

That of Department of Agriculture More Favorable Than Neill and Reynolds'.

GENERALLY ARE FAIRLY CLEAN

Thief Melvin Says no Matter How Sanitary Conditions Are, Sights Necessarily Revolting.

Washington, June &--What is known as the department of agriculture report on packing house conditions was sent by the president to the house to-

A part of this report is a letter dated April 5, 1996, from A. D. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry, in which he says:

"From personal observation I know that sanitary conditions at abattoirs where this bureau maintains inspection, while not always satisfactory, are much superior to those at the average establishment without such (aspection." Further, he says he knows that imany further, he says he knows that imany diseased animals are not shipped io market centers where inspection is maintained. He advises the most rapid exitusion of the inspection possible and says the demand for inspection is much greater than can be surplied.

NECESSARILY REVOLTING.

"It might be well to state," he says, "that in any slaughterhouse, no matter how sanitary the conditions may be, there is much that is revolting to one not accustomed to such sights, and one who visits them must expect to wit-ness sceres of blood and offal and to have his nostrils offended by distgreeable odors, as well as to see fluely dressed beef and mutton and tempting hams and bacon

He says the report of the committee of three officials of the department is fully approved by the bureau of animal industry, and that wherever weakness in the system of inspection has been indicated steps will be at once taken to remedy the conditions. He says he shall obey the order of the secretary that when proprietors refuse to place their premises in a sanitary condition, he wilf withdraw the inspection. The report of the committee of three datad April 3 and signed by John L. Mohler, chief of the pathological division; R. P. Steddon, chief of the inspection division, bureau of animal industry, and George P. McCabe, solicitor of the des partment of agriculture, accompanied the report.

The report consists of 143 typewrliten pages. The committee began its work in Chicago. March 12, and continued until March 22. All abattoirs in Chi-cago having government inspection and two others were inspected.

SUBJECTS DEALT WITH.

The report deals with eight subjects: The ante-mortem inspection service: the federal post-mortem inspection, in-cluding microscopical inspection; the meat inspection service maintained at Chicago; the meat inspection maintain-ed by the city of Chicago; the govern-ment supervision of canned products. the sanitary conditions of each estab-lishment; the legal phase of the question and the conclusions and recom-mendations of the committee.

The report begins with the Union stock yards at Chicago, 500 acres, all



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A TRANSFORMER AT COMPANY OF REAL VALUE

cooler of this plant two rats were observed consuming the meat of a con-demned hog carcass. In no other abattoir were any rats or rat excrement seen, although the committee visited every room and cellar of each abattolr. In many cases cats were maintained in the abattoirs to etxerminate the rats, and other means of preventing the depredations of rats were also observed.

The report states that it is impossible to make a general investigation of sanitary conditions and, continuing the comment on this same abattoir, Bays:

KILLING ROOM CLEAN.

"The walls and woodwork of the killing room are painted the height of 10 feet, and presented a clean appear-ance. Above the paint the woodwork is whitewashed, but not recently. The is whitewashed, but not recently. The timbers were wet, probably the re-suit of steam. There was dirt on over-head rafters and beams. The windows of this room were dirty. The natural light and ventilation were good. The visit of the committee was unannounc-ed, and it was observed that workmen were engaged in cleaning the floors, benches and various portions of the machinery. The odor of chloride of lime was noticed."

At the close of the day's work the killing floor was washed with equal parts of caustic soda and pine tar, folowed by an aplication of "hot steaming water.

"The order of the superintendent, as reported by one workman, was 'no saving of soda; make it clean.' "

TOILET ARRANGEMENTS.

"The water closets for the workmen consisted of one rail set close to an inch floor, one above the other, all opening into a common shaft terminatugh which a cor stant stream of water was flowing. A portion of the excrement and tollet papers is caught on a level with the floors of the upper closets. In one of these closets a jet of live steam was playing on the excrement and the vapor was rising and being disseminated across the rail on which some carreport says:

room, but no arrangement for carrying off the steam. The floor was strewn with salt for preventing putrefaction of blood, etc., in cracks and crevices."

BEEF EXTRACT ROOM.

The beef extract room in this building was also clean, but the extract kitchen was steamy and poorly ventillated. In the ham packing room was a water closet which has no outside ventilation and was dark and dirty. Abattoir No. 3 was next described in the same detail, and next No. 22, the

report on which begins by stating: "The water closets in this canning establishment are located in separate rooms, clean in every particular and wel flushed."

