

## DESERT EVENING NEWS

Organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

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DESERT NEWS' PHONES.

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For the Chief Editor's office, 343.  
For the Editor's office, 343.  
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## TO UNITE ON.

In its session Monday night the City Council adopted the resolution calling for a special vote, to be taken on Jan. 3 next, on the proposition of incurring a bonded indebtedness in behalf of the city, to the amount of \$1,000,000, the money to be used principally for increasing the water supply. Before the date mentioned the public will be made fully acquainted with every detail of the contemplated plan, so that they can vote intelligently on the question. How the money is to be expended, what the water rights to be obtained are, and other important points will be explained by the Mayor and a special water committee.

As a rule it is good policy for any community to go very slow when the question is of incurring indebtedness. And the "News" has, time and again, voiced this sentiment. But if it is true that there is no rule without exception, and that some exceptions must prove the rule, this is one of these exceptions. The water question is vital to Salt Lake City. If this place is to realize the future to which it is entitled by its exceptionally favorable situation and attractive surroundings, provision must be made for an increased water supply, clear and pure. To borrow the money necessary for this purpose is not to invite poverty, but to replenish the public treasury. It is to attract general prosperity, by adding to the population and thereby giving fresh impetus to all the wheels of industry. There can be no objection to borrowing money with such results. If capital can be had at four per cent, and it can be made to yield, say from ten to fifteen or twenty per cent, it is clearly the very best economy to borrow all that can be thus invested.

For this reason we hope the taxpayers of Salt Lake City will carefully consider the well matured plans that will be submitted to them, and, when the day comes, go to the polls and endorse the action of the Council. The objections raised, so far, are all unimportant, but an increased water supply is all-important. Let the vote for more water be unanimous.

## A PECULIAR CASE.

There can be very little doubt that the mystery of assaults in broad daylight, and on the most frequented street, upon young ladies, is best accounted for by the supposition that the perpetrator of these assaults is suffering from a murderous mania. No other explanation appears satisfactory, since no rational motive can be conceived of for such crimes. We speak of the mania for drink; and also for stealing, we must, then, not deny the possibility of a mania for homicide. It is, no doubt, a deplorable reality, and the sufferer from it is a proper object for medical and moral treatment.

We emphasize especially the latter. All moral defects are difficult to overcome. Sin forges its chains around its victims, until they appear helpless. But there is no force of evil that cannot be overcome by the proper moral remedies.

The community is to be congratulated on the prompt capture of the young fellow. To parents the fact of their being a "jack-the-ripper" abroad was all but pleasant to contemplate. This case should now be carefully studied. If it is true that the mania can be traced to a time when, as a child, he was frightened by something or somebody, the nature of that incident should especially be made known, as a needed warning to others. It is a most reprehensible practice to frighten children, though many who ought to know better, do so. Very often evil consequences follow.

Another point that might profitably be inquired into is, as to what extent, possibly, the reading of blood-and-thunder novels, and other kinds of evil-inspiring literature may have had a bad influence upon him. That such books convey to the mind a poison that renders the weak morally diseased, cannot be doubted. Parents and guardians cannot too carefully select the reading that is placed before the children. If it is important to supply the body with wholesome nutriment, it is not less important to give the spirit suitable food.

## OUR SCHOOLS.

Favorable comment is heard on all sides on the Utah school exhibition at the World's Fair. We are told, for instance, that Miss Rosalie Pollock, primary superintendent of the Salt Lake

public schools, is in receipt of a pamphlet, issued from the University of Chicago press, in which Mr. Ide Hood Clark, supervisor of manual training in the Milwaukee schools, pays a high compliment to the Salt Lake school exhibit. Only four school exhibits, it is said, were mentioned in the article—St. Paul, St. Louis, Massachusetts and Salt Lake.

The writer is quoted as follows:

"Visitors to the palaces of education and social economy at the World's Fair may be interested in studying the exhibits of a few schools where it seems to me correlation of subjects has been emphasized. A historical rug, designed, planned and woven by the students of the Utah state normal school, representing the history of the development of the state, and made for a present for the president of the school, told the story of the unified plan for the correlation of subjects as being worked out by progressive people with admirable results."

