

BY TELEGRAPH

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 14.—The President to-day received Louis L'Dominguez, newly appointed envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the Argentine Republic, with the usual courtesies.

It is estimated there will be 50 contested election cases in the House of Representatives for the next Congress.

The Acting Secretary of the Interior holds that cash entries of lands served by first proclamation made after the date of the proclamation, but before its receipt at the local office, are illegal, as the proclamation went into effect from its date and not from its receipt at the local office. The Acting Secretary has referred said entries to a board of equitable adjudication.

Chief Brooks, of the secret service of the Treasury Department, has received a sample of counterfeit Bland silver dollars, which are being extensively circulated, especially in the west. The coin is very heavily plated, and resists the acid tests unless deeply cut before they are applied. It has a ring similar to the genuine, and is of the exact weight. The officials of the department consider this one of the most dangerous that has yet appeared.

Capt. Geo. T. Oimstead, Jr., has been ordered to Prescott, Arizona, to relieve First Lieutenant F. K. Ward, Tenth cavalry, in charge of the California and Arizona division of the United States military telegraph line. Lieutenant Ward reports to this city.

Secretary Teller is expected to arrive here to-night. Secretaries Lincoln and Chandler are here.

Acting Secretary of the Interior Joslyn, to-day decided that the statutes restrict a contest against a prior timber culture entry to one who seeks to enter it under the homestead or timber culture laws; in the absence of an application there is no right of contest.

Postmaster General Howe says he has no intention of resigning.

In a decision rendered to-day the Acting Secretary of the Interior holds that a contest for land title instituted by a parent cannot be transferred or inherited by a child even though it should appear that the contest was instituted for the child's benefit.

Commissioner McFarland in a recent decision declared where a person has failed to make an entry to a tract of land through being misinformed of his rights by the local officers, when otherwise entitled to make entry, will be protected by the Department, and lose nothing unless required to do so by the actual demands of the law.

NEW YORK, 14.—The suit of Samuel Wilkeson against Henry Ward Beecher was called to-day before Judge Barrett in the Supreme Court. The action is for breach of contract. Beecher contracted with the publishing firm of Ford & Co., in December, 1869, to write a life of Christ. He agreed to write the book within eighteen months, and received for part payment in advance and before signing the contract, \$10,000. Wilkeson was partner in the firm, and paid the advance. Since then plaintiff says he has never been able to get the book from Mr. Beecher, nor the \$10,000 advanced. The first part was furnished by Ford & Co., some years ago, and was published and circulated. The second part was only partially finished by defendant. Plaintiff alleges that he was put to considerable expense in preparing for printing the book, and sued to recover expenses. When the case was called to-day, both sides were ready. Beecher was present and sat by his counsel, Thomas G. Shearman.

Counsel for defendant moved the dismissal of the complaint, on the ground that it did not state that payment of royalty to the bearer had not been fulfilled, and a statement had not been given him as to the number of books published. Counsel also moved to dismiss the complaint upon the paper itself.

Judge Barrett denied the motion. A number of papers were then put in evidence.

Arrangements have been made for the exhibition in New York of Raphael's celebrated painting, the "Madonna Del Candelabra," loaned by Mr. Butler Johnson, of Great Britain, conceded to be the most important work ever brought to this country.

AUSTIN, Texas, 14.—The Governor modifies his quarantine procla-

mation regarding Starr county, as official reports are that the cold is not severe enough to destroy the germ of yellow fever at Brownsville, and the fever still rages at Mier and Camargo.

Camargo, Mex., 14.—No new cases of yellow fever in twenty-four hours. Weather cold the past two days. Total cases during the epidemic, 1,500; deaths, 158.

Pensacola, 14.—Bright and clear after the morning frost. No new cases of yellow fever, no deaths; the first time this report has been made since the epidemic made its appearance. No apprehension of a renewal, except a too early return of absentees to furnish fresh food for the fever.

PHILADELPHIA, 14.—Wool quiet, demand fair. Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia XX and above, 41 @ 44; New York, Michigan, Indiana and Western fine or X and XX 37½, coarse 33 @ 34. Tub washed coarse 33 @ 35; dark earthy clothing coarse 21 @ 22. Pulled super 34 @ 35; other grades unchanged.

TOLEDO, O., 14.—It is now stated the demonstration which prevented ex Priest O'Connor from lecturing here Sunday evening, was an organized movement emanating from the Jesuit church here. Mayor Romers instructed the chief of police that O'Connor or any one else must be protected in the right of free speech if the whole police is required.