A woman attendant was in charge of ery women's closet.

In two cellars of No. 22 a small quan-tity of tainted meat was found. "In abatioir No. 22 the beef beds were well lighted and ventilated, but the floors were in a filthy condition. There were no water closets in this establishment. The coolers were in an unsatisfactory condition. Abaltoir No. 96, the report says, re-

minds one of the typical country plaughter house, being indescribably thy. In the sheep-killing room the ors were encrusted with dirt to the depth of about two inches.

A DISGRACEFUL CONDITION.

"The condition of this house is disgraceful and more insanitary conditions for an abattoir cannot be well imagin-ed. The coolers are old-fashioned, ailled by the primitive method of ocks of Ice.

The gut room was jocated in one corner of the building in close proximhours. ty to the killing floor and tanks. The celling was low and the room generally was in the most fillthy condition of any gut room we ever observed. There were no water closets in this establish-

A number of other abattoirs were visited with no complaints. The report concludes with recom-

mendations for inspection jegislation, which seems to have been followed in

the Baveridge amendment. A supplemental report, under date of April 13, is a comment on "The Jungle" articles in the London Lancet and other magazines. As an answer to the criticism this report says: "The process of slaughtering cattle

and packing the product is carried on in Chicago on a colossal scale and it is true, in many instances, sanitary feat-ures such as light and air, are sacrificed to increase the capacity of the plants.

"The reference to special legislation against Chicago by several foreign na-tions undoubtedly refers to the requirements of these nations that all pork from the United States shall be icroscopically inspected for trichinae The inferences that horses are slaughtered for meat are erroneous so far an

this committee is aware." As to sanitation, the report says that inspection has been withdrawn from one Chicago slaughter house since the report of April 3 was made. Some of the criticisms made in the articles containing killing rooms are concurred in The charge that "anything like a therough disinfection of the premises is impossible and is never attempted," is denied.

ANSWER TO THE "JUNGLE."

In answer to another of "The Jungle" statements the committee says: "The visit of the committee to Chicago disclosed the fact that the health de-partment of Chicago had no written nor printed regulations governing the

And again: "It is true that the re-lations heretofore existing between the city inspectors and the federal inspectors at Chicago have not been as close as is desirable. This defect has now been remedied, however, and the egulations of the bureau of animal infustry have been adopted by Chicago." The method of killing from a hu-manitarian standpoint is defended.

The report says regarding the state-ments made that the government does not attempt to examine sausage or similar products after they are fin-ished: "Federal inspection is made



American Miners Are Leaving as The Result of Threats Of Arrest.

DESERET EVENING NEWS: SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1906.

BLAME WESTERN FEDERATION

Dead Buried Without Attempt at Identification-May Never Know

Number Killed.

Bisbee, Ariz., June 8.-As a result of the strike at Cananea, Mexico, mines of Col. W. C. Greene, last week, the American miners in the camp will be very few in number in the future, it is believed. They are crossing the line in droves, and several hundred have arrived in Bisbee during the last 48

On Thursday the Mexican authorities sent a man through the mines notify. ing all American miners that those who were under suspicion of having agitated the trouble at Cananea and had openly sympathized with the striking Mexicans would on the following day be placed under arrest. The result was a general exodus of Americans.

It can be reliably stated that the American authorities believe that members of the Western Federation of Miners at Cananea secretly encouraged and abetted the strike and members of this organization were the first to receive

the notice to leave. Col. W. C. Greene denies the report that the wages of the Mexican miners have ben increased. In a signed state-ment issued this afternoon he says that all men resumed work under exactly the same conditions as before, and furthermore, no change in wages would be made under any circumstances. The number killed in the riots will

probably never be known. The Mexican authorities buried the dead on Saturday and Sunday night without any attempt at identification.

The governor of Arizona and Mexican officers have been requested to send official reports to their respective gov. ernments concrning the taking of armed forces of American volunteers to Cananea Saturday morning by Gov.

The Associatel Press correspondent, after a personal investigation of the matter and interviews with officials of both sides of the line, submits the fol. lowing as a correct version of the inci-dent, which is now under investigation by both governments:

"Gov. Ysabel arrived at Naco at 6:30 a. m. on the second day of June, traveling in a special train. The train stopped as usual within American territory. A number of armed Americans were gathered at this point where the tarin stopped. Somebody who was, known to Gov. Ysabel approached him and introduced several men as employes of the Bisbee and Douglas Mining com. pany, among them being doctors, lawyers and others.

