NEWS FROM THE FAR NORTH.

Agitation for General Suffrage in Sweden.

CARRIER-PIGEONS FOR NANSEN'S EXPEDITION.

Swedish Soldiers Ready in Twelve Hours if Necessary.—The Danish Government Victorious.

Fifty-four young conscripts have been imprisoned in the city of Stockholm alone during the first three months of the year for having neglected to present themselves for military enlistment.

The lady teachers in the schools of Helsingborg have been forbidden to marry by the first gentleman minister on public holidays. Such they do so, however, they will have to leave their positions at the end of the year.

More than 5,000 people emigrated from Sweden during the first three months of this year, the majority of whom went to America; also 800 people, most from Falkland and Roma, joined the Swedish emigrants from Gotaelve.

Five American students, of whom one was from Philadelphia, one from Washington city and one from Rochester, arrived at Stockholm, with the intention of botanizing during the summer in the northern parts of Sweden and Norway.

The governor of Gothenburg has issued a circular to the bailiffs of his district asking how long a time it would take to mobilize the conscripts of the district. One of the bailiffs answered that "it would take 24 hours, but that if the matter was in regard to Norway, they would be ready in 12 hours."

The third general assemblage in favor of general suffrage in Sweden came off at Stockholm. Seventy delegates and thirty members were present, and a resolution was passed to assemble again next year before October 1, at least 200,000 people, half of whom were to be farmers, would join in exciting delegates.

A terrible accident occurred the other day at Gausaa in the northern part of Norway. Early in the morning, while the fishermen just had pushed their boats from the shore, a furious storm commenced to rage, sweeping many of the small crafts to pieces. As far as it is known, at least twelve couples were drowned.

Two hundred and fifty men working at the deepening of the harbor of Copenhagen have struck, and the engineer contractor has threatened to follow suit. The dragmen, who transport bricks, have struck, and all building is at a standstill. Four hundred dagger and two hundred carpenters, and a great number of bricklayers are without work in consequence of the lockout. The majority demand a rise in wages of ten ores. They, however, declare themselves displeased with their socialistic ringleaders.

"The Norwegian Carrier-Pigeon Society" has offered to supply Dr. Nansen with a requisite number of letter-carrying pigeons for his intended polar expedition, which would be of particular practical use when either searching parties would start from the steamer "Vega," if embedded in the ice, and to return to the steamer with news. It will probably be the first time carrier-pigeons have been used in such high latitudes, and there is some doubt still whether they will stand the rigorous climate.

Odgren is the name of a Swedish journalist and venturesome sportsman. He lately crossed the North sea in an open rowing boat. At present he is giving popular lectures in the fisheries on the West coast. He is also an excellent horseman, and intends to ride across the American prairies next summer, and spend most of his time on horseback, until the Chicago Fair, when he will write special articles for several Scandinavian newspapers. After that he plans to make a rowing cruise among the Grecian archipelago, where smooth water favors such an undertaking.

King Oscar has left Stockholm for Harzin. He is expected to return in the latter part of June. The latter part of the summer he intends to spend in the south of Sweden and in Norway. The Queen has gone to Germany and is living near Bonn, where she will be visited by her sister the Dowager Princess of Wied. She returns to the Chateau of Sophiero in the South of Sweden about midsummer, after which she goes for a month to Norway. The Democratic Prince Eugen will visit California shortly to make studies for a grand sylvan picture, which he intends to exhibit at the Chicago World's Fair.

The election to the Danish Folkething resulted in a great victory for the government. The new Folkething consists of 102 members. The Radicals have hitherto been in the ascendant, but this time lost eleven, because of the union that had been agreed upon between the Conservatives and the moderate Liberals. Among the defeated Radicals were Mr. Horrion, the editor-in-chief of the Politiken, and his colleagues, Herr Henning Jensen and Mr. Bing. But Edward Brandes, the author, was elected. The outcome of the election was the greatest victory the present cabinet has scored, and the government will now for a long time be able to carry successfully its reactionary measures.