MINNEAPOLIS, 14.—No points of fresh interest in the railroad war to-day, save that the Albert Lea route is taking the bulk of the travel by reason of a plain \$3 ticket to Chicago, with no rebate incumbrance. The other two lines continue the \$5 rate on the rebate plan. It is reported the C. M. & St. P. and the C. St. P. M. & O. have offered the Albert Lea route ten per cent. of the St. Paul and fifteen per cent. of the Minneapolis business, which Mr. Cable declined. A freight war will probably begin Monday.

Chicago, 14.—Commissioner Midgley, of the Iowa Trunk Line Association, issued a circular to-day directing lines in the association to bill no freight to points in Nevada via the Union Pacific unless prepaid to Council Bluffs, and even to receipt with the stipulation that responsibility for its forwarding shall cease at Council Bluffs. This action is taken because the U. P. refuses to make a joint fixed rate to Nevada points. The circular does not affect business to California. The effect of this will be to compel the U. P. to concede the point, or freight will go by the Southern Pacific.

NEW YORK, 15.—The Herald has the following editorial: Our dispatches from San Francisco report a demagogical attempt of the collector of that port to exclude all Chinamen whatever from landing there, whether they are merchants or laborers; but Judge Hoffman is not a demagogue. When the case was brought before the United States District Court, the collector was frustrated and rebuked as he deserved to be. The fact, however, that the chief officer of the Federal revenue service on the Pacific Coast should volunteer to put a gloss of his own upon the Chinese immigration statute with the design of increasing its stringency, is significant of the spirit of the community to which he pandered. Being a politician, he probably counts the rebuke of the court as of slight moment in comparison with the increase of popularity he has gained among the hoodlums. It deserves remark that the Chinese question is rapidly approaching a new phase of which New York merchants will do well to take timely warning. The Pacific coast politicians having bulldozed the Federal Government so successfully in the matter of Chinese immigration are working themselves up to demand supplementary legislation of a prohibitory character at no distant day in the matter of Chinese imports. They asked Congress to forbid the importation of Chinese labor into 38 States, in order to protect three of them—California, Nevada and Oregon, whose united population is much less than that of this city, from Chinese competition on American soil, and Congress yielded to the request and has shut Chinese laborers out of New York because they are unwelcome in San Francisco. Now they are growing fearful that the excluded Chinamen will soon become successful competitors although restricted to working on Asiatic soil, and accordingly they are prepared to petition Congress further to shut Chinese manufactures out of the whole country, New York included. San Francisco newspapers are looking forward to

the time when Chinamen will manufacture for themselves, and so cheap that they will not only supply their own markets but ours as well, unless Congress comes to the rescue with protective customs duties which will eclipse many of the extraordinary provisions of the present tariff.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., 14.—News is received here of a disastrous wreck on the Alton road this evening, twenty miles east of here. As a construction train was backing up from Grain Valley to Oak Grove it collided with a hand car, on which were four men. The men on the hand car escaped, but the construction train of five or six cars and caboose were derailed and a brakeman named Corcoran and three section men were killed and eight or ten others were wounded. The road is blocked. Further particulars cannot be learned to night.

NEW YORK, 14.—Henry Kuhn, aged 20, of Brooklyn, attempted to kiss Barbara Dulchlin, aged 16, Sunday evening. His companion, named Geo. Grover, aged 19, attempted to stop him. Kuhn became enraged and struck Grover. They clinched, and Kuhn was thrown heavily, his head striking a curb stone, he dying immediately.

NEW YORK, 15.—Kiernan's News Letter says: Relations between the Western Union and the Mutual Union are understood to be less hostile than is generally supposed. Mr. Bennett is said to have reported his willingness to give up his interest in the new cable scheme for \$500,000.

WASHINGTON, 15.—Senator Sherman was arrested here last night.

The Jeannette court continued hearing Melville this morning. He described the meeting between himself, Noros and Ninderman, who had been sent ahead by De Long. Upon landing Noros exclaimed, "My God, Melville, are you alive! We thought that you and all of those in the whale boat party had gone to the bottom of the sea."

There were no new developments. YANKTON, D. T., 15.—Bear Brave the Sioux Indian was hung to day for the murder of Jos. Johnson near Fort Sully in 1879. The drop fell at half past twelve and in 15 minutes he was dead. There was very little excitement as the execution was private. Brave Bear requested his relatives not to avenge his death and to omit the usual mourning.

