

IN MEMORIAM OF ELIZABETH ANN WHINEY.

ONE WHOM WE LOVE.

One, who has pass'd to the realms of the blest! One, whose frail body has found a sweet rest; One, who was truly a Latter-day Saint, One, who press'd onward, and never grew faint; One, who was faithful by night and by day, One, who in secret, was given to pray; One, who was ever so faithful and true; One, who gave blessings to me and to you! One, who was ever so cheerful and good, One, who to spirits all starving, gave food! One, so sincere in her friendship and love, One, thro' long years, this sweet friendship did prove; One, tho' a woman, no envy was there, One, tho' a woman, her treasures she'd share! One, tho' a woman, no back-wounding vice, One, tho' a woman, yet childlike and true; One, many's the blessings she gave me and you! One, who had nothing but blessings for all, One, who responded to every call; One, the sweet singer of Zion was she, One, oft in these valleys has she blest you and me; One whom the angels will watch in her rest, One, who is safe in the realms of the Blest! HANNAH T. KING. Salt Lake City, Feb. 20, 1882.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 27.—It is learned on unquestionable authority to-day, that President Arthur sent in Conkling's nomination for the Supreme Bench, without any assurance that he would accept the position, and that up to last night no word had been received from Conkling as to his decision in the matter. Whether the President has heard from him to-day has not as yet been ascertained, but it is thought Conkling, in view of the bitter personal opposition roused against his confirmation, will not now decline the appointment in any event, until after it shall have been passed upon by the Senate, as his declination beforehand might be attributed to fear that the nomination was in danger of rejection.

Owing to the Garfield memorial service there will not be an executive session of the Senate to-day, but it is believed Conkling's friends will endeavor to confirm him, as they don't want delay. Conkling's friends are indignant that he was not confirmed immediately, as is the custom with Senators or ex-Senators, and they think there is a purpose on the part of opponents to delay confirmation, to make it appear that he is held in less esteem by his former associates than other Senators.

The following are the postal changes on the Pacific Coast:

Discontinued—Peters, Box Elder County, Utah.

Name changed—Baldport, Benton county, Oregon, to Collins, Hautzems, postmaster.

Postmasters appointed—Mrs. Horton, Round Valley, Inyo county; Joseph M. Johnson, Tulare county, California; Monkville A. Rounds, Carleton, Yamhill county, Oregon; Carrison J. Gray, Dell, Baker county, Oregon; W. S. Savage, Brizze Cochise county, Arizona; Robert Blair, Spring City, San Pete county, Utah.

OMAHA, 27.—A special from Wahoo says: This morning early, a party of masked men broke into the Independent office for the purpose of destroying the press and material. They entered by the rear door, lighted a lamp and commenced the work of destruction. They were suddenly confronted by one of the publishers and a son of the editor, with pistols, who told them to throw up their hands. The party did so. One of the intruders hid behind a door and caught the pistol from the hand of one of the publishers. A melee ensued, and the burglars, recovered from surprise, rallied, and overpowered those on guard and captured the pistols. The burglars fled, leaving discovery. Later in the day, Frank Dorsey, Bob Aye, Doane Benson and Beach were arrested and bound over. The editor declares the attack was instituted by a member of the town board, whose conduct has been criticized by the paper. A majority of the citizens sustain the paper.

NEW YORK, 27.—The Times says: Notwithstanding the evident fact that Congress will pass one of the two anti Chinese bills now pending, the people of San Francisco are determined to free their minds on the subject before it is too late. Miller's bill is before the Senate and is like-

ly to come up at any time. Page's bill is in the House and is in a less favorable position than that of Miller's. There is no radical difference between the two bills. Both are designed to carry out the provisions of the new treaty, both have been favorably reported by the respective committees to which they were referred and both are favored by the Chinese embassy.

GAINESVILLE, Texas, 27.—A few days ago, a mob in the western part of the county took a man named Deering, under arrest on suspicion of horse stealing, from an officer, and lynched him. To-day, 100 armed men from the neighborhood of the victim's home came to town and demanded the arrest of the suspicious parties, or they would take the law in their own hands. The sheriff arrested Bob Leverett and his two sons, and are now out after several more of the lynching mob. Great excitement prevails.

CHICAGO, 28.—About 9 o'clock this morning a loud explosion occurred in the Union building, in which the general offices of the Associated Press and Western Union Telegraph Co. are located, shaking the entire building and knocking out heavy plate glass from the windows in all parts of the building. The woodwork, doors and plastering were also demolished. The explosion was caused by a boy named James Brett entering one of the vaults where the gas had been escaping since Saturday, with a lighted match. He was seriously if not fatally injured.

