

privileges or in favor of silver coins as full legal tender; no recommendation that the government erect postoffices in each village of 1,000 or more inhabitants, to the employment of labor and the creating of more government property. Nor has he anything to say against a Cabinet officer who enters into a scheme whereby his official influence will be made to yield him millions of dollars clear profit.

But then, this is a period of civil service reform and of a right of the rich to war upon all who are poor, that they may be made poorer in this country where all are born free and equal, and where none but the rich can control legislation.

There is much food for thought in all these things, but a majority of people act without thinking.—*Brick Pomeroy's Democrat.*

THE LEGISLATURE.

COUNCIL—FEB. 27.

The Council was called to order promptly at 2 p. m. Saturday, and after roll call and prayer the journal of Friday was read and approved.

A communication was received from the House announcing the passage of Substitute to H. F. No. 8, a bill to amend the act incorporating American Fork City, in Utah County; read the first and second time by its title and referred to the committee on municipal corporations and towns.

Also that the House had passed H. F. No. 47, a bill to amend the act establishing the Territorial Insane Asylum. The bill was read the first, second and third time and passed. The amendment empowers the board of directors of the Insane Asylum to elect a secretary and treasurer, not of their own number, and that said officers shall hold their offices for two years and until their successors shall be elected and qualified.

Mr. Barton, from the committee on counties, reported back S. to C. F. No. 2, a bill defining the boundaries of Juab county. The report of the committee and the substitute were adopted and the latter ordered printed and placed on file for second reading.

Mr. Shortliff, from the committee on elections, reported back H. F. No. 49, prescribing the qualification of electors and office-holders, etc., and recommended that it be placed upon its passage; report adopted, the bill read the second time by its title and placed on file for third reading.

H. F. No. 19, a bill to establish a Territorial reform school was then taken up on its third reading.

Mr. Sharp moved, that as there were some important amendments, to be made to this bill, that the further consideration thereof be postponed till Monday next; carried.

The rules were suspended and H. F. No. 49, a bill prescribing the qualifications of electors and office-holders, was read the third time and passed on the call of the roll; title approved and the House ordered to sit for half an hour, after which a communication from the House was read announcing their concurrence in the Council's amendments to H. F. No. 27, a bill amending the act establishing the Territorial Insane Asylum; also that they had concurred in the Council's amendments to the election bill, and that both measures had been sent to the committee on enrollment.

Another communication was received informing the Council that the House had adopted the report of the committee on conference in reference to the fish and game law. The House amendments were agreed to and the bill sent to the committee on enrollment.

Adjourned at 4:30.

HOUSE, FEB. 27.

The House assembled as usual at 2 p. m. to-day, and disposed of the preliminaries.

Mr. Stratford, chairman of the committee of ways and means, made a report recommending that the Territorial Auditor be authorized to lease suitable rooms for that officer and the Territorial Librarian, for the two years next ensuing. The report was adopted.

The House then resumed the special order of the day, to further consider the pious bill to provide revenue for the Territory of Utah and the several counties thereof. The discussion on this important measure was participated in by Messrs. West, King, McLaughlin, Hatch, Creer, Stratford, Young, Clarke and Rider.

At 3:10 p. m. a motion to postpone further consideration of the bill to a future time was lost, and the reading and discussion of and amendments to the bill were proceeded with.

After an hour and fifteen minutes' debate section 2 of the bill was amended by eliminating objectionable features and adding others more acceptable.

Mr. West offered the following amendment at the end of section 3, in relation to loans, etc.: "When money loaned on realty and chattels has been assessed to the mortgagee the assessor shall, if so requested by the mortgagor, deduct from his assessment the amount of such mortgage."

After vigorous debate on this amendment, it was lost.

At 3:55 a motion to suspend the rules and consider the regular order of business was lost.

At this juncture messages were received from the Council, and by consent were acted on. The first message referred to Council amendments to H. F. No. 27, a bill in relation to the insane asylum; the other was in reference to

the House bill providing for the qualifications of electors, office-holders, etc. The House concurred in all the amendments.

Notification was received that the Council and House committees on conference in relation to certain amendments by the House to C. F. 10, a bill in relation to fish and game, had reached an amicable arrangement of the same. After a lengthy debate on the report a motion to adopt was carried. The House amendment to the bill simply re-enacts section 2 of chap. 6, of the fish and game law of 1884, as follows:

"Sec. 2. Every person who, between the first day of December of each year, and the first day of September following, takes, kills, or destroys any elk, deer, mountain sheep, or antelope; who shall at any time, kill any of the above animals for their skins, is guilty of a misdemeanor; provided, that persons camping in the mountains may during the months of July and August kill sufficient of the males of the above to furnish themselves food while so camping."

