The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 299 FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1895, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVIII.

SOME COLD FACTS.

The United States Not Prepared for War With a First-Class Power.

DEFENSES AND SHIPS NEEDED

And Congress Should Make Liberal Appropriations for These Purposes, Says Admiral Walker.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Admiral Walker adds his testimony to that of Gen. Miles concerning the weakness of the government coast defenses:

"I am a good American," said he, "and I cannot shut my eyes to cold facts. We are not prepared today to engage in war with any first class power. We are in the position that China occupied in her recent struggle with Japan. We have a vast population, great wealth, boundless resources and endless patriotism, but we cannot maintain an offensive and defensive attitude against any one of a half dozen foreign countries.

"What Gen. Miles says about the defenseless condition of our coast cities is entirely correct. It is true that New York and San Francisco are better protected than other commercial cities, but even they would be helpless against the assault of a dozen powerful foreign ships. So far as the remaining cities are concerned they have no protection whatever.

"Congress ought to make liberal appropriations for coast defenses and for additional ships of war. More than anything else we need a strong navy. We lack a dozen battle ships of the Indiana class on the Atlantic coast we need daily as powerful a maritime country as Great Britain. We have but four battleships building and two more have been appropriated for. We need at least seven more.

"With anything like a fair system of coast defenses we would be beyond the probability of war. There would be certain contingencies; no more talk of foreign aggression on American soil. The United States would be president of the American continent, the ideal preventative against war is to be fully prepared for it.

"Then you don't think we are prepared for war at present?"

"We are far from it. Our ships are the best of their class in the world, but we have not enough of them. We need more fighting ships — battleships. The battleship is to the navy what the infantry is to the army. It is the fighting part of the navy, but it should be supplemented with torpedo boats, coast defense vessels and swift cruisers, just as the infantry is made more effective by the employment of cavalry and artillery. The battleship is needed in times of peace but it is indispensable in times of war. When actively engaged it can be laid up for repairs, and the police work of the coast can be performed by small gunboats which would not be effective in action, but which are useful to carry the flag.

"This is the policy pursued by Great Britain, who sends her gunboats around while her powerful ironclads which are more expensive to keep in commission remain on the home stations."

"Do you think that all the power in England or any of the continental powers would have us at a disadvantage?"

"Decidedly. It is useless to talk about war with any strong European country in our present condition."

Mrs. Stanford's Troubles.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Mrs. Leland Stanford, wife of the deceased California millionaire, who was a United States senator, is at the Fifth Avenue hotel. She is the president of the university founded by her husband in memory of their son and of the government's suit which tied up lands formerly available for the carrying on of the university work. She said:

"The suit of the government against the estate of my husband, involving as it does, the very life of the university founded by him, has caused me the most trouble and anxiety, and no one but myself knows what I have suffered in mental worry for the last two years. You see I have not lost my own mistress. I have been so long at the mercy of the courts and subject to their behests day and night. I have suffered and prolonged has been the result. I now have hopes that in three months the final decision will be rendered and the matter settled for good and all for good, I hope and trust. A favorable decision means a great deal to the people of California."

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT,

Corbett Has the Spot, But Carbett Has Retired.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Wm. A. Brady, Corbett's manager, has received the following dispatch from Jim Stuart, under El Paso date:

"Corbett has the spot. Has Corbett retired?"

Brady wired back as follows: "Corbett has retired. Maher will fight Fitzsimmons on the spot."

The place selected by Stuart is in Juarez, just across the boundary. If Fitzsimmons will agree to fight Maher the great battle contest will be assured.

The Supposed Murderer.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Nov. 15.—The William Kunitz who murdered Mrs. Jennie Mann and her sister at Mount City, Texas, is thought here to be a man named Kunitz, who married Miss Hallet, of this city, about two years ago. He was at the time an engineer in an Lower St. Louis brewery. He shortly moved to Kansas City, from which he went to Texas after leaving his wife in New York City, where he now is. They have a child who is the home of Prof. Slatter and his wife, the child's grandparents in this city.