In learned circles in Sweden the question has been raised, and is eagerly being discussed, whether there is not a mode of spreading enlightenment and elevating the thoughts of the general populace of the land, and which would not cost the state a cent. It is proposed that the students of the universities at Upsala and Lund, numbering some 3000, during the long summer vacation should give regular free lectures to the farmers, mechanics and laborers in their various places of sojourn. A vast deal of good may be looked for as a result from such a great number of young and enthusiastic teachers in their several branches, and the promoters may be congratulated upon striking a happy medium, the union between the drivelings of fanatical cranks and the raving of anarchistical ones which at present engross the attention of the comparatively illiterate multitudes. It is already proposed to induce few of the wealthier students to wed their equally mentally educated countrywomen in America, which would be a welcome accession of many people, who do not yet understand enough English to benefit by lectures and instructions so liberally supplied in this free and enlightened country.

WORLDS' FAIR NOTES.

The Salvation Army intends to show at the Exposition in a complete manner its whole scheme of moral and social reform.

The general list of the World's Fair buildings will be pale ivory, several of them, however, will show modifications of that color.

Fifty-five of the months in Illinois have been organized for Exposition work by the women members of the State World's Fair board.

Miss Laura Johns, of Decatur, Ill., has been awarded a prize of $25 for the best design for a seal for the Illinois Women's Exposition Board.

The liberation of carrier pigeons and the keeping of a record of their flight will be an interesting feature of the live stock exhibit at the Exposition.

A model in miniature of Fort Sheridan, situated near Chicago and prepared by the chief U. S. military station, will appear in the government exhibit.

A relief map showing San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara and Santa Cruz Counties, Cal., is being prepared at an expense of $10,000 for exhibition at the Fair.

George W. Childs, the Philadelphia philanthropist, signalized his visit to the World's Fair grounds on May 5th by planting a linden tree on the "wooded island."

Italy has finally decided to take part officially in the Exposition, and has entrusted the management of participation to the various commercial chambers in the principal Italian cities.

A movement is on foot in New York to induce the legislature to donate that state's building at the World's Fair to the Chicago organization known as the Sons of New York, which is composed of Chicagoans born in the Empire State.

William Saunders, Executive Exposition Commissioner for Canada, says that a large and excellent exhibit from the Dominion is assured. It will be especially notable in the lines of agriculture, dairying, minerals and manufactures.

Liberia, the negro republic, has accepted the invitation to participate in the Exposition. Forty-five nations and thirty-one colonies and provinces have now accepted, and the aggregate of their appropriations, with thirty yet to hear from, is $4,845,995.

The principal commercial organizations of New Orleans have united in a petition to the State Legislature of Louisiana, which assembles this month, to make a World's Fair appropriation of $40,000. A bill making such appropriation has been drafted.

Philadelphia's contribution to the Pennsylvania exhibit at the fair will include a number of articles of great historic interest. Among them are the clock and chairs used in the Continental Congress, and the celebrated portraits of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

The prospect is that the engineering congress, which is to be held in Chicago, in 1893, under the auspices of the World's Congress Auxiliary, will be a gathering of very great scientific importance. Of the $15,000 estimated to be necessary for its expenses, $10,000 have been raised.

From Holland an offer has been made to the Holland society of New York and the St. Nicholas society of Brooklyn to construct and present to them an exact reproduction of the "Half Moon," the ship in which Henry Hudson discovered and explored the river which bears his name.

Mrs. Viola Fuller, of Mitchell, S.D., has applied for space in the Woman's building for a unique and beautiful opera cloak, the only one of its kind existing. The garment, which is fifty-seven inches in length, and circular in design, is composed entirely of certain small and exceedingly delicate feathers of prairie chickens.

The New York State building at the Exposition, as shown by the plan which the commissioners have approved, will be one of the most commodious and artistic of all. It will measure 97 by 193 feet, be two stories high, and covered with "staff," treated to represent marble. The estimates cost it from $80,000 to $100,000.

Prof. Charles D. Walcott of the United States Geological Survey intends to have at the World's Fair an exhibit which will illustrate a section of the earth's crust by specimens of the rock strata placed in their proper relative positions, and by collections of the characteristic fossils shown in connection with the formations in which they are found.

