BEATEN, ROBBED AND LEFT TO DIE.

Murderous Assault Near Corner Of Second South and Franklin Avenue.

VICTIM IS BADLY WOUNDED.

to Igly Looking, Blood-Stained Club Found Near the Scene of Attack -Man Unconscious.

An unknown man was found in an aconscious condition behind a blackmith shop at the corner of Second-South and Franklin avenue last night, I o'clock, by a colored man, who ported the matter to Officer Lincoln. the officer found that the man had a ten gash in his head and the wound was bleeding freely. His pockets were erned inside out, leaving no doubt but that the man had been robbed. A search the locality was made, and an uglyof the locality was made, and a deposition of the locality was found, with blood looking club was found, with blood sains on it, so it was undoubtedly the sains on it, so it was undoubtedly the sains on it, so it was undoubtedly the sains on it. So it was undoubtedly was taken to police leadquarters, and his wound was lessed by City Physician Wilcox, who had that he would recover, as the that he would recover, as the was not crushed. No letters were in the man's clothes by which he n the man's clothes by which he e identified, and as he was un-us, his name could not be ob-No clue has been found as to reabouts of the person who per-

NEURO UNDER ARREST,

A negro named John Jackson, known colored population as "Bad Eye." winder arrest, charged with assaulting to infortunate man. Three colored in have been detained as witnesses, a they claim to have witnessed "Bade" assault the stranger. Their mes are Henry Carter, H. Smith and liam Montgomery. The men were seed by Detective Chase and Sergt, med.

"IT" IN POLITICS.

Boss Ruef of San Francisco Drops in On the Way Home.

Abe Beuf, known as the political boss of the laboring classes in San Francis. o, came into Sait Lake yesterday, moked over the city, and departed for he west. He was returning from the depublican national convention, in hich he was a delegate-at-large from is state, but he did not talk polities to

Ruef is one of the most interesting figures on the Pacific coast. He is a navyer by profession, but a trained and politician in business. Scarcely 35 years of age, his career has ref so years of all the entered politics then he was a beardless boy and his leady acquisition of the mastery of the labor yote culminated in the great. ph of electing Schmitz, the union to the mayoralty of San Old timers laughed at him ook up this project, but they d to respect Reuf as they

sclaims the title of "boss." It he says, that he is irrevocably politics, but he denies that he yed one penny for his political ring the past five years. about corruption," said he, "in

ilk about corruption," alk about Corruption, said he, in election of Schmitz. You will find there have been a lot of loafers wed from office and the halls of the thouse have been cleared of burns dope flends. I have never caused man to feel that an appointment was be the reward for his support. I we never received a cent for my the reward for ms superior my sever received a cent for my True, I may have derived addibusiness because of my political business because of my political probably so. But they minence. Probably so. But they not sustain a single charge made

LIBRARY GROWING.

Seport Shows 23,476 Volumes and 12,696 Members.

At the monthly meeting of the board directors of the free public library eserday afternoon, the report of the IItarian, Miss Sprague, for the month of June was received. The total number of umes in the library on July 1 was ads, a gain of 315 during June. The ads, a gain of 315 during June. The total membership on that date was 12,
a gain of 108 for the month. It is separed that 12,194 persons visited the library during the 26 days it was open dwigs the month. A total of 7,568 volumes were loaned for home use and 4,
a volumes were issued in the reading rooms during the month. The fines and forlettings for the month amounted to tures for the month amounted to

WHEAT YIELD GOOD.

Hail and High Wind Do Some Damage To Fruit and Garden.

The weekly crop bulletin just issued y the Utah section, United States department of agriculture, says;

Clear skies prevailed during the week. emperatures were quite high during the day, especially toward the close of

he week, but the nights were cool. lies week, but the nights were cool. Scattered thunderstorms occurred on the 5th, 7th and 8th, accompanied in many instances by hail and high winds which did some local damage to fruit, gardens and hay in stack. The precipitation from these storms, while generally light, was very beneficial to growing vogetation and to the range. Dry weathere, however, generally prevalled over the southern counties, and crops in that region were beginning to crops in that region were beginning to suffer for lack of moisture, especially as the supply of firigation water was beginning to fail.

beginning to fail.