Charges Against a Naval Officer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—Captain A. Healey of the U. S. S. Bear is preparing to defend himself against charges filed at Washington by a number of officers who were in the Bering sea patrol this year. Captain Healey is inclined to make rather light of the matter and neither he nor the officers of the fleet are prepared to make public any of the details of the alleged troubles. He says it is untrue that he ever arrested an officer and then ordered that no entry of it be made in the log. He also denied that he insulted an American officer while aboard the Pinkerton.

Exterminating the Seals.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Nov. 15.—Official computations of the collector of customs which have been transmitted to the treasury department amply demonstrate the rapid rate at which the seal herds of Bering sea are being slaughtered. In the last three months 4,914 sealskins have been brought into port, of which number 3,600 are females. Sealing authorities aver that one half of the females are pregnant, or nursing young pups which would greatly enhance the likelihood of the herds being soon exterminated. This number of seals represent scarcely one-eighth of the North Pacific catch, for a fleet of thirty schooners sails out of Victoria.

Extensive Trolley System.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 15.—One of the most extensive suburban trolley systems in the country is to be constructed near the frontier, with this city as the central point. Philadelphia and New York capitalists are back of the scheme which is to construct electric trolley lines to Sanborn, Wilson, Lockport and Youngstown.

READING THE BIBLE,

Petition for the Restoration of the Book to the Public Schools.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—A petition bearing 50,000 signatures, and asking that the reading of the Bible be restored to the public schools will be presented soon to the board of education. The petition has been prepared and circulated by the Woman's Educational union of Chicago.

The union held a meeting last night to consider the outlook for the movement. Reports from the committee having charge of the petition were encouraging and it was announced that matters were in such shape that the document would be presented to the board of education in a few days.

Mrs. C. F. Kimball read a paper on the subject of reading the Bible in public schools, giving a history of the work done by the union since its organization in 1890. She quoted letters of endorsement from Bishop Spalding and many other prominent and high churchmen. There were also letters from Bishop Fallows, President Rogers of the Northwestern University, and President Harper of the Chicago University.

In his letter Mgr. Satolli expressed solicitude for the success of the movement and endorsed the past labor of the union, expressing himself as in favor of the reading of selected portions of the Bible.

"I would like to say," said Mrs. Kimball, "that we have received a great many communications from the Catholic clergy and in no instance have they opposed the move, as long as it is strictly nonsectarian in its nature."

It is the plan of the union to prepare select passages of the Scripture for use in public schools which shall be entirely nonsectarian. The selections are to be made by a committee composed of different religious denominations.

LOOKING BACKWARD.

Judge Holman Speaks of the Recent Election Results.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Judge Holman, of Indiana, who was known in Congress as "The watchdog of the treasury," is in Washington and will probably remain here all winter on account of Mrs. Holman's feeble health.

In speaking of the recent defeat of his party, Judge Holman said: "The trouble is administration, not special legislation. There has been nothing in the legislation since the Fifty-first Congress to excite public dissatisfaction, or cause distress.

"The misfortunes of the Democrats began with their mistake in the Hawaiian matter. The deposed queen had no possible claim on the United States for respect or consideration. Mr. Harrison made a mistake in sending his treaty to the Senate providing for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands. The proposition to pay the queen a pension and her daughter a lump sum of money, in other words to buy from her the islands, as if she had a proprietary right in them, was utterly absurd and inconsistent and Mr. Cleveland was entirely right in withdrawing that treaty.

"Nevertheless the mistake of Mr. Harrison was lost sight of, being overshadowed by the greater mistake of Mr. Cleveland's administration. The attempt to restore the queen was an error and impolitic, and it was an affront to the sensibilities of the American people to have the Stars and Stripes pulled down by the agent of the administration. I don't think we should have annexed the islands, but a different course should have been followed from that adopted."

ALASKA BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

Senator Squires Not Pleased With the Present Outlook.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 15.—Senator Watson C. Squires, chairman of the Senate committee on coast defenses, who will within a few days leave for the national capital, has very decided views concerning the Alaska boundary dispute. He is by no means pleased with the present outlook.

"This country must wake up immediately to the knowledge of its defenseless condition," he said. "Several years ago the Senate committee on coast defenses recommended to the Senate the establishment of a cannon factory on the Pacific coast. I reported a bill from the committee and supported it in an earnest speech on that subject. Very few people are aware of the fact that the old fortifications and the cannon that are mounted on our sea coast forts are absolutely useless against modern ships of war.

