

SILVER LETTER ISSUED AT LAST

Commercial Club Sends it to
Utah's Congressional Delegation and Others.

WOULD CURE THE PANIC

That is if the Panic Weren't Deceased
Before the Method of Curing
It Was Evolved.

The long expected and long delayed silver letter is out at last. Called in to existence suddenly, when certain Salt Lakeers thought to cure the country of its financial ills while they were most severe, the Commercial club's mass meeting's silver committee now comes forward with the suggested cure several weeks after the patient has been dismissed from medical custody.

And this is how it happened. There was a disagreement of doctors. The longer they talked the more they disagreed. After that there was trouble getting a quorum, for one who had one idea and knew it was a minority opinion, hated to vote for the other fellow's idea, and so the days passed while the country got well, and the panic went down into history with the close of 1907. The address, however, deals with the silver question in a broad way, and not as specifically related to the late and unlamented panic.

The committee consisted of John Dorn, Thomas Kearns, Judge William H. King, Judge C. C. Goodwin, Hon. A. H. Love, Mayor John S. Bransford, Charles A. Giquley and M. H. Walker.

The committee after a deliberation brought in yesterday the following address which has been sent to the Utah congressional delegation, and to western commercial bodies:

SOME RECOMMENDATIONS.

1. A law amending the present law governing greenbacks, to authorize the government expenses for the succeeding four months, amounting to perhaps \$75,000,000, to be paid in a new issue of greenbacks. (So paid, the money would at once be distributed to every portion of the republic. If the present greenbacks were a safe money, when issued, to double their amount would be good, inasmuch as the population has doubled since then and property values have increased tenfold.)

2. A law authorizing national depositories and national banks to purchase of or loan money to individuals, firms or corporations upon the bonds of the United States, when presented and deposited for such sale or loan; the United States treasury to supply such deposits and loans with special treasury notes for that purpose.

The object being, of course, to help individuals, firms or corporations in a stress like the present one; our understanding that the banks with the \$240,000,000 of such bonds are now in private hands, and unavailable for use in the country. Such a law ought to go far toward relieving the present strain.

SILVER PURCHASES.

3. A law requiring the purchase and immediate use in subsidiary coin and silver certificates of 50,000,000 ounces of silver annually in quarterly purchases; to reinforce the much needed small coins and silver certificates.

4. A petition to congress asking that body to authorize and endorse the calling of an international conference by the president to consider, and if possible to agree upon, the recommendation of silver, on a fair ratio with gold, the appointment of a commission favorable to remonetization, and authorizing such remonetization when a majority of the leading powers consent.

The reasons for this are manifold. Of the many we name a few, as follows:

(1)—Silver is basic money and is so declared in the Constitution of the United States.

(2)—Every reason supplied for its demonetization was a fallacy, as events have since demonstrated.

(3)—The decision by the people against silver in 1896 was more settled the question than it did the tariff question.

IMMENSE INVESTMENTS.

(4)—The immense sums invested in permanent property in the past seven years, the immeasurable sums needed for future investment (Mr. J. J. Hill says five thousand millions are needed by the railroads in the coming five years) are notices that the struggle of the United States should be like that of the great powers beyond the sea, to hoard all the gold possible.

(5)—The gold reserve of the world need to be strengthened in every possible, legitimate way to support the immense invested pyramid of credit.

(6)—The product of gold in the world now and for many years to come is, and must be, from two to two and a half times the product, in value, of that of silver, while quite two-thirds of the inhabitants of the earth know no basic money except silver.

(7)—Remonetization of silver would avoid the necessity of sending gold to the Orient or Spanish America.

DEMAND FOR SILVER.

(8)—The demand for silver, even as a commodity, is insatiable, and increased it would be as it ways was, before it was demonetized, a staid measure of value than gold, because its use would be so much more general, and it was always the money hoard of the poor.

(9)—Silver made resumption of specie payments possible, and had it not been disturbed, the present distress would have been avoided, for, with it restored, every bank would be greatly strengthened, and no combine of capital could precipitate a panic.

(10)—Silver restoration would settle all difficulties with exchanges in dealing with silver-using countries, it would make possible a stable currency for the Philippines; it would greatly magnify

Hood's Pills

Act on the liver and bowels, cure biliousness, constipation, morning and sick headache, break up colds, relieve uncomfortable fullness after dinner. Painless cathartic. 25c.

