

Utah towns, are to be congratulated on the acquirement of the waters of Cottonwood Creek, which will double the present supply.

VERNON, Tooele County, March 25.—Last night, at 9 o'clock, Mr. Best drove down here from the Blue Bell mining district, distant ten miles from here, informing us that a man had died in camp and inquired for the justice of the peace. He was absent on his ranch about six miles away. David Sharp left on horseback to get the justice, Owen Bennion. This morning we had a coffin made and drove up to camp.

We found Judge Barbee lying on his bunk in his tent just as he died. Mr. Marchant informed us that Judge Barbee had been prospecting all day and came to camp and cooked supper. While Mr. Marchant was looking to see if the coffee was boiled he glanced round and found the Judge lying on the bed dying; he promptly called the other miners just in time to see him die. He apparently experienced no pain and is supposed to have died of heart failure.

Judge Barbee is well known in mining circles. He was sixty-four years of age, and as far as we know had no relatives in Utah. The body was washed and new clothes put on and we drove down here where he was buried. Justice Bennion took charge of his papers. Mr. Marchant informed me that he and Barbee discovered the mines in Leeds, Washington county, and at one time sold out for \$100,000 cash; we were told today that he did not have a cent when he died. He had a number of locations in the district and some say they carry assays of gold. JOHN C. SHARP.

With a view to keeping minor children from roving the streets at night, Councilman O'Meara has drafted an ordinance which he will present to the City Council at its next meeting.

Section one of the ordinance makes it unlawful for any person under 15 years of age to be or remain in or upon any of the streets, alleys or public places in the city of Salt Lake, State of Utah, at night after the hour of 9 o'clock from April 1st to September 30th, inclusive, of each year; and from October 1st to the last day of March, inclusive, of each year, after the hour of 8 o'clock p. m., unless such person is accompanied by a parent, guardian, or other person having the legal custody of such minor person, or is in the performance of an errand or duty directed by such parent, guardian, or other person having the care and custody of such minor person, or whose employment makes it necessary to be upon said streets, alleys or public places during the nighttime, after said specified hours.

The second section makes it unlawful for any parent, guardian or other person having the legal care and custody of such children, to allow them to be in or upon any of the streets of the City after the time mentioned in Section one, unless there exists a reasonable necessity therefor. An infringement of the provisions of this section lays the person guilty of such offense liable to a fine not exceeding, \$25 for each time found so guilty.

Section three directs each member of the police force, while on duty, to arrest, without warrant, any person willfully violating the provisions of

section one and retain such person until a complaint can be made out and a warrant issued and served. It also directs that the parents or guardians of such minor so arrested shall be immediately notified of the arrest, and the child shall not be placed in confinement until its parent or guardian shall have refused to be held responsible for the misdemeanor so committed.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NEW YORK, March 24.—There was a final meeting of the old board of directors of the New York Mining Exchange last night. Each member of that board in turn resigned. There seemed to be the elements of storm brewing when Mr. Drew rose to request permission to be the first to tender his resignation. However, he quailed down when President Porter reminded him that as president he had the first call. This right being conceded Mr. Porter resigned and at once left the hall. One by one the old board resigned. This done they elected a temporary directorate as follows: H. A. Hammon, president pro tem; W. L. Baird, H. L. Stocker, H. M. Plac, W. L. Scrimm, J. M. Downing and H. A. Mott. It was shown there were two prominent Wall street men waiting to become members. The ten days postponing will probably be waived in their favor, and upon entrance one of them will be elected president.

DUBLIN, March 24.—Mutinous conduct on the part of the Thirteenth Hussars is reported from Dunalk. The cavalrymen are said to have naked to pieces twenty-eight saddles and bridles. Several hussars have been arrested.

NEW YORK, March 24.—A dispatch to the Herald from Cairo, says:

Dispatches which have arrived from the front, state that the vanguard of the Egyptian army, under Collinson Bey, occupied Akasheh on Friday, the Dervishes having evacuated the town and fallen back to concentrate on Dongola.

Col. Hunter will leave Sarraa tomorrow for Akasheh, which will probably be reinforced on the same day by three regiments of infantry.

Cairo is almost denuded by native troops. A portion of the Fifth battalion of the Egyptian army left yesterday for Suez, to embark for Suakim.

Negotiations are progressing for forming a corps of 4,000 men from the Arab tribes, which will be commanded by Sir Edward Zoghab.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—Mrs. Davidson has been acquitted on the charge of extorting \$500 from Rev. C. O. Brown. Brown was the only witness. The court then instructed the jury to acquit Mrs. Davidson.

VANCOUVER, B. C.—March 24.—The most violent climatic disturbances still prevail at the antipodes. A second heat wave sent the thermometer upward, the mercury climbing a point never before reached. At Adelaide, the temperature reached the highest point yet recorded; while at Melbourne deaths from heat, apoplexy and sunstroke, have reached an alarming number. Numerous serious fires also took place, started by spontaneous combustion, and at all the factories double guards have been placed to prevent

combustion through heat generating in closely stored goods.

In the country large ranges of bush have been set on fire and surrounding settlements are threatened.

At Alexander, Waterloo and Wagga typhoid fever is raging, the mortality being very great. The epidemic is caused by impure water, owing to the wells being dried up. At Melbourne the typhoid epidemic has reached alarming proportions, the fever wards in the hospitals are full and large numbers are turned away.

When the steamer sailed the rivers were all rising in Queensland. The damage to the crops is terrible and great destitution will follow.

At Adelaide a gale lasting twenty-four hours did much damage. Great suffering prevails at Townsville, Queensland, which was almost wiped out of existence by a hurricane. Contributions are being asked for all over Australia for the homeless. After the wind earthquakes took Australia in hand. There were two distinct shocks from east to west.

LONDON, March 24.—It is understood that France and Great Britain will have settled their Egyptian difficulty before the next meeting of the Egyptian debt commission on Thursday next. Explanations of a satisfactory nature are proceeding.

Baton De Courcel, the French ambassador here, who was suddenly recalled to London, will return to France on Saturday and the Marquis of Salisbury has arranged to start for Beau Lieu on Thursday.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The World this morning says: The main features of the transcontinental association were agreed upon at the meeting of the traffic officials, but there are several points which will have to be submitted to arbitration. One of these is the question of differentials which are demanded by the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Canada Pacific.

It is not settled yet whether the Canadian Pacific will become a member of the association or not, but it agrees to come in if a satisfactory differential is allowed. Several years ago, it is said, the Canadian Pacific was paid a fixed subsidy amounting to about \$500,000 a year for keeping out of California business. It is practically settled that the Pacific Mail Steamship company will be paid a subsidy of about \$75,500 a month for maintaining rates. It may not be put in this form, for, as two of the transcontinental railroads are still in the hands of the courts, it might be charged that the agreement is a violation of the inter-state commerce law, inasmuch as the effect of this agreement is to abolish competition. It is believed, however, that a way will be found that will at least appear on the face of it to be legal. By today's arrangement a certain amount of space on each steamer was chartered.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The statement of the condition of the National banks of Idaho on the 28th of February, published today, shows the following figures:

Loans and discounts, \$1,297,332; stocks, securities, etc., \$500,777; one from approved reserve agents, \$187,935; gold coin, \$212,897; total specie, \$244,243; total resources, \$3,169,716, as against \$3,313,415.40 on the 13th of December.