

# TOWN OF FERNIE, B. C., IS WIPED OFF THE MAP

Over One Hundred Lives Known to be Lost—Territory of Many Square Miles a Seething Mass of Flames—Over It Are Scattered Hundreds of Lumbermen And Prospectors—Property of Railroads, Including Bridges and Rolling Stock, Destroyed—Thousands Rendered Homeless.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Aug. 2.—As a result of bush fires the town of Fernie, B. C., is wiped off the map as a child cleans a slate; Michel, 14 miles distant, is in flames and the fate of Hosmer, Olsen and Sparwood, intervening towns, is in doubt, they being cut off from all communication. Over 100 lives are known to have been lost, 70 of them in Fernie. A territory of 74 square miles in extent is a seething mass of flames. Through it are scattered hundreds of lumbermen and prospectors, so that the actual loss of life will not be known for days. The property of the Canadian Pacific and Great Northern railways is destroyed, the bridges and rolling stock burned, so that it is impossible to enter or leave the burning area.

The inhabitants of the town have fled to open districts in the vicinity to the hope of safety. The railway companies have placed all available trains at their disposal and unless there is a change of wind within the next 24 hours the whole of the Crow's Nest Pass country will be left to the flames. There is no possibility of estimating the loss of life and property which will result, for the flames are driven by a half gale, making it impossible to put up a fight against their advance. The conflagration is the greatest which has ever visited Canada and ranks only with the San Francisco disaster.

For the past month forest fires have been raging in the mountains of the Elk river valley, but they have not been considered serious. Saturday morning a heavy wind sprang up from the west and early in the afternoon the flames appeared over the crest of the mountains. The fire spread rapidly and the towns of Fernie, Michel, Hosmer, Olsen and Sparwood are camped here in the open, their only protection being shelters built of brush or blankets, while a constant shower of sparks from the burning area keeps falling through the pall of smoke by which they are surrounded. For a time communication with the towns to the east was kept open, but with the burning of the bridges across the Elk river this way closed.

The hills in all directions are a seething mass of flames, cutting off every avenue of escape. The fire spread with unprecedented rapidity and it is feared that several parties who tried to get through the pass have been cut off.

In Fernie the only buildings remaining are six small shacks in the back of the Elk river, the offices of the Crow's Nest Coal company, and the Elks Woodward house. The offices of the Canadian Pacific railroad and the Great Northern are in flames, with all rolling stock in the yards, the sleeping car Osceola being the only car left. One hundred cars of coke are piled up in the yards, and the coke, holding about half a million tons, are in flames. It is now feared that the fire may get in the mines themselves, several of which are open in the neighborhood. This will mean incalculable damage as the whole of the valley is underlain with coal.

At present the fire is following the crest of the mountains, and Sparwood, eating down into the valleys on either side. It is traveling at a tremendous rate and unless there is a change of wind the next 12 hours there are thousands of mines and prospectors' claims in the track of the fire, all of which are in peril. A slight change of wind has occurred in the night, but the fire has not been taken out of the more direct path.

Fire fighting apparatus is of no avail for the air is filled with fragments of burning wood and sheets of flames seem to leap ahead of the conflagration as though the air itself is in flames. The heat is intense and many of the fire fighters have gone down ahead of it.

A correspondent at Michel wires as follows:

There is now some hope of saving the business section of the town and every available man is on duty. Premier Campbell has arrived from the Sparwood district on a hand car with three men, all of whom are badly burned. They made an attempt to save the property of the Sparwood Lumber company half way between here and Fernie, but without avail. They were at once taken to the hospital, two of them in a precarious condition.

Mr. Forester, manager of the mill, with his wife and about 30 men, when last seen were trying to save the mill. A line of flames cut them off from escape to the east and unless they have been able to get through to the west all are dead, for the country is like a furnace. On the way the party found the body of Peter Miller lying on the Canadian Pacific railway. He had succumbed to wounds received while trying to escape from the fire. The bodies of four men were brought here by a Great Northern yard engine. These men had lost their lives trying to save the Great Northern bridge across the Elk river 15 miles south of here. They had kept up the fight till their return was cut off and lost their lives in vain attempts. The Great Northern tried to open communication to the south but the destruction of two bridges has cut them off absolutely.

Reports from Hosmer say that it has burned with great loss of life, but this lacks confirmation. A Canadian Pacific engine and train is being held in readiness here in case it is necessary to abandon the town and with communication open to the east there is not much danger of more loss of life here. There are 3,000 people here, many of whom are camping on a small plain north of the town. Beginning at the end valley the danger is not so acute.

