OFF TO CUBA IN A FEW DAYS.

As Soon as Congress Votes the Money to Pay Expenses, Troops Will Move.

Fleet Ready to Co-operate With the Army to the Full Extent—No Petroleum Bombs Used at Manila.

Washington, D. C., April 2.—A most emphatic denial is given by the navy department to published statements that the navy department has declined to spare a couple of naval vessels to convey the transports which will carry the troops from Florida to the Cuban port selected as the place for beginning the offensive campaign.

On the contrary, it is said that the navy has done its full share so far as the execution of the plans of campaign, and stands ready to do whatever it be called upon to do as soon as the military authorities notify the navy department of their plans and that extent to which the navy is expected to co-operate.

It is believed that the true explanation of the delay in sending out the advance military expedition is to be found in the letter of Gen. Miles, read in the Senate yesterday, in which he declared that all the troops were not fully having been expended or allotted, there was absolutely no money at the disposal of the war department to pay the necessary expense of the expedition. In the expectation that Congress will relieve the situation by promptly passing the necessary appropriation the war department officials are now advancing upon the departure of the expedition within a very few days.

None of the stories coming from Spanish sources as to the battle of Manila appears quite so ridiculous to naval eyes as the solemn statement that Commodore Dewey fired Manila and the Spanish ships by the use of petroleum bombs. As a matter of fact there is no such weapon in the service of the American navy. The combustive shell is very much more destructive and quite as capable of causing a fire among material as any petroleum any contrivance based upon the use of petroleum.

This is plainly shown by the destruction of ships through fires caused by service shells during the Japanese-China war. It was a distinctive feature of the great danger to men of war thus brought prominently forward that led Secretary Herbert to order projected to a minimum all the wood work on American ships and to have all of this wood fire proofed. One of the features of the battle of Manila therefore is likely to be the cessation of the efforts which had been made during a long time past to abandon the fire proofing treatment of woodwork because of certain minor inconveniences from the use of wood so treated.

ADVISES SPAIN TO SUBMIT.

Br Suggestions as to the Course to be Followed in the Philippines.

New York, May 2.—A dispatch to the World from London says:

The report was current in the House of Commons at midnight that an official telegram had been received at the foreign office from the British consul at Manila announcing the capitulation of Manila.

The story is unconfirmed but it is known that several cabin messages have passed between Balfour and the British ambassador at Madrid, in which the British government is understood to have advised the Spanish cabinet that an honorable submission is the best way of safeguarding British interests in the Philippines as well as those of other powers concerned.

W. Ellison McCarthey, secretary of the British admiralty, said in reply to an inquiry whether any special significance attaches to the present movement of the British channel squadron to the Canaries:

"The call at the Canaries is within the ordinary routine. It has no special meaning in relation to the war."

DEFICIENCY BILL ESTIMATES.

One Item o'$10,000,000 is for Supplying and Increasing the Asiatic Squadron.

Washington, May 3.—The secretary of the navy has sent to the secretary of the treasury for transmission to Congress to be included in the deficiency bill estimates of appropriations required by the navy department to complete the service of the current fiscal year, and the next fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, amounting to $19,400,000. This is in addition to the $4,819,000 asked for last week, by the secretary of war. One item is for keeping vessels attached to the Asiatic squadron provisioned and supplied with coal, ammunition and stores, the transportation of which the secretary says will probably necessitate at least the charter and possibly the purchase of a number of suitable vessels, also to increase the number of small craft attached to the various squadrons or to replace such as may be disabled, and to meet contingencies that cannot be foreseen, $10,000,000. This estimate will be sent to Congress at once.

HOUSE.

Washington, D. C., May 2.—At his prayer to day the chaplain of the House gave thanks for the victory won by the fleet, and prayed that it might be the means of leading to an early end of the war, which is now being a prevalence of a broader and more Christian civilization.

The House passed a bill with an amendment for the sale of public lands in Missouri. The House voted to insist upon its amendments to the bill providing for the organization of the local militia in the District of Columbia, and agreed to a conference.

