

minutes. SITUATION CALMER.

Mejillones, although the shock at Me-

ones or to the railway, lasted three

Santiago, Chile, Sunday, Aug. 19 .--The situation is becoming clearer. A relief committee was organized here today and the street REFUSCE

STRUCK THE ROCKS.

fires that are still spreading over the parched surface of Grand swamps.

Millions of dollars' worth of property,

towns and mines are in peril. People at various points are "back firing." Vote that Steamer Manchuria Goes Aground When Out of Her Course.

strong on pie, and they will not stand , out long when they see that they are going to starve."

asked what the convention will do about indorsing Bryan. revelation which speak of the ap-pointment of another, not twelve oth-ers, in his (Joseph's) stead, and read

Mr. Sullivan merely laughed when "We will not oppose any instruc-tions in favor of Mr. Bryan. We never have thought of doing so. If delegates come to the convention instructed for Bryan, they will have to

guess.

Williams, ex-Congressman Kerns and Judge C. C. Boggs are mentioned for

emporary chairman. After this mat-

ter is adjusted, the fight will be shift-

ed to the committee on resolutions.

National Committeeman Sullivan and

opponents of Sullivan desire that it

ontain a condemnation of Sullivan

will undoubtedly come before the con-

vention in the shape of majority and minority reports. Matters are very

quiet today but the political mercury is expected to bound upwards when

the Chicago delegations, 1,000 strong.

ANARCHIST ARRESTED.

President Fallicres.

accessories, all of which had been brought

arrest was the result of the receipt

arrives this evening.

from Italy

It was feared that Sanas resumed. tiago would be plunged in darkness owing to lack of coal to supply the

gas works, but the officials of the gas company say they have a sufficient supply to last a week. Carlos Ed-wards, one of the proprietors of the Mercurio of Valparaiso has arrived here on horseback from that city. He confirms the reports that the Almendral quarter and the principal avenue of Valparaiso have been transformed into heaps of ruins. When he left the city the inhabitants were andering about looking for relatives and friends. The majority of the inhabitants, he says, have sough refuge the hills, in the parks and along The administration sea shore. olding and the Victoria theater had isappeared even to their foundations marine arsenal was only slightly maged but not any of the private residences were habitable. In spite of the desolation perfect order was main-tained by the troops which were bloouaced on the Grand avenue and The military ambu-Victoria square. lances were gathering up the wounded and the dead. When Mr. Edwards Valparaiso it was impossible to determine the number of Dersons. killed, but according to his estimate the number of lives lost was small when the extent of the catastrophe was taken into consideration. At one depot he saw 59 bodies. The main hotel was standing and all the guests escaped injury, but Mr. Edwards re-gards Valparaiso as being uninhabi-

TO REQUISITION SUPPLIES.

table for the present.

The squadron of cavalry forming presidential escort has started from here for Valparaiso, with instructo requisition all the cattle met with between this place and Valparaiso and to drive the herds to the latter city in order to prevent a famine. A large number of people have sought refuge on the various ships at anchor in the bay of Valparaiso.

The report that the naval school at iparaiso escaped the disaster is con-med. A number of families have I'med. sought refuge in the school building. they are being cared for by the naval authorities.

MEDICAL SUPPLIES SENT.

Medical supplies have been sent from is city to Valparalso and everything possible is being done to assist the homeless people. No accurate estimate of the damage done by the earthquake can yet be made, but it is considered certain that it will run into the hun-dreds of millions of dollars, and it is feared that a commercial crisis will follow the earthquake disaster. It is be-lleved that steps will be immediately taken to relieve the situation. Business being slowly resumed here and at Valparaiso.

The ministers of war and of the interior with detachments of volunteers from the army and fire departments left here this morning for the purpose of reestablishing telegraphic co cation with Valparaiso. A train which left Santiago for the north today ar-rived without any difficulty at Calera. Contrary to the general belief the tunwere not wrecked, and it is hoped that the trains will be running regularly tomorrow.

TO AID THE SUFFERERS.

