# THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

Friday, . . Jan. 16, 1874.

DAVID O. CALDER,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.


## NEWS OF THE DAY.

JUDGING from the dispatches to-day Senator Conkling is to be the next nominee for the Chief Justiceship of the United States.

The long-talked of marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh, son of Queen Victoria, and the daughter of the Emperor Alexander of Russia, is now on the *tapis*; the Prince and Princess of Wales have reached St. Petersburg to be present at the ceremony; and a grand fete is to be given in honor of the event, at the American Legation at St. Petersburg, on Monday next.

Of the persons arrested on Tuesday last, at the demonstration of the unemployed workingmen in New York, seventy have been bailed for trial; one of the number—"a communist"—is fifteen years of age.

The readers of the telegraphic columns will remember having seen mentioned, at various times during the past few weeks, the name of Judge Durell, of Louisiana, and the probability of his impeachment for official delinquencies. During the recess of Congress the Senate Judiciary Committee visited New Orleans for the purpose of taking testimony regarding the accusations against Durell; and if the very meagre abstract of their report, telegraphed to-day, be correct, it is safe to say that in other parts of the Union as well as in Utah may be found those exercising high judicial functions who are unfit for the offices they fill, and who are well worthy of official decapitation.

A bill has been introduced in Congress for the restoration to the War Department of the control of Indian affairs, and, from to-day's dispatches, it seems that the prospect for its passage is pretty good. This may almost be taken as an indication that the peace policy in regard to the red men, inaugurated by President Grant, is to be abandoned, which, for the sake of justice, humanity and civilization, is to be regretted.

A serious R. R. accident is reported on the New Bedford and Taunton, Mass., railroad, by which fifteen persons were injured, and the engine and several carriages badly damaged.

The resumption of specie payments, and the best method of accomplishing it, are still occupying the attention of the U. S. Senate. In the House of Representatives, yesterday, the naval appropriation bill was passed.

Spanish news states that the power of the government has been fully re-established in Barcelona; that the deputies of the majority of the late Cortes, at a meeting, passed a vote of confidence in Castelar, and requested him to prepare a manifesto to the nation; that the frigate *Numancia*, in which the Cartagena insurgent leaders escaped to Algeria, has been delivered to Spain, and that those of the refugees who have been guilty of piracy and other high crimes are to be delivered to the Spanish government under the treaty of extradition existing between France and Spain.

Fighting is reported in Cuba between the Spanish and insurgent troops, in which, after an engagement of six or seven hours, the former were defeated.

News comes from England of a heavy fire at the Portsmouth dock-yark, yesterday, during which many thousand pounds worth of stores intended for the expedition against the Ashantees were destroyed.

In consequence of the decision of the French Admiralty Court, in the case of the *Ville de Havre*, exonerating from all blame the captain of that ill-fated steamer, the French Trans-Atlantic S. S. Company have determined to make no compensation to the survivors for any losses they have sustained. The survivors will therefore seek redress in the courts of New York.

To-day comes a contradiction of the serious illness of Cardinal Antonelli, telegraphed yesterday.

A convention of Mexican war veterans assembled at Washington, D. C., yesterday; they want Congress to give them pensions, and to admit those of them who are indigent to the National Soldiers' Home.

Mr. W. Orton, President of the W. U. Telegraph line, and Mr. Hubbard, the leading advocate in this country of the postal telegraph system, were before the Senate postal committee yesterday, that committee having the postal telegraph bill under consideration. The adoption of any scheme or measure that will secure to the greatest number the largest share of the benefits flowing from the invention of such universal utility as the telegraph is a matter in which all must feel interested. Experience in some of the countries of Europe has shown that those benefits are not thus secured while the telegraph lines are controlled by wealthy corporations, and hence several governments of that continent have deprived those corporations of the control of the telegraph. We know of nothing that can be said more in favor of American monopolies or corporations than of those in Europe. Capital, everywhere, cares for nothing beyond its own increase. The people of the U. S. are beginning to be keenly alive to the evils they are compelled to submit to on account of the giant moneyed monopolies of every kind growing up in their midst, and the legislators of the nation are giving their attention to the matter; and though money is almost almighty in this country, and the postal telegraph system has many and very powerful enemies, it is probable that the popular voice will eventually compel its adoption.

