



ALBERT CARRINGTON.....EDITOR.

Wednesday,.....March 29, 1865.

NAVIGATION OF THE COLORADO.

In a conversation with Captain Thos. E. Trueworthy we have learned some interesting items in relation to the navigation of the Colorado river, and if all that the Capt. so sanguinely anticipates can be accomplished the citizens of this Territory will be greatly benefited, as well as those who embark in the lucrative business of bringing merchandise from San Francisco to Call's Landing.

From what we have learned it seems that there is considerable opposition to any person or company attempting to bring steamboats or barges above Hardy's Landing, and there are obvious reasons for this, but the true interests of Utah are, or should be, first and foremost with every true citizen; and whether the gentleman above named be engaged to assist in overcoming the obstacles that have to be overcome or not, we have a duty to perform in this matter.

Cap. T. states that he brought from the mouth of the Colorado about one hundred tons of freight, a portion of which he discharged at La Paz. Part of his cargo consisted of 35,000 feet of lumber, which he at first calculated, he stated, for Call's Landing, but learning, when within twenty-eight miles of that point, that brother Call had left for his home in Davis county, he left his boat, and a barge 126 by 26 feet, and made his way to this city. According to his estimates it is ninety-eight miles from Hardy's to Call's Landing, and he feels confident freight can be brought from San Francisco for one third less than it now costs, and further says he will agree to bring one hundred tons at that rate as an experiment, and for the purpose of demonstrating that it can be done. The rapids, he thinks, will be the greatest obstacle to overcome in the twenty-eight miles which he has not yet navigated.

With the present difficulties of providing wood for boats that may be brought up the river, the Captain is of the opinion that it will take about a month to make the trip from the mouth of the river to Callville, but, with the natural increase of facilities consequent upon the carrying out of such a laudable enterprise, the entire trip from the great western emporium will doubtless, in a short time, be accomplished inside of thirty days.

The Mercantile Association of this city, we are informed, are resolved to do all in their power to demonstrate the feasibility and profitableness of the Colorado route.

HOME ITEMS.

SABBATH MEETINGS.—Elder Wm. S. Godhead, dressed the congregation, and expressed his pleasure in embracing the privilege afforded of speaking to the Saints, not so much because he felt competent to teach, but he felt anxious to be in a proper frame of mind to speak, if called upon. Alluded to the narrow contractedness of those who have but little faith and no conception of anything beyond this state of existence, and entrusted them with the Saints who have come to this country to learn and practice the principles of eternal lives. He believed it to be important for the people of God to assemble themselves together to hear and speak upon the principles of the gospel. The religion we have embraced, he said, will impart to us all the happiness we are susceptible of enjoying, and

will ensure to us all that is great, good and god-like in the great future that is before us.

Elder Horace S. Eldredge followed. Said he felt grateful for the privilege of bearing testimony to the truth. He realized that this work would continue to increase and spread abroad until the kingdoms of this world become the kingdoms of our God and of his Christ. He considered the most humble and retired position in this Church ought to be prized and esteemed more than any position in the world, for all worldly kingdoms must crumble and come to naught.

Afternoon.

Bishop Hunter gave an interesting account of his early experience, and the circumstances which surrounded him when he first heard the gospel. Although his father's family had not been professors of religion, he determined to look into the doctrines of the gospel when they were first presented, and on comparing them with others he made up his mind that the sectarians were hewing out to themselves cisterns that would hold no water. He told a number of incidents relative to his impressions on becoming acquainted with the fulness of the gospel, and his views in reference to the sacredness of its principles. Upon the subject of the government of Church members he said that his experience as presiding Bishop had convinced him that the most of the errors, difficulties and discord that arise in the midst of the Saints, are through neglecting to perform some of the duties that devolve upon us. Saints should so live, he remarked, as to realize that all the trials they pass through will be for their benefit and have a saving influence upon them. Men's acts and general conduct in life would either save or destroy them.