The government has advised the provincial governments to spend all money necessary to help the earthquake suf-ferers in their districts. When the the farthquake first shook this city the prisoners in the penitentiary began singing hymns. There was no loss of life among them so far as known, but at Valparaiso the prison walls fell and

Tushed 140 prisoners to death. A telephone message received her today from Vina Del Mar announced that the portion of that town between the Royal hotel and the custom house is not seriously damaged, but that the test of the Vina Del Mar is almost toally destroyed.

President Riesco has received dis-patches from Lazarena, capital of the province of Coquimbo, saying that no damage has been done in the north, but that the majority of the houses in the Ambagada district have collapsed, as did a hill between Valgaraiso and

The Manchuria struck bow on during a heavy rainstorm, about 4:39 o'clock this morning. She was considerably out of her

Rabbit island is a small speck in the sea close to the winwardsde of the island of Oahu, on which Honolulu is located. The coast quarter here is unusually dangerous owing to the on-shore seas. The steamer lifes about 200 feet from the main shore. There are from two to three fathoms of water fore and about six fathoms aft. The tug Fearless and the Interisland steamer C. Cummins have gone to the scene. The agents of the Pacific Mail Steampship company at Hon-clulu are on the Fearless. It was high tide when the Manchurin struck. An officer who has come ashore expresses the opinion that the vessel can endorsing Mr. Bryan to contain any-thing beyond that endorsement. The and a request for his resignation from the national committee.

struck. An otheer who has come ashere expresses the opinion that the vessel can be floated at high tide tomorrow morning at about the same hour she struck. There is no danger of any loss of life, but it is feared that the steamer will be seriously damaged.

San Francisco, Aug. 20.—The Manchuria, commanded by Capt. J. W. Sanders, sali-ed on Aug. 14 from this port for Hono-lulu and the orient, with 150 saloon pas-sengers and 8000 tons of freight. Among her passengers are Maj.-Gen. James F. Smith, the new governor-general of the Philippines, accompanied by his wife, and Judge N. W. Gilbert of the court of first instances of Manila, with his bride. Gen. Smith is on his way to Manila to take the oath of office as governor-general of the Philippines. The Manchuria also has aboard 18 missionaries bound for China and Korea. Believed to be in Plot to Assassinate New York, Aug. 20.-A cable dispatch to a morning paper for Marseilles says: The police yesterday arrested an Ital-ian anarchist named. Cirillo Francez, a bootmaker, on suspicion of being in a plot to assassinate President Failleres on his nonroaching visit to the Marseiller his approaching visit to the Marseilles ex-position. When Francez's lodgings were searched the police found 42 cunces of fulminate, 55 lead screws and other bomb and Korea.

LT. COL. SCOTT ARRIVES.

Will Succeed Gen. Mills as Superintendent at West Point.

San Francisco, Ang. 20.-Lieut.-Col. Hugh I. Scott, formerly governor of Jolo. arrived Saturday on the transport Thom-as from Manila, en route to Washington. He is to relieve Gen. Albert Mills as su-perintendent of the milits, academy at West Point.

REFINED OIL DECLINES.

Cleveland, Aug. 20 .- Refined oil again declined be per gallon today. The Standard Oil company's new quotations are as follows: Water white Ohlo state test, 91/c;

headlight, 175 degrees, 1014c, and eocene, 1014c There is no change in the quotations

on Ohio state test oil or gasoline.

FORT MASON DOCK.

San Francisco, Aug. 20 .- Word has been received from Washington by the local military authorities that the plans for the proposed transport dock and supply stations to be erected at Fort iana and Arkansas. Mason have bees approved, and it is INDIAN TEACHERS' INSTITUTE. expected that work will commence within the next few weeks. This means that San Francisco will retain all the army business and the govern-

ment transport service and that \$1. 500,000 will be spent here on the work of construction. In connection with the transport dock a ferry slip will be built and a much desired approach by water to

Fort Mason and the presidio will be provided. It is computed that it will require about two years to build the dock, which will be in the shape of a huge capital F, and will be provided with modern machinery and appliances.