"They are about as ineffective as a pistol would be against galling guns. So far as I am aware there is now only one completed modern fortification in the United States supplied with modern guns of heavy calibre, and that is at Sandy Hook. This constitutes the entire modern land defense of the great city of New York. It is true, however, that works of this kind have been commenced at Boston and San Francisco. The appropriations of Congress have been absolutely inadequate for the purpose of protecting our coast cities from destruction by a foreign enemy. There are twenty-eight of the principal seacoast cities in the United States requiring guns and fortifications for defense against possible outside foes. It is therefore very difficult for our government to take a strong stand in an international diplomacy when it is conscious of such utter weakness to withstand an attack." When asked in what light he regarded the action of the British government in stationing police along the Alaskan boundary, the senator said:

"I do not know what friendly object England can have in sending an armed body of men there at this particular time. Both nations, as I understand the matter, are engaged in a friendly effort to definitely locate the international boundary line. If the present unfavorable developments continue I shall certainly call the attention of Congress to this matter at an early date and in no uncertain tones."

ON ARCTIC EXPEDITIONS.

Paper Read By Lieutenant Peary at a Reception in New York.

The Explorer Says He is Disappointed at Not Having Accomplished His Object.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Morris K. Jessup presided at the reception by the members of the American Geographical society last night to the American Museum of Natural History to Lieutenant Peary, the Arctic explorer. Lieutenant Peary read a paper on Arctic expeditions.

"I have strained every energy for years and spent every cent in my desire to reach the North Pole," said Lieutenant Peary. "The desire to secure a lasting reputation was as paramount with me. The prime object, however, was not the discovery of the North Pole, but to explore the northern extension of Greenland and the adjacent lands. I am disappointed in not having accomplished all of my objects.

"Arctic explorations thus far, with two exceptions, have been carried on haphazard. The two exceptions are the systematic and sustained exertions of the British government resulting in the discovery of the Northwest passage and the exploration by Henry Grinnell, under the liberal patronage of Baron Dix, when the northeast passage was accomplished.

"The project of Andre, who proposes to reach the pole by a balloon I would prefer to forego until science has done more to perfect such a means of carrying on an expedition."

Slavin Accepts the Challenge.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Frank P. Slavin has issued a formal acceptance of Maher's challenge and will today deposit $500 forfeit for a battle for $5,000 a side to take place in England or America.

Will Challenge for the Cup.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—A special dispatch to the Times from London says:

Sir George Newnes, the millionaire owner of the Strand Magazine and of Tit Bits, formerly the liberal member for New Market, has resolved to give an order for the most perfect things in yachts that British science is capable of, and next year, when the present row shall have blown over, he will issue a challenge for the America's cup.

PIGMIES IN AMERICA.

Will Be the Subject of Study of Professor Starr.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—Prof. Fredk. Starr of the University of Chicago will leave December 20 for Guatemala to be gone about three months.

"I will first go to Guadalajara, Mexico," he said, "to study a submerged city in lake Chapala, and 'Mountain Idols' inhabiting the mountains near by. This is a race of dwarfs which has been studied very little and my intention is to try to determine whether these people are radically small, or have become so by disease. I will have the assistance of Archbishop Gillow, an authority on the dwarf races. In the interior of Guatemala the pigmies are said to live in caves and holes in the ground and speak languages not known to white men."

Fate's Magnanimity.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—President Cleveland will soon be asked to pardon the venerable Celso Caesar Moreno, who is serving a ninety days' sentence in the district jail for libeling Baron Fava, the Italian ambassador. It is said that the baron himself will either sign the petition praying for the release of Moreno or else make a personal appeal to the President in his behalf.

The Shorthy List.

BOSTON, Nov. 15.—Eben D. Jordan, of the well known dry goods firm of Jordan, Marsh & Co., died today.

The Derby Winner.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Today's feature of the Derby November meeting was the Derby cup of 21,000 sovereigns, the handicap event for three-year-olds and upwards. The course was a mile and a half. Twenty-two horses started. W. W. Fulton's Laodamia won; Lord Cadogan's Court Ball, second; Col. North's Red Heart, third.