THOUSANDS HOMELESS.

Fernie, B. C., Aug. 2.—Five thousand people were rendered homeless and property valued at \$2,500,000 destroyed by the bush fire which got beyond control about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Seventeen dwellings are all that remain standing in this city. The fire is still raging in all directions from Fernie, and in spite of the work of 200 men, who are fighting the flames, they continue to spread. The number of injured is believed to run over 100. Five families residing back from the town are completely surrounded by the fire, and no hope is expressed for their rescue. It is reported that the Great Northern bridge, Hosmer, B. C., with 150 cars of coal and coke, are burning, the Elk lumber yard and mill having been totally destroyed. Relief trains have been sent from Cranbrook and adjoining towns. Nelson has been telephoned for assistance. The latest reports say that the fire is spreading to Coal Creek, a town of 1,400 inhabitants.

Cranbrook, B. C., Aug. 2.—W. Carswell, assistant superintendent of the Great Northern railway, arrived here from Fernie. He made his way out at great risk. Half of the trip was made on a hand car and the other half on foot. Every stick of timber along the line is burned and not a living thing is left. The bodies of Peter Miller and Louis Franklin, a section hand, have been brought in and several Italians have been found. Mr. and Mrs. Forester and 25 men had arrived at camp at Bells Sliding, having been forced to give up their fight to save the Sparwood mill. Five members of the party succumbed. Starvation has been added to the terrors. When the people left their homes for the protection camps little or no provisions were taken and now there are some 6,000 on the prairie with nothing to eat.

The mayor of Fernie has sent out a call for assistance which is being rapidly responded to.

From the border of the burning area to the destroyed towns there is no means of communication except on foot or by mule teams. The bridges are burning and the trains homed in by the burning forest. Distribution rangers are being organized and these will go through as soon as it is possible to get the fire under control. A line is open to Michel from the east and to Morrissey from the west, leaving a gap of 15 miles.

Rough estimates place the financial loss at \$2,500,000 and the loss of life at over 100.

FERNIE DESTROYED.

Winnipeg, Aug. 2.—At Fernie every building except the coal company's office and a few shacks was totally destroyed. Fully 3,000 people are homeless.

Cranbrook has been wired to forward available provisions and a relief train is now traveling with aid.

Bush fires are raging from Cranbrook to the Crow's Nest. The wind is blowing a heavy gale and all available men are fighting the fire and west of Cranbrook it is under control. Telegraphic communication with Fernie and Michel is out.

Four men lost their lives trying to save the huge Great Northern bridge 15 miles west of Michel, but it was totally destroyed. Two men from Sparwood were taken to the Michel hospital. It is feared that the fire will spread to the Crow's Nest and unless the wind shifts the whole Crow's Nest country will be laid flat. Peter Campbell, who reached Michel, says the whole country between Cranbrook and Michel is a seething mass of flames. The body of Peter Miller was found on the Canadian Pacific track near Hosmer.

Hosmer, Elko, Sparwood, Olsen and Kokato are reported to be completely destroyed by the fire. It is feared the loss of life is the greatest on the continent since the San Francisco disaster. The Canadian Pacific railway is rushing relief trains with doctors, nurses, food and clothing to the destitute. A bulletin from Michel says:

"This town is doomed unless the wind changes. Canadian Pacific railway is making up special trains to carry inhabitants to safety."

W. W. Miller, mayor of Fernie, has wired Mayor Ashdown of Winnipeg for relief, saying there are 6,000 homeless.

LAURENCE ADVISED.

Ottawa, Ontario, Aug. 2.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier received the following telegram this evening from Cranbrook, B. C.: "Disastrous fire Kootenay valley. Fernie, Hosmer, Crow's Nest and Sparwood completely burned. Not less than 5,000 people homeless. Canadian Pacific railway carrying them to Elko and Cranbrook. Every effort is being made to save them but they are utterly without food or shelter. Fire covers 70 miles. Seventy lives lost. Immediate relief required. Telegraph instructions at once."

THOMAS ROBERTS.

"Liberal Observation."

"J. P. King, M. P."

The premier will consult with his colleagues the first thing in the morning to see what action can be taken by the federal government.