At 4:25 p. m. the House took a recess until 7 p. m.; at that hour the chief clerk read a veto message in relation to the amending of the city charter of Park City. The Governor, however, has done this in accordance with citizens of Summit County, who wish some alterations in the bill.

On motion of Mr. Hatch the revenue bill was laid on the table. The Speaker stated that he had a petition from a large number of citizens of San Juan County, asking them to appropriate \$8,000 to assist in the development of the vast resources of the great extent of unsurveyed and only partly explored lands in that section of the county, and to open and build highways in said county, which will result in producing homes and sustenance for a vast population. Read and referred to the committee on highways.

Mr. Hatch, from the committee on judiciary, reported a substitute for a half dozen House bills, which was read the first time and filed for second reading, and ordered printed.

The Committee on manufacture and commerce reported adversely to the eight-hours bill. Report adopted.

Mr. Clark introduced a bill in relation to locating University land, authorizing the commissioners to make maps of said lands, describe, property, etc. Read first time by title and referred to the committee on education.

The bill to change the boundary lines of Emery and San Juan counties was read the third time and passed.

The bill attaches all that portion of country lying east of Grande River, in Emery county, to San Juan County.

Substitute for H. F. 32 and C. F. 8, a bill amending an act incorporating the city of Smithfield was read and read the third time in part, debated and on motion of Mr. McLaughlin, recommitted to the committee on corporations and towns.

The Speaker's desk being now clear of bills requiring immediate action, the clerk read responses from Sevier County in relation to the manner in which had been expended the amount appropriated to build roads and bridges, etc. The report, with several others of a similar nature, was referred to the committee on highways, with instructions to check up and learn if the conditions on which the appropriations were made had been complied with.

COUNCIL—MARCH 1.

The President called the Council to order at 2 p. m., and after the usual opening exercises, the journal of Saturday was read and approved.

A message from the House was read, notifying the Council that the Representatives had passed substitute for H. F. No. 52, a bill defining the boundaries of San Juan and Emery counties; read the first and second time by its title and referred to the committee on counties.

Another message from the House announced the Governor's veto to H. F. No. 18, a bill to amend the act incorporating Park City. The message was read.

Mr. Hammond from the committee on education reported back C. F. No. 21, a bill amending sec. 4, chap. 39, session laws of 1884, and recommended that the bill be rejected, as the law now in force is preferable; report adopted.

Mr. Hammond, from the committee on enrollment, reported, that C. F. No. 37, a bill amending sec. 1, chap. 45, session laws of 1884, and C. F. No. 10, a bill supplemental to chapter 6, session laws of 1884, and C. F. No. 10, a bill pertaining to highways, had been correctly enrolled, signed by the President and Speaker and forwarded to his excellency the Governor for his action thereon.

Mr. Barton, from the committee on counties, reported back H. F. No. 50, a bill to provide for a Territorial board of equalization, with a substitute therefor, and recommended that the substitute be put upon its passage; report adopted.

Mr. Barton, from the committee on municipal corporations and towns, reported back H. F. No. 8, a bill amending the city charter of American Fork, with amendments; the amendments were read and the bill placed on general file.

On motion of Mr. Sharp, C. F. No. 35, a bill in relation to trusts, was laid on the table subject to call.

H. F. No. 19, a bill to establish a Territorial reform school, was taken up on its third reading and passed on the call of the roll; title approved and the House notified.

Substitute for C. F. No. 2, a bill prescribing the boundary lines of Millard and Juab Counties, was read, the sec-

ond time and placed on file for third reading.

S. for H. F. No. 50, a bill to provide for a Territorial board of equalization, was read the third time and passed.

S. for H. F. No. 8, a bill amending the charter of American Fork City, was read the third time and passed.

Mr. Francis was excused from this day's session on account of illness. Adjourned till 2 p. m. Tuesday.

HOUSE—MARCH 1.

The House committees were as busy as beavers all morning, considering measures to be presented to the body at the afternoon session.

At 2 o'clock most of the members of the House were in their seats. The Speaker called the House to order, the roll was called, prayer was offered, and the minutes of Saturday's proceedings were approved.

Mr. Joseph Kimball presented a petition from John Suovball, assessor and collector of Rich County, praying for relief for \$50.65, uncollected taxes for the year 1883; referred to the committee on ways and means.

Mr. Kimball, chairman of the committee on live stock, reported the bill in relation to cows and bulls running at large, and recommended that it be put upon its passage. Report adopted. This bill provides that no person who owns 25 or more cows shall be allowed to let them run at large without providing at least one bull of good American graded stock, and that there must be at least one bull to every 25 cows running at large. Every person who violates this provision of the bill is liable to fine in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

The House bill in relation to the mode of procedure in criminal cases was reported back unfavorably. Report adopted.

A substitute for C. F. No. 2, a bill amending sections 148-150 of the Compiled Laws of Utah, was read the first time and referred to the appropriate committee.