A verdict of justifiable homicide was rendered by the jury in the killing of Stillwell by Corwin, at Anderson, Indiana, the account of which was in our columns yesterday.

Sunday night sacred concerts are not to be allowed hereafter at places of amusement in New York City.

The troubles between the recently elected Texas Legislature and the Governor of that State, will apparently terminate peacefully.

A large meeting of the creditors of the lately suspended firm of Jay Cooke & Co., was held at Philadelphia yesterday; about a thousand persons were present. Reports were read, and measures were adopted for the final settlement of the estate.

Destructive fires in Boston and New York.

Fighting in Central America, between St. Salvador and Honduras.

## BUSINESS OF THE UTAH CENTRAL.

IN Saturday's NEWS appeared a statement of the freight business done by the Utah Central Railroad during the last three years. As a very large proportion of the freight consists of things going out of or coming into the Territory, the statement will give a tolerable idea of the amount of imports and exports of that part of Utah lying south of Ogden, especially the more central portions of the Territory, and also partially including the Pioche part of Nevada, although of late Pioche has been largely supplied from the Central Pacific Railroad, and through the central part of that State. We therefore may use the terms import and export, in this article, for freight brought in and freight sent out of this city.

The import business for the year 1872, in several particulars, exceeded that of 1873, although the total of that of the latter year exceeded that of the former. While the total inward freight of 1871 was over 53,000 tons, that for 1872 was nearly double, or over 93,000 tons, and that for 1873 was over 116,000 tons, or about one-fifth more than that of 1872, and nearly two and a half times that of 1871. Coming to details, the building material imported in 1872 was double the number of tons of that in 1873. The imports of lumber were nearly equal for each year, that for 1872 preponderating about one-thirteenth over each of the other two years. The importation of live stock for the last two years was about equal, and each of those years nearly double that of 1871. The importation of fuel, that is, coal, coke, charcoal and wood, amounted to nearly 62,000 tons for 1873, nearly double that of 1872, and nearly four times that of 1871. The produce imported in 1872 was nearly double that of 1871, and nearly a seventh more than that of 1873. A few more wagons were imported in 1873 than in 1872, and about a fifth more than in 1871. Railroad material imported was about a fifth more in 1871 than in either of the two succeeding years; that for 1873 was a little in excess of that for 1872. The produce imported during 1871 was somewhat less than half of that during 1872, and a third less than that during 1873. The machinery brought in each year has not varied much in weight. The merchandize imported in 1871 was upwards of a third less than that in 1872, and that in 1872 was about one-ninth more than that in 1873. The "hard times" of the latter part of last year may be supposed sufficient to account for this falling below the figures of 1872.

The total exports in 1871 were about two-ninths less than in 1872, and those in 1873 were one-third more than those in 1872.

The merchandize exported varied little one year from another, but showed a slight steady increase. Wool and hides, to the extent of half a thousand tons left this city, during the three years, most likely to go East, last year being rather the heaviest. The ore sent away was an eleventh less in 1872 than 1871, but a sixth more in 1873 than in 1872. The export of crude bullion in 1872 was nearly quadruple that in 1871, but only about two thirds of that in 1873. The produce sent out in 1872 was only half that in 1871 and note fifth of that in 1873. Of lead more than 2,600 tons were exported in 1873.

Upon the whole, we consider this a very favorable showing for the Territory. There is one particular, however, which is not so favorable, and to which we desire to call attention. Tons are not necessarily equivalent to values, but it is a noticeable fact that the total exports for the three years are not one fourth those of the imports. If the respective values of each show a similar disparity a change must come, or the prosperity of the Territory may soon be under a very dark cloud.