The Inter-Ocean announces that Mr. Hugh Riddle, who for so long a time has been president of Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific road, has decided to tender his resignation in June. Mr. Riddle's only reason is that he is in ill health and needs rest.

KEOKUK, 28.—At Nauvoo, Illinois, the house of John Wilhelmy caught fire, and his two little children, who had been left alone in the building, were burned to death.

NEW YORK, 27.—The Pct's Washington special says: An intimate friend of Conkling is authority for the statement that he will certainly accept the justiceship.

Pedestrian Rowell completed 100 miles 31 minutes ahead of the record.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., 28.—The dry goods house of E. Malley was burned this morning. Loss on building and stock is estimated at \$100,000; insurance not yet known.

Flags were displayed to-day at half-mast on the public buildings of Brooklyn out of respect to the late President Garfield and in recognition of the fact that memorial service was being held by Congress.

JOLIET, Ill., 28.—A freight car loaded with brick was ditched eight miles from here yesterday, of ten tramps secreted in the van at the time two were killed and others so badly injured that their lives are despaired of.

CAIRO, 28.—Two colored men who were driven from home by the flood and sought refuge in an old boat were drowned.

WASHINGTON, 27.—Secretary Kirkwood to-day accepted the resignation of L. A. Luce, of the assistant attorney-general's office, to take effect March 31st, and in doing so presented him with a kindly letter testifying to his high ability as a lawyer and his integrity as a public officer.

WASHINGTON, 28.—It is reported that Blaine requested his friends to move an investigation into the matter covered by the resolution reported from the Senate foreign relations committee to-day. The investigation is sweeping in character, including the alleged loss of papers from the files of the State Department and the alleged connection of all parties who held official relations with the United States with the Peruvian claims or contracts. It is said that Blaine regards such sweeping investigation as the surest means of disposing of insinuations as to his connection with the claims, and of showing that if any persons in official life have entered in such claims they are not close friends of Blaine.

The Senate judiciary committee argued informally Conkling's nomination as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. It will be reported back to the Senate at the next executive session with recommendation for confirmation. One or two of the committee are understood to regard the nomination with disfavor, but there will be no formal minority, and there appears to be no probability of any formidable opposition to confirmation.

Ex-Governor Sprague reached

here to-day. He said he has come to oppose the confirmation of Conkling.

Prior to 10 o'clock this morning, admission to the capitol was refused to all except members of both houses of Congress and their employees, but at that hour the doors were thrown open to persons holding tickets to the memorial services of the late James A. Garfield. A large majority of the spectators, out of respect to the occasion, had for the most part discarded bright colors, and sombre black was the prevailing hue. There were no signs of mourning in the hall. The full-length portrait of the late President hung just back of the chairs of the presiding officers, being itself undraped. The members of the House were early in attendance and all were arrayed in black. In the lobby back of the Speaker's desk the marine band was situated, and at intervals from 10 o'clock until noon discoursed solemn music.

Among the distinguished guests first to arrive were Judge Bancroft and Admiral Worden, who took a seat directly in front of the clerk's desk. Among the guests who occupied seats upon the floor were Gen. S. Schenck, Foster, Hamilton and Govs. Hoyt and Bigelow. At 11.30 Generals Sherman, Sheridan, Hancock, Howard and Meigs and Admirals Ammon and Rodgers entered and were assigned places to the left of the Speaker's desk. A few moments later members of the diplomatic corps were ushered in headed by the Hawaiian minister. Their brilliant costumes only served to throw into strong relief, the dark attire of the members of Congress who sat immediately behind them. The Supreme Court of the district, headed by Marshal Ferry, were the next arrivals. Dr. Bliss was also in attendance. Mrs. Blaine occupied the front seat in the gallery reserved for the friends of the President.

At precisely 12 o'clock the House was called to order by the Speaker and prayer offered by the Chaplain.

The Speaker then said: "This day has been dedicated by the action of the two Houses of Congress to services in commemoration of the life and death of James Abraham Garfield, late President of the United States. This House is now assembled and ready to perform its part."

The resolutions setting apart to-day for memorial services were then read by Clerk McPherson.

At 12.10 the Senate was announced, and all rose as the Senators, headed by the officers of that body, entered and took the assigned seats. They were followed by the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, dressed in their robes of office.