"These men manifested a will to ac-company Gov. Ysabel to Cananca. The latter answered that he was on urgent business, that he would cross the oundary line and on the Mexican side would speak to them. Gov, Yabel crossed the line on foot and spoke to the custom house collectors, who informed him of the trouble of the prenight. Gov. Ysabel went

UNTIL DR. WILLIAM'S PINK PILLS CURED HIS RHEUMATISM. A Printer Tells of the Accidental Way In Which He Learned of the

Remedy That He Praises.

"Some years ago." says Mr. W. H. Ciark, a printer, living at 612 Buchanan street, Topeks, Kans., "I had a bad at-tack of rheumatism and could not seem to get over it. All sorts of medicines failed to do me any good and my trouble kept getting worse. My feet were so swollen that I could not wear shoes and I had to go on crutches. The pain was terrible.

'One day I was setting the type of an article for the paper telling what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had done for a man afflicted as I was and I was so im-pressed with it that I determined to give the medicine a trial. For a year my rheumatism had been growing worse, but after taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I began to improve. The pain and swelling all disappeared and I can truthfully say that I haven't fel-better in the past twenty years than I do right now. I could name, off hand, a half-dozen people who have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at my suggestion and who have received good results

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are guaran-teed to be safe and harmless to the most delicate constitution. They con-tain no morphine, oplate, narcotle, not tain no morphine, oplate, narcotic, hor anything to cause a drug habit. They do not act on the bowels but they act-ually make new blood and strengthen the nerves. If you want good health you must have good blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Fills cure rheau-matism because they make rich, red blood and so way or women can have

blood and no man or woman can have healthy blood and rheaumatism at the same time. Rheumatism is a disease of the blood and to cure it you must treat it in the blood. Every part and every tissue of the body is dependent on the blood for health. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood. That is why they have cured so many cases of annemia, neuralgia, sciatica, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia and other iseases that have not yielded to ordinary treatment.

All druggists-sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Willlams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

WILL DAVIS CASE.

Former Manager of the Iroquois Theater Wants Change of Venue.

Chicago, June 8 .- Arguments on the motion for a change of venue on the charge of manshaughter against Will Davis, former manager of the Iro-Davis, quois theater were commenced today before Judge Smith. It is probable that they will continue for several days. Counsel for Davis insisted that classes of people in this city are still so prejudiced against Davis on account f the fire in the Iroquis theater, where so many lives were lost, that it is impossible for him to have a fair trial in Cook county. It was asserted by the attorneys that they had more than 10,000 affidavits by persons who admit-ted having prejudice against Davis.

COAL STRIKE SETTLED.

Kansas City, June 8 .- The settlement f the southwestern coal strike agreed upon late last night by a sub-commit-tee of the miners and operators, as-sisted by John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, was ratified by the full conference today. Orders to clean up the mines have been issued and work will be resumed June 18. The settlement covers Kansas, Indian

Territory, Arkansas and Missouri, and Territory, Arganiste \$2,000 men. The involves more than \$2,000 men. The and small difficulties at several mines are to be arbitrated. Mr. Mitchell aided very largely in securing the agreement being called in after the



CONGRESSMAN IN COAL SCANDAL.

George Franklin Huff, banker, coal mine owner, capitalist and congress man of Greensburg, Pa., has been mixed up for a third of a century in m Republican politics of Western Pennsylvania. In January, 1901, when a many of the Republican leaders of the Keystone State were trying to first Matthew S. Quay out of the United States senate, Huff popped up as a cate date for his seat. He failed to develop much strength.

Huff is president of the Keystone Coal & Coke company, a large produce of gas and steam coal. He was sought by a process-server last week at ha home, being wanted to testify before the interstate commerce commission g Philadelphia concerning his gifts of stock to Pennsylvania railroad official but escaped by way of the cellar, and left town,



