

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

CHICAGO, 8.—The convention began to reassemble at 5 o'clock. On the chairman's table stands a large floral effigy of a full rigged ship floating on a sea of color, in which the name of Garfield is worked in scarlet geraniums and surmounted by a miniature star-spangled banner. The convention was called to order at 5.30.

The Lambards male quartette of Chicago opened the proceedings with patriotic songs, eliciting much applause.

Geary, of Maryland, moved the convention proceed to the nomination of a candidate for Vice-President; adopted.

California being called, Pixley rose to put in nomination, by the desire of his own delegation, a nominee for the second place on the ticket. He commended the nomination of Garfield as a strong one, and urged the importance of nominating an equally strong man for second. He named Elihu Washburne, of Illinois, whose career in Congress was most creditable, and to whose wise, humane and manly course in Paris during the Commune, the speaker was an eye witness. A man whose conduct on that occasion should and would draw to the ticket on which he is placed, the great mass of the German vote. (While Pixley was speaking, Logan was seen talking to the Ohio delegation, apparently in an excited remonstrance against their support of the Washburne movement.)

McCarthy, of New York, seconded Washburne's nomination.

The Chair read a telegram from Ohio to Delegate Scott, announcing that the republicans yesterday carried the State by 1,000 majority, and that Garfield's nomination excited great enthusiasm.

Robinson, of Connecticut, presented the name of Marshal Sewell.

Hicks, of Florida, presented Settle.

Harris, of North Carolina seconded it.

Conger said it was intended by Michigan to present the name of Ferry, but he had written declining the honor.

Houck, of Tennessee, presented Maynard.

Woodford, of New York, nominated Chester A. Arthur. This nomination was seconded by Dennison, of Ohio, Kilpatrick, of New Jersey, Storrs, of Illinois, Lynch, of Massachusetts, Filley of Missouri, Cessna, of Pennsylvania, White, of Kentucky, and Chambers presented Governor Davis of that State.

McCarthy, of New York, withdrew his nomination of Washburne and named Arthur.

The Texas delegate also withdrew Davis in favor of Arthur.

Campbell, of West Virginia, made a pointed speech for Washburne, which drew out tremendous cheers from the galleries. He believed Washburne would strengthen the ticket in the great States of the North. Let us not do a rash thing in this Convention. The Convention had passed a resolution favoring civil service reform. Let us not stultify ourselves before the country. [Great cheers.] Let us comprehend that the people will view our actions coolly.

A bulletin report says: On the re-assembling of the Convention, Chester A. Arthur, of New York, was nominated Vice-President.

WASHINGTON, 8.—The following telegram has been sent to Chicago:

Washington, 8.

Hon. Wm. Dennison, Convention, Chicago:

Whenever the vote of Ohio will be likely to assure the nomination of Garfield, I appeal to every delegate to vote for him. Let Ohio be solid. Make the same appeal in my name to North Carolina and every delegate who has voted for me.

JOHN SHERMAN.

Washington, 8.

"Hon. Jas. A. Garfield, Chicago, Ills.:

I congratulate you with all my heart upon your nomination as President of the United States. You have saved the republican party and the country from a great peril, and assured the continued success of republican principles.

JOHN SHERMAN."

COLUMBUS, O., 8.—The nomination of Garfield at Chicago was a surprise to most of the republicans

here, but the news has caused the immense crowd now in front of the Western Union Telegraph office to go nearly wild with pleasure. The nomination seems perfectly satisfactory to all republicans.

NEW YORK, 8.—The nomination of James A. Garfield for President will be honored by a salute in the City Hall Park.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—A dispatch from Tucson, Arizona, says: The latest news from Sonora is that the revolution is over. Marquez outflanked the force which opposed him at Altar—400 to his 150—near the Arizona line, and about thirty miles northwest of Altar. He marched his forces around to within eight leagues to the east of a place called Altar. Four days he maintained himself there without being discovered by the government forces. He sent the latter word that he would assail him three days later, if they desired to attack him. The government force, under Vice Governor Ortero were composed of about 400 State troops, badly armed and disciplined, and a few federal companies. Marquez did not wait to take these additions. He continued his march to Magdalena. Regular cavalry and about 150 volunteers from Altar, under Teodoro Monreal, were pressing him. At a ranch called Potrero, about five leagues from Magdalena, he wheeled about and routed it completely, losing three killed and several wounded, including an officer. The "Army of Reform," as Marquez calls his band, on the 31st ult occupied Magdalena. He proclaimed a pronunciamiento, and told the people that Don Porfirio Diaz had sold Sonora to the Americans, and that his mission was to save it. He levied a forced loan of \$1,000. In the evening of the same day he left, marching towards Arispe. The federal forces, under command of Colonel Garcia, who entered the morning following, are in pursuit. His objective point is Sinaloa.