## ARIZONA.

THE Arizona *Miner* of Jan. 2 takes a view of the situation there. The past is thus alluded to—

"Ten years ago the first hardy pioneers of Northern Arizona, a mere handful of men—prospectors, miners, explorers—wintered in these mountains. Placer diggings on Lynx, Granite, Big Bug and Hassayampa creeks were rich enough to made money plenty, and though freight from the Colorado river, the nearest point of supply, was twenty-five cents per pound, and bacon, beans, lard, coffee and sugar were each a dollar a pound, and flour forty cents, nobody suffered; and the evidences of mineral wealth, in quartz, were everywhere so abundant that all were rich in anticipation, and hopeful of speedy realization of their desires."

In 1864 the Apaches made an outbreak, blasted these hopes, and diverted the attention of capitalists from Arizona to Nevada and Utah. Many settlers fell before the Indians, and many others were discouraged and left for more favored parts of the Union. The last four years of drouth "put the cap-sheaf on our stack of set-backs," says the *Miner*. The prospect for the present year is thus portrayed—

"As the sun of 1874 rises, it will shine on the comfortable homes of some 12,000 Arizonans, located in fertile valleys, with their flocks, herds and household gods around them, and upon the cabins, in the mountains, of hundreds of hard fisted miners who are determined to stay with the mines of proven value, until they make their fortunes, or grim death calls them to end their labors. All these are rejoicing that the light of a new year seems to bring with it the dawn of prosperity; that our Indian foes are conquered at last, and so nearly brought under complete control, that the farmer, miner, or stockraiser, can each pursue his avocation in comparative safety. We are to-day in telegraphic communication with the whole world. In a short time the railroad will afford means of rapid transit for freight and travelers, and though we do not expect the millenium to commence in 1874, we do look for more permanent progress in population, wealth, and development of our resources in the next twelve months, than in any two of the past ten years."

In reply to some depreciatory remarks about Prescott and Arizona, the *Miner* says that stockraisers from California, Texas, and New Mexico, after an examination of the Arizona country, have driven thousands of sheep and cattle there the last few months, and are going with thousands more in the Spring, and thus concludes—

"Provisions at retail, in Prescott, now sell at the following rates: flour, $10 per hundred; bacon, 30 cents; ham, 35; beans, 10; coffee, 40 to 60; sugar, 25 to 35; beef, 20 to 30 cents, according to the cut; pork, 25; mutton, 15; venison or antelope, 15 cents per pound; chickens and wild ducks, 50 cents to $1 each; fresh fish, 40 cents per pound; potatoes, by the ton, low of sale at 4 cents, but retailing at 5 cents per pound; beets, turnips, onions and cabbage, 6 cents per pound.

"As everything we get from San Francisco costs ten cents per pound freight, it cannot be expected that we can get groceries as cheaply here as in Los Angeles. However, with the exception of fruit and a constant supply of fish, nearly everything eatable that can be had in Los Angeles, is to be found in every town in Arizona, and even in the mountains no one eats dirty beans unless he likes them."

FIFTEEN HUNDRED BILLS.—A Washington paper says that up to January 10, during the present session of Congress, 1,045 bills had been introduced in the House of Representatives and 500 in the Senate, "enough work to keep busy all the State Legislatures of the several States of the Union."

THE EUROPEAN SITUATION.—The Boston *Statesman* says of Great Britain that "her manufactures and commerce were never in a more flourishing state than they have been throughout the year; and the Chancellor of the Exchequer was able to begin it by showing a surplus of several millions of receipts over expenditures;" of France that "the vitality of the French character has overcome every disadvantage and obstacle," "and already the thrift and energy of the people have well-nigh restored the commercial prosperity which distinguished the days of the Empire;" and of Europe generally, that "on the whole, the best that can be wished for the Europe of 1874 is that it will suffer no graver disasters than have befallen that of 1873."

# BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## To-Day's Dispatches.

### EASTERN.

**Seventy Persons Held for Trial—The Next Nominee for Chief Justice.**

NEW YORK, 16.—Seventy of the persons arrested on Tuesday during the attack of the police on the crowd in Tompkin's Square, have been held for trial. One of the Communists is aged fifteen; others of those arrested say they are neither Communists nor in sympathy with them, and had no intention of violating the law when attacked by the police.

A Washington despatch says that Senator Conkling has been informed that the President will nominate him for Chief Justice, and it adds that he will accept.