England and Venezuela.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The story from Washington that a second ultimatum has been sent to Venezuela by Great Britain is officially declared a complete misrepresentation. The original of the so-called ultimatum has not yet been delivered to the Venezuelan government.

Campos Hopes to Meet Maceo.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—A special to the World from Havana says: Gen. Campos sends word here that he hopes the report is true that General Maceo intends to invade the Santa Clara province.

A DETECTIVE STORY.

Statement of Edward Dix Who Killed Frank White in Chicago.

HE WAS HUNTING BURGLARS

And Fired the Fatal Shot—Admits He May Be Mistaken in the Man.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—Edward Dix, the private detective who shot and killed Frank White in a carriage on the West Side last night, said today that under orders from his superintendent, Charles McDonald, he must decline to say any more than that he thought the man shot was Clarence White, who has been sought for months under a charge of burglarizing the residence of Norman B. Ream, the well-known board of trade man. Dix admitted that he may be mistaken. The agency has for months had charge of "porch climbing" cases, the residences of several wealthy residents of the South Side having been burglarized by a gang which, it is alleged, was headed by Clarence White, the brother of the murdered man, and well known to the police. The agency had a man watching the residence of Mrs. Wolfe, the mother of Frank and Clarence, and yesterday evening reported word that Clarence had come to the house, apparently to pay a visit. Five operatives were at once entered. The spy announced that two men were driven away from the house in a buggy. The detectives followed and met the buggy at the corner of Polk and Leffin streets. Dix, who claims to be intimately acquainted with Clarence White, says he recognized him as one of the men in the buggy, jumped to bridle the horse and called on White to surrender. The agency people assert that one of the men in the buggy immediately fired a shot. Dix returned it and the other men in the buggy began shooting. Dix dropped the bridle and the buggy was driven rapidly away. Some time later a man residing at Ogden avenue drove to West Taylor street station in a buggy containing the corpse of a man later identified as Frank White. There were several bullet holes in the top of the buggy, and in the bottom were five bullets of large calibre. The man who drove the buggy to the station said he saw the horse running west in Polk street, and thinking it was a runaway stopped it and climbed into the buggy. He then found the corpse. Clarence evidently left the carriage as soon as he succeeded in driving away from the private detectives. The case promises to become a celebrated one, as it is asserted that to no state but Illinois are private detectives allowed to make arrests without a warrant.

Freight Trains Collide.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Nov. 15.—Two freight trains on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad collided at Summit, killing Alfred C. Morley, of Green Bay, engineer, and badly injuring Frank Stacks.

English Steam Launch Lost.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 15.—A steam launch belonging to the British cruiser Edgar is reported lost in Japanese waters, and forty-eight men are said to be drowned.

Germany Gets a Chinese Island.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—A special from Shanghai says it is positively stated that China has agreed that Germany shall occupy one of the islands near the entrance to the sea port Amoy as a naval yard and coal depot. France and Russia are certain to seek similar privileges.

CANNOT FLIP SCHLATTER.

He is Supposed to Have Commenced Another Long Fast.

DENVER, Nov. 15.—Although it is generally believed the whereabouts of Francis Schlatter, "the healer," is known to his friends in this city, the federal authorities have not succeeded in locating him. The case of the man who advertised to sell and send through the mails headscrews which they claimed have been blessed by Schlatter and would cure all ills, has been continued until Saturday. Meantime the efforts to find Schlatter, who is wanted as a witness, will not be abated. A great crowd of afflicted persons, seeking treatment at the hands of the healer, assembled again this morning at the residence of ex-Alderman Fox, and many were sorely disappointed because he did not resume his labors. It is generally believed that Schlatter is with friends not far away and not unlikely has begun another long fast.

IS HE IN KANSAS?

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 15.—A special to the star from Beatrice, Neb., says: At 9 o'clock this morning a man came in over the Union Pacific and went direct to a hotel and registered as Francis Schlatter, of Denver, in plain hand writing. He asked for the key to his room and went to bed, and asked not to be called until 3 o'clock. The clerk says he distinctly resembles the pictures of Schlatter.

NOT THE HEALER.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 15.—A special to the bee from Beatrice, Nebraska, states the man who registered there as Francis Schlatter is not the elegant healer who disappeared from Denver yesterday.