DEFENDS ROCKEFELLER

Cieveland, Ohio, Aug. 20.—Indiges-tion, from which he has suffered for three days, kept Mr. Rockefeller in-doors at his Forest Hill home Sunday. The Euclid Avenue Baptist church was

crowded, many of those present being strangers led by the announcement that Mr. Rockefeiler would be present. Dr. Cortland Myers of the Baptist Tabernacle, Broolkyn, preached the sermon, during the course of which he defended Mr. Rockefeller from news-

his mind. Receiver Charles G. Dawes closed the Mulwaukee Avenue Co-operative store, the Stensland enterprise, today. Nottics were posted on the windows that the store had been closed in preparation for a receiver's sale.

Church manner of ap The actual fight for the control of the convention will not commence un-til tonight when the state central comnittee will meet. Ex-Congressman

The

The matter

Young Joseph in the temple suit case, in which he testified that his father had blessed him and set him apart as his (the Prophet's) successor, and also read testimony of others that the Prophet had publicly stated that young Joseph was to be his successor. In 1844, his friends do not wish the resolution the speaker claimed, the Church had rejected on account of transbeen gression, and that the Saints who came to the mountains had advocated doc-trines not taught by the Prophet, while it was a requisite that the successor in the presidency should teach the doctrines of the Prophet.

extensively from revelations in regard

to the office and duties of the president

Elder Tanner referred to misquota-tions, which had been given by Elder Curtis, and defied any person to find a line in the Bible, Book of Mormon or Doctrine and Covenants which stated that the presidency of the Melchisedeo priesthood descended from father to son. Elder Tanner read from the rev-elations, giving the powers and duties of the priesthood, and from the sayings of Joseph Smith, the prophet, that the Melchisedec priesthood does not de-scend from father to son. Elder Tanner held that the blessings which had been promised to the descendants of Joseph, depended upon the observance by them of the laws and ordinances of the gospel and the commandments of the Lord, and that failure to do this had caused them to lose the blessing which had been promised them. And in reference to the claim which had been made by Elder Curtis that in 1844, when the prophet was martyred, the Church had been rejected. If this were so, then the family of Joseph was rejected and there was no authority of God upon the earth, and that was the condition that confronted the Reorganized church. He read from the Doctrine and Covenants the commandment to build a temple in Jackson county, Mo.

In this revelation the proviso had been made that if the people were dili-gent in doing any work commanded and they were prevented by their ene-mies from completing the work, the Lord would not require its completion at their hands. It had been claimed by Elder Curtis that the saints had been rejected because they had not com-pleted the temple in Nauvoo; but Elder Tanner held that the proviso of the revelation applied to the building of the Nauvoo temple, and read from the testimony of the Propret Joseph, that the people had been earnest and diligent in the work on the Nauvoo temple. The speaker read from the revelations that the Church should not be moved out of its place, although the children were to be scattered.

Elder Tanner read from the history of the reorganized church of its organof the reorganized church of its organ-ization, and quoted the testimony of young Joseph in the temple suit case, that he had been ordained to the priesthood by Wm. Marks, Zenos H. Gurley and W. W. Blair. Wm. Marks, who pronounced the ordination, had been excommunicated from the church and all had been members of some of and all had been members of some of the factions which sprang up after the death of the prophet, and did not hold the priesthood and therefore could not

BELINZOFF'S ESCAPE.

Col. Solivieff Finds That & Was Due to Gross Carelessness.

St. Petersburg. Aug. 20.-Col. Sol-ivieff, who investigated the escape of Belinzoff, the leader of the band of Moscow bank robbers, from the train on which he was being conveyed to Moscow for trial, has found that his escape was entirely due to the gross carelessness of the guards. Instead of jumping through a window of the train, it turns out that Belinzoff was in the tolletroom with a guard outside The prisoner locked the door, raise raised The prisoner locked the door, raised the window, quietly lowered himself to the step of the car and jumped off. His escape was not discovered until half an hour later. The gendarmes who formed the guard, have been sum-moned to St. Petersburg to answer to their neglect of duty.