**The Mexican War Veterans.**

The convention of the Mexican war veterans, this morning, resolved to visit their illustrious comrade and friend, President Grant, at the Executive Mansion, inform him of their measures, and invite his co-operation. A committee was appointed to prepare a memorial to Congress. At the close of the morning's session the veterans marched to the Metropolitan Methodist Church, where Gen. Negley delivered an address, and Gen. Albert Pike recited a poem.

**$75,000 Fire.**

The Hamilton Building, in Court street, Brooklyn, was burned this morning; the loss is estimated at $75,000.

**The Durell Impeachment—War Department and Indian Affairs.**

CHICAGO, 16.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says the testimony taken by the House judiciary committee in New Orleans, during recess, regarding Judge Durell, is very damaging to that official. Among the important points of the testimony are the following in regard to the midnight order, as it is termed, issued by Durell, by which the Mechanic's Institute, the place of meeting of the legislature, was seized: It came out that the order was issued on Durell's own motion, and without a knowledge of either of the attorneys acting in the matter; in other words Durell made a motion for this order before himself, as Judge, and in the latter capacity he issued it. It also appeared that Durell made two orders in regard to one of his familiar friends, for the purpose of throwing the chief business of bankrupt cases into his hands. The first order directed that in all bankruptcy cases this special friend, named Norton, should be assigned, except where the creditors appointed some other person; and lest this appointment of other persons should, after a time, take the business out of Norton's hands, it was further provided, that he should act as assignee in all the latter class of cases. When trouble arose about the excessive fees, Durell made another order, to the effect that no complaint about fees or papers looking to procure a remedy for excessive fees should be filed unless the sum of $50 was first deposited. This, of course, greatly lessened the formal complaints about the rates fixed by Norton. There is much evidence tending to connect Durell with Norton's excesses, and on this the case for impeachment will mainly rest.

The prospect for Kasson's bill for restoring the jurisdiction of Indian affairs to the War Department is considered good. The bill provides that the Secretary of War shall have the same powers and jurisdiction after the first of July next, as are now possessed by the Secretary of the Interior in relation to all the acts of the commissioner of Indian affairs; and that officers of the army shall take the places of the superintendents, agents, sub-agents, &c., wherever the secretary shall see fit. That the said army officers shall be charged with all the duties of Indian agents without extra compensation, the bureau to be under the direction of a Brigadier-General. Contracts for transportation are to be made in the same manner as in the army, and special licenses to traders may be withheld or regulated by the secretary in accordance with the laws relating to the same.

**A Big Fire.**

BOSTON, 16.—A fire broke out at one o'clock this afternoon in the lace store of S. Houghton & Co., 72 and 74 Fremont St., and for a time a great conflagration was feared, as the hydrants were frozen and the firemen were unable to get water at two p.m. the fire was subdued. The loss is not ascertained.

### CENTRAL AMERICA.

**Fighting.**

HAVANA, 16.—Salvador and Honduras have commenced war. Marshal Gonzales, in command of the Salvador troops, summoned the Honduras garrison at Anapala to surrender; they refused and a fight followed, when the garrison was overcome with a loss of seven killed and many wounded on both sides. The Salvadorians had forty killed.

### FOREIGN.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

**No Compensation!—Tumult at Cartagena—To be Extradited.**

LONDON, 16, 6 a.m.—Henry Belknap, a passenger on the steamer *Ville de Havre*, writes to the *Times* that the French Transatlantic S. S. Co., relying upon the exculpation of their officers by the French court, refuse to indemnify parties for the loss of friends and property by the disaster, and the sufferers propose seek redress in the New York courts.

The *Times'* correspondent at Cartagena reports a tumult among the people who were convinced of the treachery of the leaders in the surrender.

It is understood that the French government will deliver to Spain, under extradition, those of the Cartagenian refugees now in Algeria who are accused of piracy and other civil crimes.

**Burned.**

The British steamship *Wallachia* has been burned at Almera, in Spain.

#### ITALY.

**More Cardinals and Bishops.**

ROME, 16.—The Pope will hold another consistory early in February, and will appoint several additional cardinals and seventeen foreign bishops.