Greater New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The World says: "Greater New York" will be taken up by the legislature at its first and most important business in hand, when the legislature meets in January next. A committee will be appointed, representing both houses of the legislature in the first few days of the session and this committee will be instructed to confer with the greater New York commission, prepare a charter for the consolidation of New York, Brooklyn and other suburbs and report back to the legislature within ninety days. The legislative committee and the commission will be non-partisan in the sense that it will contain strong representatives of the commercial, political and tax paying interests of both cities and leaders of both parties.

Domestic Tragedy.

PHOENIXVILLE, Pa., Nov. 15.—Thomas Elwin today cut the throats of his two children, aged 4 and 8 years, with a razor, and then attempted to commit suicide in the same manner. The children died almost instantly and there is but little hope of the latter's recovery. Domestic troubles caused the tragedy.

Attempt to Rob a Bank.

WOODSFIELD, Ohio, Nov. 15.—An attempt was made this morning by four men to rob Monroe county bank. They drilled several holes in the vault and destroyed the time lock, but failed to get in. Just before they began work in the bank, Sheriff J. P. Rayner, when going to his stable in the rear of the bank, was pounced upon by the cracksmen, bound and gagged. They robbed him of $60 and a gold watch and then placed him in the stable where he was found this morning.

LATEST NEWS FROM TURKEY

The Sultan Reinstates Three Discharged Officials.

No Change in the Situation Anticipated for Some Days—The Rioting at Sivas.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 15.—It is announced that three prison officials of Mooth, dismissed some time ago upon the demand of the British ambassador, owing to their maltreatment of prisoners, have been reinstated. The British charge d'affaires, Hon. Michael Herbert, has demanded of the Porte that the three prison officials be again dismissed.

The rioting at Sivas was attended by great bloodshed, but order has been partially restored and the Turkish officials are protecting the foreigners there. No change in the situation is anticipated for some days.

The reports of a conflict between an Albian regiment and the Tripoli regiment at Yildiz Kiosk, has not been confirmed, although it is well known that there has been bad blood between the guards at the palace ever since the Tripoli regiment furnished sentries instead of the Albanians, as a result of notes being left with the different palace officials saying that their lives were in danger, and that there was a plot to assassinate the sultan.

Methodists Distributing Their Funds.

DENVER, Nov. 15.—The missionary committee of the Methodist church devoted the forenoon session today to apportioning the $1,000,000 appropriated yesterday for the missions, and the work was unfinished when recess was taken.

The Columbia River conference was allowed $6,045, with $500 additional for the Nez Perce reservation; Oregon, $2,790; Puget Sound, $5,580.

Decided to Trade in Mining Stock.

DENVER, Nov. 15.—The Denver Real Estate & Stock Exchange decided today to trade in mining stocks, especially in those of Cripple Creek. The first call will take place early next week. With this there will be seven mining stock exchanges doing business in Colorado.

For the Abrogation of a Treaty.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 15.—Mayor Lewis, Congressman Towne and other prominent citizens held a meeting last evening at which it was decided to ask the Minnesota delegation in Congress to work for the abrogation of the great lake treaty of 1817, in order that the lake cities may compete for government shipbuilding work.

Will Ship the Gold.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15. — Lazard Freres will ship $1,250,000 gold tomorrow.

Van Hoffman & Co. will ship $1,000,000 gold tomorrow. Lazard Freres has withdrawn from the subtreasury for shipment $1,250,000 gold.

In exchange circles conflicting opinions are expressed as to the probability of the engagements of gold for shipment tomorrow in addition to the $3,250,000 reported. Some stress is laid upon the fact that Wolfe, regarded as a "gold boat," does not sail until 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon which would permit of the execution of new orders that day. The engagements actually made have had no perceptible influence upon the exchange at operators. Otherwise the abnormal pressure becomes so great that respiration is impeded. The lungs fill up to an alarming rate, and Lucy endures intense pain until after the operation. In a short time she is able to leave her bed and move about, but not perfectly. The patient eats and sleeps moderately well, but there are no symptoms of improvement in her general condition. Lucy is beyond all chance of recovery.

Burned For Two Years.