The fact that S. S. S. is a purely vegetable preparation, containing not the slightest trace of mineral in any form, has been one of the strongest points in its favor during its forty years of existence. It is recognized everywhere not only as the best of all blood purifiers, but the one medicine that can be taken with absolute safety by the youngest child or the oldest member of the family. Next in importance to removing the cause of any disease is the condition in which the system is left after a course of medical treatment. Medicines containing mercury, potash or other strong mineral ingredients often do permanent injury by eating out the delicate lining and tissues of the stomach, producing chronic dyspepsia, unfavorably affecting the bowels and so damaging the system that even if the original cause of the disease has been removed, it is left in-

such a deranged and weakened condition that \$1,000 REWARD the health is permanently impaired. S. S. S. enjoys the distinction of being the only blood IF NOT PURELY medicine on the market that does not contain a mineral property in come form. Being made VECETABLE. entirely of roots, herbs and barks it is absolutely

harmless to any part of the systen, and while curing disease adds strength and health to every part of the body. S. S. S. removes all poisons, freshens and purifies the blood and gives better and more lasting results than any other blood medicine. S. S. S. is the very best treatment for Pheumatism. Catarrh, Scrofula, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Contagi ood Poison

but 50 acres of which is paved. "The drainage is good," the report says, and the pens are kepl as clean as the char-acter of their use will permit. The antemortem inspection is recommended, and the statement says rejected animals are required to be removed by their owners from the pens and are disposed of under the law, being afterward slaughtered at an official abattoir under the supervision of federal, state and city officials. In 22 establishments in Chicago meat products are inspected The committee entered in the institutions in making its inquiry regarding sanitation. The report says: "The sanitary condition in some of

the abattoirs is good: in some it is fair and in others bad."

TWO RATS SEEN.

The danger of mis-stating an episode for a practise is illustrated by an inei-dent which the committee learned March24 at abattoir No. 1. In the



in old, soft cotton or linen. For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the hands, for removing redness. roughness, and irritations, for rashes and eczemas, with shapeless nails, this treatment is wonderful

this freatment is wonder of Mod finospheric he word Corling Ser. Mr. Ont-mesión. Freis and the vertifically lighted. The park and only artificially lighted. The park and only artificially lighted. The park and hean room was very steamy and the ventifiation was poor. There was plenty of air entering this City Ticket Office 201 Main St.

casses were carried to the cooler. "The floots in some of the lower places were an inch deep in brine. Salt pork was in piles on the floor, without racks, except an order for the war department, which was on racks and cleared the floor by six inches.

"The beef house was next inspected from a sanifary point. The coolers were in good condition. The retain-ing room was almost filled with ment.

The gut room had good natural light, but the windows were dirty. The room had a good brick floor. The tripe room was in a filthy con-

dition and full of steam. "The fat and hone room has little natural light; otherwise it was in good

andition.

"The sausage cooling room was commended. In the sweet pickle collars water was dripping from the cellings continuously, and in a small trim-ming room adjoining water was drip-ning on tables where was dripping on tables where women were trimming meat.

"On the sheep killing floor the gen-

eral conditions were good. "The water closed opened directly from the killing floor and the parti-tion did not reach to the ceiling. One

source of the second of the central of the central of the second of the of the killing beds.

SAUSAGE DEPARTMENT.

The shusage packing department and smoked beef department were and smoked beef department were commended. In the main tank room a water closet is located which is apparently not flushed and was found in an insanitary condition.

Another canning room was clean, light and dry. In the chipped beef de-partment the floors were old and woodbut clean. There was some evi-ice of whitewash on the walls and cellings, and the lower woodwork was

The water closet for men in the canning room is separated and well flushed.

The beef extract data well flished, though poorly lighted. The beef extract department has re-ment floors and clean windows, is nicely whilewashed and painted and is generally saultary. In the beef cutting and trimming room "the floor was crusted with dirt. Artificial light."

Abattoir No. 2 was gone through with the same detail and the condition re-ported better in many respects than in No. 1.

COOKING ROOM.

The cooking, stuffing and soldering. room in No. 1 was given this descrip-tion: "This room contains a processing machine in which the canned pro-duct is cooked in oil, and the room is ventilated over this machine. The room is in a fair condition as to paint and whitewash, and the floor is fairly clean. The ventilation about the soldering ma-chine is not good. About the stuffing machine a bog is arranged on the floor to catch the falling meal. Near the cooking retorts the old clothes of the workmen were piled or hung on sacks. The room was steamy, and quantities of cantied year having the appearance of age was observed. The rafters were ncrusted with drit. In some places to be depth of an inch in the vicinity of the cooking retorts. In one place a quarter-inch stream of water was running on the floor from a height of three or four feet. On the east side of the room the floor was very dirty. The ceiling was so arranged as to make this practically a half-story. It was very dark and only artificially lighted. "The park and bean room was very

at the time the animals are slaughtered and dressed."

NOUNCED.