Fall wheat and early-sown spring wheat and oats were being harvested with yields generally above the average. Late-sown wheat, oats and rye were heading out and ripening very rapidly. These crops were in good condition except in portions of Summit county, where closer observation reveals that the damage done by the frost of the 25th ult. was much greater than at first estimated. The first crop of

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought lucern was about all stacked in good condition except where delayed by showers. Yields continued to run above the average. The second crop of this staple was making rapid growth. Beets were in good condition, the only exception being in parts of Sevier county, where the crop was suffering from blight. Corn and potatoes had generally recovered from the frosts of last month and were in good condition and making a rapid growth. Potatoes were maturing and being marketed. Fruit was making sattsfactory advancement and prospects were promising. Ranges were in splendid condition except over the southern portion where the prolonged dry weather has had a markedly harmful effect. Stock was thriving.

DRY FARMING AHOY!

A Missouri Farmer's Impressions of Dry Farming in Utah.

Special Correspondence.

Logan, Cache Co., July 11 .- I came from the state of Missouri last spring, thinking perhaps this climate would be good for my health, and while at a hotel in Nephi, I read an article on dry farming in your paper, which I thought very interesting. I asked what was meant by dry farming, and learned it was farming without irrigation. The article was the report of a talk by a wellknown man of Utah, George L. Farrell, given in the agricultural college. I cut the item out of the paper, and when I landed at Cache Junction. I hired a man and a team to take me I hired a man and a team to take me to Mendon and Welsville. On my way I asked where Mr. Farrell lived, and was told that we would drive through his farm, for which I felt pleased his farm, for which I felt pleased. When we arrived there we saw men and boys plowing with disc plows, and doing their six acres a day, deep and good work. The boys were discing and harrowing preparing for fall wheat to be sown in August and September. We went on, and came to a 210-acre field of wheat, which stands above my waist and looks like it would visid 46 busshels. and tooks like it would yield 40 bushels per acre. I was informed that Mr. Farper acre. I was informed that Mr. Far-rell has in 700 acres of "dry" grain this year, and that some of it would yield 45 bushels per acre. I only wish we could do that well in Missouri. I felt like crying out on seeing and walking into this field of wheat, "Hurrah for dry farming!" I learned that Mr. Farrell plows his

land 8 inches deep, and once in three years he subsolts his ground 6 inches deeper. Making the fallow 14 inches deep, which holds a great deal more moisture, sufficient to mature the wheat,
If farmers would only follow Mr.

Farreil's example in plowing, their cof-fers would soon be full,

I shall tell the farmers later in my travels what I saw on Farreil's dry farm at Petersborough, Cache county. W. B. LAKE.

MIDLAKE EXCURSION

Next Sunday.

Via O. S. L. Enjoy the novelty of a ride over Great Salt Lake by rail, Leave Salt Lake 9:30 a. m., returning 5:00 p. m. Round trip \$1.50.

ORDER OF WASH-INGTON EXCURSION

To Bridal Veil Falls.

Fare \$1.25 for the round trip. Special train via D. & R. G., leave Sait Lake 9:30 a. m. Returning leaves Upper Falls 3:10 and 9:00 p. m. Grandest scenery on the American Continent. scenery on the American Continent, Trout and chicken dinners at Upper

Loss of Appetite

Is commonly gradual; one dish after other is set aside till few remain These are not eaten with much relish, and are often so light as not to afford much nourishment

Loss of appetite is one of the first in-dications that the system is running down, and there is nothing else so good for it as Hood's Sarsaparilla—the best

Accept no substitute for Hood's. 8

From St. Louis Through to Baltimore and Washington.

Fast night express leaves St. Louis Fast hight express leaves St. Louis 11.35 p. m. over the Vandalia-Pennsylvania with through sleeping car, arriving Baltimore 7.15 s. m., Washington 8.20 a. m. Also through cars to Philadelphia and New York in same train, Consult Geo. T. Hull, District Agent, Denver, Colo., or J. M. Chesheneth, Assistant George, Proceedings, 12 of the Process of Process Consult Process Consult Process Pro brough, Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Louis Mo.

THE APPLE APPLS. OR PLANT LOUSE

Last spring apple growers everywhere were alarmed at the unusually large numbers of this insect which were present on the young shoots and tender twigs of apple trees. The pest will be readily recognized by every ob-server as being the small green louse server as being the small green louse which is found in colonies on the unfolding leaves of the apple, in early spring. The appearance of the leaves indicate the presence of this insect, the leaves being curied with the insects on the under side of the leaves. These insects belong to the class which such the san and therefore are not killed. the sap, and therefore are not killed by arsenical spray mixtures. Not often does this insect become sufficiently numerous to be a serious pest, but the last few years have seen a great in-

were missed by the mixture when the trees were sprayed.