line of the laws enacted by the present Congress and its tramediate predecesof the Church and the mainter of a pointment, which appointment of a successor was to be by the Prophet Joseph. Mr. Curtis read from the testimony of attention from the only method of tak-

tion of dealing with the so-called "trusts"—that is, with the control of monopolies and with the supervision

of great wealth in business, especially

in corporate form. The only way in which it is possible to deal with those

trusts and monopolies and this great corporate wealth is by action along the

corporate form.

ing effective action," Mr. Roosevelt says that if only partisan issues were involved in this contest, he should hesitate to say anything publicly in reference to it, but he does not feel that this is the The president declares "that with Mr. Cannon as speaker the house has accomplished a literally phenomenal amount of good work. It has shown a courage, good sense and patriotism such that it would be a real and serious misfortune for the country not to rec-

Mr. Roosevelt then enters on a review of the work of the Congress and the important measures passed by it. PROF. AP MADOC measures which, he says, are more than important in any partisan sense important in any partisan sense be-cause they subserve the welfare of the ole people.

He gives credit to Congress in the matter of the Panama canal, saying: "The interests banded together to oppose the canal are numerous and bitter, and most of them with a pecullarly sinister basis for their opposition. Had Congress been either tind or cor-rupt, and had not the leaders of Congress shown the most farsighted reso-lution in the matter, the work of building the canal would never have been begun, or if begun, would now have halted.

Strong approval is expressed of the attitude of Congress toward the up-building of the navy and then the president takes up the measures de with government regulation of busi-DORS.

The tremendous social and industrial changes in our nation," he says, "have rendered evident the need of a larger exercise by the national government of its power to deal with the business use of wealth, and especially of corporate wealth, in interstate business. It is not too much to say that the course o It is Congress within the last few years and the hearty agreement between the executive and legislative departments of the nation in taking the needed action each within its sphere, have resulted in the nation for the first time definitely entering upon the career of proper rformance of duty in these matters.

"It is a very easy thing to play the demagogue in this matter, to confine ones' self merely to denouncing the evils of wealth and to advocate often in vague language, measures so sweeping that while they would entirely fail to correct the evils almed at, they undoubtedly succeed in bringing down the prosperity of the nation with a crash. But it is not easy to do, as the present Congress and the immediate predecessors have done; that is, sternly to disregard alike the self in-terest of those who have profited by the present evils and the wild clamo of those who care less to do away with them than to make a reputation with the unthinking of standing in extreme opposition to them. But this is precisely what the present Congress has done. The previous Congress, by the enactment of the Elkins law and by the creation of the department of commerce and labor, including the bureau of corporations, had enabled us to make great strides in advance along the path of thus bringing the use of wealth in business under the supervision and regulation of the national government-for in actual practice it has proved a sham and pretense to say that the several states can thus sup

ervice and regulate it." President Roosevelt reviews and approves the measures taken to secure certain rights to wage workers, in-cluding the employers' liability law and the eight-hour law.

DOWIE AND VOLIVA NEGOTIATE FOR PEACE.

the editor of a paper of this kind in Chicago. Mr. Ap Madoc's last three ar-ticles in "Yfl Drych," the great Welsh American weekly newspaper, are con-Chicago, Aug. 20 .- Further evidence sidered the most readable and instruc-tive that have appeared in that paper of peace negotiations between John Alexander Dowie and Wilhur Glenn Voliva and his followers came out at for many months. Some or shall have been leading citizens and artists have been eloquently spoken of in the articles re-ferred to: besides, descriptions of the lake and the Malad valley have also two meetings held in Zion City yester. day. It was Dowle's day at the taber-nacle, but the "first apostle" failed to sppear, although it was announced been most beautifully portrayed.

from the task convinced that there is no more difficult problem confronting the Christlan church than the so-called Marsenlies, Aug. 20. In appendix inanarchists of Cirillo, the anarchist arrested here yesterday on the charge of Mormon people themselves, as is too often assumed, plotting to assassinate President Fallieres.