President Roosevelt, in addition

SORE MUSCLES.

buyers in all parts of the world.

of Chicago.

able.

similar.

on the packers.

telegraph office and inquired for in-structions from Mexico City. In reply to a statement in a maga-zine article published in New York to the effect that pork rejected for export "There he communicated with Can-anea and received direct from Col.

Greene the most alarming news about the situation. Fears were entertained is put up for the domestic market, the at Cananea that the police were insuffi clent, etc. In view of this Gov. Ysabel asked the Mexican customs officers to "This report is grossly misleading." NEILL AND REYNOLDS DEallow the armed Americans to pass the line, which was agreed to. These Am-

ericans numbered about 200. "Gov. Ysabel told the Americans that Chicago, June 8 .- The Illinois Manucancego, sure s. - the inners analy-facturers' association and the Chicago Commercial association, at separate meetings tonight denounced the Neill-Reynolds report of sanitary conditions. he had no anthority to allow the pass, ing of armed men from America to Mexicon soll, but that in view of the Mexicon soil, but that in view of the very alarming reports from Cananea he was willing to take upon bimself the responsibility of bringing the Am-cricans to Mexico. But before that he wanted to know whether they were sol-diers, irregular troops, or what. To this reply was made that the Americans were not soldiers, but citizens employed at the mining camps of Bisbee and Douglas, that the arms they carried were their personal property, and all of them came with the proper permission of their chiefs. at the stockyards as highly colored, and scored President Roosevelt for sending it to Congress. These two associations constitute the commercial voices President Orenhorff of the Manufacturers' association appointed a com-mittee to make a thorough investiga-tion of the stockyards, with the aid of the most eminent experts obtain-The purpose of this investiga-

ion is to transmit their findings to of their chiefs. "Gov. Ysabel then stated that while publishing them for the benefit of ment "Gov. Ysabel then stated that while on Mexican soil they were under his immediate orders and subject to Mexi-can law. All agreed to this. It is known that Gov, Ysabel has praised to the Mexican government the excellent behavior of these men, who fulfilled their promise of returning home when The action of the directors of the Chicago Commercial association was A committee of investigators was appointed and resolutions adopted asking the public to suspend judgment their presence was no longer needed in Cananes."

AL OLD TIME BRITISH SHIP.

The old fashioned man-of-war shown herewith is one of the fast disappear. ing wooden fighting ships of the early days of the British navy. It was formeriy the Conquerar and carried eighty



Via Colorado Midland

June 16th will be last chance to get cheap rates east. Chicago, \$44.59; Kan-sas City, St. Joe and Omaha, \$22.00; Denver, \$20.00; Limit October 31st. Ten ays' stopovers both going and return-

Pullman observation cars daily. Di-rect connections. The best scenic line. Ticket Office, 77 West Second South. Both 'phones 678.

SIX BEST SELLING BOOKS

Record For May.

According to reports from the lead. ing book sellers of the country, the six books which have seld best in the order of demand during the month are: The Spoilers, Beach ... 1.50 The House of a Thousand Can-

In addition to the above we have a large stock of other popular books of DESERET NEWS BOOK STORE. 6 Main St.

ONLY \$1.00

To Ogden and Return.

June 2th, via Oregon Short Line for United Commercial Travelers' Convention. Take any train out of Salt Lake in the morning or train leaving at 1:30 in the afternoon. There will be an excursion to Midlake over the Lucin Cut-off. To take advantage of this, use train leaving Salt Lake at 7:10 s. Returning trains leave Ogden 4:10 and 6:20 p. m., and special at 11:00

and all troubles due to an impure or poisoned blood supply the King of blood purifiers S. S. S. is the best and most invigorating d all tonics.







training ship for the commercial servlaunching.

Simpion tunnel has been furnished by two plants of about 2,000 horsepower each, one at each end of the tunnel. Both plants were driven by water power.

There's a Hill at Browle, Tex. that's twice as big as last year. This wonder is W. L. Hill, who from a weight of 90 or the first start of the same I began taking Dr. King's New Dis-covery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Now, after taking 12 bottles, t have more than doubled in weight and am completely cured." Only sure Cough and Cold cure. Guaranteed by Z. C. M. Drug Store, Druggists, 112-114 So. Main St. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free,

SATURDAY IS THE DAY

Ogden the Place

For the big U. C. T. meet. June 9th, June 9th. Excursion via O. S. L. Trains 7:10 or 10:20 a. m.

guns. In recent times it has been a ice and has been called the Warspite, It is about to celebrate the one hundred and fiftleth anniversary of its Power for the work of drilling the

A WESTERN WONDER.