The Speaker named Messrs. Hilborn, Foss and Meyer as House conferees.

The House then, under the previous order, began the consideration of private bills.

ADMIRABLE BRAVERY.

British Provincial Papers Recognize the Exploit of Commodore Dewey.

London, May 3.—The majority of the important British provincial papers today pay very warm tribute to the exploit of Commodore and the United States fleet at Manila. The Leeds Mercury says:

"The operations of the United States squadron were skillfully planned and courageously executed. It was admirable bravery in executing the duties under the cover of darkness."

The Manchester Guardian says: "It was a singularly daring exploit and it will rank high in naval annals, not in America merely, but throughout the world."

The above are brief examples of many similar expressions of opinion on the subject.

TO MAKE DEWEY ADMIRAL.

Vermont Congressman Asks that the Position Just be Authorized.

Washington, D. C., May 2.—Representative Grout, of Vermont, today introduced the following resolution:

Whereas, The intrepidity and skill displayed by Commodore Dewey in his daring attack upon the Spanish fleet in Manila harbor and its total destruction, covered as it was by the protecting guns of surrounding forts, marks him as the possessor of high qualities as a naval commander, therefore,

Resolved, That he ought to be promoted to the rank of admiral, and the President is hereby authorized to nominate him for that rank to the Senate, which body is hereby authorized to confirm him, the general laws regulating promotions in the navy to the contrary notwithstanding."

War Revenue Bill.

Washington, May 2.—The Senate committee on finance resumed its sitting at 10:30 a. m. today, hearing Secretary Gage and Assistant Secretary Taylor in regard to the war revenue bill authority for the issuance of bonds.

The secretary supplied the committee all the information in his possession as to the cost of war up to date and also the best estimates obtainable of future expenses.

HEAVY FIRING HEARD.

It is Reported as off the Southeastern Point of Newfoundland.

St. Johns, N. F., May 3.—Heavy firing is reported to have been heard off Cape Race on Saturday night. The wires have since been interrupted.

WITHDRAWING TO HAVANA.

General Pando and His Army Called in from Eastern Cuba.

Abandoning That Part of the Island to the Insurgents—Gen. Garcia Occupies Bayamo.

Montego Bay, Jamaica, via Kingston, Jamaica, May 2.—(Copyright, 1898, by the Associated Press.)—Gen. Pando, the commander of the Spanish forces in Cuba, has withdrew the Spanish garrison from Bayamo, one of the important towns of the province of Santiago de Cuba, on April 25, and refugees who have arrived here from Manzanillo, the port of Bayamo, by the schooner Rio Blanco, say that Gen. Garcia, the insurgent commander, occupied the town the next day. Bayamo, or San Salvador, is situated about 60 miles northeast of Manzanillo, on the Cauto river. It had a population of about 7,000.

The Spanish merchants and residents of Bayamo, it appears, were in great fear of plunder and massacre, but Gen. Garcia issued a proclamation declaring that the property of Spaniards and their civil rights would be respected. The general also personally notified the leading Spaniards of Bayamo that they were perfectly safe in remaining in Bayamo with the result that nothing like panic or disorder now prevails there. The people began bringing in vegetables and meat from the country and the prices of provisions fell.

No cases of outrage have been reported.

Gen. Pando is understood to be at Manzanillo, near the river Cauto, with the main body of the troops under operations he has been directing in eastern Cuba. Up to April 17th about 6,000 men, or one-third of Gen. Pando's force, had been sent to Havana, and, it is said, will at once go to the Cuban capital. These will be accompanied by Pando himself.

The population of Manzanillo, which was formerly 12,000 before the war, has shrunk to 5,000, and food is double and treble the ordinary price.

Capt. Hoerle, owner of the steamer Edmund Blunt, which recently took a cargo of provisions to Manzanillo, returned here today on the Gov. Blake. He reports that the prospect of Spanish success is very poor. Gen. Garcia's forces, he says, are daily increasing in numbers and the people are in sympathy with the insurgents.