Mr. Thurman presented the claim of W. H. King, assessor of Millard County, to be reimbursed to the amount of \$133.80. Referred to the committee on claims.

Mr. West introduced a bill in relation to the support of District Schools; read and referred to the committee on education.

Mr. McLaughlin introduced a bill to amend the act amending the charter of Park City.

A substitute for H. F. 36 and C. F. 17, amending an act revising the procedure in justices' courts in criminal cases, approved March 13, 1884, was read by sections the third time and passed.

The Council notified the House that it had passed a substitute for H. F. 60, in relation to a board of equalization. The Council's substitute was read and referred to the committee on ways and means.

The Council notified the House that it had passed a substitute for the House bill in relation to an act incorporating American Fork City, in Utah County. The action of the Council was concurred in by the House.

The Council also amended the House bill in relation to the establishment of a Territorial reform school. The bill as amended was recommitted to the committee on penitentiary and reform schools.

Mr. Hatch moved that no bills be introduced into the House after Wednesday, 3d inst., without the consent of two-thirds of the members present when the bill was presented.

On motion of Mr. West, two-thirds was stricken out and "13" inserted.

Mr. Hatch also moved that all reports now in the hands of committees be reported not later than Thursday, the 4th inst. Carried.

The House bill in relation to the procedure in probate courts was read and filed for third reading.

The amended Park City bill was read the third time and passed by unanimous vote.

Several bills were enrolled and sent to the veto department.

A substitute bill for C. F. 5, 23, 37, and C. F. 23 and 30, amending an act revising the code of civil procedure, approved March 13, 1884, was called up, read the second time and passed to its third reading.

A veto message was received from Governor vetoing H. F. 33. The message, which is as follows, was referred to the committee on live stock:

TERRITORY OF UTAH,

Executive Office,
Salt Lake City, Feb. 27, 1886.

Hon. W. W. Ritter, Speaker of the House:

Sir—I herewith return, H. F. No. 33 without my approval. Provisions such as are contained in section 4 have been held to be invalid in California and may be so in this Territory. The legislative power by the Organic Act is vested in the Governor and Legislative Assembly, and the validity of an act, perhaps, may not be left to the determination of another tribunal, or even a vote of the Territory, or any county. The policy is not the best one. This bill will be beneficial to Rich County, and perhaps to other counties. If so, they should be named, or it should have universal application.

I am, very respectfully,

ELI H. MCGRAW, Governor.

The House adjourned till 2 p. m. on Tuesday.

ENCOURAGING WORDS FROM THE NORTH.

PARK VALLEY, Box Elder Co.,

February 19, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:
Not having seen any news from our

part of the Territory lately, I send you the following items. Last Friday evening, the majority of the inhabitants gathered at our meeting house to spend a social evening and commemorate the marriage of our respected young Brother Frank C. Mechem, son of our Bishop, to Sister Mary J. Coleman, first counselor to the Y. L. M. I. A. and assistant secretary to the Sunday School, the happy couple having recently returned from Logan, where the nuptial knot was tied.

"The boys" have been waging vigorous warfare against the rabbits here, as elsewhere, two days hunt, resulting in the destruction of about 1,000 of those pests, by about a dozen guns. The weather is exceedingly warm and genial, and there is a prospect of crops being got in early.

The Saints are feeling well, and generally drowsy of living their religion. Our meetings are well attended, the congregations being twice as large as they were a year ago, and the house being filled to its utmost capacity.

We learn with regret that "that palladium of human rights, the American Constitution" has been dragged still deeper into the mire, by the passage by the Senate of that infamous weapon of hell, "The New Edmunds Law," which must needs bring a blush of shame to every honest heart. Our enemies call Joseph Smith a false Prophet, but their deeds go a long way to prove his inspiration. We do not feel that we have anything of which to be afraid; and feel certain that the only effect of this monstrous atrocity will be to weed out the tares and chaff from the wheat, and to cause those who are in reality for the kingdom of God to be more united together and more obedient to the will of God, as declared through His Priesthood. I feel it is cause for rejoicing that such a large percentage of the brethren who have been persecuted for righteousness sake have maintained their integrity to the cause of truth, notwithstanding the inducements held out to do otherwise. 'Tis true persecution rages fiercely, but we who understand may take comfort in the knowledge that the quicker our enemies fill up the cup of their iniquity, the sooner will the judgment of the God of Israel overtake them. We believe the day will speedily come when "Zion shall arise and shine, fair as the moon, clear as the sun, and terrible as an army with banners," and become the joy of the whole earth. Awaiting this desirable consummation, I am respectfully,

ROSTIC.

INCREASING THEIR BUSINESS.

A STRONG BRANCH HOUSE REACHING OUT FOR MORE FIELDS TO CONQUER.—ITS GREAT SUCCESS.