Again assembled the multitude arose as the President of the United States and his Cabinet were announced. They were accompanied by Senator Sherman and Representative McKinney, chairman of the committee of arrangements. The President took a front seat on the right of the presiding officer's chair.

At 12.30 the orator of the day, James G. Blaine, was announced. The ceremonies were then opened by a short prayer by Chaplain Power, of the House, after which President Davis said: This day is dedicated by Congress for the memorial services of the late President of the United States, James A. Garfield. I present you, Hon. James G. Blaine, who has been fitly chosen the orator of this historical occasion.

Mr. Blaine then rose, and standing at the clerk's desk immediately in front of the two presiding officers, proceeded with impressiveness of manner and clearness of tone to deliver his eulogy from manuscript.

The eulogy was concluded at 1.50 p. m. It took just an hour and a half in its delivery. As Mr. Blaine uttered the last solemn words, the spectators broke into a storm of applause which was not hushed for some minutes. The address was listened to with great interest and in solemn silence, unbroken by any sound except a sigh of relief, such as arises from a large audience, in which a strong tension is removed from their minds, the orator passed from his allusion to differences existing in the republican party last spring. Benediction was then offered by Rev. Dr. Bullock. The marine band played the Garfield dead march, as the invited guests filed out of the chamber in the same order in which they came in. The House was then called to order and a concurrent resolution was adopted as follows:

Resolution, That the thanks of Congress are hereby presented to Hon. Jas. G. Blaine for the appro-

priate memorial address delivered by him; that he furnish it for publication, and on motion of Mr. McKinney, as a further mark of respect. Adjourned.

The Evening Star's editorial comment on the oration, is as follows: Mr. Blaine's eulogy on James A. Garfield, will be accepted as meeting the highest expectations of the nation, exalted as those expectations were; dignified, perspicuous, tender and eloquent, without any attempt at fine phrases. It will rank amongst the best efforts of the kind in history. Those who supposed Mr. Blaine would undertake to play the part of Marc Anthony upon this occasion, it will be seen, were doomed to disappointment.

SYRACUSE, 28.—The Attorney-General, in the name of the people of the State of New York, began suit against the Boston Hoosac Tunnel & Western Railway Company, to annul its corporate existence and wind up its affairs. This company is the consolidate scheme of Wm. L. Burt for building several railroads in and out of the State, embracing the trunk from the Hoosac Tunnel to Buffalo and various connecting, intersecting and diverging railways, in all something like 10,000 miles. The Attorney General's complaint avers that the scheme violates the State laws, which do not allow consolidation of paper railroads.

BOSTON, 1.—There is no change in the wool market. The demand is steady but moderate. Sales of Pennsylvania fleeces have been 43 1/2 @ 45, X, XX and XXX and above. Arson and Michigan fleeces 41 1/2 @ 42 1/2 X. In medium and No. 1 fleeces sales have been 45 @ 48, including Michigan and Ohio. Combing and Delaine selections are steady and firm 45 @ 48; fine delaine from 48 @ 50 No. 1 combing; unwashed combing quiet, 31 is fair quotation. Kentucky, in unwashed and unmerchantable fleeces, there is very little change with steady sales of different grades at various prices. In California wool there is very little doing, both have been selling 45 @ 55; choice, supers 30 @ 43, common, good. Australia, Monhevide and Cape are inquired for, but there have been no important sales. Carpet wools quiet.

CHICAGO, 1.—A representative of the press at 1 o'clock to-night called at the residence of Mr. Geo. Scoville and inquired as to the truth of a rumor that Mrs. Scoville had written a letter in reference to the nomination of Conkling for supreme judge. A gentleman friend and former law partner of Scoville's stated that Mrs. Scoville had written a lengthy letter concerning Mr. Conkling's nomination, stating that he was more responsible for the assassination of Garfield than her crazy brother.

NEW YORK, 1.—From a wagon at the magazine near Boliver, N. Y., to night an explosion occurred, killing John Grant and Wm. Orcutt. The wagon was torn to kindling wood and the horses so badly mangled that they were killed to end their misery, while the front of the magazine containing \$1,000 pounds of glycerine was torn off, but strangely, the compound did not explode. This is the same place where Berridge was torn to pieces a few weeks ago.

In the pedestrian match at 10 a. m., Rowell had made 298 miles, Hazael 290, Hughes 284, Fitzgerald 250, Hart 251, Sullivan 246, Norwalk 231.