SHOW GOOD TARGET PRACTICE.

Men With the Flying Squadron Finding Out How They Can Shoot.

On Board the Flagship Brooklyn, off Fort Monroe, May 2.—The interest and enthusiasm in the victory of Commodore Dewey in the Philippines continued this morning in the fleet, but there was unlikely to know something of the American losses. It was a source of congratulation based upon the meagre details received, that the American gunners had proved their superiority and it is confidently expected they will win every naval battle of the war. It was also a source of assurance of this self-congratulation that the ships of the squadron at gun practice off the capes yesterday made such fine shooting the small bobbing targets. The 15-inch guns of the Massachusetts and the 13-inch guns of the Texas were swung around at all sorts of remarkable angles and placed shot in and all around the target, while the smaller guns did equally good work. The eight inch guns of the Brooklyn proved very effective and surprised the officers who had expected to see the projectiles go through and through. A noteworthy feature of the shooting was that every man at the guns acted as sighting gunner and the best in this way demonstrated from the splendid marksmanship. The revenue cutter Manning, recently converted, was present at this morning on her way to Key West.

The gunboat Hancock, it was announced yesterday, had gone to the blockading fleet at Key West, is at Norfolk navy yards.

THE ARGONAUTA ARRIVES.

Gen. Weyler's Brother One of Those Captured on the Prize Steamers.

New York, May 3.—The Evening Post's Key West special says that one of the officers captured on board the Spanish steamer Argonauta is reported to be a brother of Gen. Weyler. It also says:

The prize steamer Argonauta, taken by the cruiser Nashville at Cienfuegos, arrived here with several hundred Spanish but Friday. It is in the lower harbor in tow of one of the cruisers.

WAR NOTES.

Washington, May 3.—The fortifications appropriation bill has been agreed on in conference, carrying a total of $9,27,494. The Senate receded from all its amendments except those to the bill and the House recedes from disagreement to Senate increases.

Valparaiso, Ind., May 3.—Armed men are guarding the Atlas powder works at Miller station, this county, day and night, for fear the works may be blown up by some secret foe. Extra precautions have been taken, a working day and night having received another order from the government. No new men will be given employment.

Washington, May 3.—The President will await advice from Commodore Dewey before deciding whether to send troops to Manila.

Washington, May 3.—Secretary Long says Dewey will be made an acting admiral and later nominated to be rear admiral. Official advice received at 11 o'clock.

Paris, May 3.—An American diplomat of prominence here is quoted as saying Spain declines to sue for peace, but is not almost certainly and that the Cabinet of Madrid will be disposed to welcome it.

Key West, Fla., May 3, 10:40 a. m.—The U. S. gunboat Castine has brought in a small prize, the schooner Isaac.

The Guardian, of Orphan, county, Arizona, announces that Mrs. Mc. Dougal, recent arrival from Salt Lake, has been dangerously ill from appendicitis.

TO MEET THE GOVERNOR

State's Executive Has Issued a Call to All Utah's Enlisting Officers.

WILL DISCUSS THE SITUATION TONIGHT.

Troops Will Not Go Into Camp at Fort Douglas Until Thursday—More Than Are Necessary.

Governor Wells has called a meeting of all of the officers of the N. G. U. who have been enlisting recruits for the Utah Volunteers during the past few days. The meeting will be in the nature of a conference to discuss the war situation as it directly relates to the people of this state and the 500 or more recruits who will send to the front. It will be held at the executive office in the Joint building at 7 o'clock this evening, at which time all of the recruiting officers are expected to touch base and report the result of their labors.

There is no longer any question about raising enough troops to supply Utah's quota. That issue is past as it is estimated that there will be at least two hundred surplus recruits to dispose of, but how that object will be accomplished is yet unknown. Doubtless it will receive attention at the hands of the Governor and his associates this evening.

