was constructed for coast trading, was of 500 tons burden. Two workmen were on board when capsized.

London, 3.—Later dispatches from Glasgow say the *Daphne* was at New Renfrew, five miles from Glasgow. Traffic in the Clyde suspended owing to interference with navigation by the capsized vessel.

The *Daphne* left her very fast rate, and when the water she rolled heavily to one side. Persons on board, would capsize, ran to and fro the vessel finally rolled nearly disappeared beneath the water.

Alexandria, 3.—Twelve occurred at Mansurah and Samana yesterday from cholera. Traffic between Port Said and Syria has been prohibited on the outbreak of cholera at the latter place. A panic prevails because of the expected arrival there of five steamers from India with pilgrims on their way to Mecca. It is feared they bring cholera.

EMERY STAKE CONFERENCE.

Emery Stake Conference was at Orangeville, June 2d and 3d. There were present on the part of the Stake authorities, Pres. C. G. Larsen, Counselor O. Seely, Bishops of the districts, Wards, Counselors, and Members of the High Council.

After singing and prayer, President Larsen said he expected many of our brethren of the Apostles will be at this Conference, but some delay they had not arrived yet, but he thought they would be here through the day. Some length and gave some instructions to the Saints.

The Bishops of the districts gave in a report of their wards; they all seemed to be in a thriving condition, and all to the best of their ability to up the waste places of Zion, endeavoring to live their lives for the Saints of God.

Elder Robert Logan said that the first conference he had with in this stake. But he was in his 79th year, he met with the Saints in many years yet. Said he to wear out in the service of his kingdom.

Brother Matthew Caldwell viewed some of the trial Saints which he was cognate. Felt to rejoice and praise God he was living in this day on the world, when God had forth His kingdom never to be thrown down.

Afternoon.

After singing and prayer, Counselor J. K. Reid reported of the Orangeville reports were given of the Quorum and Sunday school.

Elder Stevens, of Ferron, few remarks, gave a short life, having been in the for 52 years, said he had a when he was 19 years old this was the work of God. He could bear the same testimony day. He was listened to with interest by the Saints.

Elder N. T. Guyman gave a report of the Seventies of Stake.

President O. Seely made a few remarks encouraging the Saints to afulness.

President Larsen endorsed all that had been said so far at this conference; felt pleased to have brethren with us that lived in the days of the prophet Joseph Smith.