Peptiron Pills

Ironize the blood, tone the stomach, aid digestion, and give restful sleep. Especially beneficial in nervousness and anemia. Chocolate-coated, pleasant to take. Two sizes: 50c. and \$1. Druggists or mail. C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

our trade and prestige in the Orient and Spanish America.

(11)—Between 1875 and 1896, because of demonetization of silver, miners of the west lost quite \$350,000,000; the losses suffered by that account by the producers of the eastern states, are measured by the fall in values, which was not less than 37 1/2 per cent.

The loss of silver miners since 1896 by the demonetization has been quite \$300,000,000, the gain being chiefly to foreigners, and no government ought to force a senseless loss of that magnitude upon a portion of its people.

For in the words of President Roosevelt, "What is of vital consequence to one portion of the country is of vital importance to the whole country."

Our country's struggle slowly upward for 60 years. The gold discovery of 1848 caused more advancement in 30 years than there had been in the previous 60. Ten years later came the Comstock, which held the credit of the nation secure through the great war.

Silver demonetization caused a depression which culminated in the absolute paralysis of business and the ruin of all who were in debt. The mining of the precious metals in the far west has been the vitalizing, steady force of the republic for 57 years. Those miners have never made a request that they be taken out of justice and which did not hold the good of all the states in its scope. Their appeals are entitled to the respectful consideration of the president, congress and the country.

HOWARD CORAY

GONE TO REST

Pioneer and Veteran Church Worker Passed from Mortality Last Night.

Howard Coray, the pioneer who passed away at 10 o'clock last evening, was a notable character in the history of the Church. Mr. Coray was born at Danville, in Steuben county, N. Y., on June 6, 1817. He was then 91 years of age at the time of his death.

When he was quite young his father moved into Pennsylvania, locating and acquiring title to 7,800 acres, or one-third of the township now occupied by the city of Scranton. The family some years later moved into Illinois, where the deceased met the Prophet Joseph Smith. He was in his nature deeply religious and the teaching and personality of the prophet so impressed him that he promptly associated himself with the Church. His education and experience had especially fitted him for clerical service, and at the prophet's invitation he became his private secretary, living in the family until his marriage several years later to Martha J. Knowlton.

His close association with the prophet led to an enthusiastic devotion to his leader, which induced him to make whatever sacrifices were necessary in order to be with the people of his adoption. His father died in 1847, and he was then a young man. He was well known. For a time he was clerk of the titling office under President Young. He was clerk of the first territorial legislature, and served one mission before leaving Nauvoo, and another after coming to this valley. He was a member of the first dramatic organization in Utah, and was one of the 12 patriarchs appointed not many years ago by President Woodruff.

CHOICE MEMORY.

One of the choice memories of his life was the fact that in a scuffle with the prophet, the latter had been the means of breaking his leg and had personally served him during the ordeal of recovery as both surgeon and nurse. So thoroughly did his belief in the divine calling of Joseph Smith impress Howard Coray that the idea all but absorbed his time and thoughts. He was so familiar with the Scriptures usually quoted by the prophet that he quoted them extensively by memory with fluency and accuracy.

BURIAL AT PROVO.

The deceased is survived by six sons and three daughters. The body will be taken to Provo for burial, where the services will take place on Sunday next.

TALK \$10 A MINUTE.

There is telephonic connection now between this city and the Atlantic seaboard, and with a charge of \$10 per minute for conversation, there is no immediate danger of the toll office being swamped with such long distance customers. It would require 2 1/2 hours for a message to reach New York from Salt Lake on account of the number of relays.

OLD SKELETON IS UNEARTHED

Human Remains Dug Up by Road-builders on Bishop

McRae's Farm.

BONES THOSE OF AN INDIAN.

Indications Point to Immense Size of Deceased Aborigine—Dead Probably Fifty Years.

County road employes working near Bishop McRae's farm near Fourteenth South and Jordan river this morning unearthed a human skeleton. As soon as the news spread there was a wild scramble to see who should be first to get a look at the bones. When Deputy Sheriffs Joe Sharp and Andy Smith arrived on the scene they were confronted with a crowd numbering nearly 100 persons. All were curious and many stories were told of persons who were missing 20 or 30 years ago, and who had never been heard from since. There were offers to lay wagers that the skeleton was the bones of no less than 18 different persons. The outcome of the betting was in doubt when the deputies laid the place with the bones in a gunny sack.