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Telegrams received by Governor Wells today Not ding Him o' Further Enlistments.

Governor Wells received a number of telegrams from different points in the state today notifying him of further enlistments. Ferdinand Erikson of Mt. Pleasant wired:

"Seven volunteers here today; all good men; possibly more yet; write tomorrow."

R. W. Heyboarne sent this from Cedar City:

"I telegraph you names of accepted of citizens for Utah Volunteers and recorded the first dispatch of April 30th. They are Alfred Floyd, Evelyn Parry, Geo. H. Parry, Thomas E. Hatton, Asa Lusser and Richard Lewis. Cedar City, Joseph H. Armstrong Jr., Summit."

Dispatch from E. D. Woolley, Kanab:

"Take pleasure in forwarding you names for Volunteers from Utah for service in Cuba. They are Wm. Stewart, Ezra Stephens, Rudolph Fackerel and Arthur Cox. Address Orderville, Kane county."

State Senator Snow of St. George, said:

"W. H. Angell, William H. Nichols, Lewis Leithead and myself report transient, also desires to enlist."

Hon. J. F. Tolton expressed the status of affairs at Beaver thus: Jos. Skinner, Orson Allred, want to be enlisted for service Utah Cuban Volunteers, the last-named applicant as cavalryman.

Dr. O. C. Ormsby, of Logan, wrote: By request I dispatched Private Willard Young. I hereby submit the names of two volunteers who passed successful military examination after General Young's departure. They are: F. T. Hines and Peter J. Peterson.

COL. WARRUM TO ENLIST.

Wanted to Go to Cuba, but is Now Anxious to Sail for the Philippines.

Colonel Noble Warrum, former editor of the Logan Journal and Argus, and now the editor of the Bee, has resigned his position on the last named paper and has enlisted in the United States service and go to Cuba. He has two brothers in Indiana, who have already enlisted and it was his intention to join them and go to the Gem of the Antilles, but today when the news flashed over the wire that the Pacific coast troops would be sent to the Philippines, the colonel says he prefers to go that way and will communicate with his brothers and have them join him here and go that way also.

AN ANATOMICAL CURIOSITY.

Puzzled Physicians Find a Utah Soldier's Heart on the Right Side.

The physicians ran across an anatomical curiosity today in the person of William Nehemiah Cullop, an applicant for enlistment in the artillery branch of the volunteer service. Cullop was twenty-one years of age, hale, hearty and sturdy. He passed the test regularly and his health was good. But the doctors were unable to find his heart beat. Cullop's chest was closely questioned, and again examined, but he actually seemed to be without a heart. The examining surgeons were badly puzzled. Finally relief came to them when the missing organ was located in the right side. Cullop's heart was doing its full duty, and its owner was passed as "sound," when upon he signed the rolls as a private in the Utah guards to go to the front.

It is a singular fact that Cullop never knew that the usual organ of his body was out of place. He served three years as an infantryman in the Utah militia before entering the service underwent a very rigid physical examination. He thinks it probable that the medical doctors were aware of his condition but failed to report the fact to him.

Enlistments at the Army Today.

The enlistments at the Salt Lake armory went on today just as though Utah's quota had not been filled, while the boys in camp at Fort Douglas were busy getting into shape for the front. A big force is working day and night having received another order from the government, so new men will be given employment.

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Something Extra!

There's an extra flavor, an extra quality, an extra quantity when you buy the U. S. baking powder. There's always a feature in its purity and strength. It always gives an advantage in its price. When we first advertised this brand people said they didn't see how it would be possible to keep up the quality and give so much baking powder for the price we charged. Here is the secret. We put no middle men's profits into it and sell it at a little closer figure than many of the high-priced powders charge. We have great advantages in the matter of price, of quality and of effects. What we sell you U. S. we are sure we have a pleased customer.

YOUTH GROCERS SELLS

U. S. BAKING POWDER

at following prices:

6 OUNCE CAN..... ...10c.
8 OUNCE CAN..... ...15c.
16 OUNCE CAN..... ...25c.

WHY NOT GIVE IT A TRIAL?