States law enacted to protect the fur-

bearing seals. The prisoners will be ar-

raigned shortly in the United States

morning, and are stopping at the Ken-

yon hotel. The party was met at the

depot by State Senator Wm. N. Wil-

liams, Capt. D. L. Davis and Walter

enjoyed the rarest of treats in the mu-

sical program of organ and choir and

the sermon of Elder Mathaniaha Thom.

as. The sermon was notable to Mr.

Ap Madoe, being a teacher of speak-ing, for clear and distinct articulation

A coincidence is that yesterday's speaker and Mr. Ap Madoc were both

born within a stone's throw of each

other, neither being aware of that fact

until today. After the services Prof. McClellan

treated the party, which by this time included Senators Smoot and Scott, to

a program of four exquisite numbers

Mr. McCiellan put on the male quartet

combination. Miss. Ap Madoc looked around in all directions for the volces

and then gazed enquiringly into her father's face saying "Where have they

hidden this magnificent male quar-

She herself is a fine planist and was overwhelmed with pleasure by the or-

gan and much pleased with the work

In the evening the visitors were the

guests of Prof. Evan Stephens at his

Southern Wigwam," on State and

This afternoon it is anticipated that the Chicagoans will go on a visit to

yellowstone National park, expecting to

return to Salt Lake on Saturday of

On Sunday evening, Aug. 26, at Har-ratt hall, Mr. Ap Madoc, under the aus-

pices of the local Cambrian association.

will speak on past and present Cam-

brian activities and scholarship, and

will introduce a number of very beau-

tiful melodies sung to English words. Prof. Stephens and his singers will as-

The main object of the professor's present trip is to arouse enthusiasm, to

ook after Cambrian interests as a

part of the present Keltic revival, and to represent the Welsh press, he being

or many months. Some of Salt Lake's

sist in the evening's entertainment.

tet? and where is that fine tenor

A humorous incident occurred while

on the great organ.

of the performer.

week

Twelfth South streets,

and a logical treatment of themes.

J. Lewis.

IN SALT LAKE

district court at Valdez.

wounding many miners. Eight ring-leaders of the disturbance have been

arrested. The greatest excitement pre-

IDENTIFIED WITH ANARCHISTS.

Marseilles, Aug. 20.-The police have

vails here.

JAP POACHERS INDICTED.

"Who and what are these people, and whence are they? "What differentiates them from the Washington, Aug. 20 .- Acting Secy. Murray of the department of commerce

rest of mankind? and labor today received a telegram dated at Valdez, Alaska, from Walter "Are they as a body, in and of them-

difficult problem; and today, it is con-sidered an enigma whose solution puz-zles, baffles and distresses the thought-

"Writers, statesmen and Christian students have studied it, each rising

"The reason? It is not found in the

WHO ARE THE MORMONS?

ful and patriotic citizen alike.

selves of such quality and desperation as a mensee to mankind? "Who are the Mormons? I. Lembkey, agent in charge of the seal fisheries of Alaska, informing him that the 12 Japanese poschers captured re-cently on St. Paul's island while raiding "They are the kith and kin of the rest of us. They are from England, Scotland, Ireland, Scandinavia and conthe seal rookerles, were indicted last Saturday for violation of the United

tinental Europe, from New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, the southland and from all parts of the great west, from all walks of life, and even from the Christian church itself.

A PEACEABLE PEOPLE.

They are naturally peaceable, tractable, industrious, religious, swayed by an earnestness which has become the admiration of their fellows. Their very character is a not inconspicuous ele-ment in the problem, though not the problem itself.

BLAMES THE "SYSTEM."

The problem of Mormonism is the system itself segregated from its people and considered apart.

Prof. Ap Madoe of Chicago, accom-What is this system? panled by his wife and daughter. Miss "The question is one of the first im-Owen, arrived in this city yesterday portance.

There are three germane elements which rise out of it, and may be named under a threefold claim, as follows: This is the only true Church, ex-

cluding all others. "2. This is the only legitimate

Church, excluding all others. "3. Polygamy or plural marriage is The day was spent in visiting points of interest, including an attendance at an essential to salvation. the Tabernacle service, where they

HAS NINE CONCEPTIONS.