A peculiar curiosity exists in the town of Groton, Vt., in the shape of a smouldering fire. It is situated on the bank of a small river near the main line of the Montpelier and Wells River railroad. An immense pile of sawdust furnishes fuel for the little fire, and it is said that it has been constantly burning for the past two years. On this site was, several years ago, an old sawmill known as the Groton mill, and the big pile of sawdust was left as evidence of the large amount of business done in those days at this place. The mill was after wards taken down and moved away.—Detroit Journal.

Evils of the Corset.

Before the Academie de Medicine at Paris a paper was read not long ago which pointed out that the fortunes of the corset are to a large extent responsible for the much lamented scarcity of children in France. The writer urged that a tax on corsets would be as just as the tax on tobacco and alcohol.

Domestic Troubles.

In the case of J. B. Walden, who was charged with disturbing the peace, Prosecutor James moved for a dismissal, as after a thorough investigation of the affair he had arrived at the conclusion that no case could be made out against Mr. Walden. The court therefore ordered the defendant's discharge.

From the facts in the case it appears that Mr. Walden was in no way to blame, but was apparently justified in his remonstrance. It was not he who entered the ring, but another man who was somewhat intoxicated, and whom the "peacemaker" promptly ejected.

Attorney Frank Hoffman appeared in behalf of Fritz Riepen, who is charged by Officer Larson with flourishing a deadly weapon, and asked that the case be continued for two or three days. It was accordingly set for hearing next at 2 p. m.

H. Lewis admitted having been drunk and stated that it was the first time he had been before a court of justice. He felt very penitent, and upon promising to be home in such a state no more, was discharged.

A Baby Drunkard.

Doomed to a drunkard's death at the tender age of five years is the sad fate of a child now being cared for at Bellevue Hospital, New York, says the Journal. About all that is known of little Lucy's earlier history is that she was discovered in a ramshackle West Side tenement, a victim to the evils of drink. From the cradle the child was nurtured on all sorts of vile liquors, until now her system is so completely ruined as that of the aged drunkard of the gutters. She is an Italian, the daughter of a dissipated couple who fed the child on liquor almost from the day of her birth. Lucy is not unhappy because she is too young to realize her dreadful condition. She does not talk much, but there is a world of pathos expressed in the glance of the great dark eyes, indeed now like those of habitual drunkards. The little face, framed in a wealth of jet black hair, is thin and white and haggard. Lucy seldom plays with the children of her age, for she is never free from pain and the craving for drink. Disease has robbed the little unfortunate of all traces of childish beauty and made her look much older than she really is. But for her indulgence in liquor Lucy would have been handsome and well formed like other Italian girls of the same age.

She is so fragile, too, and weak, and the small, waxlike hands tremble and shake as with palsy. The little arms and legs are wasted away to almost nothing, but the body is abnormally distended. Around the waist the child measures more than twice the circumference of the chest, and the girth is growing greater.

Most of the time the patient sits in her chair like a small, white ghost. Because of the pallor the doctors and nurses call Lucy the "white baby." The tonics must be given or the baby would suffer the torments of the habitual tippler when deprived of his stimulant. When first admitted, Lucy cried piteously for liquor, like the adult wreck in alcoholic wards. The poison was to her as milk to a healthy child, showing how shamefully the little one had been raised. But after the first few draughts of tonic she ceased to cry for whisky. The medicines steadied her nerves.

No one ever comes to see the baby who is near to death. She was visited a few times by the parents who are responsible for the ruined life. Each accused the other of having given the baby liquor when she was a little thing. It was in the house all the time, and as Lucy grew older she had free access to the bottle. Reared in an atmosphere of rum, and with an example ever present in the shape of drunken parents, it is not surprising that Lucy has reached her present stage.

When scarcely able to toddle she was sent to the saloons for liquor and shared in the family debauches day after day.

During her short five years of life the girl was seldom sober. She inherited the taste for liquor, and the parents deliberately allowed her to cultivate it. Anything with alcohol in it was eagerly swallowed by the innocent victim of intemperance until her appetite craved for nothing else. But the pace was too rapid for the baby. Lucy dropped out, leaving her parents to travel the primrose path alone.