Noble McDonald, Theodore H. Clegborn, William E. Ellis.

Cavalry—Geo Carlos Johnson, Louis E. Flanagan, Jesse Knight, Jr., Fred E. Johnson, Homer Brown, Julian E. Young.

Military Notes.

Among those who enlisted today were George Bonnett, a well known University cadet, Seaman is a member of the National Guard and resides at Bountiful.

Captain Maher of the N. G. U. infantry company at Bountiful joined the Volunteer ranks today.

THE MUNICIPAL CASH BOX.

City Treasurer Morris's Report Shows That It Contained $70,879.40 on April 1st.

City Treasurer Morris and his assistant, W. J. Bateman, today completed the financial report of the municipality for the month of April. It shows that on the last day of that month the city had on hand $69,879.40; that the receipts had amounted to $28,781.25, and that the disbursements reached $27,794.85. The report which will go to the City Council tonight, in detail is as follows:

Apr. 1, balance on hand general fund $58,890.01
Balance on hand special tax fund 8,197.53
Balance on hand interest fund 1,781.74
$68,869.28

Receipts—
Liquor licenses ..... $ 3,950.00
Miscellaneous licenses 2,644.00
Merchants' licenses 2,581.00
Water rents 2,000.00
City cemetery 1,519.15
Fines and forfeitures 1,212.95
Road Warm Springs 10.00
Rent blacksmith shop 15.00
Rent cigar stand 3.00
Board of health 1.00
City Recorder Backman, Dog 177.50
City engineer 25.20
Street supervisor, poll tax 97.00
Superintendent waterworks 126.95
Oil inspector 2.62
Street supervisor 3.00
City taxes 1897 .. .. 182.11
City treasurer, water fines 35.00
H. L. City Street Car Co. note.. 10,000.00
H. L. City Street Car Co. interest 49.50
Special taxes, sewer water mains 453.25
Total Receipts $28,781.25
Grand total $97,650.43

DISBURSEMENTS.
Auditors warrants paid $42,794.01

Balance on hand general fund, 25,052.65
Balance on hand special tax fund, 8,442.43
Balance on hand, interest fund 1,784.12
Total on hand $35,879.40
Grand total $97,653.43

PUBLIC LIBRARY MEETING.

Secretary Hill at His Desk Today—Succeeds Iglehart as a Committee Chairman.

A meeting of the trustees of the public library was held at the joint building this afternoon all the members except Judge Zane being present. A number of applications for assistant librarian and offers for the sale of books were received and referred to the committee. The question of the employment of a cataloguer and assistants was also referred to the committee. A number of vouchers were ordered paid. Mr. Iglehart resigned as chairman of the finance committee and Librarian and Secretary Hill, who has just returned from an extended Eastern trip, was appointed to succeed him.

The committee on finance made the following report as to the financial condition of the library:

To Jan. 31, the city treasurer has paid library warrants amounting to $1,762.98
To Feb. 28th 2,173.80
To March 31st 562.49
On April 8th there was apportioned 2,132.98
Books ordered and not yet paid for 250.00
Paid pay roll 179.00
Hammond typewriter 90.00
Total $7,543.25
which, deducted from the amount raised by taxes, as furnished by the city treasurer, $10,000, leaves a balance of the library fund of $6,398.80.

We estimate the expenses for the next eight months to the end of the current year, as follows:

Pay roll $1,440.00
Additional help 220.00
Catalogues 600.00
Two assistants 800.00
Rebinding books 200.00
Library tables 125.00
Library chairs 40.00
Window shades 60.00
Incidentals 500.00
Available for the purchase of new books 2,304.00
Total $6,389.00

The monthly pay roll is made up as follows:

Miss Chapman	$ 75.00
Miss Lynch	45.00
Miss Cash	45.00
Miss Anderson	15.00
Total	$ 210.00

After discussing a number of miscellaneous matters the board adjourned to meet one week from today at 10 a. m.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features possible to Hood's Pills. Result is sure, thorough, efficient, thorough. As one said:

"You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." So. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

R. H. CABELL ON TRIAL.

Ex-Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Being Tried For Embezzlement.