Victorio's band has gone to the Blade Range Mountains near Hillsboro, New Mexico, to recuperate. Squads from the force are scouring the country and stealing horses and committing other depredations. No troops are in the vicinity.

A dispatch from Silver City, New Mexico, says: Saturday morning last, Captain Harke, with a part of his scouts, jumped a band of Indians near Cook's cañon and killed three, one of whom is, no doubt, Victorio's son, and got five horses and some arms.

NEW YORK, 8.—The celebrated Madison Square property, formerly called Gilmore's Gardens, has been disposed of for \$800,000 to the Barnum Museum Company, just organized, with a capital of \$3,000,000 for the purpose of erecting the largest exhibition building in the world including, under one roof, museum, opera house, colosseum, theatre, hippodrome, tropical garden, etc., to be finished and opened early next year. Wm. H. Vanderbilt, Esq., makes a subscription of \$250,000 to the enterprise and is one of its directors and P. T. Barnum, another well known capitalist, will be largely interested, he will probably be President of the company. The act of incorporation was filed to-day.

RICHMOND, Va., 8.—A duel took place yesterday morning, between W. E. Elam, editor of the *Whig*, and Col. Thomas Smith, son of ex-Governor Smith. Elam was severely but not fatally wounded at the first fire. The duel grew out of a comment in the *Whig* upon "Funder's" article, denouncing ex-Governor Smith among others, and hence implicating his son in the affair. Warrants are out for the arrest of all parties concerned.

PHILADELPHIA, 8.—Wool is in improved demand. Oregon fine, 28 @ 30, medium, 30 @ 35; coarse, 28 @ 30. California fine, 25 @ 30; medium, 28 @ 32; coarse, 25 @ 28. New Mexico and Colorado fine, 20 @ 30; medium, 25 @ 30.

MONTPELIER, Vt., 8.—C. W. Williams, an ex member of Congress, died to-day, aged 53.

New York, 8.—Geo. D. Sutton, a well-known California shipping agent, died yesterday of Bright's disease; aged 70 years.

WASHINGTON, 8.—The bill abandoning Fort Sedgewick, Nebraska, military reservation and restoring it to the public domain, passed.

The Senate bill reducing the price of public land within railroad limits from \$2.50 to \$1.25 per acre, passed.

CHICAGO, 8.—The Blaine men voted almost unanimously for Washburne, and altogether against Grant. The Sherman men voted almost unanimously for Arthur. The galleries were very hostile to Arthur

and favored Washburne, and when the vote was announced there was much dissatisfaction. It resulted: Washburne 193, Jewell 44, Settle 1, Maynard 30, Arthur 468, Davis 3, Woodford 1, Bruce, of Miss., 8, Alcome, of Miss., 4.

Frye, in chair, said that Arthur, having received a majority of all the votes cast, was the candidate for Vice-President, and enquired shall the nomination be made unanimous. Haymond, of California, moved that it be made unanimous. The usual vote of thanks were adopted.

On motion of Conger the usual committee of one from each State was authorized to apprise candidates of their nominations. Said committee to be appointed by the Chair. The Chair said he would select the committee to-night. At 7.30 the Chair thanked the convention for its patience and forbearance in sustaining him in the discharge of his duties and then the convention adjourned *sine die*.