To judge from the habitual forebodings of evil by professional croakers, one would be tempted to suppose that our schools are in imminent danger of collapse, unless rescued by some extraordinary effort. But it should be clear to all that nothing serious can be the matter with schools, the educational products of which attract well-deserved attention at a World's Fair of the excellence and magnitude of that held in St. Louis. A more decided endorsement of the entire system, as well as of the individual efforts of teachers, can hardly be imagined.

The schools of Utah have been, and are, non-partisan as well as non-denominational, and we presume that the tax-payers, satisfied with the results attained, and anxious to reach a still higher degree of perfection, will continue to keep them so. The citizens cannot afford to turn the education of their children into merchandise, to be haggled about and fought for in the political market.

## SPEAKING TO THE POINT.

President Roosevelt has just given a lesson on civil service reform to Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, who claimed the "privilege" to name the postmaster for Haverhill, which is in his district. He addressed the President a letter upon the subject, in which he cited the Massachusetts "custom," which he said was not like that of "these other states where senators select the postmasters." He received a lengthy reply to his letter which contained, among other things, this: "The senators do not 'select' postmasters in any state while I am president. I consult them always, and in the vast majority of cases act on the recommendations they make; but the selection is mine, not theirs, and time and again I have positively refused to select individuals suggested to me for nomination as postmasters by various senators. The relation of the congressman to these appointments rests not upon law, but purely upon custom. Some one must be consulted, and as a rule the congressman is the man whose advice is most apt to be that which can be followed with advantage to the community, and therefore to the party. But this is a mere custom, and I have never hesitated for a moment to deviate from it whenever circumstances arose that satisfied me it was wise and proper and in the interest of the community to do so." A close and frequent reading of this will teach Senator Lodge's son-in-law several new wrinkles in politics.

## AN IMPORTANT MISSION.

The dispatch by the commander of the Russian squadron at Port Arthur, of one of the swiftest torpedo destroyers, and the subsequent destruction of that vessel at Chefoo, to present the Japanese from capturing it, is one of the surprises of the war in Asia. The question has naturally been asked what important message that vessel had to bring. To be sure, the commander of the doomed craft assured interviewers that he merely was to notify his government that Port Arthur is in as good a condition as it was two months ago; that the whole line of inner defenses are intact, and that the garrison has plenty of fuel, food and ammunition to hold out for an indefinite period. But nobody supposes that this message was worth the cost of a torpedo destroyer.

The persistence with which Port Arthur holds out, however, almost bears the captain out in his statements as to provisions and ammunition. For months now Port Arthur has been supposed to cut off from the rest of the world. The Japanese have been in possession of all means of ingress by land, and Japanese fleets have been opposed on the sea. There has been almost daily fighting. One fort after another has been taken and retaken, each time with a perfect hailstorm of projectiles. Bombardments, by the Japanese have been answered by an equally heavy fire from the forts. It is stated that in one of the last engagements over 1,800 heavy shells were fired in a single day. To the outside spectator it looks as if the supply were about inexhaustible. But notwithstanding appearances, it is not improbable that the captain of the vessel that reached Chefoo, had a mission to perform of greater importance than that indicated in interviews. In all probability his mission was to communicate with his government concerning the surrender of the fort.

Port Arthur, may, at the commencement of the long siege have had an immense quantity of food and ammunition stored up, but the consumption must have been enormous, even with the greatest possible economy. Supplies have also been furnished by the blockade runners, as is evident from the fact that once in a while a trespassing vessel is captured. But with all allowances made for such means of supply, the defenders of Port Arthur must now be brought almost to the end of their resources, and this fact may have been important enough to communicate to the home government, even at the cost of a vessel.

The city chemist says that the water of Parley's canyon is pure. Of course, to the pure all things are pure.

"And, coincidentally, we suppose the Parker Constitution clubs have adjourned since die."—Boston Herald. No, they just died, giving no sign.

A loving husband in New York got into a very bad tantrum because his wife did not cook his dinner to suit him and went and hanged himself.