OBJECTIONS TO THE INDICTMENT MADE.

Court Sustains Objection to the Fifth Count—Much Time Consumed in Argument—Other Matters.

The trial of Richard H. Cabell on the charge of embezzling the sum of $8,-000.66, while acting in the capacity of United States deputy internal revenue collector for Utah, commenced before Judge Marshall and a jury in the federal court today.

The government is represented by U. S. District Attorney John W. Judd, and the defendant C. S. Varian and Frank Pierce.

Cabell has changed somewhat since he last appeared in court. He has since shaven and he presented a neat appearance in court today. His wife sat near him and watched the proceedings with a keen interest.

The work of empanelling a jury did not consume much time. Only eighteen names were called. The twelve men chosen to try the case are as follows:

J. M. Hamilton, Wm. Hyde, Wm. Sill, L. A. Price, Amos C. Call, George J. Wells, David Henderson, R. W. Ashton, Levi S. Heywood, J. T. Harris, C. C. Brown, John Robinson and Robert L. Anderson.

John Mills, who succeeded Richard W. Lyman as internal revenue collector for the district of Montana on February 15, 1895, and who resided in Helena, Montana, had the gentleman taken the witness chair when Mr. Varian objected to the introduction of any evidence to sustain the indictment, he said, failed to state a public offense.

Mr. Richards replied that the indictment charged Cabell with being a public officer, whereas he was employed by Richard W. Lyman, who had public duties and to whom he was responsible, and that the defendant was a deputy. Another objection was that the fifth count charged the defendant with having embezzled monies on February 1, 1895, and that the statute of limitations which was too uncertain to sustain the charge. The indictment charged embezzlement on February 1, 1895, and also that the defendant did not disburse the amount of either. He was charged under section 5490 of the United States laws that was also chargeable with the offense named, and should not be tried for it.

Judge Marshall then cited numerous authorities and sold the first and third counts of the indictment charged the defendant with being a deputy and also having custody of monies belonging to the United States government, and that he had failed to account for the same himself; that while the monies were in the defendant's keeping, he embezzled them. Mr. Richards did not imagine a charge being made more plain, simple or comprehensive. It charged the defendant with hypocrisy and metaphysical mind of Mr. Varian, became forsooth it did not explain the charge sufficiently. The days of technicality, Mr. Judd said, had passed and Mr. Varian's objection should have been in the form of a demurrer. Concluding, he said that stamps represented money and that the defendant therefore, no need of distinguishing the two.

Mr. Varian concluded the argument after which Judge Marshall sustained the objection as to the fifth count and overruled the objection as to the other four counts.

The trial was then proceeded with and Mr. Moffit was under examination when the "News" report closed.

Alleged Breach of Contract.

Judge Hiles today heard the case of James Chesen against R. B. Whitney, with H. C. Edwards for the plaintiff and H. J. Dinning for the defendant.

Plaintiff in his complaint alleged that in August, 1892, defendant sold him twenty shares of stock in the Salt Lake Implement company, of the par value of $100 each, and at the same time agreed with him that he would pay him the first year as a dividend on the stock forty per cent of its value, or $800 in cash. It is alleged that while the plaintiff turned over to the defendant as payment for the shares, goods, wares and merchandise, investing $7,-666. Defendant has refused to pay the $800, for which sum plaintiff demanded judgment and for costs of suit. Defendant denied the indebtedness and furthering answering set up that the same was barred by the statute of limitations.

The case had not concluded when the "News" report closed.

Before Judge Hiles.

Judge Hiles made the following orders today:

S. Hays, guardian, vs O. J. Salisbury—commissioner appointed to take depositions of J. D. Maguin et al.

Savings & Loan society vs Sam't J. Pollock, administrator; M. J. Cheesman, administrator, ordered to collect rent, bond $1,000. Writ issued by Clerk Blair.

