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DESERET EVENING NEWS

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

You order your own personal supply of bad luck by day. Simply to fail to read the ads will usually keep your supply from running short.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1906. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

LONE DESPERADO ROBS REED HOTEL

At Early Morning Hour He
Bunches Up Guests and Takes
Their Cash.

COOL AS A JANUARY BLAST.

Was a Big Man and Carried a
Gun of Correspondingly Large
Proportions and Bore.

When Job Was Done He Backed Out of
Hotel and Escaped—Identity of
The Man Established.

(Special to the "News.")

Ogden, June 5.—One of the most daring robberies in the criminal annals of this city occurred at the Reed hotel at 11:30 this morning, when a lone high-wayman entered the office and held up and robbed five men and then escaped after being fired upon by one of his victims.

At the time stated, Harry Beckett, night clerk of the hotel, Walter D. Bratz, manager of the local branch of the Intermountain Republican; Peter Christensen, Walter Andrews and Aquila Truelock, were in the hotel office wrapping yarns, when suddenly it was noticed that the freight elevator had come up from the basement.

BIG MAN, BIG GUN.

Beckett, supposing that some employee of the hotel had come up on the elevator, opened the door. His amazement knew no bounds when he was confronted by an unusually large man, armed with an ugly looking revolver. The man's face was partly concealed by a handkerchief. The robber quietly commanded Beckett and the others to keep still and be good children unless they wanted to make a quick exit into eternity.

WHERE HE ROBBED THEM.

As none desired to take the journey they did as they were commanded. Mr. Beckett marched them into a small office behind the desk and near the vault. There he coolly searched them and took their money.

From Bratz the hold-up secured \$15.00, and appeared to be somewhat astonished at finding so much real money on a solicitor. From Beckett he got \$5, while the office left contributed \$10 to the collection. Bratz managed to conceal his gold watch by slipping it into a bag which hung on the wall.

WANTED VAULT KEYS.

The robber then ordered Beckett to get him the keys to the vault. The clerk had the presence of mind to declare that he did not have the keys and did not know where they were. At the robber's command he made a search for them but of course did not locate them.

BACKED OUT OF HOTEL.

Realized that he had secured everything he wanted, the hold-up turned back toward the front door. At this stage of the highly interesting and dramatic event, Bratz discovered that he had a revolver. He immediately fired upon the retreating robber but as no trace of the bullet has been found, it is impossible to say within how many yards his shot came from the hold-up.

The desperado escaped. Immediately after his exit several remarks were made by the victims. Details of their conversation will kindly be furnished by Mr. Bratz.

MYSTERIOUS ENTRANCE.

How the robber got into the basement appears to be a mystery. But he did not enter and knew how to operate the elevator. When he saw the odds against him, five to one, it did not seem to disconnect him in the least. He went about his work as though it were an every day occurrence with him. Perhaps it is.

After the robber fled, the gallant five made a rush for the phone and told their lurid tale to the police and officers' force. At last accounts the officers were in hot pursuit but they declined to say whether or not they had a clue.

ROBBER IS KNOWN.

Later this afternoon it was learned that the robber is known. The hotel clerk and Mr. Bratz claim they can identify the man and they declare that he is Roy Campbell who, for some time, was employed at the hotel as a freeman. They claimed that they recognized him as soon as he entered the office and began to rob them. It was also learned that Campbell used a revolver belonging to a young man with whom he had been rooming, and that he also took his friend's clothing. The police are in possession of this information and are now trying to locate Campbell.

AT ROWLAND HALL.

Commencement Exercises Will Begin
On Thursday Evening.

The commencement exercises of Rowland Hall begin next Thursday evening. Senior evening in the First Congregational church, the seniors being assisted by Mrs. Litchner and Mrs. Plummer. The Baccalaureate sermon comes Sunday at 11 a. m. in St. Mark's cathedral. There will be a musical Monday evening, given by the pupils of the piano department, in the First Congregational church, assisted by George E. Skelton, violinist and Miss Geneva Ellerbeck. The valedictorians are Miss Lois Perkins, Miss Lorna Russell, Miss Louise Osborne, Miss Nellie Wilkinson, Miss Frances G. Walker, Miss Pauline May, Miss Mabel Brown, Miss Lucy Bullis, Miss Naomi Hoffman, Miss Bonnie Mil-

CARMEN DEMAND HIGHER WAGES

Employees and Management of
Ogden Rapid Transit Hold
Meeting.

MAY RESULT IN A STRIKE.

Although Representatives of Both
Sides Believe Satisfactory Arrange-
ment Will be Made.

(Special to the "News.")