LOSS OF LIFE MAY BE GREATER.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 3.—A special train from Fernie, B. C., to the Spokane Review says:

It is feared that the loss of life will reach beyond the 100 mark, but there are so many living in the burning area or shelter or food to be looked after that up to the present time no effort has been made to ascertain the number of those who have lost their lives. The destruction has been by the flames, there is estimated to have been some 7,000 people. Two thousand of those people have been sent west to Cranbrook and Elko, some 1,500 fled from the town to the northward and reached Hosmer and other places along the line. The Great Northern train took all the

people they could carry up the line, leaving a way through the flames before reaching a place of safety.

Scores of families were separated, husbands not knowing where their wives and children were, and in some instances members of the same families were in Cranbrook, Fernie and Hosmer.

The lowest estimate of the amount of the loss is placed at two and a half million dollars, and nearly as many as have been taken away, it is estimated by the committee appointed that there will be 3,500 who will have to be furnished with temporary shelter and food.

CHICAGOANS INTERESTED.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—The destruction by forest fires in the Crow's Nest district, British Columbia, directly affects a number of Chicagoans.

Frederick B. Smith, who is the manager of the presidential campaign for Gov. Johnson, of St. Paul, who lives in St. Paul, and O. W. Robertson, also of St. Paul, were in charge of an investigation of the fire and the state of the coal fields and lands of the district. It is feared that all of this may be lost. Several Chicagoans are concerned in the investment.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS TAKE LUNCHEON TOGETHER

New York, Aug. 2.—Col. Henry Waterson, of Louisiana, chairman of the press committee of the Democratic national committee, was a luncheon today at the Waldorf-Astoria, with the Democratic chairman. Other guests were Roger C. Sullivan, the Illinois member of the committee; Frey Woodson, the national secretary; and Mrs. Mack. Mr. Waterson does not believe in doing political work on Sunday, and he spent a free day. He made no appointments, and the only thing he did was to give a luncheon to the Democratic party, which was discussed to some extent with Col. Waterson and Mr. Sullivan, the latter finding it necessary to leave for Chicago this afternoon.

David L. Davis, of North Carolina, who will have active charge of the press work, is expected here soon, and Col. Waterson will be in the city tomorrow. An appalling amount of mail is arriving daily at the Hoffman House, and Mr. Mack is impatient to get headquarters opened here and in Chicago in order to take care of correspondence.

CUTICURA FOR BABY RASHES

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are priceless for skin-tortured, disfigured babies.

WHY HE'S CALLED 'BILL'

Judge Taft Says in Boyhood at Home They Called Him "Willie," but Yale Students Changed That.

Hot Springs, Va., Aug. 2.—"Just call me Bill," Judge Taft said to me today. This was Judge Taft's laughing reply today when granting audience to a number of newspaper men who had gathered to address him as Mr. Secretary, governor, judge and so on.

"I first got the name of Bill at Yale," continued Mr. Taft, replying to a question. "Before I went there I had been called 'Willie' in my home, and among my Cincinnati boyhood friends. But when I got through school I was called 'Bill' at home. My younger brother, Harry, however, never called me Willie after a happy one-day stay at Yale."

"We roomed together on the top floor of Farnham hall, our room being just over the middle entrance. Harry was a freshman and I was a junior. He had a book he wanted. He came back to the entrance and, looking up on the stairs, yelled 'Oh, Willie!' Well, for a second there was a loud outburst of every one of the 400 windows, and it seemed to me as though every one yelled at once. At any rate, there was one loud chorus of 'Oh, Willie!' That cured Harry. He has called me Bill ever since."

"How about the 400 students?"

"Oh, they called me Bill just the same. You see, I weighed 300 then."

Mr. and Mrs. Taft attended services at St. Luke's church today and listened to a sermon by Rev. Dr. John Scott.

"Get up and eat, for the journey is too long for you," was the text from Second Kings from which Dr. Scott drew the lesson that frequent spiritual food was as necessary for the present-day Christian life as was the literal command to Elijah which he had quoted.

Barth McCleary, second assistant postmaster general and candidate for Congress, who has just returned from a review of the situation in Minnesota and Wisconsin, spent Sunday here. Mr. McCleary assured Mr. Taft that, in his opinion, the Republican situation in Minnesota is in excellent shape. It is his belief that Gov. Johnson will not be a candidate for re-election.

In Wisconsin, Mr. McCleary says, he can see the good effect of the speech of acceptance already. The handling by Judge Taft of the railroad question, he says, has pleased the La Follette wing of the party in that state.

PANAMA ELECTION.

Panama, Aug. 2.—The electoral campaign ended today when the electoral boards met in the capital of the new province to elect a president, whose term will run from October of this year to 1912. Returns received to the present time from the provinces of Veraguas, Corie, Solon and Panama show that the election of Senor Don Jos. Dominguez Obaldia, formerly minister to the United States, was unanimous.