The New York American continues to reform the Democratic party and to say who is and who is not entitled to membership in it. Of course all who buy the American are.

Boston university is engaged in history hunting. It is the poorest hunting there is and it has ceased to have interest for broad minded men. It is the small souls that like it.

Professor Wilcox of Iowa says that it is the location of the state that makes the people of Kansas crazy. If they are crazy, it should be attributed to the loco rather than to the location of the state.

Harry Thaw, who has achieved notoriety by the talk about him and an alleged engagement to Evelyn Nesbit, says that he hates publicity. If so, then that which he greatly feared has come upon him.

"The administration is rapidly losing the fine flower of art and sinking into bourgeois mediocrity," says the New York World. Why did it not go further and call Mr. Roosevelt the "Bourgeois Gentilhomme?"

Mr. Jacob Rlla lectures tonight in Barratt Hall. We hope a large audience will greet him, and we trust the distinguished lecturer will retain pleasant impressions from his brief stay in the "City of the Saints."

Count Cassini says the end of the Russo-Japanese war is a long way off. At the beginning of the war it was said that it would be a short and easy task for the Russians to crush the insolent little Jap. Thus people live and learn.

Two "real" skeletons are to be introduced in the trial of Nan Patterson, charged with the murder of Caesar Young. Undoubtedly there are a number in the closet, which may or may not be introduced.

That zemstvos representatives' memorandum may yet become a constitution for who ever thought when Sabatier said it was the tiers état that was wanted that the third estate would assemble and there would come the constitution and the revolution?

The Forepaugh-Sells Brothers circus does right to suspect some one connected with it of having robbed its pay wagon of thirty thousand dollars. For who, to circuses added, ever went to one without being robbed, either by the lemonade lads or the after performance flend?

The Kaiser proposes to distinguish between Philip sober and Philip drunk. Henceforth when Philip is drunk and makes remarks that would be less majestic if made when Philip is sober, no notice is to be taken of them. It is the proper thing to do and will add to the Kaiser's reputation for good sense.

"From Theodore Roosevelt we ask no quarter and expect none. He is infinitely a worse enemy of the white men and women of the south than any of the radical leaders of the past," says Colonel Watterson in the Courier Journal. Does the gallant colonel desire to be known as the Bob Tombs of the twentieth century?

"In the old days here the only way to have non-partisan schools was to elect Liberals on the Board of Education," says the organ of the New Liberal party. So the only way to have non-partisan schools is to make the Board of Education bitterly partisan. It is the non-partisanship of the lion and the lamb variety, with the lamb inside.

## GOOD ADVICE.

Kansas City Star.  
Booker T. Washington's advice to the members of his race with reference to the recent election is in keeping with the high character of leadership he has shown in times past. In his address to the negro citizens of Birmingham, Ala., he urged negroes everywhere not to bear themselves pompously, but to disappoint the predictions that a victory for Roosevelt would be followed by overbearing manner on the part of this black people. There is really no special application of this advice so far as the Roosevelt election is concerned, for there was no race issue except in the minds of some of the Southern people, who accepted the spurious representations of bietherskiff politicians. But the counsel is good for all time. Negroes progress most surely where they accept their lot cheerfully and with dignity. They never gain anything by endeavoring to force their claims against established race prejudices.

## PROBLEM OF YOUNG SNEAK THIEVES.

Greenfield Gazette.  
It seems as if our news columns had contained an unusually large number of reports of serious thieving and petty burglaries the past year. Franklin county is pretty well out of the beaten track of the professional gentlemen who have reduced house-breaking to a science, though it may not be well to assume that this will always be the case. More thickly settled towns where there is more constant passing on the streets give better opportunities for this sort of thing, however. The problem before the officers of our country towns is how to handle the youngsters that are developing into semi-criminal life. A very stable measure of prevention would be to clean out the street corners the games of street fellows who are getting their first notions of escaping from the restraints of home and school and church. Another effective move would be to haul up in the courts more of the boys who are stealing fruit. The notion seems to be spreading among the boys that they have a right to anything they can lay their hands on. It is time that steps were taken to convince them that this is an error.