Prof. Aldrich is somewhat doubtful of the practicability of the winter spraying for orchard trees. If one can go over the orchard carefully and find the infected trees, and even the infacted twigs, then this treatment promises good results. But in large orchards this is almost out of the question. The eggs are laid on a comparatively few trees, and on some of the twigs of these trees, and one will hardly care to spray an entire orchard to catch these trees. Summer spraying will doubtless be more practicable.

Kerosene emulsion is prescribed as a remedy, but there have been some experiments in Idaho which indicate that the quassia and whale oil soap solution gives better results. The greatest care must be exercised, howcrease in its spread.

The apple aphis has become so numerous in Idaho that the experiment station of that state has issued a bulle-tin by Prof. J. M. Aldrich, dealing with the insects and methods of com-bating it. Prof. Aldrich says there are bating it. Prof. Aldrich says there are two species of aphis on the foliage of the apple in Idaho; one is very rare, and is distinguished by its pink, red or purple color (Aphis sorbi); the other is the common green species (Aphis pomi). The latter is the one discussed in the bulletin. The bulletin has the following to say of the insect and its work:

and its work:

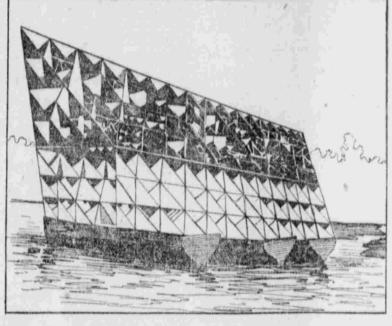
and its work:

"The eggs of this species are deposited in October and November on the young shoots of apple trees, usually near the tips. Occasionally they are found also about the forks of somewhat larger branches. When first laid, they are bright yellow in color, approaching orange, but they soon turn dark, and in a few days are shining black. On small trees, where the branches can be easily inspected, it is easy to recognize the eggs with the naked eye. Only a few of the trees which had aphis on in the earlier part of the season will be found to have any eggs on, and even when they do occur, it will probably be on only one or two twigs. Healthy eggs are smooth, occur, it will probably be on only one or two twigs, Healthy eggs are smooth, plump and shining black, and can hardly be detected without a magnifying glass. It is not uncommon to find shriveled eggs, and sometimes the remains of small lice will be found on the same branch, and these may more or less resemble the normal eggs; but a little experience will readily distinguish the latter.

but a little experience will readily distinguish the latter.

"The eggs hatch about the last of April, while the young apple leaves are still very small, and just beginning to unfold. For some time, owing to the cold weather of that season, the young grow slowly; but before the leaves are fully grown, they may be covered with lice on the under side, and beginning to curl. The lice increase very rapidly, bringing forth living young at the rate of several a day, ing young at the rate of several a day, which themselves are large enough to repeat the process in a few days. There

A KITE ON PONTOONS.



The cut shows Dr. Alexander Graham Bell's new kite, Mabel II., afloat on its pontoons. The filer is tetrahedral in form and is of marvelous lightness and strength. The framework is made of seasoned black spruce. The sails are of nainsook, which has been found lighter than silk. It will sail in the faintest breeze and will move as steadily as a yacht. Squalls of considerable violence do not make it unmanageable. Its aged inventor has made a number of these flying machines at his summer home at Baddeck, Nova Scotia. He is now in search of a satisfactory motor.

are no males at this season, all the

are no males at this season, all the individuals being viviparous females, Hence the rate of increase is enormous, Among those which are produced in the earlier part of the season, many have wings, which enable them to fly to other trees. May and June appear to be the season of spread; later they do not appear to attack new trees.

"There are numerous enemies of the

"There are numerous enemies of the apple aphis, which exercise a marked influence on its abundance. In almost

influence on its abundance. In almost every orchard where the aphis is troublesome, there seems to be a period of relief about midsummer. This is caused by the increase of those predaceous insects which feed upon the aphis. There are so many kinds of these beneficial insects that it would not be practicable to approach them.

practicable to enumerate them in a After increasing and spreading in

the summer, as described, the aphie produces a generation in the fall of

produces a generation in the fall of perfect males and females, which are small, yellowish insects, considerably different from the individuals produced during the summer. The females of this generation lay their eggs as described above,

"There is a very marked difference in susceptibility to aphis among different trees, even of the same variety, An occasional tree will be affected year after year, while surrounding trees

An occasional tree will be affected year after year, while surrounding trees will be exempt. More rarely one variety will be worse attacked than others adjacent; but I have not been able to make any reliable lists of resistant varieties. The difference seems to be mainly a quality of individual trees rather than of varieties.

to be mainly a quality of individual trees rather than of varieties.