If you have Headache Try One

They Relieve Pain Quickly, leaving no bad After-effects

25 Doses 25 Cents

Never Sold in Bulk

FOR HEADACHE

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS

NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, RHEUMATISM, BRACHIALGIA, MIGRAINE, PAIN IN CHEST, STOMACH, SLEEPLESSNESS

TAKE ONE OF THE LITTLE TABLETS AND THE PAIN IS GONE

people they could carry up the line, leaving a way through the flames before reaching a place of safety. Scores of families were separated, husbands not knowing where their wives and children were, and in some instances members of the same families were in Cranbrook, Fernie and Hosmer.

The lowest estimate of the amount of the loss is placed at two and a half million dollars, and nearly as many as have been taken away, it is estimated by the committee appointed that there will be 3,500 who will have to be furnished with temporary shelter and food.

CHICAGOANS INTERESTED.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—The destruction by forest fires in the Crow's Nest district, British Columbia, directly affects a number of Chicagoans.

Frederick B. Smith, who is the manager of the presidential campaign for Gov. Johnson, of St. Paul, who lives in St. Paul, and O. W. Robertson, also of St. Paul, were in charge of an investigation of the fire and the state of the coal fields and lands of the district. It is feared that all of this may be lost. Several Chicagoans are concerned in the investment.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERS TAKE LUNCHEON TOGETHER

New York, Aug. 2.—Col. Henry Waterson, of Louisiana, chairman of the press committee of the Democratic national committee, was a luncheon today at the Waldorf-Astoria, with the Democratic chairman. Other guests were Roger C. Sullivan, the Illinois member of the committee; Frey Woodson, the national secretary; and Mrs. Mack. Mr. Waterson does not believe in doing political work on Sunday, and he spent a free day. He made no appointments, and the only thing he did was to give a luncheon to the Democratic party, which was discussed to some extent with Col. Waterson and Mr. Sullivan, the latter finding it necessary to leave for Chicago this afternoon.

David L. Davis, of North Carolina, who will have active charge of the press work, is expected here soon, and Col. Waterson will be in the city tomorrow. An appalling amount of mail is arriving daily at the Hoffman House, and Mr. Mack is impatient to get headquarters opened here and in Chicago in order to take care of correspondence.

CUTICURA FOR BABY RASHES

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are priceless for skin-tortured, disfigured babies.

WHY HE'S CALLED 'BILL'

Judge Taft Says in Boyhood at Home They Called Him "Willie," but Yale Students Changed That.

Hot Springs, Va., Aug. 2.—"Just call me Bill," Judge Taft said to me today. This was Judge Taft's laughing reply today when granting audience to a number of newspaper men who had gathered to address him as Mr. Secretary, governor, judge and so on.

"I first got the name of Bill at Yale," continued Mr. Taft, replying to a question. "Before I went there I had been called 'Willie' in my home, and among my Cincinnati boyhood friends. But when I got through school I was called 'Bill' at home. My younger brother, Harry, however, never called me Willie after a happy one-day stay at Yale."

"We roomed together on the top floor of Farnham hall, our room being just over the middle entrance. Harry was a freshman and I was a junior. He had a book he wanted. He came back to the entrance and, looking up on the stairs, yelled 'Oh, Willie!' Well, for a second there was a loud outburst of every one of the 400 windows, and it seemed to me as though every one yelled at once. At any rate, there was one loud chorus of 'Oh, Willie!' That cured Harry. He has called me Bill ever since."

"How about the 400 students?"

"Oh, they called me Bill just the same. You see, I weighed 300 then."

Mr. and Mrs. Taft attended services at St. Luke's church today and listened to a sermon by Rev. Dr. John Scott.

"Get up and eat, for the journey is too long for you," was the text from Second Kings from which Dr. Scott drew the lesson that frequent spiritual food was as necessary for the present-day Christian life as was the literal command to Elijah which he had quoted.

Barth McCleary, second assistant postmaster general and candidate for Congress, who has just returned from a review of the situation in Minnesota and Wisconsin, spent Sunday here. Mr. McCleary assured Mr. Taft that, in his opinion, the Republican situation in Minnesota is in excellent shape. It is his belief that Gov. Johnson will not be a candidate for re-election.

In Wisconsin, Mr. McCleary says, he can see the good effect of the speech of acceptance already. The handling by Judge Taft of the railroad question, he says, has pleased the La Follette wing of the party in that state.

