

[Special to the Deseret Evening News.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

Washington.—In the Supreme Court, to-day, Chief Justice Chase delivered an opinion, affirming the decision of the Supreme Court of Oregon, that the taxes in that State must be paid in gold and silver according to its law. The Court held that greenbacks imply satisfaction in contracts or agreements, but taxes are of a different character from such obligations, and it is competent for the State to designate the character of the money in which its taxes shall be paid.

Hon. E. Jeffries, one of the Supreme Judges of Mississippi, has presented an address to the Reconstruction Committee, proposing a plan for the restoration of the State, the first of which stipulates that Congress shall declare all the State offices vacant; the second, that Congress shall provide for the appointment of a Provisional Governor; the third, that it shall provide for the modification of the obnoxious features of the Constitution; the fourth, that it shall provide for the election of State and county officers.

The President, to-day, nominated to the Senate, W. D. Spaulding, of Ky., Consul at Yeddo; Commodore Andrew A. Holland, as Rear Admiral on the retired list; Past Assistant Paymaster Frailley, and Assistant Paymaster J. P. Loomis, Paymasters in the navy.

St. Louis, 8.—An eastern bound passenger train on the Missouri Pacific Railroad run through an open switch on Saturday night, when the engine, baggage, express and smoking cars were badly wrecked; the engineer was fatally injured and two other men seriously hurt.

New York 8.—Those employing printers, held a meeting to-day, and resolved to continue their resistance to the strike of the book printers, and to employ female compositors.

The Brig *Brilliant*, from Cape Fear river, laden with resin and turpentine, was lost in a storm, January 28. The second mate was drowned; the captain and crew were rescued from the wreck and brought here by the steamer *Europa*.

A dinner was given this evening, at the Delmonicoe, to Eugene Casserly, Senator elect from California, by a number of personal and professional friends, irrespective of party and politics. Chas. O'Connor presided. Speeches were made by Samuel J. Tilden, Rev. Mr. Frothingham, J. W. Simonton, Rev. E. H. Chapin, Gen. J. Cochrane, Horace Greeley, Chas. A. Dana and others.

Boston.—O'Connell has been found guilty in the Essex Superior Court of prize fighting, which is against the laws of the State. His counsel appealed, and the case goes to the Supreme Court.

Chicago.—The *Republican's* special says Senators Wilson, Sherman and Morgan, the dissenting members on the Pacific Railroad committee, have prepared a minority report, making a general assault upon the subsidy system. They object to uniting several separate and distinct measures in one bill, each of which should stand before Congress on its own merits; they show that the scheme involves the payment of 270,000,000 in the next thirty years, and hold that security for its repayment should be guaranteed, and that the payment of the interest is altogether insufficient.

Washington.—The following Internal Revenue officers have been appointed: Franklin E. Adams, Assistant Assessor, and Michael A. Donovan, Gauger, for the 2nd district of California; Louis Philip Berry, store-keeper, for Washington Territory.

General Dix will soon resign the French missions; Elihu Washburne will probably succeed him.

New York.—Vigilance committees are secretly organizing for the suppression of crime, by co-operation with honest officials, and concerted action against corruption.

Chicago.—The discussion in the Senate was protracted to all night; several Senators participated. At six o'clock this morning Wilson commenced speaking.

Baltimore.—John C. Breckenridge arrived in this city, on Saturday; he is the guest of his brother-in-law, Rev. Dr. Bullock.

Washington.—A confidential agent from San Domingo is still actively engaged on behalf of the annexation scheme.

The President, in compliance with the solicitation of the friends of Mrs. Surratt, has ordered her remains to be disinterred and delivered to her relatives, with the understanding that there

is to be no public demonstration whatever, but that the funeral services be privately conducted.

New York.—General Grant, yesterday, endorsed the visit of Col. Collyer, of the Indian Peace Commission, to Fort Cobb, and instructed the officers of the army to furnish him every facility.

James T. Brady died this morning of apoplexy; all the Courts adjourned in honor of his memory.

Chicago.—Murray McConnell, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of Illinois, was murdered in his office at Jacksonville, at 10 o'clock this morning. His skull was fractured by repeated blows from a slung shot. No motive for the crime or clue to the perpetrator is known. McConnell had held many public positions, and was the father-in-law of Ex-Senator McDougall, of California.

Cincinnati.—Geo. M. Lee, a distinguished lawyer of this city, to-day, was taken to the lunatic asylum, insane.

New York.—The Clothing Cutters' Union, yesterday, resolved to strike for higher wages.

The *Herald*, to-day, predicts a coming change in the government of the city, and says the German vote is stronger than the Irish vote, and that politicians are beginning to bid for it strongly.

Richmond.—Gen. Stoneman has ordered all civil officers, required by law, to make reports and returns to the Legislature, and to make them to his headquarters without delay.

New Orleans.—The *Mardi Gras* was celebrated, yesterday, in real carnival style; the streets were crowded with people. There were many maskers in procession. The mystic crew of the *Comus* was very fine. While passing through Camp street, a balcony fell, crowded with persons, when an old lady and a boy were badly injured.