"The damage to the trees is caused by loss of sap, which is sucked from the leaves and tender shoots by the aphis. When they begin work on a new leaf, it speedily becomes rolled up; as the insects are on the under side, they are on the inside of the roll, and well protected from sprays. There is some difference among the different known species of apples aphis in the extent to which they roll the leaves, "Remedies.—This naturally would divide itself into two branches; remedies to destroy the active stages

and those to destroy the active stages of the insect at other seasons—or prac-

Prof. Aldrich first discusses the mat-ter of destroying the eggs in winter. This has been tried but without suc-

year-old trees on which eggs were found. These were marked so they could be readily found at the proper time. Before the buds were swonen in the spring the spraying was done. A

number of different mixtures were em-ployed in the spraying operations. Pure kerosene, crude petroleum, kero-sene emulsion, and various strengths of lime and sulphur were used. The

sene emulsion, and various strengths of lime and sulphur were used. The oil mixtures were not satisfactory, some trees having been injured. The formula which gave best results was one pound of lime, one pound of sulphur and four gallons of water. This was prepared as follows:

First slake the lime in the cooking vat. When slaked add the sulphur and enough water so that the mixture will stir easily, keep it well stirred until bolling begins; boil one hour (Prof. Aldrich boiled the mixture two hours and a half). The mixture should then be completely dissolved, except for the impurities in the lime, and it should be of an amber color. Then add the requisite amount of water, or sufficient to make, with what was added in the first place, four gallons. Pour into a spraying tank through

ed in the first place, four gallons. Pour into a spraying tank through a strainer. In applying this mixture use rather a coarse nozzle and con-

use rather a coarse nozzie and considerable pressure.

The sulphur and lime mixture did not injure the follage in the least, and the eggs did not hatch, except in a very few cases, and it is thought these were missed by the mixture when the trees were sprayed.

Ered Aldrich is somewhat doubtful.

solution gives better results. The greatest care must be exercised, how

Prof. Aldrich says, but it was de termined to work somewhat along this line. An orchard was found in which were a large number of two and three-

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

(DO YOU REMEMBER?)

France and China were on the verge of war, the former being ready to bombard Shanghai in 24 hours unless China agreed to her terms in a territorial

An attempt on the life of the Emperor Francis Joseph was made by derailing a train upon which he was rid ing near Vienna. TEN YEARS AGO TODAY.

Patrick E. Prendergast was executed in Chicago for the assassination of Mayor Carter Harrison,

The greatest of modern railroad strikes was settled by Debs signing the order calling it off.

FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY.

The first bloycle meet on the saucer track at the Salt Palace took place. The first vestibuled street car ever seen in Utah was put on the street.

To Provo Canyon and Castilla.

Via D. & R. G. R. R. \$2.00 for the round trip. Saturday, July 18th, return Monday. Train for Provo Canyon leaves \$100 a. m. and 5:00 p. m. For lastilia 8:00 a. m.

OVER WATER BYRAIL

A Novel Excursion.

A trip to Mid-Lake on the Great Salt Lake by rail, Sunday next. Special train leaves O. S. L. depot 9:30 a. m., return-ing arrives Salt Lake 5:00 p. m. Round

FISHING EXCURSIONS | NEWS" SUBSCRIBERS LEAV-ING TOWN.

All subscribers of the Deseret News in Salt Lake City, who are leav-ing town for the summer can have their papers forwarded to their nearest post-office address without extra charge by office address without extra charge, by notifying the City Circulator of the Deseret News.

EXTENSIVE TRAVELERS

Always go one route, returning an-ther. When you go east ask for tlok. ets either going or returning via Colo-rado Midland. See all the Rockies without additional cost. Through standard and tourist sleepers.

Hair Specialists.

For ladies and gentlemen, Mes Char-lotte Lyngberg and Miss Carrie Leaker, formerly with- Dr. Nell C. Brown, rooms 417 to 421 Constitution building. Phone 2093-x.



2 AND 2

wake 4 in the ordinary course of business; but—there's interest to be considered if part of your earnings is left with us for safe investment. Then there's an-other story which will make 2 and 2 equal 5 in time. Want to know how it's done? Ask here, please, and you will be told cheerfully.

UTAH COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, 22-24 East First South Street.

WRAPPERS.

LINEN DUSTERS.