Ogden, June 5.—This morning a meeting was held by a committee of street car employees and representatives of the Ogden Rapid Transit company, for the purpose of consulting upon a schedule of wages. The meeting lasted nearly two hours. The employees demanded an increase of two and a half cents per hour for all men engaged by the company.

The company did not feel to concur in the demands, as on May 15 a notice was posted in the power house, containing an order which went into effect June 1, instructing Superintendent N. C. Fygar, that on and after that date all motormen and conductors who had been in the company's service over two years would receive 24 cents per hour, an increase of two and a half cents per hour for 11 hours' work. Those employed over one year and less than two were to receive 20 cents per hour, and such as had been engaged less than one year were to be paid 17 1/2 cents per hour. This practically means the present demands of the men, except as to the last instance. The men also demanded 20 cents per hour for all overtime work, but the management decided that overwork should be paid for at the same as regular work.

President H. H. Spencer stated after the meeting that he believed the schedule voluntarily given by the company would be satisfactory to the men, and that no strike would result. All the street car men, except one, belong to a union, and the action taken at today's meeting will be submitted to the fraternity, and whether they accept or reject the propositions of the company will soon be known.

WOMAN INJURED.

Yesterday about 5 o'clock, as Mrs. Scott Rankin was riding in a car on Washington street, while the conductor was busy collecting fares, she suddenly arose from her seat, pulled the bell cord, and before the car could be brought to a standstill, deliberately jumped from the platform. She was dashed against the ironwork of the road, and was rendered unconscious. She is now confined to her home and is suffering considerable pain as a result of her injuries.

A LONG RIDE.

Capt. Byfield Rides One Horse 8,700
Miles in 8 Mos. 4 Days.

St. Petersburg, June 5.—Capt. Byfield, who left the front in Manchuria shortly after the peace treaty was signed, arrived in St. Petersburg today. He rode the entire distance (about 8,700 miles) in eight months and four days. His horse, of English breed, was in good condition when the journey was finished. The captain's orderly, who was his sole companion, had a Mongolian mount.

OREGON ELECTION.

Returns Very Incomplete, But Cham-
berlain's Re-election Indicated.

Portland, June 5.—The election returns from the state are so incomplete as to make it hazardous to make a definite announcement of the result of yesterday's election, but the indications strongly point to the re-election of Gov. George E. Chamberlain, Democrat, over James Whitcomb, the nominee of the Republican party.

The election of Jonathan Bourne, Republican, to the United States senate over John M. Goheen, Democrat, incumbent, and in the second district, W. R. Ellis, Republican, has apparently overwhelming defeated J. H. Graham, the Democratic nominee.

Never in the history of the state elections in Oregon have the returns been so slowly reported.

FRANCE DEMANDS
SATISFACTION OF MOROCCO

Paris, June 5.—The departure of a French warship to Tangier to demand satisfaction for the assassination of a French citizen is expected to bring an immediate apology from Morocco. The government is determined to uphold French prestige in northern Africa, but there is no thought of ultimatums.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Washington, June 5.—The president sent to the senate today the following nominations:
Register of Land Office at Colby, Kan.—John Thomas.
Colonels to be Brigadier-Generals—John McClellan, artillery corps; Stephen P. Jocelyn, Fourteenth infantry. To be Placed on Retired List with Rank of Brigadier-General—Col. Sedgewick Pratt, artillery corps.

MCKINLEY BRONZE STATUE.

Columbus, Ohio, June 5.—The great bronze statue of the late President William McKinley which will stand upon the beautiful base which has been erected at the west entrance of the Capitol grounds arrived in Columbus today from Providence, R. I. The statue weighs 150 pounds and it will be placed in position as soon as the base work has been completed.

WEST POINT EXAMINATIONS.

West Point, N. Y., June 5.—All recruits at the military academy were discontinued yesterday, and today the annual examinations will begin. The board visitors have all arrived excepting Mr. Foster of California, Maj. Theo. Kroeber of the German army was a visitor at the academy yesterday. Secretary War Taft is expected Monday to present the diplomas.

INTERNET TYPE UNION.

Indianapolis, June 5.—The International Typographical union today announced the election of officers to serve for two years as follows:
President—James F. Lynch, Syracuse, N. Y.
First Vice President—John W. Hayes, Minneapolis, Minn.
Secretary-Treasurer—J. M. Bramwood, Denver.

Des Moines, June 5.—The supreme court of Iowa today reversed the decision of the lower court which sentenced Day Dunning of the Citizens Bank of Mount Ayr, to eight years' imprisonment for receiving deposits after the bank was insolvent. He will be given a new trial.

INDICTED PACKERS.