REMAINS OF INDIAN.

In the sheriff's office the bag was opened and the bones spread on a newspaper. An examination of the skull revealed the sloping forehead, high crown and cheek bones characteristic of an Indian. Further examination disclosed an almost perfect set of teeth. Their general form showed plainly that the bones were those which once supported a copper colored aborigine, probably 50 years ago or more. The locality where the bones had been found in an old Indian camp and burial ground for many relics have been found in the neighborhood.

OF VAST STATURE.

The sheriff's force and others who have viewed the bones declare that they were once the frame work of an Indian of great height. The teeth are peculiar, they are sharp and set in complete. The enamel is almost worn away, but every one is in place.

GOV. GOODING WILL ATTEND.

Governor Frank Gooding of Idaho has written to Governor Cutler accepting his invitation to be present at the opening of the second session of the Dry Farming congress. Frank C. Gourd, a member of the executive committee of the Irrigation congress, has also signed his intention to be present if he can arrange his business affairs.

DEATH OF YOUNG MAN.

Chas. S. Bishop Succumbs to Attack of Hemorrhage of the Lungs.

Charles S. Bishop, an employe of William Wood, proprietor of the Wood market, died last evening from hemorrhage of the lungs. The deceased was engaged to chore about the barn, and it was while going from his home after supper to perform his usual duty in 1847 Howard Coray, Mr. Coray was well known. For a time he was clerk of the titling office under President Young. He was clerk of the first territorial legislature, and served one mission before leaving Nauvoo, and another after coming to this valley. He was a member of the first dramatic organization in Utah, and was one of the 12 patriarchs appointed not many years ago by President Woodruff.

WILL BE BURIED HERE.

The funeral of Mrs. Bessie Hamilton Conley, the 18-year-old woman who was asphyxiated in the "Three Deuces" rooming house, will be held tomorrow in this city. The woman's mother and husband are here from Nevada to attend the final rites. Interment will be private in the cemetery in this city, it having been decided not to take the remains to Nevada.

MEDALS NOW READY.

Secretary Horace Ensign of the State Fair association is in receipt of all the medals awarded at the last state fair, and the same are now ready for distribution.

CHURCH NOTICES.

The high priests' quorum of the Granite stake will meet Jan. 19, at 10 o'clock, at the Granite stake place. It is expected that a general testimony meeting will be held, and all members are requested to be present as far as possible.

The regular monthly meeting of the Pioneer stake Sunday school union will be held Sunday afternoon, Jan. 19, at 2:30 o'clock. Judge E. G. Gowans will address the members of the parents' department. All interested in Sunday school or parents' class work are kindly invited to be present.

The regular monthly priesthood meeting of the Ensign stake will be held in the Twentieth ward meeting-house at 7:30 p. m., Monday, Jan. 20, 1908.

The regular quarterly conference of the Liberty stake will be held on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 10 a. m., in the Assembly hall, 2 p. m. in Granite stake place. All of the saints residing in said stake are earnestly requested to be present, especially at the morning session.

The priesthood meeting of the Salt Lake stake will be held in the sixteenth ward meetinghouse at 7:30 p. m., Monday, Jan. 20, 1908.

The Tenth quorum of seventy will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Ninth ward meetinghouse (upstairs room) on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

ROYAL MILK BREAD is the finest bread made because of its cleanliness and purity.

It is baked on the hearth of the oven. No greasy pan is used in baking this nice oval, golden color loaf. The crown label is on every loaf, ask your grocer for it.

AMUSEMENTS.

Theater—Tonight sees the first presentation of "The Land of Nod." The next attraction is Max Piggman in "The Man on the Box" and the advance sale is now going on.

Orpheum—Last night saw another crush at this house and the same order of things bids fair to continue during the week.

Grand—"Uncle Josh Perkins," a typical New England story, opened a half week engagement at the Grand last night, and the large audience in attendance thoroughly enjoyed the performance. From Bert Hodgkins, who has the leading role, down to the least member of the cast, the parts were well rendered, specialties being interspersed throughout the acts of a character to add much to the interest of the play. There was not a dull moment while the curtain was up, and there were no unnecessary delays between acts. "Uncle Josh" was the center of attraction, whether in the city, eluding the cunning and craftiness of the kind that live upon prey, or honestly and bravely going about his duties, and making the heart of every one about him. Katherine Cameron, as the long lost daughter of "Uncle Josh," was sweet and winsome, and the work of Bertine Hodgkins was one of the features of the evening.