PANAMA ELECTION.

Panama, Aug. 2.—The electoral campaign ended today when the electoral boards met in the capital of the new province to elect a president, whose term will run from October of this year to 1912. Returns received to the present time from the provinces of Veraguas, Corie, Solon and Panama show that the election of Senor Don Jos. Dominguez Obaldia, formerly minister to the United States, was unanimous.

## NATIONAL BANKS AND GUARANTY FUND

Bonaparte Holds it Is Illegal for Them to Enter Into Any Contract With State Officials.

CASE AROSE IN OKLAHOMA

Opinion Rendered on Request of Secy. Cortelyou—Bryan Says It Accentuates the Issue.

Washington, Aug. 1.—In a formal opinion rendered by Atty.-Gen. Bonaparte on the request of Secy. Cortelyou of the treasury, it is held to be illegal for any national bank to enter into a contract or other arrangement with state officials for the purpose of creating a guaranty fund out of the bank's deposits or capital stock to be used in paying the depositors of any bank included within the terms of a state statute any delinquency there may be in the amount to be received by them from assets of such bank in the event of its failure.

Secy. Cortelyou requested the attorney general's opinion as to the legal right of national banks in the state of Oklahoma to contribute toward the guaranty fund or to avail themselves of the other privileges of the state banking act.

In course of an extended opinion, Atty.-Gen. Bonaparte said:

"The state of Oklahoma to which you call my attention creates a state banking board composed of certain designated state officers, and requires the said board to 'levy against the capital stock an assessment of 1 per cent of the banks' daily average deposits with certain deductions upon each and every bank organized and existing under the laws of this state."

"This assessment is to constitute what is designated as a 'depositors' guaranty fund' and additional assessments are to be levied against the capital stock of the banks proportionately to the amount of their deposits, so as to always maintain the fund at the designated amount."

"It is generally recognized that a national bank has no power to guarantee the obligations of a third party unless in connection with a sale or transfer of its own property and as an incident to the banking business."

"It has been argued that the bank in this case would not guarantee the obligations of other banks, but would only agree to put the state of Oklahoma, through its banking board, in funds to make effectual such a guaranty on its part. I think this is a distinction without a difference."

"I have not overlooked the fact that, by terms of the proposed contract between the bank in question and the state or its banking board, the said bank agrees to do nothing which shall be in conflict with the federal laws; but this provision is not relevant for the entire contract is ultra vires for a national bank, and prohibited by the intent of the statute. I hold that such is the fact with respect to the contract proposed in this case; that it is illegal for the officers of any national bank to enter into such an agreement as it contemplated by section four of the Oklahoma state banking act and that persistent refusal to give effect to the part of any such bank would be just cause for the forfeiture of its charter."

BRYAN'S OPINION.

Fairview, Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 2.—Atty.-Gen. Bonaparte's opinion delivered yesterday, holding it to be illegal for national banks of Oklahoma to contribute toward the guaranty fund for the protection of depositors of Oklahoma, or to avail themselves of the other privileges of the state banking act, was the subject of a good deal of discussion here today. Prominent Democrats of Lincoln freely avowed that, following so closely on the heels of the Standard Oil reversal in Chicago, and the contempt cases against the labor leaders in Washington, the opinion of the federal attorney-general still further strengthens the Democratic party in the coming elections.

"It accentuates the issue," said he, "and leads to a more decided legislation framed from the standpoint of the depositor rather than from the standpoint of the banker."

He would talk no further on the subject, but said that he would give it liberal treatment in his forthcoming speech at Topeka, Kan., some time during the present month.

Constipation causes headache, nausea, dizziness, heart palpitation, Drastic physics gripe, sicken, weaken the bowels and don't cure. Doan's Regulax acts gently and cures constipation. 25 cents. Ask your druggist.

CLOUDBURST AT VERDI, NEV.

Wall of Water Ten Feet High Struck Office, Drowning Young Woman.

Reno, Nev., Aug. 2.—A telephone message from Verdi, Nev., said today that a cloudburst visited that section between 3 and 4 o'clock this afternoon, in which but a few minutes while scores of livestock, cabins and a great quantity of logs were carried off.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Fitch

WASATCH SUPPLY CO.

WE HAVE IT

ALL KINDS

But the poor kind order it NOW.

Bell Phone 955. Ind 137

219 MAIN ST.

Miss Etta Tixley, aged 24, daughter of John Tixley, foreman of the Verdi Mill & Lumber company, was on the porch of the lumber office, located in the canyon, when the water fully 10 feet high, rushed against the building, carrying Miss Tixley with it beneath the floods. Luke Smith, an old timer, is reported to have lost his life also, but this cannot be confirmed.