## SWIFT NEWS.

Boston Herald.  
Apropos of the election returns in this morning's newspaper, it is interesting to recall the fact that when An-

drew Jackson was elected president the country was not generally aware of the fact until some three weeks after the closing of the polls. And when James K. Polk was elected to the same office, 40 years ago, he rode into Nashville almost a month after the voting day to accept congratulations of his neighbors on the news that had just come to the Nashville postmaster. This morning's swift tidings are impressive, not only for the results they record, but for the illustration they afford of the marvelous development of the art of news gathering, particularly in more recent decades.

We've never understood why so many merchants underestimate the importance of their underwear department.

To us it's a matter of pride to have a variety which includes every good material in the best fitting makes, and to make special provision for stout men.

So besides all wool, all cotton, and the merinos which combine them, we have the best specialties—

Glastonbury—Cartwright & Warner's Cashmere—Conrad & Friedman's Silk—and Linn Mesh.

A full line of Union Suits. We have a specialty in a fine Derby Wool at \$1.25 per garment and a Wool Union Suit at \$3.00.

Underwear,  
50c to \$5.00.

**Liegel's**  
61-63-65 MAIN STREET.

## Removal SALE!

SEE THE CUT PRICES.

Men's Suits, Regular	.....\$12.00
\$15.00, at	.....\$10.00
Men's Suits, Regular	.....\$9.50
\$12.00, at	.....\$7.50
Men's Suits, Regular	.....\$8.00
\$10.00, at	.....\$6.00
All \$1.25 and \$1.50 Golf	.....\$1.00
Shirts at	.....50c
All stiff front Shirts	.....50c
75c and \$1.00, at	.....50c
All Shirts with two	.....50c
collars, 65c and 75c at	.....50c
Men's Heavy Underwear from	.....50c
a suit and up.	

GREAT REDUCTION ON  
PANTS, HATS AND SOCKS.  
**J. Burrows & Co.,**  
31 W. First South St.

## FLOWERS FOR THANKSGIVING.

ROSES  
CARNATIONS  
CHRYSAANTHEMUMS

Ferns and Greens in profusion at moderate prices.

## WILLES-HORNE DRUG CO.,

Deseret News Building,  
BY THE MONUMENT.  
Both Phones, 374.



As you enjoy your Thanksgiving Turkey, don't neglect other comforts. Keep your feet warm in a pair of

## FELT, FUR TRIMMED, TURNED JULIETS.

Red and Black.  
Ladies.....95c  
Misses, 11 to 2.....85c  
Child's, 8 1/2 to 10 1/2.....75c  
Child's, 5 to 8.....70c

## THE MOORE SHOE CO.,

258 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

## Special Embroidery Sale!

### 8,000 YARDS

Of embroideries purchased from a large manufacturer at a great sacrifice. Our patrons get the benefit of the deal. The embroideries are all new, in 4 1/2 yard, 9 yard and such other lengths as will not cut to waste.

**A RARE CHANCE TO BUY EMBROIDERIES AT PRICES LESS THAN COST TO MANUFACTURER.**

## LAST DAY of the MIGHTY CLEARANCE SALE

Of Ladies' Suits, Furs, Cloaks, Evening Costumes, Shirt Waists, Dress and Walking Skirts, Under-shirts, Hosiery and Underwear, Walstings, Flannels, Gingham, Silk, ready-to-wear and tailored Hats, Novelty Suit Patterns, Black Dress goods, etc.

**20 TO 50 PER CENT DISCOUNT TOMORROW--WEDNESDAY**

**ANNUAL NOVEMBER CARPET SALE NOW ON** Everything in the Carpet Department at Greatly Reduced Prices.

**STORE WILL BE CLOSED THURSDAY--THANKSGIVING DAY**

You Can Always Do Best At  
**Z. C. M. I.**  
Utah's Greatest Department Store.

## GRAND THEATRE

JONES & HAMMER, Mgrs.

PRICES: Night—50c, 75c, 1.00. Matinee—25c.

## THREE NIGHTS.

Beginning with MATINEE THURSDAY, Nov. 24th, at 2:15.

MATINEE SATURDAY at 2:15.