CHICAGO, 1.—Polk Wells and Bill Norris, the Iowa outlaws who passed through here last Sunday en route from Randolph, Wis., to Riverton, Iowa, in charge of Sheriffs Chandler and Wilson, attempted to escape from the officers while on the train. It is stated that the officers were asleep, but the movement of the prisoners waked them and they at once opened fire, shooting Wells six and Norris five times. The men were taken from the train at Sidney, Iowa, for treatment, but there is little chance for their recovery; both men being literally riddled with bullets. These desperadoes took part in the Manhattan, Kansas and Riverton, and Sidney, Iowa, robberies, the Winston, Missouri, train robbery, and numerous smaller robberies, as well as several murders in Iowa, Missouri and Kansas.

FOREIGN.

ST. PETERSBURG, 25.—During Thursday's proceedings at the trial of Nihilists, several prisoners made very full statements, and in consequence of their admissions many witnesses were excused from further

attendance. It appears that Fregoni has only a very slight connection with the proceedings of the Nihilists, being merely aware of their designs. Luchanow, during his examination, drew such a vivid picture of abnormal social conditions that had driven him, a honorable, sensitive man to a career of crime, that even the judges were deeply affected. Jakimova acknowledged the truth of the charges brought against her. Jenecka, who is uneducated, admittedly a terrorist, but was unable to define the aims of that party. Mirkleroff continued his endeavors to incriminate his associates. All the accused declared they were Socialists, willing to carry on peaceful propaganda, but they had been driven to illegal acts by government cruelties. It is believed that judgment will be delivered Monday, and fifteen of the prisoners condemned to death.

LONDON, 27.—Mr. Bradlaugh has gone down to Northampton and begun his canvass. He will be returned again beyond doubt. Mr. Gladstone finds this a difficult question. The church people are indignant at his efforts on behalf of this professional atheist, while those who look at the matter from a constitutional point of view condemn him for not exerting the whole strength of the ministry against the attempt to defeat the will and override the decision of a constituency.

A dispatch from Alexandria says: The military element reigns supreme, backed by Stone Pasha, who does his utmost to show his sympathy with the existing movement.

CALCUTTA, 27.—Gourepore has been partially destroyed by fire. The hydraulic and riverside presses were totally ruined. The fire is believed to be incendiary. Damage, \$120,000.

DUBLIN, 27.—An informer named Dalley, who disclosed the Fenian army, was shot dead in the street of Dublin.

VIENNA, 27.—One hundred and fifty persons are reported killed by an explosion in a coal mine at Leoben, Styria.

ST. PETERSBURG, 28.—Ten Nihilist prisoners, including one woman, have been sentenced to death. The remainder are sentenced to various terms of penal servitude.

It is reported that General Skobloff will be ordered to reside on his estate.

COLOGNE, 27.—A report is current to the effect that unless the condition of Russia improves, the Czar will abdicate after his coronation.

VIENNA, 27.—It is reported here that Herzegovinian leaders have been captured and shot at Ragusa and another fled to Montenegro.

LONDON, 28.—In the Commons to-day Gladstone, moving postponement of orders of the day in favor of his resolution declaring inquiry into the working of the land act be injurious to the interest of good government in Ireland, said if judging administration of the land act were to be excluded from the scope of the House of Lords inquiry, he would be prepared to abstain from moving his resolution, but as he saw no prospect of such limitation it was his duty to persevere.

Northcote said he thought this announcement was an additional reason for giving the Lords time to consider. The motion to postpone was adopted, 300 against 167. With reference to this vote it is stated that Gladstone at a liberal meeting at his house to-day said he would treat this point as one of a want of confidence. Gladstone hoped during the main discussion that his supporters would confine themselves to the government's objection to any attack upon the judicial operation of the land act. The government, he said, had no objection to inquiry into the general working of the act or questions of emigration and reclamation of land.

Foster declared the government would support Parliament to uphold the law in Ireland.

Mitchell Henry confirmed the statement that the condition of Ireland is serious and said that in the event of a general election, seventy Parnellites would be returned.

Opposition and Irish members can if they resort only to moderately obstructive tactics, prolong the debate in the House of Commons on the Gladstone motion, concerning the action of the House of Lords until the Easter recess. The Daily News points out that if this happens and discussion of rules has to be postponed until after Easter it will be impossible to pass a single measure announced in the Queen's speech it will be no wonder, under these circumstances, if the people