Lyric—"A Hero in Rags" is the advertised attraction for the last half of this week, and it is proving a drawing card. The Utahna Stock company has taken the place of the Moore company, and is following along the same line, the Lyric producers in presenting meritorious plays in a conscientious manner. Familiar old "East Lynna," always welcome, will be the next offering.

OWENS LEAVES SOUVENIR.

A trusty at the city jail who was put to work cleaning out the cell recently occupied by James Owens, this morning discovered a broken saw hidden in a dark corner. The matter was reported to Jailor Wilkinson. The saw is of the usual shape and size carried by crooks. It is barely thicker than an ordinary piece of steel wire and could easily be concealed on the regular Prisoner's person. Owens who is now serving 30 years in the state prison, was with Sullivan and Garcia on the night of the murder of Officer Ford.

WOMAN GETS DECREE.

Husband Threatened to Kill Mrs. Schweiger at Various Times.

Sarah Schweiger was granted a decree of divorce from Joseph Schweiger this morning by Judge Armstrong, who officiated as an assistant to Judge Morse in his weekly grind of adjusting matrimonial affairs. The hearing took place here in the regular Friday matinee. Upon the testimony of Mrs. Schweiger and her sister, Mrs. L. Thompson, it was shown that Schweiger was in the habit of coming home drunk and that the latter had repeatedly threatened to kill her. He repeated his action two or three times during the day. When Mrs. Schweiger asked his purpose he told her that he was getting ready to put her to death. This scared Mrs. Schweiger and she left his home and went to her mother's.

Since filing her action for divorce, Mrs. Schweiger says, her husband threatened to kill her, saying that his life is not worth living and that it doesn't matter what becomes of him. Schweiger is an engineer earning \$5 per day, according to the wife. Since the divorce suit was filed, he has not been seen by her. He has been provided for work as a chambermaid.

GOIDON ACQUITTED.

George Golden, charged with an attempt to pick the pocket of J. E. Williamson in a Commercial street saloon on Oct. 15, last, was acquitted yesterday afternoon after considering the evidence adduced at the trial for about an hour. Golden was represented by J. H. Bailey, Jr. and Alvin C. Vickery. District Attorney Loebow presented the prosecution's case of the case.

LATE LOCALS.

Today's Clearings—Today's local bank clearings amounted to \$705,863.15 as against \$1,164,383.65 for the same day last year.

Handsome Swiss Furniture—John M. Chamberlain and his son A. W. Chamberlain have on exhibition in their Main street show window, a table and two chairs of black walnut they brought back with them from Melring, Switzerland. These articles are extensively laid with carvings and they are elaborate work in white holly, showing a degree of patience and skill that is highly interesting. The furniture is handcarved—in fact, the entire set is executed by hand. The German Edelweiss is engraved in the carving very deftly, and the whole appearance of the set is pleasing to the artistic taste.

WEATHER REPORT

Record at the local office U. S. weather bureau for 24 hours ending at 8 a. m. today.

Temperature at 4 a. m., 27 degrees. Maximum 35. Minimum 24. Mean 32, which is 3 degrees above normal.

Precipitation since first of month, 22 inch, which is 22 inch below the normal. Accumulated deficiency since January first, 32 inch.

FORECASTS TILL 6 P. M. SATURDAY.

Local forecast for Salt Lake City and Utah—Partly cloudy tonight; Saturday local rain or snow.

R. J. HYATT, Section Director.

ONLY TEN MINUTES FOR LUNCH.

Then we can serve you with a crisp, flaky meat pie, such as ONLY MRS. BROWNING can make, with a pot of pure, wholesome Coffee. At our Fountain daily. We deliver Coffee in one and five-pound packages anywhere.

F. J. HILL DRUG CO.

"The Pure Drinks Store."

GOV. HUGHES IS SARF CENTER

New York County Republican Committee Refuses to Endorse His Candidacy.

DEBATE WAS VERY BITTER.

Were Muddled Cheers and Hisses for President Roosevelt, Gov. Hughes, Secy. Taft and Sen. Foraker.