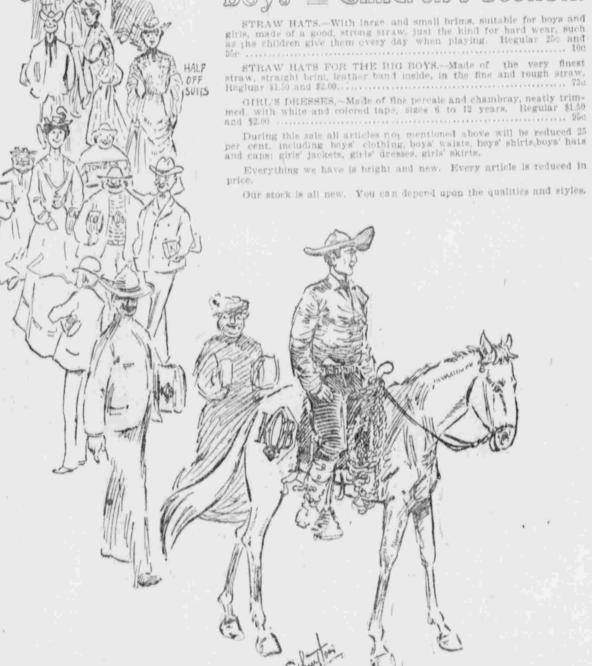
Made of Irish Lines, with and without capes, finely tailored, for traveling and driving these dusters cannot be equaled. \$4.95

STRAW HATS.-With large and small brims, suitable for boys and girls, made of a good, strong straw, just the kind for hard wear, such as the children give them every day when playing. Regular 250 and

STRAW HATS FOR THE BIG BOYS,-Made of the very finest

Everything we have is bright and new. Every article is reduced in

Our stock is all new. You can depend upon the qualities and styles.



Lawn Waists.

Men's Hosiery.

All the latest colors and shades, in men's half hose, in tans, grays and solid effects,

\$1.50 grade\$1.00

Linens, White Goods and Domestics at 25 Per Cent Discount

Table linens, towels, crashes, art linens, linen waistings and suitings, bed-spreads, lunch cloths, damask table-cloths, India linons, Nainsook, long the lawns and domestics, all ginghams, calicoes, percales, shirtings, muslins, sheetings, pillow cases, sheets, comforts, blankets, flannels, etc.

Men's Summer

Underwear.

Men's French balbriggan, regular \$1.00 garment, now\$.50 White and blue ribbed, regular \$1.25 garment, now Blue ribbed, regular \$1.50 gar-stripe, regular \$2.50 garment, now .. 1.75 Men's silk ribbed underwear, in blue and pink, regular \$7.50 garment, now 5.00 Regular linen mesh underwear, \$6.00 suit, now 5.00

Our Entire Stock of Parasols and Umbrellas at Onc-Third Off.

Every statement we make as to a bargain is a fact. Every article in the house at reduced

Why pay the full value of an article when you can get it for less this week. And this is why our store should do the business this week. Especially this week should your shopping be done in the forenoon.

Our Entire Stock of Neckwear and Vailings at One-Third Off.

BARTON'S STORE.

THE RUSH IS STILL ON!

Never before have we experienced-such Clothing Selling in July. The Magnificent Bargains we are sowing broad cast are filling the buying public with satisfaction and gratitude. There are days when we lose money wisely. We let profit and some of the cost go,

that we may enter the fall markets with empty tables and shelves and ready cash, This is go business and explains WHY our \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25 High Grade

Don't delay, for the best goes first, and no more goods to be had at the price. Hats, Shirts, Underwear, Boys' Wearables, etc., etc. All Must Go at Cut Prices.

ONE PRICE TO ALL. BARTON & CO., 45-47 MAIN ST.

greatest care must be exercised, however, in spraying for this insect, and the work must be very thorough, or the lice will get inside the curled leaves and will not be reached. They must be killed by the spray mixture coming in contact with them, and the most thorough work is necessary. The quassia solution is made as follows: Take 18 pounds of quassia chips; put in barrel and pour 10 gallons of boiling water over them; enips: put in barrel and pour 10 gal-lons of boiling water over them; let stand over night, or at least half a day; then pour off the water, heat it to boiling, and dissolve in it 18 pounds of whale oil soap. Dilute this to make 180 gallons of water before spraying.—Western Fruit Grower.

means poorly fed Brain The sure, safe way to a strong active money-making brain is

Poor Memory

to feed it on Grape-Nuts

10 days use will tell you some facts,