"But the system fiself may be designated under a different conception, as

Mormonism is a clear and well defined philosophy of materialistic character.

"2 Mormonism is a theology providng a definition of delty and correlated ideas which run counter to the best conceptions of mankind.

A hierarchy setting up a sysof government concentrating power he hands of a few.

a social structure all its own, and which if put into successful operation with all others.

Mormonism is a commercial

Mormonism is a political machine votes his people as a unit at will. Mormonism is a polygamic cult,

h places the crown on the dual of the family.

"8. Marmonism is a blasphency which is best illustrated by its temple ritual placing Elohim on the stage. Mormonism is incident treason

placing the test oath obligation in its temple service by which it binds all of its people who pass through the csateric rile to hostility to the nation unier whose flag it lives.

RUSSIAN MURDERS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 20.- Last week's statistics show that 58 officials vere murdered and 43 were wounded in Russia proper; that 50 bomb de-pots were discovered; six safes rifled money and 63 persons robbed. These official figures do not take into ac-

ount the pillaging in the country The St. Petersburg Gazette says that 2,300 persons were banished on Saturday from St. Petersburg alone and that 750 were placed on trains bound for the interior.

The police of this city are being trained in the handling of rapid fire gons, in an arms factory outside of St. Petersburg.

SMELTING PLANT BURNED.

Rapid City, S. D., Aug. 20 .- Fire of unknown origin started last night in the plant of the National Sinelting company, and owing to the lack of water, spread to adjoining property, Loss about \$150,000, partly covered by The total value of the insurance plant is \$250,000.

INDIAN TEACHERS' INSTITUTE. Tacoma Wash, Aug 20.—Teachers from the various indian accordes in the west are arriving in the city to attend the eighth annual Pacific Coast Indian Teach-ers' institute, which opens here for a week's session tomorrow evening, and it is thought that between 80 and 1000 dele-gates will be present. The opening address before the conven-tion will be given by Gov. Albert E. Mead He will be followed by other lead-ing state officials and prominent educa-tors. Responses will be made by Harry F. Liston, superintendent of the Fuyallup indian schools; E. I. Chalesti, superin-tendent of the Salem Indian school. Colvide agency, Miles, Wash.; Dr. C. M. Buchanan, superintendent of the Tulallp indian school. Tanlalip, Wash.; Estelle Beel, superintendent of Indian schools. confer it. Benediction was offered by Elder Joseph B. Kceler,

The arrest was the result of the receipt of an anonymous letter, denomicing the plot, which had wide ramifications and it, is believed to be connected with the arrest of the Italian on the Franco-Spanish frontier at the time of the attempt on the lives of King Alphonso and Queen Vitcoria in Madrid. This Italian was released by the French police for want of evidence, but was expelled from the country. the country. MURDERER COMMITS SUICIDE.

BANK DEPOSITOR'S SUICIDE.

Chicago, Aug. 20 .- Another suicide

was added today to the list caused by

the wrecking of the Milwaukee Avenue State bank. Edward Kollereb, 45 years old, who two months ago deposited \$250

in the defunct institution, today hanged himself. The prospective loss of this

money is supposed to have unbalanced

MURDERER COMMITS SUICIDE. Lufkin, Tex., Aug. 20.—The man John B. Roper, with many allases, who mur-ered without cause two fellow prisoners, white men named Trawick and Crow-der, in the county jail here on Aug. If, beating teem to death with a heavy buck-et as they siept, ended his life by hang-ing himself in his coll late last night using a strip from a blanket. He ac-knowldeged a few days ago that he was a member of the Dalton gang of hank robbers at LaGyview, Tex. In 1922. Sher-iff Watts also has positive evidence that Roper is the main wasted in Arkanses for the murder of Sheriff Boyd in 1822, and for whom a reward of \$1,000 was of-fered. Roper had arknowledged various other atroclous crimes in Texas, Leuis-iana and Arkansas.