A cloudburst occurring in Spanish canyon near Steamboat Springs this afternoon caught several people in the rush of waters, but after battling desperately they finally saved themselves. Men, Ross and James Burke were the most severely hurt, and their escape is considered miraculous. Much livestock, timber and ranch were destroyed.

## At Fine Hotels

At the best cafes Mapl-Flake is served in individual packages—and Mapl-Flake alone. For every good chef knows that this is the best of the cereals. And the most delicious, because of the maple flavor.

You make a mistake—you who don't serve it at home. Perhaps you fear that your people will eat too much of it; but what if they do? Mapl-Flake is the ideal food for hot weather. It supplies the maximum of nourishment and the minimum of heat. Meat, on the contrary, produces much heat. It is not a good summer food. And Mapl-Flake is the most economical food because it all digests. It's the one food that's all food. We spend 96 hours to cook it and cure it, to flake it and toast it. That's four times as long as we need spend. But the result is this: The wheat granules are so separated that the digestive juices can get to them. We double the food value of Mapl-Flake by employing those 96 hours. Suppose a flaked food that but half digests costs a little less per package. The serving cost—the cost of cream—is the same as on Mapl-Flake. And the half of the food that doesn't digest is wasted, and worse than wasted. Is that real economy?

## Mapl-Flake

The Food with the Maple Flavor

We cook our wheat in pure maple syrup. So we make it both good and good for you. All children love maple; all grown people, too. And it is wise for you, and wise for us, to make this food inviting. The more one eats of Mapl-Flake the less he will eat of food less suitable for summer. Order one package today. Ask your children if they like it. Judge it for yourself. Then, if you find it as good as we say—better than anything else—be sure to get the same kind next.

"Are chocolates better in summer or winter?" was asked. The answer: If they're EITE'S WHIPPED CREAM CHOCOLATES they're good all the time. 25c and 50c boxes.

## What Physicians Say:

When foods are exposed to air at a temperature exceeding 68 deg., certain changes occur in the foods causing putrefaction. Such foods are not healthful. An Alaska Refrigerator will keep your food sweet, wholesome and healthful. We can furnish them for \$18.00 and up. We are the exclusive agents.

H. DINWOODEY FURN. CO.

## Hamilton's SMART SHOP Special Values

LINEN SUITS, CLOTH SUITS, SILK DRESSES AND LINGERIES.

\$8.00 Linen Coats for \$3.75 Our lot of Linens to Close. \$25.00 Linen Suits for \$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00. New Neckwear Just Received

Hamilton's CORRECT DRESS FOR WOMEN 216 SOUTH MAIN ST

OUR GOODS

A PERFECT PACKAGE. The finished product produced by our SOFT WATER PROCESS is a pleasing one. Every detail of finish laundering is contained herein.

TROY LAUNDRY "THE LAUNDRY OF QUALITY" Both Phones 192. 100 MAIN ST.

Pretty girls in fluffly gowns can find the new things in jewelry, made especially for summer wear, in our new stock. Catchy designs and moderate prices are the features.

ESTABLISHED 1862

Park's SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

P. O. Box 1862. Bell Phone Ind. Phone

Merchants Bank

W. J. HALLORAN, Pres. E. CHANDLER, Cashier

Commercial Banking Savings Department

311 MAIN STREET

WALKER BROS., Bankers

(Incorporated). Established 1881. Capital \$250,000.00. Surplus \$100,000.00. Absorbed the Salt Lake Branch of Wells-Fargo & Co's Bank.

THE DESERET SAVINGS BANK

W. W. RITER, President; Moses Thatcher, Vice President; Eliza A. Smith, Cashier; L. E. Hill, John R. Barnes, John C. Cutler, David E. Allen, A. W. Carlson, George Henry, Reed Smoot, W. F. James. 4 per cent interest paid on savings.

McCORMICK & Co. BANKERS

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. Established 1878.

J. E. COSGRIFF, H. P. CLARK, President, Cashier. OPEN AN ACCOUNT WITH Commercial National Bank. An Exponent of Conservatism Combined with Enterprise. A. H. PEABODY, Asst. Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC

FRANK KNOX, President; JAMES A. MURRAY, Vice President; W. F. EARL, Cashier; E. A. COLLESTON, Asst. Cashier. Capital and Surplus \$1,000,000. A thoroughly modern savings department conducted in connection with this bank.