#### RUSSIA.

**The Royal Marriage.**

ST. PETERSBURG, 16.—The Prince and Princess of Wales have arrived. A grand fete will be given at the American legation on Monday in honor of the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh.

## Our Country Contemporaries.

Ogden *Junction*, Jan. 15—

Why is the Governor's message like the four Beasts in the Apocalypse? Because it is full of I's "before and behind."

The Episcopalian Church has been improved by surmounting its roof with a belfry in which a bell has been placed. Next Sunday the faithful will be summoned to their devotions by the tolling of the bell.

Last night Policeman Child found an elderly man lying on the sidewalk, Main street, drunk and insensible. Another man, who claimed to be his friend, also partly under the influence of liquor, had in his hand a pocket-book containing money belonging to his prostrate companion. The officer took them both into custody. When the effects of the drink partially wore off the first man complained of losing a belt from his person containing $160 in coin. The belt was not found. The case came up this afternoon for adjudication before Alderman Thomson.

## PIOCHE NOTES.

From the *Record* of Jan. 11—

This morning or to-morrow, Dominick Tarpey and E. S. Williams (Scotty) leave Pioche for the San Juan country. They are to overtake Finley and Jones, who left yesterday, and the four will proceed by the way of Prescott, Arizona.

As people are going to San Juan, it may be well to give them all the information we can obtain about the route. A gentleman yesterday suggested the route from Fillmore, Utah, by the old Ute trail, by which Lieut. Wheeler says the San Juan mines can be reached in 150 miles from Fillmore. Distance from Pioche to Filmore by the stage road, about 180 miles.

## WESTERN NOTES.

The Young Men's Christian Association of San Francisco, rejoices in one of Jay Cooke's blessings—a small one—a debt of $50,000.

Oakland, Cal., boasts of two morning papers, one evening, three weekly papers, and one monthly review.

In San Francisco, last year, 253 divorces were granted and 2,000 marriage licenses issued.

The *Appeal* says there are some amazingly clever counterfeit half-dollars in circulation in Carson.

A boy in Pleasant Valley, Cal., killed a rattlesnake the other day twenty-five years of age, according to the rattles.

Four boys were arrested the other night in San Francisco, neither of whom were over twelve years of age, and when searched in the station-house three breech-loading derringers, a box of cartridges and a glazier's diamond, for glass cutting, were taken from their pockets. Nice boys.

## ARRIVALS.

TAYLOR'S HOTEL.—Jan. 16.

J H Hungate, St Louis; W Rafferty, Alta City; S Hall, Bingham; J N Thomas, H Whiley, Alta City; James S Johns; W R Sabin; J D Odell, Germania works; H Arnhold, San Francisco.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALT LAKE THEATRE!

Salt Lake Theatre Corporation, Proprietors.
CLAWSON, CAINE & WILLIAMS,...Managers.
JAMES H. WILSON.....Stage Manager.
C. J. THOMAS.....Musical Director.
R. B. LAMBRIGHT.....Prompter.
GEO. TERRELL.....Scenic Artist.

LAST NIGHT BUT ONE AND THE EMINENT ACTOR, Of the Eminent Character Actor,

MR. JAS. A. HERNE.

Friday Eve, Jan. 16, 1874,

Will be presented, the ORIGINAL DRAMA of

CHARLES O'MALLEY!

Mickey Free,.....Mr. J. A. HERNE

To conclude with

SOLON SHINGLE!

Solon Shingle,.....Mr. J. A. HERNE

Saturday Afternoon, January 17th,

GRAND MATINEE!

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Parquette, Parquette Circle and First Tier Circle.....$1.00
Second Circle.....50
Third Circle.....25
Private Boxes.....from $7 to $12 each
Reserved Seats.....25c. additional

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance commences at half-past 7.

Box Office open for sale of tickets every morning at 10 o'clock.

FAIR PLAY.

HAVING SEEN BILLS CIRCULATED by a certain Music House, stating that they offer Organs with 9 stops usually sold by other makers at $250 cash for $209, and Parlor Organs with 5 stops, usually sold at $185 cash, for $145, we wish the public to understand that we will sell Organs in Resonant, Upright, Solid Walnut Cases, with 6 Ivory Plate Stops, Ivory Fronts and Keys, Bushed Keys, Vox Humana, Dust Excluder, Safety Bellows, Valve, Divided Swell, and all the Latest Improvements, for

$126,

And give Three Months Lessons free.