Kansas City, June 5.—The cases of the Armour, Swift, Cudahy and Neisewander packing companies indicted last December for violation of the interstate commerce law in receiving concessions of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company in rates on shipments to New York for export, were called here this morning. By mutual agreement consolidated.

AM. MEDICAL ASSN.

Boston, June 5.—With clinics arranged for every department of medicine and surgery and with daily sessions planned for a dozen different departments in sections the annual convention of the American Medical association was opened here today.

RADICAL PEASANT WORKMEN PROGRAM

That of Members of Lower Rus-
sian House Socialistic: Pure
And Simple.

AGAINST PRIVATE PROPERTY.

Land to be Consecrated, to be Distribu-
ted to Anyone Desir-
ing It.

(Special to the "News.")

St. Petersburg, June 5.—The extent to which Socialistic theories have taken possession of the proletariat is evidenced by the radical peasant workmen program in the lower house of parliament which aims ultimately not only at the complete nationalization of land with its attendant total abolition of private property but the socialization of industry. The program provides for the creation of a national land fund from the crown, church and private property exceeding a certain amount in value, the state to pay for expropriated property, and the cities, factories and mills to be gradually transferred to the state for the benefit of the workmen. The mines which at present are not being worked would, according to the program, immediately be placed in the hands of the state.

After taking such land as needed for state and public needs the remainder would be distributed to anybody desiring to till it, preference being given to the local agriculturalists. If the land in any locality is insufficient the state would furnish transportation to persons desiring to move to where land could be obtained. The workers of the soil would pay an occupation tax, varying in accordance with the character of the soil, and ground taxes. Persons without means to purchase agricultural implements would be entitled to receive credit from the land fund. Each community would be under the supervision of a local commission elected by universal suffrage. Under the full scheme could be placed in operation the mortgage or sale of lands would cease.

The local commission would regulate the rent of holdings and the length of the day's work.

CREATED EXCITEMENT.

St. Petersburg, June 5.—M. Oshkoff, a peasant of Stravopol, created some excitement at the opening of the lower house of parliament today by protesting against allowing the ministers to speak from the rostrum. He said: "We have already expressed our distrust of the ministry and government and it is useless to waste the time of the house in listening to them."

President Monastirsky called M. Oshkoff to order, pointing out that the ministers under the law had the right to speak from the rostrum. The president added, however, that before any assistant ministers like M. Oshkoff would be permitted to do so, unless they came by special authorization and as the representatives of their chiefs.

The house subsequently discussed the proposed law for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the financial condition of the government after the emperor's manifesto of Oct. 30.

After a lengthy debate the house appointed a permanent committee of 23 members to investigate and report upon the financial condition of the government after the emperor's manifesto of Oct. 30.

AMERICAN CIVIC
FEDERATION IN GLASGOW.

New York, June 5.—A cable dispatch is a morning paper from Glasgow says: The visiting representatives of the American Civic Federation completed their examination of the gas enterprises of the city Monday and were greatly interested in the arrangements for striking the rate. They said comparison was impossible with the American method, where the rate is much superior to the kind used in Glasgow.

At the conclusion Mr. Ingalls said he had been much impressed by the progress of the undertakings here and seen in Glasgow how the ratepayers could be made to pay the gas bills more cheaply, then the gas supply and last the electricity supply.

Mr. Parsons said that the facts that had been ascertained in Glasgow would help them greatly to arrive at a decision whether to accept the ratepayers' suggestions for successful municipalization.

At a banquet Monday night by the corporation of Glasgow, the delegates expressed themselves as delighted with the cordiality of their reception. Prof. Goodnow said that whether or not the members of the federation were advocates or opponents of municipal ownership or merely persons of the fence, it was a great pleasure to see them in Glasgow.

The advocates of municipal ownership came to strengthen their arguments, their opponents had come to find out the facts of the case. Those who were merely persons of the fence had come merely to ascertain the truth. The American delegates were credited with an open mind and a fair judgment.

Since coming to Glasgow his head had become considerably smaller. What the average American found negligible and the British devoted to public service the time one would expect them to give to their own business.

The delegates go to Newcastle today.

MISSOURI DEMOCRATS.

Charged Attempt Being Made to Buy
Delegates.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 5.—The Democratic state convention convened here today for the nomination of a state superintendent of schools and a railroad and warehouse commissioner. Early this morning charges were circulated that Bryan for president in 1908, was being influenced by the railroad and warehouse commissioners.

It was charged that an attempt had been made to buy four delegates, the sum of \$250 being offered for each vote.

Temporary chairman T. L. Rabb made a speech declaring the work of the convention would result in bringing the Missouri Democratic party back to its place in charge of the state. Rabb declared that the Democrats would nominate Bryan for president in 1908, and that they would elect him.

The convention will be closed by a cheer and applauded for five minutes.