President Brigham Young said it was astonishing to the world how the Latter-day Saints cling together and are of one heart and one mind, while among themselves it is sect against sect and party against party, both in religion and politics; but in the due time of the Lord it would be all religion, politics being swallowed up in the true religion of Jesus Christ. In speaking of treason, he said that those who lift their arms against the kingdom of God are the ones who are guilty of high treason, and sooner or later it will be made to appear. He then made remarks on the text: "Cursed is he that putteth his trust in man, or maketh flesh his arm," setting forth his views and feelings during the early part of his connection with the Church of Christ, and the results of his experience in placing implicit confidence in all who joined the Church. Spoke of temptations and trials, and pointed out how to overcome evil passions. If the Saints wish to learn the true character of our Heavenly Father, let them learn what is taught here, let them learn themselves, for as they are so. He was before attaining His present exalted position.

MAIL SOUTH.—We would cheerfully publish the communication from Moroni about mails, but we are informed that the contractor for carrying the mail from this city to Fillmore is only confined to specified or schedule times at the extremities of his route. If this be the case, we hope, as the condition of roads and animals improves, the Contractor will endeavor to accommodate intermediate points and side connections as much as possible, otherwise it occasions much disappointment, and converts the Sanpete weekly mail into a semi-monthly. Cannot the mail from here be delivered at Nepht Friday evening, and thus greatly benefit Moroni, the four settlements depending upon that Office, and all other settlements in Sanpete?

MANUSCRIPT PAPERS.—The *Poison Advocate* and the *Intelligencer*, 8 pages each, judging from letters and No. 6 of the *Advocate*, are proving interesting and beneficial to both writers and readers—a very commendable mode of using a portion of leisure time.

GREENBACKS.—Advertisers and advertisements are competing and increasing. Read all carefully, reflect and profit by it. Greenbacks are rising, East Temple Street wants them. If you do not send them all by responsible persons to purchase in cheaper markets, which is thought best when you can, at least do yourselves the justice to first go all round pricing the articles you wish to or must purchase here, and then you will know where, on that pay, you can buy the best and cheapest. As a greenback dollar is now quoted worth 71½ cents, taking a few steps and a little care in pricing, BEFORE PURCHASING, will prove a good investment; each side of two or three blocks is not far to travel, and you know dealers and their clerks say they take pleasure in showing their goods.

THEATRICAL.—Uncle Tom's Cabin drew a very large house on Wednesday evening, and, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, crowded the Theatre again on Saturday evening. The playing on Saturday night was very good throughout—some of it very excellent. We but express the general sentiment, however, in according the palm to little Eva. It was a natural, touching and unaffected performance. Though our lymphatic nerve is not very sensitive, we confess to a little moisture between the eyelids during some of her most affecting speeches. Miss Della's rendition of the character was astonishing for such a child. Uncle Tom was the praying, pious old colored individual represented in the book; Topsy was unquestionably a "shiftless, heathenish-looking" being; her playing drew forth repeated plaudits. If

Phineas lacked anything in build it was more than compensated for in character. George Harris and Eliza, with little Harry, won the sympathies of the audience, and their triumph in the light in a rocky pass brought down the house. St. Clare, Marie and Ophelia were faithfully rewarded. Gumption Cate had little to do, but it was well done. The part of Legree was capably filled. The ladies and gentlemen who made up the rest of a heavy cast acquitted themselves creditably.

The scenery is splendid. The "Ohio river choked with ice" is very effective; and the final tableau of the "Apotheosis of Eva" is one of the most beautiful and impressive scenes we have ever looked at.

The severity of the weather, on Saturday, precluded a great many from attending who would, doubtless, have liked to see the performance; and the Management have, in consequence, determined to repeat it to-night for the last time. It will repay a visit.

A SNOW AND WIND STORM. Friday night, 24th, and a good portion of Saturday, was on a rampage, much to the discomfort of unfed and unsheltered stock. It may be thought profitable and humane, by some, to annually try in these mountains to raise more stock than they can suitably care for during inclement weather, but we frust the past winter and thus far of spring will teach many the folly of that notion. "Winter still dallies in the lap of spring," without any sign of wanting to leave in a hurry.