New York, Jan. 16.—An attempt to force consideration of the tabled resolution endorsing Gov. Hughes for the Republican nomination for president was defeated tonight at what was probably the stormiest session in the political history of the New York Republican county committee. After nearly three hours of debate, characterized by bitter invective, an adjournment for one month was taken with nothing more than routine business having been transacted.

A vote on the straight question of endorsing Gov. Hughes or any other presidential candidate was never reached. The vote on the tabled resolution, however, and the outspoken supporters of the governor lined up squarely against those who are either friendly to the candidacy of Secy. Taft or opposed to any endorsement by the committee at this time.

At its meeting in December the committee tabled a resolution endorsing Gov. Hughes as a candidate before the Republican convention. It was then understood that while its opponents believed the launching of the governor's candidacy, if not ill-advised at least premature, definite disposition of the resolution would be made tonight. Preceding the session this evening, however, the executive committee met and a line-up showed an opposition to Gov. Hughes of 22 to 18. At this meeting it was stated that an agreement was reached not to take up the Hughes endorsement at the session of the whole committee. It was agreed that after routine business had been transacted, the matter would be brought up. The Hughes endorsement it was predicted would be short. The details of this plan, however, were hurriedly made known to the Hughes men and from the moment that Congressman Parsons, the chairman, called the whole committee to order, there was trouble. William Halpin demanded that the Hughes resolution be taken up at once. Chairman Parsons declared Halpin out of order, and the latter appealed. Events followed rapidly and before the issue was settled there had been a fist fight in the rear of the hall.

During the speeches there were minor disturbances and hisses for President Roosevelt, Hughes, Taft and Foraker. Personalities were exchanged and the excitement was general.

After the roll was called the vote was announced as 302 yeas to 222 noes, a majority of 80 yeas to lay the appeal from the chair on the table.

When unfinished business was reached, the Assemblyman, Egan, moved adjournment to the regular February meeting. Senator Page moved to amend, making the adjournment for one week.

Speaking for the Assemblyman, Senator Page said that he wanted early action on the Hughes resolution. "Why are you afraid to meet that issue?" he said. "If there is another man for heaven's sake, let him come."

This challenge was greeted with cries of "Taft, Taft."

Senator Page's amendment was eventually lost and the motion to adjourn for one month carried.

FRENCH GAIN VICTORY OVER MULAI RACHID.

Tangier, Jan. 16.—News has reached here of a terrific 10-hour engagement between a French column under command of Gen. d'Almeida and a column commanded by Mula Rachid, one of the chiefs of Mula Rachid's forces. The French gained a splendid victory in the face of heavy odds, dispersing the enemy and occupying Settati. Twenty of the French soldiers, including three officers, were killed. The latter not only offered a dogged and fearless defense, but returned repeatedly to the battle after they had been routed, and attacked the French from three sides.

In the latter hours of the fighting Mula Rachid's column was suddenly reinforced by the powerful Chaouia tribe, which figured in the massacres at Casa Bianca, and which had arrived from the desert at the very moment when Mula Rachid was about to retreat. Under combined charge of the now confident Moors the French not only held their ground, but steadily threw back the enemy, driving them eventually in mad haste to the hills.

PRISONERS BURNED TO DEATH.

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 16.—Robert Nesbitt and Cecil Whitlock, each 25 years old, were burned to death last night in a fire which destroyed the jail at Estancia. The two men had been placed in the jail at Estancia, a small town, and it supposed they set fire to the jail, hoping to escape. They were members of prominent families.

MILLIONS FOR ORPHANS.

Los Angeles, Jan. 16.—According to published statements, Frank Oppenheimer, a Santa Fe brakeman residing in the city, and his sister, Miss Marie Oppenheimer of Buffalo, N. Y., now here, are heirs to a \$3,000,000 estate left by their uncle, Jacob Oppenheimer of New Zealand. Atty. John H. Cranals of San Francisco is credited with locating the heirs to this estate who were in entire ignorance of their good fortune.

Cranals noticed the estate as being listed as undivided and set to work to find the heirs, in which work he is said to have succeeded. Both Frank Oppenheimer and his sister are orphans. The family formerly lived in Germany. The estate, he recently died leaving the estate, left Germany about 15 years ago and nothing had been heard from him during the past 15 years.

SENATOR FORAKER'S VIEWS ON INJUNCTIONS.