J. W. Miner vs Salt Lake City et al, passed.

Wm J. Bartlett vs the Utah Nursery Co.—case argued.

Susanna Feltman vs Germania Lead works; judgment for defendant.

Court Cullings.

C. L. Stookey filed a suit today against Swenson Bros. in the Third district court to recover the sum of $500, on a certain promissory note. Stewart and Stewart are plaintiff's attorneys.

Harris & Harris filed a suit today in the Third district court against John Beck to recover the sum of $5,000 on two promissory notes.

The Thing

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been a household companion in our family for years. I take it every Spring, beginning in April. It tones up my system, gives me an excellent appetite and I sleep like a top."

H. B. WILLEY, Philadelphia, Pa.

For Spring

the popular chord and when the medley of national airs were being recited the enthusiasm and hand clapping was great but when Star Spangled Banner was played the entire audience rose in their seats and hats, canes, handkerchiefs and other portables were thrown into the air, while the shouting, stamping of feet and hurrahs were indulged in the members of the company responded to the encore. Miss Mae Fearnie of Yale will be given tonight and tomorrow night and a college matinee will be given tomorrow afternoon at popular prices.

POLICE AND FIRE FORCE CHANGES.

Former Department Will Bounce Nine Men and Lather Four.

As has been anticipated for several months, some important changes in the personnel of the police and fire departments are to be made. Whatever doubts may have existed on that score heretofore were set at rest last night when the board of police and fire commissioners met in regular session and discussed with Chief Pratt and Dennis the methods to be pursued. The proposition is to demote nine men from the police department and four from the fire department. The men who are required to walk the plank are: Police Sergeants Rhodes and Wile, Desk Sergeant Smith, Detective Raleigh and Officers Hardy, Dunlap, Carney, Heath and Shannon. Their places, it is understood, are to be filled by Joe Barlow and Sam Hall, the latter a nephew of ex-City Recorder Dave Emery as desk sergeant; Adam Paul, detective, and Jim Wilson, Jack Cannon, William Shannon, Thorn, Orthenes Pratt and Richard Eddington.

The men who are slated for removal are Moreton, McQueen, McDonald and Vail. Three of the men promoted are the present desk sergeant, Charles Smith, John Lawson and George Reed.

DOINGS IN THE POLICE COURT

James Murphy was found guilty in the police court today of robbing a second-hand store dummy of its only wearing apparel—a rain-proof mackintosh. He was fined $10.

Harry Cecil for refusing to pay barbers, allowed a five-dollar grub per week, was fined $10 and costs. In default of a drop into the city bastile, his non-appearance before the court, prompted Judge Timoney to declare the bail forfeited.

Elmer Wilson got thirty days for vagrancy, while George Barker charged similarly was discharged, and John J. Haight an alleged disturber of the peace, had his case dismissed.

ARIZONA IN THE FIRST.

Mustering in of Troops for the U. S. Bogus Theory Yesterday.

Washington, May 3.—According to advices received at the adjutant general's office of the war department, the mustering in of troops for the first regiment of the United States began in Arizona yesterday at the regular army posts in the territory. The mustering was for Col. Leonard Wood's regiment of mounted riflemen, of which Assistant Secretary Roosevelt of the navy department is to be the lieutenant colonel.

The Massachusetts state volunteers will be formally mustered into the service tomorrow.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

COMMERICAL.

New York, May 3.—London sent dealings for most American stocks Louisville being an exception, and this affected the opening of the market here, which was dull and heavy. Sugar and Manhattan partly and a number of international showed gains in the face of London declines. Trading was not much mixed up at the opening a majority of the stocks showing losses which were, however, confined to fractions.

There were slight gains after the opening. In the afternoon sugar sold at 124 3-8 per cent respectively. Heavy offerings of sugar soon forced prices of that stock down and depressed heaviness to the general list, which fell to the lowest. Business was very light, only 225,000 shares, and movements in some individual stocks.