Organs with 7 Stops,.....$150
" " 8 " .....$180
" " 9 " .....$190

Call and see them.

DAYNES & SON,
North of Post Office,
Opposite Old Constitution Buildings.

LOST,

ON MAIN STREET, YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, a Memorandum Book, belonging to Hyrum Workman. Will be rewarded by leaving it at this Office. d46 1 a

TO EVERYBODY.

We desire to call the attention of the public to our full and complete stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, consisting of the latest styles and patterns, all of our own manufacture. The immense facilities we have enables us to sell them from 15 to 20 per cent. less than any other house in this city. The trade we will supply at New York wholesale rates,

Manufactory, 34 Leonard St., New York. } L. GOLDBERG & Co., Main St., S. L. City. d284 1y

SPECIAL NOTICE.

AS THE BOTTOM FOR DRY Goods and Groceries has unquestionably been touched, and a sharp advance is liable at any moment to take place, we advise Country Merchants who intend replenishing their stocks for late Winter sales, to send along their orders, or inspect the market for themselves as early as possible.

Having availed ourselves of the recent depression in the Blanket and Flannel market by making large purchases for cash, we are prepared to offer extraordinary bargains.

Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.

W. H. HOOPER, Supt.

First National Bank OF UTAH, Salt Lake City.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

WARREN HUSSEY,.....President.
ANTHONY GODBE,.....Cashier.

Authorized Capital, - - - - $500,000
Paid Up Capital, - - - - - $150,000
Earnings, - - - - - - - - - - $175,000

Dividend for 1871, 50 Per Cent.

Dividend for 1872, 50 Per Cent.

The Oldest Banking Institution in Utah.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

Agencies in Colorado and Montana.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

TEASDEL & CO., TEASDEL & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

TO THE INHABITANTS OF UTAH, IDAHO AND WYOMING, GREAT INDUCEMENTS OFFERED IN ALL CLASSES OF MERCHANDISE.

We are constantly receiving

NEW GOODS!

Which are bought

FOR CASH.

At the Lowest Panic Prices, and we are determined to give our Patrons the advantages of these purchases.

All who have CASH and WISH TO INVEST in

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CLOTHING, ETC., ETC.,

Will find by calling and inspecting our Stock that We Mean Business.

65, 67 & 69 EAST TEMPLE ST., SALT LAKE CITY.

PHILADELPHIA TRADE.

MAKE YOUR CHILDREN HAPPY BY BUYING THEM A PAIR OF S. D. SOLLERS & CO's CELEBRATED FINE SHOES.

THEIR styles are always the latest, consisting of the largest variety made in Philadelphia. They will fit better, look prettier, wear longer and give more satisfaction than any other make, besides they will not hurt the foot. A large and complete assortment can be found, both Wholesale and Retail, at Z. C. M. I. and all its branches throughout the Territory; also at all other first-class stores. Do not fail to ask for a pair of our Shoes. See that they are stamped on the Sole.

SOLLERS & CO., Philadelphia.

P.S.—We stamp every pair. None are genuine unless they have our name on them. d272 6m

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

Appleton, Noyes & Co.,

525 Main St., & 110 Washington Ave., ST. LOUIS, MO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Manufacturers of the celebrated

ST. LOUIS CUSTOM BOOTS.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED. d268 1y

CHICAGO TRADE.

VanSchaack, Stevenson & Reid

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

93 and 94 LAKE STREET, (CORNER DEARBORN,) CHICAGO.

d56 1y

CHRISTMAS, 1873.

G. W. DAVIS

BEGS to announce that he has received a Complete Stock for the season of

RAISINS, CURRANTS, PEEL,

Candy, Nuts, Etc.,

Which for Quality cannot be equalled.

We have had all our

FRUITS CAREFULLY CLEANED,

BEING A

Saving of TEN PER CENT.

To the purchaser, instead of buying dirt and stems.