THE CONVENTION. pursuant to adjournment last Fall, will meet in the Tabernacle at 10 o'clock a. m., of the first day after the April Conference.

NOTICES OF DEATHS will be published in their order, as fast as space will permit, poetry, etc., mostly being omitted through want of room.

SCHOOL NOTICE.—The Trustees of the 12th District School, Session's settlement, North Canyon Ward, (known as Dr. Daniel Wood's school,) hereby inform the inhabitants of North Canyon Ward and the public generally, that there will be a public examination of the above school on Monday, April 3d, commencing at 1 p. m., in the Tabernacle, City Bountiful, and all who feel interested in education are invited to attend.

CHARLES E. PEARSON, Teacher.

DISTRICT COURT.—Tuesday, 21st, the civil suits against Rosenbaum & Co. were withdrawn.

Wednesday, 22.

A question was sprung relative to the prepayment of fees, and the Court ordered that defendants taking a stay of execution shall pay all costs before filing the stay bond.

Thursday, 23.

The case of Edwin D. Webb vs. Jackson Redding, about a wagon, was called; demand, \$4.50.

The jury rendered a verdict against the defendant for the sum claimed.

The Grand jury came into Court, reported no business, and were discharged.

The case of J. P. Tiernan *advs.* the people, etc., in appeal from the Probate Court of this county, was called. Mr. Miner, Attorney for appellees, filed a motion to dismiss the appeal, which was argued and overruled. Exception was taken to the ruling of the Court. The appeal was then argued by the counsel on both sides, and submitted. Judge Titus affirmed the judgment of the Probate Court, setting forth his reasons for so doing, in a very lucid manner, reasoning upon the history of municipalities, and the right of Legislative bodies to delegate a portion of their power to city corporations. The counsel for the appellant excepted to the ruling of the Court.

Mr. Miner filed a motion to dissolve the injunction in the case of Tiernan vs. Robert T. Burton, Sheriff of G. S. L. county, which was overruled by the Court. The Court ordered that Sheriff Burton to deposit with the Clerk of this District the sum of \$144.50, being the amount of costs he had collected from the sureties of Tiernan, and also that the costs of the Court below might be taxed up and allowed, if legal.

The Court held an evening session, when a motion to dismiss the appeal in the case of N. Groesbeck, appellant, vs. A. Gilbert, appellee, was argued by Mr. Miner for the appellee, and Messrs. Long and Blair for the appellant. The Judge held the case under advisement till the next morning.

Friday, 24.

The Court decided upon the motion argued the previous evening, and dismissed the appeal, chiefly on the ground that not a single exception was taken during the trial in the Court below.

Saturday, 25.

The case of Frank F. Fox *advs.* the people, on appeal from the decision of the Probate Court, came up, when Mr. Blair entered a nolle prosequi; and the Court ordered that each party should pay their own costs in the case.

Monday, 27.

George Rosenbaum having filed an affidavit against Jabez K. Smith, alleging that he was the Henry Smith of whom he bought the cattle stated to have been stolen, Smith was arrested and brought into Court. The following were the witnesses examined: On the part of the prosecution, George Rosenbaum, Charles Popper and Patrick Harlem; for Smith, John Paul, Andrew Cunningham, Andrew Burt, Charles and George Chambers, Gilbert Van Schoonhoven, Joseph Busby and Moses Thurston. Smith was bound over in the sum of \$1,500 for his appearance at the adjourned term of the

Third Judicial District Court, to be held the first Monday of May next.

Court adjourned till to-morrow at 10 a. m.

UNITED STATES THIRD DISTRICT COURT.—The regular term of this Court for the transaction of that class of business wherein the United States is a party, will commence on Monday, April 3d.

PROBATE COURT resumed its session on Monday, 27th, at 10 a. m., Hon. Elias Smith presiding. The names of the Grand jurors were called, and were adjourned till Friday, 31st, at 10 a. m.