The Powerful Scenic Melodrama

"A LITTLE OUTCAST."

Special Scenery and Electrical Effects.

## SALT LAKE THEATRE

GEORGE P. MORTON, Mgr.

TUESDAY NIGHT ONLY

John C. Fisher and Thomas W. Riley present

DOROTHY MORTON

And a strong supporting company, in the great London and New York comedy success

## Glittering Gloria.

The original production, as presented at Daly's Theatre, New York, will be seen here.

Book by Hugh Morton, author of "The Belle of New York."

Prices 25c to \$1.50. Sale now on.

## NEXT ATTRACTION.

Wednesday and Thursday—matinee Thanksgiving day—"SAN TOY," with James T. Powers.

PRICES—25c to \$2.00. Sale now on.

## COMING.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY and SUNDAY MATINEE.

A CHINESE HONEYMOON.

25c to \$1.50. Sale begins Wednesday.

## We're a Great Help To The Babies.

And are constantly looking out for something new and nice for their comfort, and with this in mind we recently purchased some beautiful toilet sets for the youngsters in celluloid and silver, containing every toilet article necessary for infants. They are all prices, most of them very reasonable, but some of the finer ones expensive, and all of them as dainty and pretty as it is possible to make such things.

**SCHRAMM'S**  
Where The Cars Stop.

**EDWARD L. BURTON,**  
11 E. First South St., Phone 27.

**BANK STOCKS, SUGAR STOCKS.**  
And other High Grade Investments Bought and Sold.

**JOHN C. CUTLER, JR.,**  
Established 1893.  
Investment Bank and Sugar Stocks, Commercial Stocks and Bonds, Bought and Sold.

721, 127-3, 88 MAIN ST.

## GOOD BARGAINS.

Suits made to order, latest styles, fit and workmanship .....\$20  
Ready Made Suits, all wool and fancy worsteds .....\$10

We carry a big assortment of Ladies', Gents' and Children's heavy fleece, cotton and wool mixed underwear. Being manufacturers, we can undersell all competitors.

Ladies' wool hose, heavy .....20c  
and warm.....45c  
Heavy fleeced union suits for boys.....45c

Men's wool mixed shirts or drawers.....65c  
Ladies' black satine petticoats worth \$1.00 for.....60c

**Cutler Bros. Co.,** 36 Main Street.

## Thanksgiving Cutlery.

There will be no humiliation at the dinner table if your carving set and table cutlery is selected here. See the window display and you will conceive a hint at what may be seen inside the store, every piece of which is up to our usual high standard of quality. Get one of our self-basting Turkey Roasters that never burn.

## The Salt Lake Hardware Co.

EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE - 42 44 46 W. 2nd St.

## F. Auerbach &amp; Bro.

ESTABLISHED 1864.  
ONE PRICE TO ALL. NEVER UNDERSOLD.

Just to supply every housekeeper in Salt Lake with  
**NAPKINS For Thanksgiving!**

We'll Place on Sale TOMORROW:

**At 88c a Dozen.**  
100 dozen all-linen Damask Napkins, 18 and 20-inch size. They are reduced from \$1.35.

**At \$1.58 a Dozen.**  
80 dozen all-linen Silver Bleached Napkins, 20-inch size; worth \$2.25.

**At \$2.45 a Dozen.**  
60 dozen of 13.50 Napkins, in either 1/2, 20-inch, 22-inch or 24-inch size; Irish or German makes.

**At \$4.25 a Dozen.**  
You'll buy tomorrow the Banner Napkins of them all, worth \$6.00.

**At \$1.10 a Dozen.**  
Three lots of German Damask Napkins, 18, 20 and 21-inch square. They are reduced from \$1.75.

**At \$1.92 a Dozen.**  
10 dozen EXTRA HEAVY ALL-LINEN NAPKINS, Irish and German makes; 20, 22 and 24-inch size; reduced from \$2.75.

**At \$3.25 a Dozen.**  
We'll sell tomorrow our entire lot of \$1.50 Napkins.  
**Reduced to \$3.70 Doz**  
All Napkins, usually sold at \$2.00.