WASHINGTON, 15.—Secretary Teller will not take up the pending cases of Indian Inspector Pollock and Agent McGillicuddy and a case of the receiver of the land office, Mitchell, of Dakota, charged with irregularities in office, until some time next week. The Secretary is now engaged in the preparation of his annual report.

WASHINGTON, 15.—Investigation discloses the fact that there are within the city limits upwards of two thousand cases of fever in different forms, varying from light malarial to malignant typhoid. Many physicians assert the condition of Cove Basin and the river the cause.

The board of commissioners of Alabama claims had a meeting to-day, Chief Justice Wells presiding. A number of assistant counsel and commissioners were appointed.

A new map of the United States, prepared under the direction of the General Land office is now in the hands of the printer in New York, and will soon be ready for distribution. It is said to be the most complete and accurate one compiled by the government. It contains over 4,000 places not on the old map. These additions are mostly in the West. The rapid strides of that section render the map now in use almost valueless.

NEW YORK, 15.—Clearing House statistics for the week as compared with the corresponding week last year show the following gains and losses in business transactions:

GAINS.

New York, 19 3-10 per cent., Philadelphia, 11 6-10; Pittsburgh, 17 8-10; New Orleans, 21 3-10; Kansas City, 71 8-10; Cleveland, 11 1-10; Hartford, 15 6-10; Memphis, 36 3-10; New Haven, 14 6-10; Columbus, 21.

LOSSES.

Boston, 11 1-10; St. Louis, 26 10; Cincinnati, 3 8-10; Chicago, 11 6-10; Baltimore, 7 8-10; San Francisco, 14 5-10; Milwaukee, 2-10; Louisville, 13 8-10; Indianapolis, 23 3-10.

Several of the smaller cities show healthy gains. The Public says of these figures: While the aggregate is remarkably large and contrasts favorably even in the comparison with a week of great activity last

year, it cannot be said that the statement indicates a healthy state of business. There is altogether too much speculative fever for financial health. It does not matter whether the disease breaks out in the petroleum, cotton, grain or stock markets; it is the same disease, and does much the same mischief. It is clearly not a good thing that there should be sold in one week much more than one-half the quantity of petroleum that had ever been produced in the 24 years since oil wells were opened.

Negotiations which have been pending for several months between the Western Associated Press and the New York Associated Press, culminated to-day by a unanimous agreement for a joint management. The proposition came from the New York Associated Press, and was accepted by the board of directors of the Western Associated Press. The management is placed in the hands of a joint committee, Richard Smith and Walter H. Haldeman representing the Western Associated Press, and Whitelaw Reid of the Tribune and Thomas B. Connery of the New York Herald representing the New York Associated Press. Mr. C. A. Dana of the Sun was elected to the Chair. The committee entered upon their duties this afternoon. A further meeting will be held to-morrow, when a plan of service will be adopted. The Western Associated Press has since the termination of the contract between the associations perfected cable service which has proved to be superior in many respects to that of the New York Association, and has also organized news service in the east. The work of readjustment will continue until a difference is agreed upon and there will be but one general service. A new contract will be made with the Western Union Telegraph Company.

To-day is the 85th birthday of the veteran Thurlow Weed. Contrary to expectation, excitement seems to benefit instead of proving injurious to him. He took more nourishment than he had for any day for six weeks, and ate his food with keen relish. Last night he was calm, and fell asleep without taking any dyne.

At the conclusion of the plaintiff's testimony in the suit against Henry Ward Beecher growing out of his failure to complete the second volume of his Life of Christ, counsel for Beecher moved to dismiss the case upon the ground there was no date fixed for the closing of the contracts. Judge Barrett held the plaintiff failed to make out his case, but he would grant until to-morrow for the production of evidence to show a limitation to the contract; otherwise he would have to dismiss the case.

Articles of incorporation of the Faure Electric Storage and Light Company are filed. The capital stock is stated at \$2,000,000.

A package, which ought to have contained diamonds to the amount of \$30,000, shipped on board the steamer City of Chester, and consigned to the firm of Louis Strasburger & Co., Maiden Lane, London, was, on opening in the examiner's rooms of the appraiser's department, found stuffed with paper packages. The rather disproportionately large wooden box, wrapped in a paper cover, which appeared sealed, with seals apparently intact, was received at the Public Stores, Washington street, in the condition in which it was when opened. The purser of the steamship testified that he received the wooden box in suspiciously bad order; he hesitated to receive it, but after having concluded to receive it, he deemed it indispensable to cover it with a strong paper wrapper, which he sealed in order to increase its safety.