Every few days the little sufferer is conducted from the wards to operation. Otherwise the abnormal pressure becomes so great that respiration is impeded. The lungs fill up to an alarming rate, and Lucy endures intense pain until after the operation. In a short time she is able to leave her bed and move about, but not perfectly. The patient eats and sleeps moderately well, but there are no symptoms of improvement in her general condition. Lucy is beyond all chance of recovery.

COMPROMISE TALK.

As Usual the Southern Pacific Has the Long End of the Rope.

OTHER ROADS WILL GIVE IN.

At Least That is What Some of the Local Traffic People Believe Will be the Outcome.

Utah freight rates and the uncertain and unsatisfactory state of affairs that have developed from them are in a more complex condition today than for some time past. It is hoped that the meeting of the Trans-Missouri Traffic Association which convenes in Kansas City on the 19th inst. may prove a stepping stone to an adjustment of the whole trouble.

The Southern Pacific in the recent conference held in this city offered a seventy per cent rate of whatever the Missouri river rate might be, but the proposition was rejected. The Eastern lines proposed eighty per cent and the Southern Pacific refused to become a party to such an arrangement.

The Southern Pacific is not a member of the Trans-Missouri Traffic association and in all probability will not be represented at the Kansas City meeting though the pressure it will bring to bear from outside sources will be strong. It is thought that the eastern lines will be willing to accede to a proposition from the Southern Pacific to hold a conference in this city at a subsequent date providing it will send its chief officials to that gathering. It is on that is the information that comes from authoritative sources. It is also said that at that meeting the roads which operate east of Ogden will capitulate to the Southern Pacific as gracefully as possible and accept the compromise offer of that company made here or the occasion of the first meeting.

AN EARLY RETURN.

Otto Stallman Comes Back from London with News of a Gladsome Character.

Otto Stallman, the well known mining man, arrived home from London, England, last night, after an absence of a little over two months. His return was considerably earlier than anticipated, and in certain quarters is interpreted, in fact said, to mean very much.

The object of Mr. Stallman's visit across the Big Pond was to interest an English syndicate in the Montreal mining properties of southern Utah, which bear copper in very large, and it is confidently believed, paying quantities. It is understood that the visit was a most successful one and that it will in all probability terminate in the erection of extensive refining and smelting works. Among those who will be largely benefited by the negotiations are C. M. Freed, Judge Blair and Joe Ferron.

HOME FROM KENTUCKY.

Elder Albert Horne Tells of the Illness and Death of Elder Daniel J. Stewart.

Elder Albert Horne, of the Twenty-second ward, this city, was a caller at the News editorial rooms this afternoon. He has just returned from a twenty-two months' mission to the Southern States. The first fourteen months were spent in West Virginia and the remainder in the Chattanooga office.

His return was somewhat earlier than it would otherwise have been on account of the sad death of Elder Daniel J. Stewart, whose remains he accompanied home. The cause of death as heretofore announced in the News was typhoid fever, and the place Tomkinsville, Kentucky. Elder Stewart had been ill just ten days when his demise occurred. His traveling companion at the time was Elder Freeman E. Allred. The body was taken to Glasgow, Barren county, Kentucky, where it was prepared to be sent home and at the direction of President Kimball, who was in Texas attending to mission matters, Elder Horne met the body at Nashville and brought it home for burial. He arrived in Provo on Friday last, a week ago today. He reached Milford with his charge on Saturday where he was met by relatives of the deceased. On Sunday the funeral and burial took place at Beaver under the auspices of Stake President White. The services were largely attended and the remarks of an edifying and consoling character.

Elder Stewart was but 24 years of age and had been married but two weeks when he departed on his mission.

About to Marry.

The necessary permit to wed was today issued by County Clerk Stanton to William Gough, of Miller, and Marinda Jenkins, of West Jordan, both aged 21 years. The young man not having attained his majority, the consent of his father was made a part of the license.

Dramatic Entertainment.

The Breyer Comedy company gave a very creditable rendition of Fanchon the Cricket in the Second ward meeting house last evening. The parts were well sustained and especially that of Mrs. Breyer as the Cricket. The old time favorite Rip Van Winkle will be played tonight. Part of the proceeds are for the benefit of the meeting house.