ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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THE RACE WAR.

A Deputy Sheriff Kills a Negro in Self Defense, It is Said.

AND THE COLORED PEOPLE WANTS REVENGE.

A Posse Scatters Three Hundred Armed Negroes and Arrests the Leaders.

By Telegraph to the News.

WHITES AND BLACKS.

A Conflict Between the Races in Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 31.—Deputy Sheriff Williams and a posse of six went out in Gonzalez's hack last night to suppress a negro outbreak. They met Section Hands Henderson on the St. Augustine road, shot and killed a negro workman. It is stated, in self-defense, as three of them were fighting him at the time, and Henderson fired. Since then the negroes have been swarming for Henderson, who is a white man and under no pretext that he was concealed in Lincoln county they are armed, and threatened to burn and lynch. The whole county is in excitement.

"SHOVING "HOUSE HUNTERS."

Women Who Force Themselves by Real Estate Agents to Examine Houses.

People living in the vicinity of Pacific and Nevins streets, Brooklyn, have been disturbed by two female thieves who are employing an entirely new method to get into houses. The robberies have all been small, but there have been many of them. The women are well, good looking, are clever talkers, dress well, and have an unlimited amount of assurance. They dog the doorbell of a house, and when a servant appears walk in and demand to see the house. They explain their request to the servants by showing a real estate agent's regularly signed permit, issued by a house agent.

The servant leaves them to examine with her mistress, then they stroll around the house on their own book, picking up anything of value they can carry. Two hotels were visited in this way the day about two weeks ago. In the first the woman showed a permit, signed by a Flatbush avenue real estate man, to the servant who answered their ring, and said they were going through the house. The servant refused to let them in, but they pushed by her and stood in the hall.

"We have a permit to see the house," they said.

"But this house is not to let," expostulated the servant. "There must be some mistake."

"Here's the permit," said one of the women, and she handed the girl a slip of paper on which was written a request that the bearers be allowed to inspect the premises at No.— Pacific street. "Take it to your mistress," said the woman.

The girl went up stairs and soon came down again accompanied by her mistress. The house hunters, however, were nowhere to be seen. They were not in the hall, and a glance around did not disclose their whereabouts. The mistress walked into the parlor wondering what could have become of her strange visitors, when, to her astonishment, by one of the women, coolly walking around the parlors examining things as though they belonged there. When she demanded to know what they meant by such conduct, they answered that they were merely looking around. They had a permit, they said, which they showed to the servant. The mistress became highly indignant, and said that the permit gave them no right to go prowling around the house alone.

"Besides, she went on, "this house is not to rent, and another thing, Mr. Jay said, which I forgot, this house."

"What?" exclaimed one of the women, "isn't this No.—?"

"No," answered the lady, giving the right number of the house.

The women then made profuse apologies and left. After they had gone it was discovered that a child's opera glass, and a silver watch, which had been lying on a table, and several pieces of bric-a-brac were missing. The case was not reported to the police. That same day a house not a stone's throw away was visited by the same women, and fifteen out of a collection of several spoons, which were in a cabinet, were missed after they had left.—New York Sun.

Mockery Night the Main Facts.

Mockery could be used to certainness of the whole silver question, and to a great extent, they could be used as necessary terms exact, and to do many light chores for man. They could be taught to destroy many obnoxious insects, such as tobacco worms, cutworms, caterpillars, and many others. They could be taught to do many things on a farm, and I think they deserve a bonus, would destroy many pests of existence for them.—New York Independent.

A Stroke of Economy.

The bright economy was that recently practiced by a woman who will move in the suburbs, and who effected the sale of her address-ale which clerks need for the stationery. While leaving the house she will leave.—N. Y.

A CONSPIRACY.

Twenty Persons Arrested for an Attempt to Depose the Hawaiian Queen.

A REVOLUTIONARY MEETING HELD.

The Present Cabinet Condemned and Liliuokalani Criticised.

By Telegraph to the News.

PATTERNEST IN HAWAII.

Twenty Persons Arrested for Conspiracy Against the Queen.

HONOLULU, May 31.—Much excitement was caused yesterday by the filing of the arrest of twenty persons for conspiring to depose Queen Liliuokalani and establish a republic. The leaders of the movement are said to be Colonel C. V. S. Ashford and Robert Wilcox, well known agitators.

Besides Wilcox and Ashford, both of whom were conspicuous in the revolutionary incidents of 1887 and 1889, about twenty other persons, mostly Hawaiians, were arrested, including J. A. Kaulia, editor of a weekly paper and who has served in the Cabinet several times and in many other public offices. The night before the arrest a secret meeting of 300 was held, at which Davis, Wilcox and others, including Mr. Hunteman, a prominent lawyer, made speeches strongly condemning the present government and recounting the Queen for keeping an "Unenlightened Cabinet as Queen favorite."

This was understood to refer to Marshal Wilson. The present Cabinet is considered as inefficient and its acts are condemned by the leaders of the conspiracy. Resolutions declared the dissatisfaction of the natives by reason of their disfranchisement in 1887 and the subsequent determination of those now in authority to perpetuate this, denounce the financial incompetency of the administration, jobbery in courts, etc., and both that the first necessity is a new constitution, restoring to the native their civil rights and declaring that the coming legislature take up all these questions as soon as well as the question of the corruption of public officials.

Davis, in his speech, asserted that the Hawaiian minister to Washington wished to annex the country to the United States, and said, "If they continue to deprive us of our rights, let us first make this a republic before we are annexed."

Hunteman made quite an inventory speech, saying that a few men had stolen the wealth of Hawaii and made the natives into the hewers of wood and drawers of water in their plantations in a large measure; they told the native what wealth has gone to them and tell them to pay taxes. The arrests were made next day and great excitement was created, but no demonstration. The case has been continued. Marshal Wilson asserts that the actions at the meeting were not the cause of the arrest, but that he learned that the Hawaiian Protective Association, to which many of those arrested are active, is planned for vigorous action, and his for fear that the overthrow of the existing government. Wilcox in an interview denounces Wilson. He asserts that the association is not disloyal. Hush made a statement in keeping with his speech. The only charge of treasonable words, said, was in the bible. He said Admiral Brown had suggested to him some Bible sign that he was informed that the people of the United States is informed their petition and were their good friends. The admiral hoped that Bush would counsel against any overt act. Bush thought it best to wait. He came home from annexationists. There is considerable uneasiness in the islands owing to the matter.

A HURRICANE

Kills 1200 Persons and Injures 4000.

MARSEILLES, May 31.—Mails which have just arrived from Mauritius confirm the statement that 1200 persons were killed and 4000 injured in the recent hurricanes. The Hurricane was preceded by a violent hailstorm of 1 hour duration. The sea rose nine feet, the highest level since the cyclone of 1818. Scarcely a house in the colony escaped damage. Many villages and public buildings were destroyed. The church of the Immaculate Conception is in ruins, but the cathedral, by a strange chance, escaped. The dead includes a large number of leading humanitarians. Fearful sights are witnessed in the streets. A heavy gale in the North Indian ocean, killing 100 Indians. Half the sugar crop is destroyed. The principal losses are in Mauritius.

Yesterday the storm broke with a furious hissing and for ninety minutes a pitless torrent raged, accompanied by a deluge of rain. Buildings collapsed, and by 4 o'clock it seemed as if the town would be swept out bodily by the opposite quarter. Its fury was manifested two hours. At 5 o'clock the worst was over, the wind lulled and people went out believing all danger passed. At 5.30 the wind burst again in redoubled violence from directly