The Studebaker Brothers' Manufacturing Company, of whose Central Branch House J. B. Glass, of this city is manager, has been engaged the last seven or eight years in doing business in all this intermountain country. This house has agencies in all the larger towns or settlements throughout Utah, Western Wyoming and Idaho. Their sales of the manufactures of the well known Studebaker Brothers' Manufacturing Company have grown to immense proportions, and their name has become a familiar word with everybody who uses wagons, carriages and sleighs. Possessing extra facilities for the introduction and sale of agricultural machinery and implements, they have lately determined upon increasing their business. Their faith in the growth, prosperity and outcome of Utah and the adjoining Territories, with their great facilities for conducting such business, has caused them to make this new departure. This enlargement is not a new idea, but has been the subject of much thought and correspondence on the part of Mr. Glass for over one year, and who to consummate the matter, spent several weeks in the East this winter. During that trip he visited all the leading manufacturing of the class of goods they wished to represent, and made selections of what they deemed the best for the wants of the people.

NEW SPECIALTIES.

Arrangements were made to handle in addition to their present large business in carriages, wagons, etc., the celebrated McCormick harvesting machinery; the J. I. Case threshing machines and steam engines; the steel and chilled plows of the Wier and

SOUTH BEND PLOW COMPANY; The Peters & Calhoun Co. and Beck & Co., harness; and the Ohio Rake Company's manufactures.

They have the exclusive control of the manufactures of these various companies; making the Salt Lake house virtually a branch of each one of these factories.

Utah readers know that the manufacturing firms named have the reputation of making the best implements and machinery in the market.

While the central house in this city will have complete control of all the territory named and be much of a depository for supplying the agencies throughout the district operated, shipments will be made direct in carload lots to the various agencies, thus enabling them to sell goods at the very lowest rates. By this direct shipping and the great facilities the Studebakers possess through ready means and great commercial operations, this

CENTRAL BRANCH HOUSE will be enabled to handle their goods at most favorable prices.

Their present building will be retained as a carriage depository, and large additions will be made for the storage of the new lines of goods, including parts for repairs and supplies of various kinds for all machines and manufactures represented by them.

Their agents throughout the Territory are familiar with the people and their wants, and experienced men will be employed for each of the several departments. Hereafter they will make a specialty of carriage trimmings, ducking and extra parts.

Mr. C. S. Benson, who has been an expert machine man with the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, Chicago, the past seven years, has reached Salt Lake and will remain several months with the Studebaker Brothers' Manufacturing Co. to fully establish this branch house of the McCormick Co. He will soon make a tour among the agencies under the Studebaker Central Branch House to give instruction, and place everything in good shape.

The old and experienced agricultural implement expert, John Farmer, who was with John W. Lowell ten years, has gone into the service of the Studebaker Brothers' Company.

An expert machine man from the James I. Case T. M. Co., Racine, Wis., cousin, is expected here in a few days to look after that branch and make a tour of inspection among the various agents, for the mutual interest of that company and the Studebakers.

d s & w it.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age.

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels constive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part. Pain under the shoulder blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind. Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty. Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the heart. Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases; one dose effects such a change of feeling as astonishes the sufferer. They increase the appetite, and cause the body to take on flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 24 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Renovates the body, makes healthy flesh, strengthens the weak, repairs the wastes of the system with pure blood and hard muscles, restores the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood. Sold by druggists.

OFFICE 44 Murray St., New York.

STOP THAT COUGL

By using Dr. Frazier's Throat and Lung Balsam—the only sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness and Sore Throat, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Do not neglect a cough. It may prove fatal. Scores and hundreds of grateful people owe their lives to Dr. Frazier's Throat and Lung Balsam, and no family will ever be without it after once using it, and discovering its marvellous power. It is put up in three family bottles and sold for the small price of 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Index Take It.

Thousands of ladies troubled with nervousness and female troubles have been cured by using Dr. Heuley's Ovary, Beef and Iron. The purest, pleasantest, and most effective tonic the world ever knew. Sold by all druggists and country stores.

Nature's Cure.

Purely vegetable, and will cure any case of constipation, Syrup of Prunes. For Sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

SPLENDID SEWING MACHINE FOR 50c

Singer Pattern, equal to any sold for \$65. Each machine contains a full set of 22 facilities. The furniture is black walnut with drop-leaf table. Five drawers and cover box. Grated for shipment. It weighs 110 lbs. Every machine guaranteed to give satisfaction or may be returned and money refunded. Address, CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

WILLIAMS & CO. SEED ANNUAL FOR 1886. Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers at cost without entering it. 50 illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting all varieties of VEGETABLE and FLOWER SEEDS, BULBS, etc. Invaluable to all, especially to market gardeners. Send for it. D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Michigan.