Chicago.—The *Tribune's* special says that Augener, a special envoy from St. Domingo, has informed a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, that the statement made on the authority of Fabins, the confidential agent of Baez, that the debt of St. Domingo is only half a million, is incorrect. He informs the Committee that the debt is not below twelve millions, and will probably reach fourteen millions. The same special says Wilson's amendment to the proposed Constitutional Amendment, contains a clause which the House rejected by a decided majority, and he thinks the whole matter will be sent to a Committee of Conference.

Senator Henderson, of Missouri, arrived to-day.

The Baltimore city government has tendered its hospitalities to President Johnson after the fourth of March.

Detroit.—The Republican State Convention has renominated T. M. Cooley for Supreme Judge.

Washington.—Governor Holden, on behalf of the loyalists of North Carolina, has telegraphed to the Senate that the State will oppose any reduction of the Federal garrisons in that State.

Paymaster Thomas J. Leslie has been retired from active service.

Chicago.—A man named Robison is arrested on suspicion of the murder of Murray McConnell, Jacksonville. The motive is supposed to be, he owed McConnell a large sum of money. His note is said to have mysteriously disappeared.

Washington.—A young woman named Annie O'Neil was arrested in the corridors of the White House this evening with a doubled-barreled pistol concealed about her person. She said she was sent by God to kill Andrew Johnson. She is evidently insane.

FOREIGN.

Havana.—The insurgents have burned eighteen large plantations in the eastern department. Cholera of a very violent type is prevalent in the insurrectionary district. The insurgents and Spanish troops and citizens are falling victims. An attempt of some Cubans to fire a powder magazine at Puerto Principe has been frustrated. Some Cuban prisoners at Parra and Annonya were killed by the troops and volunteers, while attempting to escape from the Suantinamo prison. Letters deny that they were attempting to escape. Jose Cepeder, late commissioner to the insurgents, sailed to-day for America. He says he is disgusted with the state of affairs. Influential and wealthy Cuban families, who generally sympathize with the revolution, continue to emigrate to New York and New Orleans.

London.—Advices from Athens are contradictory. It is now said that a new cabinet, under Zaimes, is formed and that peace is thereby secured.

The reported battle between the Turks and Montenegrins is denied.

Havana.—A band of insurgents, number unknown, has made its appearance on the line of railroad between Cienfuegos and Villa Clara. A detachment of troops has marched against them, and a panic prevailed at Cienfuegos. Many families, fearing that the insurrection will spread to that district have fled from the town, and have arrived in this city. Fort Cabanas, which guards the place, is garrisoned only by a battalion of volunteers. A force of regulars has been dispatched to reinforce them. On account of the outbreak at Camerones, where the first act of the rebels was to destroy a section of the railroad between Cienfuegos and Villa Clara, the *Diario* acknowledges that the situation in this district is grave. Much excitement was created at Havana by versions more or less exaggerated, of events in the central department. The approach of the rebels to the vicinity of Cienfuegos, which is the centre of a large planting district, is expected to cause a rise in the sugar market. Several attempts at revolution have been made in the Vuelta Arajo region, and the first and fifth battalion of volunteers are under orders to proceed to that point to prevent a renewal of the disorder. Strangers continue to arrive at various points of the coast, it is supposed with the intention of joining the revolutionists. Many have been arrested on suspicion. The government has chartered several steamers and is preparing some men of war and light draft steam launches to proceed to Roman Keyes to prevent the disembarkment of an expedition from Nassau; when that is accomplished the flotilla will proceed to attack the earthworks which the insurgents lately erected at Laguarja. The rebels to the number of 300 recently assembled at Manuma; they were attacked by the troops, and, according to official reports, were defeated, losing all their arms, ammunition and eleven prisoners.

London.—The *Standard* predicts that the *Alabama* treaty will be rejected by the United States, and is sure that the next administration will not get such favorable terms for the settlement of the question.

Paris.—A dispatch from Athens says that King George declares Greece must either accept the protocol or receive his resignation of the crown.

Madrid.—Exciting rumors have been in circulation all day with regard to the Carlists; one is that the Carlists have attacked Soutonea, in the province of Sawtande, but were repulsed after a sharp fight.

San Francisco 8.—The steamer John L. Stephens brings Mazatlan advices to January 8. General Gutierrez, a bandit, had been captured and was imprisoned at Durango, awaiting his trial for numerous highway robberies. Two officers, supposed to be his accomplices, have also been arrested and are at Mazatlan. Five thousand dollars in coin and a quantity of valuable jewelry have been recovered.

A conspiracy to rob the mint at Mazatlan, containing \$200,000 has been frustrated by the authorities.

Heavy rains prevailed throughout the State of Sinaloa; the rivers have overflowed, inundating the country and destroying several villages entirely, and extensively damaging many others. The loss of life is not known, but is feared to be great. Of one family not a soul escaped. The people had sought the highlands and tree tops for safety, when they were rescued by boats. A fund for the immediate relief of the suffering was subscribed. Great suffering is the result among the poorer classes on account of the destruction of the new crops and the consequent high prices of food. Ranches have been swept away and replaced by sandy plains.