The New York Board of Trade adopted the following:

Resolved, That the result of the count of the elections is a gratifying response to the work of this board, and kindred organizations, in the education of the people to resist the encroachments upon their political and commercial rights, and an evidence that they will in future support such men and such parties as will restrain corporate power and place a limit to its exactions on the people.

The Grenada, Mississippi, Sentinel has the following unique telegram: By authority of Gen. Jas. R. Chalmers this was sent to Ben Butler verbatim by the editor of this paper Thursday night:

GRENADA, Miss., Nov. 9.

To Gen. Butler, Lowell, Mass.:

Fort Pillow, Chalmers to Beas Butler, greeting: both in. Shake. (Signed) JAS. R. CHALMERS.

The Times Washington special showing that the Senate will be divided between the two great parties demonstrates that the Virginia Readjusters will hold the balance of power. He says George C. Gorham is still a candidate for the office of Secretary. It is said by some persons he will be selected and supported by the republican caucus. He will be supported by Mahone and Riddleberger, the two Readjusters, whose votes will be needed.

ST. PAUL, 15.—This morning, at Robert Station, 20 miles east of Hudson, on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, a stock train, while stopping for water, was run into by a freight train from behind. The caboose, in which were the conductor, brakeman, stockman and several passengers, was smashed to pieces, and the conductor burned to death, but his bones were recovered. A brakeman had an arm torn from the socket, and died from loss of blood within an hour. A passenger named Fink was badly injured. A number of cars were badly wrecked and many cattle killed.

Chicago, 15.—In the U. S. Circuit Court to-day, Judge Drummond rendered a final decree for the sale of the Cleveland, Columbus & Indiana Railroad under foreclosure of mortgage. The indebtedness amounts to over \$14,000,000. The decree stipulates the road must be sold in its entirety and for not less than \$13,500,000.

It is rumored here to-day that the Rock Island Railroad met the cut of other roads running between Chicago and St. Paul by making its rate \$5 from St. Paul to Milwaukee, thus carrying the war into the camp of the enemy. The Rock Island does not run to Milwaukee, but can bring passengers to Chicago and furnish them tickets to Milwaukee over other lines for \$2.75, leaving the Rock Island \$2.25 for the haul from St. Paul to Chicago; regular rate \$10.50.

Omaha, 15.—Union Pacific officials state in regard to the trouble with the Nevada Trunk Lines Association over freight, there has been a tariff in existence for ten years, which when first published allowed the trunk lines their proportion of the Sacramento rate upon freight for all points in Nevada. This freight has always been billed by the Union Pacific at their proportion of the Sacramento rate, but the arbitrary rates charged by the Central Pacific Company on the business forced nearly all to San Francisco, either by rail or water rates. The Central Pacific, however, reduced its arbitrary rates to make it become practicable to ship from the East direct. The Union Pacific has asked nothing of the trunk lines more than it has enjoyed for ten years past, which is simply to bill the Nevada freight in respective proportions of the Sacramento rate for each line east of Ogden. Several Union Pacific officials have started for Chicago to explain and do away with the misunderstanding.

KANSAS CITY, 15.—The wrecking train arrived this afternoon from the scene of the wreck on the Alton road, bringing the dead and wounded. List of killed: Barney Corcoran, Henry Case and John Hamilton. Wounded: Philip Leon and Fred Graham, badly crushed and will probably die. James Ingalls, injured internally. Jacob Ludwig, John Dillon, J. M. Montgomery, badly cut and bruised. These men were taken to the hospital in this city. Four others were slightly wounded. Tracks cleared this forenoon, and trains resumed running as usual.

Boston, 15.—Ames, Boston director of the Union Pacific Railroad, says the earnings of the company for the current year, partly estimated shows a surplus of \$4,500,000; floating debt only \$2,700,000, which latter will be entirely extinguished by immediate placings of \$3,000,000 of collateral trust bonds, already negotiated. Ames says the company next year will pay 8 per cent. dividends.

PENSACOLA, 15.—No deaths from yellow fever and no new cases reported, though several are known to exist since yesterday. The board of health have issued a proclamation declaring the yellow fever epidemic at an end.

PHILADELPHIA, 15.—Wilhelm S. einitz, champion chess player of the world, and D. M. Martinez, president of the Philadelphia Chess Club, played the second game of a series of seven to-day. The game was opened by Martinez with the Ruy Lopez opening. After playing 3h, 40m. Martinez resigned.