WASHINGTON, 9.—The first premonitions of the breaking up of the deadlock in the Chicago Convention produced great excitement throughout Washington, and especially at the Capitol. Bulletins were received every moment at the telegraph offices, and great crowds assembled in the hall of the House, where the bulletins was displayed. Members were constantly running from their seats to the bulletin boards and back again, and a stream of private telegrams from Chicago were delivered to senators and representatives. At 2 o'clock a report that Garfield had been nominated spread like wildfire through the House end of the Capitol, and although no telegram had been received at that time to indicate the result of the 36th ballot, the republican members were confident that the result would be largely in Garfield's favor, and a motion was made that the House adjourn on a viva voce vote and also on a division, which was carried. The democrats demanded a yes and no call, and when Garfield's name was called the republicans applauded loudly. From time to time loud cheers were given by the crowds in the corridors.

At 2.15 a bulletin was received announcing Garfield's nomination. The cheers in the corridors were echoed by many of the republicans on the floor and the House immediately adjourned, whereupon the extraordinary ratification meeting was had which is described below.

Senator Blaine drove from his residence to the capitol and entered the Senate chamber soon after the news of the final ballot had become known and received a notable ovation of handshaking and complimentary remarks from nearly every one of his colleagues of both political parties. Many of them expressed regret that he was not nominated and others told him they congratulated themselves that he was not to leave them, but all have something pleasant to say to their colleague, who returned his thanks with his accustomed cordiality and cheerfulness, and then proceeded to open his afternoon mail, and subsequently participated in debate on sundry amendments to the pending appropriation bill, without exhibiting the slightest trace of disappointment or discomposure. The Grant men in Washington appear to have taken the defeat of their candidate very hard, but on the other hand, the friends of Blaine and Sherman profess to be almost as well satisfied as if their respective candidates had been chosen.

CHICAGO 9.—The following dispatches were received by Gen. Garfield:

Washington, D.C.

You will receive no heartier congratulation to-day than mine; this both for your own and your country's sake.

(Signed)

R. B. HAYES.

Washington, D. C.

Accept my hearty congratulations. The country is to be congratulated as well as yourself.

(Signed)

CARL SCHURZ.

Milwaukee.

The veterans assembled at Milwaukee send congratulations.

(Signed)

W. E. SMITH.

Cincinnati.

Should not have supported, but would have actively opposed the third term candidate if he had been nominated, but will support you cordially.

(Signed)

M. M. HALSTEAD.

Chattanooga, Tenn.

You will break the solid south, mark it. Heartiest congratulations.

(Signed)

CAPT. H. L. CHAMBERLAIN.

Coldwater, Mich.

God bless you. It is all right, so say I, so says Michigan.

J. MCGOWAN.

Arlington, Miss.

Cordial congratulations for this feat of Ohio.

WM. DEAN HOWELLS.

About 300 messages were received from Ohio and about 600 all together.

The vote of Maine, just cast for you, is given with my hearty concurrence, I assure you my belief is that you will have a glorious victory in November.

JAS. G. BLAINE.

Milwaukee.

Glorious thou art and Cawdor, and shalt be what thou art promised.

LAWRENCE BARRETT.

Fenton, N. J.

My sincere congratulations to the country and to you.

CORTLAND PARKER.

Bryan, O.

Ohio good for 40,000 majority for Jas. A. Garfield for President.

WM. LETCHER.

St. Louis.

The Merchants' Exchange is wild with joy on your nomination.

C. S. UDELL.

The following dispatch explains itself:

St. Louis, 8.

Hon. Jas. A. Garfield, Chicago:

The undersigned, to whom was confided the organization of the anti-third term committee of 100, appointed at St. Louis, May 6th, rejoice that the duty assigned them disappeared with your nomination, which they heartily approve. Warmest congratulations to the statesman this day called to lead a re-united party to the fruition of its highest aims.

(Signed)

H. H. Hitchcock, E. Preterois, G. A. Finkleburg, L. Eaton, R. E. Rembauer.

Gen. Garfield replied as follows to Blaine:

"Chicago.

Hon. J. G. Blaine, Washington: Accept my thanks for your generous dispatch.

(Signed)

JAS. A. GARFIELD."

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 8.—The *Mark Lane Express* says: In consequence of showers the wheat crop has gained strength, is growing rapidly and is now coming into ear in earlier districts. At the market on Monday, the first ears shown were grown in Sussex from red winter American. Unless there is some unexpected changes in the harvest the prospect is fairly promising. Delivering English wheat at the provincial markets has been less than half of those for the corresponding week last year. They were also very meagre at Mark Lane and Holder-shaw. Considerable firmness which prevented any decline being caused by improved appearance of the growing crop.