Martin's Ferry, O., Jan. 16.—Senator Foraker has given his views on the same propositions regarding court injunctions as were recently propounded to and discussed by Secy. of War Taft. Senator Foraker says he would favor the enactment of a reasonable law upon which an injunction or temporary restraining order may issue, defining in specific terms the language in which such injunctions or restraining order may be had.

The senator believes that no restraining order or injunction should be issued until after notice to the defendant and a hearing is held upon its petition, except only in cases of threatened destruction of property, or other wrong for which there may be no adequate remedy at law.

The senator believes that a final

GOLDFIELD MINERS.

Said to Have Repudiated Agreement With Florence Annex.

Goldfield, Nev., Jan. 16.—It was reported on the streets this afternoon that the 110 men employed on the Florence annex had walked out, having repudiated their agreement to withdraw from the Western Federation of Miners. The report could not be confirmed and was denied by Senator Dix Smith, who is one of the principal owners of the Annex. The men, practically all of whom are members of the Western Federation of Miners, made a verbal agreement with Manager G. Hall that they would sign the card prepared by the operators' association repudiating the organization. They then signed the card but Manager Hall has notified them that the card must be signed by Saturday night or they will be dismissed.

LORD AVEBURY INSTALLED.

St. Andrews, Scotland, Jan. 16.—Lord Avebury was today installed lord rector of St. Andrews University. He was elected in November, Mr. Carnegie withdrawing.

In an address of thanks for his election, the new lord rector eulogized Mr. Carnegie.

COL. FRENCH GOING TO CHICAGO.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—Col. George French, who for seven years has had charge of the Salvation Army work on this coast, leaves next week with his family for Chicago, where he will assume the duties of territorial secretary for the army. Col. Charles Miles of Chicago, who French will take place here, will be installed by Commissioner George Kibbey of Chicago.

ARMED MASKED MEN WARN GREEKS TO LEAVE.

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 16.—Fifty armed men, masked, visited a camp of Greek laborers near Mountain Home last night and warned them to leave within 24 hours. Today the sheriff of Elmore county was appealed to and the Greeks decided not to leave. It is feared trouble will take place tonight. The Greeks were imported to clear large tracts of land of sagebrush and put them out in fruit trees. The owners of the land first contracted with the Greeks to clear the land, but he refused to bring in any foreigners and he gave up the contract. The Greeks were then brought in.

NATIONAL AIRSHIP CO.

Several Hundred Stockholders Start An Investigation.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—The Examiner says that, acting on the complaint of several hundred stockholders, federal officials have started an investigation into the affairs of the National Airship company. Sales of stock, amounting to about a quarter of a million dollars, are alleged to have been made. At the office of the company a large amount of advertising matter and a small amount of stock have been seized. The company was formed, with the avowed object of securing \$1,000,000 with which to build an airship on the plans designed by J. A. Morrell, president of the corporation. Much of the stock is said to have been sold in Portland, Or. On Saturday Morrell was served with a subpoena to appear in Portland next week and explain the status of his company to the authorities. Since then it is asserted that he has disappeared. The other officers have not been found. The federal officers, it is alleged, have secured much information regarding the company's affairs from Miss Alma Smith, who formerly acted as its secretary.

Portland, Or., Jan. 16.—The National Airship company has been doing business in this city for some time. It advertised its stock extensively, guaranteeing many things in the way of dividends and the development of airship travel. It promised stockholders that it would be ready for flight by April 1, and that a line of airships would be operated between Portland and San Francisco on and after that date. Its stock was advertised for sale in Portland at 25 cents a share, whereas similar stock was sold in San Francisco, it is declared, at 75 cents a share.

DIED.

BIRRELL—John Birrell died in this city, Jan. 15, 1908, aged 61 years.

Funeral will take place from the fifteenth ward meetinghouse on Sunday at 12:30 o'clock. Interment in city cemetery.

THOMAS—At Provo, Utah, January 15, 1908, Thomas C. Thomas, who had been a resident of Salt Lake, died.

The remains are at the funeral parlors of Joseph William Taylor, 35 South West Temple, Salt Lake City, where the funeral services will be held Sunday at 11 a. m. Friends are invited to attend. Interment in city cemetery.

R. E. Evans Florist, 46 S. Main St. Floral designs a specialty. Phone 961.

UNITED DENTAL CO.

23 South Main.

HONEST WORK.

HONEST PRICES.

Painless Extraction of Teeth or No Pay All Work Positively Guaranteed. Phone: Bell, 1126 X; Ind. 1126.