Florence.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt to-day; no damage was done.

Pesth.—The trial of Prince Alexander Kara Georgewitch, for complicity in the assassination of the late Prince Lenia, has commenced here.

Lisbon.—The mail steamer from Rio brings news that the allies have proposed a truce to Lopez for the purpose of opening negotiations for peace.

Athens.—The King and Cabinet are unanimous in their adherence to the Conference.

Private letters from Paris state that Minister Dix will resign in March. It is stated that Rothschild purchased 2,000,000 of United States bonds recently.

New York, 9.—The London papers announce the failure of Morgan, Melbourne & Co., liabilities half a million;

also the suspension of Waid & Co., of Bradford, England, liabilities heavy.

London.—The Glasgow Chamber of Commerce has presented an address to Reverdy Johnson, containing an inquiry as to the practical adoption of the principles of free trade by the United States.

Madrid.—In reply to further solicitations from his friends, Espartero has again declined a seat in the Constituent Cortes. Among the changes contemplated by the administration of the Government is the abolition of colonial ministers as a distinct department.

Madrid.—Only one of the Burgos assassins has been condemned to death, and he appeals to the Cortes, which organizes to-morrow.

The Minister of Marine, Topete, decrees the remodeling of the Spanish navy.

Havana.—A letter, of the 2nd, states that an early compromise is expected between the belligerents. The Captain General has already sent the basis of an amicable agreement to Spain. Quesada appears to be the only revolutionary chief determined to oppose a compromise.

Havana.—Arrests continue. The police searched several houses last night. Volunteer recruiting is brisk.

London.—The Conservatives are making preparations to carry on a vigorous opposition in Parliament. Lord Cairns will replace Earl Malmesbury as leader in the House of Lords.

Paris.—Walroski has left Athens on his return to this city, and is the bearer of a satisfactory reply from the Greek Government on all points to the proposals of the Paris Conference.

The Press of this city deny, with much indignation, the truth of the assertion made by Bismarck's organ, that they have been bribed by the Prussian Government.

Madrid.—Admiral Jopet, Minister of Marine, has issued general orders for the remodeling of the Spanish navy.

Berlin.—The *Gazette of the Bourse*, speaking of the proposed establishment of American financial agents in London by Secretary McCulloch, at the expiration of his term of office, hails the event as a guarantee against repudiation, and a promise of development for commerce between Europe and the United States.

Havana.—Intelligence has been received that a party of insurgents lately took possession of the Town Ecureyado, at the Junction of Sagna, La Grande and Cienfuegos and Villa Clara railroads. Troops were immediately dispatched from Sagna by the train to attack them. The insurgents cut the telegraph lines between Sagna and Villa Clara. The appearance of a second body of insurgents numbering three hundred, is reported, in the jurisdiction of Genes and Cara Hatos.

Ottawa.—Whalen made a statement last night that he was present when McGee was murdered, but did not fire the shot. The hour of his execution is fixed for two p.m. to-morrow. Mrs. McGee has written a letter to Whalen, saying she freely forgives him.

Madrid, 11.—A majority of the Cortes is favorable to the selection of Ferdinand as King of Spain. The second choice, is Duke Montpensier. Rivero will certainly be President of the Cortes.

Died.

In New Harmony, Washington Co., January 25, 1869 of consumption, Omer B. Heywood, (Lamanite) supposed to be about 21 years old. He was purchased from captivity in 1853, by Br. Z. H. Baxter, of Nephi City, by whom he was given to the undersigned; in whose family he remained until his death. He came upon the Southern Utah mission in 1862; did military duty assisting in carrying out the orders of Brig. General Erastus Snow to build forts upon the frontier in 1860; and was much respected by all who knew him.

At Bountiful, Davis Co., Feb. 4th, 1869, of jaundice and protracted labor, Sarah Lucretia, wife of Judson Tolman, and daughter of Joseph and Nancy Holbrook. She was born at North Weatherfield, Genesee Co., New York, January 21st, 1832, being thirty-seven years and two weeks old at her death.

She shared in the sufferings of the Saints both in Missouri and Illinois, and through them, at the age of nine years, she was left motherless.

In the year 1846, at Nauvoo, she was married to Judson Tolman, unto whom she has borne six sons and eight daughters, ten of whom surrounded her dying couch and now survive her, while the last, living but three hours, now sleeps by her side.

Her death spreads a gloom over the ward, as she was much esteemed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances, who knew her as a loving wife, an affectionate mother, and a faithful saint.

Her funeral was attended by a large concourse of sorrowing friends, who were addressed by Elders Jos. Holbrook, John Telford and Anson Call, who had known the deceased from her infancy. Their united testimony was, that she was full of integrity and had never been known to swerve from the truth. She died as she had lived in a sure and certain hope of a glorious resurrection.—Com.