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N. Y. CENTRAL GOT STOCK FOR NOTHING

Given 10,000 Shares, \$500,000
Worth of Bonds of Penn.
Coal and Coke Co.

SO TESTIFIES V. P. ROOSITER.

Agreement Railroad Should Not
Interest Itself in Any Other
Co. Except Clearfield.

(Special to the "News.")

Cassatt May Not be Called—Highest
Officials Not to Come Until After
Subordinates on Stand.

Philadelphia, June 5.—It is not certain that A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, will be called as a witness before the interstate commerce commission, which today resumed its investigation into alleged discrimination in the distribution of coal cars. No subpoena has been issued for President Cassatt, however, Commissioner Clements said.

"We will not ask the highest officials of any of the roads to appear until we have learned all that is possible from their subordinates, and then if we think we want more light on the subject we may send for them. However, we will not go until we know all about this matter. As far as I know there has been no communication on the subject between the commission and President Cassatt."

A number of officials of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, in charge of the financial department, were called by the Interstate Commerce commission.

The examination was conducted by Atty. E. B. Whitney of New York. In answer to questions, Mr. Roositer stated that he is a director of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad company, and that the company was chartered by the Pennsylvania Coal & Coke company. He explained that the railroad originally held 5,000 shares in the New York Central & Hudson River railroad company, and that the company was chartered by the Pennsylvania Coal & Coke company.

"How did the railroad acquire its stock in the original New York Central & Hudson River railroad company?" asked Commissioner Clements.

"It was given to the railroad in 1901 when the company was organized. The railroad paid no cash for it."

"No, it was given for traffic reasons."

Continuing, Mr. Roositer said that a contract had been signed by the railroad and the coal company and the stock was given in consideration of the contract. This contract was produced by the railroad company and was read by Mr. Whitney. It was dated Jan. 17, 1901, and by its provisions the coal company agreed to mine at least 1,000,000 tons of coal every year and the railroad company agreed to furnish and deliver to the coal company a certain number of coal cars.

The railroad further agreed to interest itself in no other coal company excepting the Clearfield bituminous coal corporation. The railroad also agreed to purchase 500,000 tons of fuel coal every year.

The total capital of the Pennsylvania Coal & Coke company, Mr. Roositer thought is \$10,000,000 to \$12,000,000.

Mr. Roositer in answer to Mr. Whitney said the Clearfield corporation was a merger of a number of smaller companies owned by the New York Central. These companies, he said, supplied only fuel coal to the railroad. The Clearfield corporation, he said, was \$1,000,000. The railroad also owned the entire stock of the Gallitzin Coal company, but had an agreement with the Webster Coal & Coke company and the Pennsylvania Coal & Coke company by which the latter operated the mines.

Commissioner Clements questioned Mr. Roositer concerning the policy of the New York Central as to its officials holding stock in coal mining companies.

He said there was no absolute rule but it was tacitly understood to be against the policy for officials to hold such stock.

SWALLOWED A DIAMOND.

But Mar Thomas Will Not Be Pro-
secuted for Doing It.

Chicago, June 5.—A dispatch to the Record Herald from Omaha says: Mar Thomas, who swallowed a \$300 diamond while swimming in the Missouri river, yesterday in court on a charge of grand larceny, and her attorney, W. W. Dodge, announced a plea of guilty to the crime.

"There will be no prosecution of Mar Thomas," said the judge. She showed her honesty by offering to return the diamond. We absolutely deny any felonious intent to steal it. Miss Thomas' consciousness of her act, with the legitimate purpose of examining the diamond, while doing so she placed one of the stones between her teeth to test its hardness, and suddenly it was thrust into her mouth, and she found it there in her throat when she swallowed the jewel."

CAPT. WYNNIE COURT-MARTIAL.

New York, June 5.—Capt. Robert F. Wynne of the Marine corps assigned to duty on the Alabama, was arraigned yesterday for trial by court-martial aboard the battleship Pennsylvania in New York harbor, Brooklyn, says today's Times.

Capt. Wynne was arrested yesterday on the order of Commander Bryan, then in charge of the Alabama, when he was in dry dock. He is a son of Robert Wynne, commodore of the fleet, who was formerly postmaster-general. Capt. Wynne was assigned to duty on a board of inquiry and it is understood that he construed this assignment to mean that he was exempt from other duty in the service. Following this construction on his part, he failed, it is said, to report last Thursday when the ship was scheduled to sail.

The cause of Capt. Wynne's court-martial was a misinterpretation of regulations on his part. The only definite instructions obtainable at the navy yard last night.

INDICTED PACKERS.

Called in Kansas City and by Mutual
Agreement Consolidated.

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