Divorces were decreed in the following cases: Eliza and John Cain, and Louisa and George Kilpack.

John Tingey was admitted a citizen of the United States.

In the afternoon session the case of Abraham Kuhn agent for Adam Kuhn vs. George Rosenbaum, in replevin, was called. This suit was brought to recover possession of a quantity of ready made clothing; and another suit in damages is pending relative to the same goods.

The defendant's counsel filed a motion to dismiss the suit in replevin, on the ground that the affidavit made by plaintiff was insufficient. The motion was argued and submitted, and the Court reserved decision till to-morrow at 9 a. m.

POLICE REPORT.—John Kramer, known as "Dutch John," was fined \$100 for drawing a pistol upon and threatening to shoot Joshua Taylor, also for disturbing a party in Father Taylor's store. Failing to pay the fine, he is now wearing a ball and chain.

Monday, 27th, W. L. Sholes appeared before Alderman Clinton on charge of selling liquor after hours, and was fined \$50.

PROVO.—By letter from bro. A. F. Macdonald to Elder George A. Smith, we learn that Bishop Myron Tanner is busily engaged building wings, dams for the protection of the proposed bridge about to be built across the Provo river, the object being to turn the whole of the stream into the old channel.

THE NEW BRIDGE.—On Monday we were shown a model, prepared by Mr. Thomas Allman, for the new bridge. This model was got up under the direction of the County Court, and it is certainly a very good design; still we believe it might be considerably improved.

MEETING-HOUSE.—We are also informed that the building committee of the Provo Meeting-house are letting out all the work necessary to complete the building, to the lowest responsible bidders. By the hand bill in circulation, it appears that such contractors are wanted as can furnish both material and labor. Persons wishing to put in bids for contracts, masons, lumber merchants, carpenters, plasterers and painters, can obtain all necessary information by applying to the Committee, viz. A. F. Macdonald, Myron Tanner, and Thomas Allman.

PANGUSH, IRON COUNTY.—Elder Mc. Gudley, who visited this city last week, informs us that the upper settlement on the Sevier, known as Panguish, has been isolated from the rest of mankind during the whole winter, in consequence of the unusually deep snow which has entirely blocked up the canyon passes; in fact so deep has been the snow, both on the mountains and in the canyons, that no logging has been done in Centre creek canyon, at Parowan, consequently the saw mill is lying idle. The Indians say the snow is 12 feet deep in the canyons.

Several men who came over to Parowan in December have been obliged to remain away from their families all winter, and were still unable to get home at the time our informant left. There are reported to have made three unsuccessful attempts to get through by way of Little creek canyon, but when they got into Bear Valley, on the third fruitless trip, they found it completely filled with snow.

Mr. Abraham Smith and the party with him were afraid to venture farther, and returned to spend the winter in a more favorable locality.

The families at Panguish are dependant on Parowan for their milling, hence it is known that they are obliged to use boiled wheat and potatoes instead of bread, until the canyon road is again passable, which is not likely to be the case till about the middle of May.

CEDAR CITY.—We have been favored with the perusal of a letter from Bishop Lamb, of Cedar City, addressed to Elder George A. Smith, dated March 15th, from which we select the following items: After a long and tedious winter of four months duration, the weather had moderated, and the deep snows of winter were disappearing in Little Salt Lake Valley, at which the inhabitants were much rejoiced. If the fine weather continued, the farmers intended to begin plowing in grain the week following. As in all other parts of the Territory, the prospects for an abundance of water for irrigation were never so good before.

Some neat cattle had died on the range, and it was feared that a great many horses had perished on the range near Kanarra; some few had been found dead, and others had been brought from the mountains mere skeletons, and, of course, soon afterwards died. Almost everything in the shape of horse and cattle feed about Cedar was consumed. A number of sheep, and nearly all the young lambs had died, teaching, as the letter says, the inhabitants a lesson to better provide for their stock in years to come.

The health of the people is said to be good, and feelings of peace and harmony predominate throughout the jurisdiction of Bishop Lamb.