Call and Examine.

LOOK AT THE WINDOWS FOR SAMPLES.

d251 G. W. DAVIS.

Tallow and Grease.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

Will be paid in Cash or Soap for

ROUGH OR RENDERED TALLOW

Slate Butter,

And all other kinds of GREASE, at

J. B. Maiben's Soap Factory,

Adjoining Pugsley's Mill, 10th Ward, Salt Lake City.

d32 s90 w49 1w

JOHN McVICKER,

ASSAYER.

MAIN STREET,

Salt Lake City.

d72 3m

THE NEW FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE IS THE Simplest and Best MACHINE IN USE.

THE LATE IMPROVEMENTS ON THIS Machine make it now the only machine that combines the desirable features of ALL others with its own excellencies.

The New FLORENCE is the only machine that has the CELEBRATED Reversible Feed and Self-Adjusting Shuttle Tension!

It is almost SILENT when sewing, and is ALWAYS IN ORDER.

THE FLORENCE

FEEDS IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

We invite purchasers to call and examine before purchasing.

WE WARRANT EVERY MACHINE, And Guarantee to keep all FLORENCE Machines in Utah in perfect running order, without expense to the owner.

Parties having a machine not working well will do us a favor by calling.

Extras, New Attachments on hand.

Active Agents wanted everywhere.

PHILLIPS & LORD, GENERAL AGENTS, 19 & 21 First South St., SALT LAKE CITY

WHITE STAR LINE!

Between New York, Cork and Liverpool.

THE magnificent new and full-powered Steamships of this Line offer unsurpassed accommodations to all classes of passengers. The Steamships being all screw, we secure the great advantage of having an equally good and speedy passage in fair and stormy weather. COLTIC, CELTIC, ATLANTIC, REPUBLIC, BALTIC, ADRIATIC, MAJESTIC, BRITANNIC. Sailing from New York on Saturdays, from Liverpool on Wednesdays, calling at Queenstown both ways. Rates as low as any first-class line. For further information apply to ALFRED LAGERGREN, General Western Agent, 67 West Market St., Chicago, or to Chas. H. Smith, Wells, Fargo & Co., Salt Lake City. d300 1y eod

KOUNTZE BROS., BANKERS, No. 12 Wall St., NEW YORK,

Allow interest at the rate of Four per cent. upon daily balances of Gold and Currency.

Receive consignments of Gold, Silver and Lead Bullion, and make liberal advances thereon.

Invite Correspondence from Bankers, Merchants, Mining Companies and Smelting Works. d300 1y

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

PILLEY'S FAMOUS

For Coal and Wood,

Are made solely by the

Excelsior Manufacturing Company

ST. LOUIS, MO.

ARE DOING MORE AND BETTER COOKING, DOING IT Quicker and Cheaper Than any stove of same cost

ARE ALWAYS LOW-PRICED, RELIABLE, And Operate Perfectly.

WILL DO YOUR COOKING CHEAP AND EASY. Quick and Clean.

Are WARRANTED TO Give Satisfaction, AND SOLD BY Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of Tinners' Stock; AND BY ALL LIVE STOVE DEALERS IN SALT LAKE.

d187 1m

Bridge, Beach & Co.

Manufacturers of

STOVES!

Importers and dealers in

Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, Tinners' Stock, etc.

120 North Main-st. SAINT LOUIS.

Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I. and at its Branch Stores; also by all the Co-operative Stores in the Territory. d250 6m

Chas. Rueppele & Co.,

MALTSTERS

And Dealers in

HOPS, BARLEY.

And All Articles

For Brewers and Distillers Use.

OFFICE No. 25 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Between Market and Walnut.

SAINT LOUIS, MO. d261 1y

OWENS, LANE & DYER,

Machine Company

MANUFACTURERS OF

Portable & Stationary Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS.

Dealers in

WOOD and IRON WORKING MACHINERY, BELTING, MILL GEARING, WATER WHEELS, ETC.,

No. 717, North Second St., St. Louis, Mo. d261 1y

MARSHALL & COMPANY,

Western Foundry,

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REMOVAL!

TO ALL WHO MAY CONCERN AND friends in general, that

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