Manipulation in tobacco carried the price of that stock down 3 points and Pacific Mail 1 points. Rock Island, Chicago Gas and Sugar were generally small and there was a diminution in the volume of trading.

Prices of bonds improved for a time but the gains were lost.

Liverpool, May 3.—The market for American securities opened half a point above New York. Prices eased off slightly but at 12:30 o'clock were steady. Trading was inactive.

Spanish 4s opened nominally at 52¼, the first sale at 52⅜. Saturday's final price was 52⅜.

Paris, May 3.—Spanish 4s opened at 52¾, a decline of ⅜.

NEW YORK MARKETS

MONEY.

New York, May 3.—Money on call nominally at 2@3 per cent.
Prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent.
Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84@4.84½ for demand and at 4.82½@4.82¾ for sixty days.
Posted rates 4.84½@4.85 and 4.86@4.86½.
Commercial bills 84.80@.
Silver certificates 61@61¾.
Bar silver 61¾.
Mexican dollars 48¾.
Government bonds (regular, new four per cents, registered, 127; coupons, 127; four per cents, registered, 107; coupons, 107; twos registered, 96; fives registered, 113; coupons, 113; Pacific sixes of '95, 103.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 3.

HOGS—Estimated receipts today 22,000 head; left over 1,000 head; market active and strong; top, 3.95; mixed and butchers, 3.85@3.95; good to prime heavy, 3.90@3.95; rough, 3.80@3.90.

CATTLE—Estimated receipts 2,000 head; steady. Beeves, 4.00@5.30; cows and heifers, 2.25@4.50; Texas steers, 3.75@4.40; stockers and feeders, 3.50@4.25.

SHEEP—Receipts 10,000 head; steady; inside strong. Natives, 3.00@4.60; Western, 3.75@4.60; lambs, 4.00@5.50.

PRODUCE.

WHEAT—July wheat opened at 97@97½, declined to 96¾, rallied to 97¾@98 and closed off to 97¼. May opened at 1.12, rallying to 1.12½, declining to 1.11¾, rallying to 1.12 and closing—Wheat—May, 1.12; July, 96¾; September, 93¼; December, nominal.
CORN—May, 34; July, 36½@36¾.
OATS—May, 29¾; July 29¾.
PORK—May, $10.65; July, $10.52½.
LARD—May, $5.87½; July, $5.95.
RIBS—May, $5.47½; July, $5.52½.
BARLEY—40@50.
RYE—45.
FLAX—$1.35.
TIMOTHY—$2.90.

SAN FRANCISCO.

PRODUCE.

San Francisco, May 3.— Wheat, December, 1.01½.
Barley—Steady; December, 81.50.

DIED.

Thompson—At South Cottonwood, May 2nd, at 2:30 a. m., of typhoid fever, Phillis Ella Cayton, son of Joseph and Isabella Thompson, aged 15 years and 11 months. Funeral services at 1 p. m. Wednesday in the South Cottonwood ward building. Interment.

Malt Nutrine

is a wonderful family tonic. It builds up the blood and makes rich, red blood. Malt-Nutrine is the product of the famous Ash'es, which fact guarantees its purity, excellence and merit—nothing more.

You can take a complete course in Shaw's Business College during June, July and August, for what it will cost you to dress made. It will last you a lifetime and save you hundreds of dollars.

Save your money and when you are ready to buy a piano, call at the Deseret Bank & Trust Co., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8. The Officers and Directors are: Joseph F. Smith, President; Geo. Reynolds, Vice President; Moses Thatcher, Cashier; Joseph F. Smith, Jr., Assistant Cashier; Heber M. Cannon, Cashier Provo Bank; Heber J. Grant, Junius F. Wells, Francis M. Lyman, Anthony W. Ivins, John Henry Smith, Abram Hatch, Angus M. Cannon, Jr., Heber M. Wells,