In the House of Commons this evening the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of State for India, said he favored the establishment of a separate government for Candahar under British protection, but without a British garrison.

Right Hon. Stephen Cave, ex-member of Parliament, and a distinguished writer on commercial and financial subjects, is dead.

The remains of the Russian Empress were removed to Petro Paulovsk Fortress at noon to-day. An immense crowd witnessed the procession which consisted of various military detachments, court officers and standard bearers, clergy, decoration orders, knighthood, charitable and other societies. The Emperor and Grand Duchess followed the hearse on horseback. The Empress died when asleep. The imperial family was not present at dissolution, not being aware that death was so near. Saturday the remains were borne to the Palace Chapel in an open coffin, by the Czar and eighteen Grand Dukes. The removal of the body of the Empress from the Winter Palace to Petro-Paulerski Fortress made the occasion of one of the grandest processions of Russia, and nearly every nation was represented.

The Chinese are raising large bodies of troops on the Russian frontier and an attack is expected without the formality of a declaration of war.

In a railway collision yesterday, between Frankfurt and Mannheim, many persons were severely injured.

The French government has resolved to close all Jesuit establishments on the 13th inst, without further warning.

It is rumored that Prince Napoleon is seriously ill.

LITTLE COLORADO STAKE CONFERENCE.

The Quarterly Conference of the Little Colorado Stake of Zion was held at St. Joseph, May 29 and 30, 1880.

There were present: Counselor to the Twelve Apostles John W. Young; Jesse N. Smith and L. H. Hatch of the presidency of the Eastern Arizona Stake, the presidency of this Stake; Bishop John Hunt of Snowflake and bishops of wards.

Saturday morning.

The bishops or their representatives gave in verbal reports of the wards, the superintendent of Sunday Schools read the statistical report of them, and reported favorably in and the clerk read the statistical report of the Stake for the quarter ending May 31, 1880.

Remarks were made by Pres. Lot Smith and Counselors W. C. Allen and John Bushman upon the education of our children, liberality in dividing the water for irrigation during a scarcity, and the Word of Wisdom.

Saturday afternoon.

The Church and Stake authorities were presented by Pres. Lot Smith and unanimously sustained.

Pres. Jesse N. Smith gave a description of his recent visit to Utah and spoke upon the political status of the country and the importance of planting firmly in the minds of the young the principles of the gospel.

Counselor J. W. Young spoke pointedly upon providing our Sunday Schools and families with the standard works of the Church.

Counselor L. H. Hatch spoke upon the judgments of God, the Word of Wisdom, and rebuking the evil doer.

Sunday morning.

Pres. Lot Smith spoke upon the United Order, economy, the Word of Wisdom, and humility.

Counselor J. W. Young read the Word of Wisdom and commented thereon at considerable length, showing the evil effects of disobedience the commandments of God.

Sunday afternoon.

The sacrament was administered. After which Counselor J. W. Young spoke very forcibly upon the partaking of the sacrament worthily and not allowing ill feelings to exist between each other.

President J. N. Smith spoke upon exercising our political rights, the Word of Wisdom and the United Order.

Counselor J. W. Young followed at some length on the same principles and upon the law of tithing, economy, humility and charity.

After which President L. Smith made a few closing remarks and adjourned the Conference until the 28th and 29th of August, 1880, place of meeting to be designated hereafter.

Choir sang an anthem and a benediction was pronounced by President J. N. Smith.

F. G. NELSON,

Clerk of Stake.

Correspondence.

MONTICELLO, Wright County, Minn., June 1st, 1880.

Editors Deseret News:

About two months ago I left mountain home to come here to Minnesota, to proclaim the gospel of salvation to fallen humanity and an instrument in the hands of the Lord in hunting out the honest heart from this part of the world. When I came here I met Bro. P. Lauritzen, of Moroni, who has been laboring here during the winter. is a very good man for the missionary work, has done considerable and is very much loved by the Saints here. Since then we have bled together and have visited the saints, of whom there are 36 in this State, scattered in different counties. Some of them are very good saints, trying to live the religion according to their best understanding; they are waiting