Helena, Montana, will send to the Exposition a meteor, discovered near that city. It is composed of nickel and magnetic iron, and is in two pieces of ninety and seventy pounds respectively. It is reported that when found these pieces were in a hole in the ground large enough to contain a house, from which fact it is inferred that the meteor exploded when it struck the earth.

The Brazilian minister at Washington has notified Director-General Davis that the republic of Brazil will send a special commissioner to Chicago to arrange the preliminaries for its exhibit at the World's Fair. Brazil applies for nearly 30,000 square feet of space divided among the department buildings of the Exposition, the being aside from the space that country takes for the erection of the pavilion for official headquarters.

The New York School of Industrial Art and Technical Design for Women, of which Mrs. Florence E. Corey is principal, will make a notable exhibit in the Woman's building. It will contain the work of 500 women, pupils of the institution. In the line of preparing working designs for tony brussels and ingrain carpets, tapestry, table linen, wall paper, chiffoniers, stained glass screens, window shades, embroidery, lace, calico, prints, etc., and also many finished fabrics made from these designs.

President Harrison has accepted the invitation, conveyed to him by a committee, to attend the dedication ceremonies of the Exposition buildings next October. It is believed certain that every member of the President's Cabinet and of the Supreme Court, and nearly every senator, congressman and governor, also, will be present on that occasion. The President manifests very great interest in the Exposition and keeps himself thoroughly posted concerning it. He has said repeatedly that he stands ready at all times to do all within his power in its behalf.

Chairman Corthell, of the general committee, who went to Europe last fall in the interest of the congress, invited thirty-six engineering societies to participate by sending delegates. About twenty-seven of these societies have accepted, and not a single declination has been received. The interest in the congress among the engineers of Great Britain and the officers of the great engineering societies of that country was not less than that shown on the continent.

The allotment of wall space in the Fine Arts building to various nations for the hanging of pictures, to be exhibited at the World's Fair, has been made as follows:

Nations.	Linear Feet.	Hanging space, Feet.
United States	1,175	18,800
Great Britain	1,150	18,400
Canada	181	2,896
France	1,000	16,000
Germany	1,000	16,000
Austria	1,000	16,000
Belgium	175	2,800
Italy	350	5,600
Russia	350	5,600
Sweden	175	2,800
Denmark	175	2,800
Spain	175	2,800
Portugal	175	2,800
Norway	175	2,800
Mexico	175	2,800

The space applied for had to be cut down in almost every case, for the simple reason that the aggregate exceeded the total space that is available. The space allotted to Great Britain, Germany, etc., as a rule, includes that for their colonies. In the space allowed France 4,000 feet will be devoted to French masterpieces owned in America.

Don't tell lies, no matter what happens. You are sure to be found out.

The University of Wisconsin is doing more for university extension than the rich educational institutions of the older states.

A book written by an American author may now be copyrighted in Germany and the author secure his profit on it, the same as at home. But it will always be well for the American author first to see whether he can get any profit on his book at home.

After the public lands in the west have all been taken up by the homeless it will be time to develop and occupy some of the neglected land in the older states. There is enough of it to sustain many millions more people than inhabit these localities at present.

Where the United States forms with a nation a treaty granting us the right to try our own citizens by our own laws for offenses committed in that country, the foreign nation can only deliver American criminals to our consuls or to our minister resident there. This happened when Lieutenant Hetherington killed Robinson in Japan. He was tried for the murder by the consular court at Yokohama by what was said to be American law and acquitted.

The present method of making newspaper pictures, by what is called the photoengraving process, is so universal that we scarcely have always had it; yet the inventor of this been to newspaper picture makers, Mr. John Calvin Moss, was only fifty-four years old when he died in New York a few weeks ago. He organized the first company to work his process in 1871, and that company failed. He shortly afterward started in business again, and it has been within the past ten years that newspaper illustration has had its boom.

Heard in the Streets.

A writer in the Boston Herald calls attention to the vile and profane language heard among boys in the streets. The evil is increasing. A refined person cannot walk even a few blocks without his ears being assailed by a torrent of words which affect him like a stream of foul water showered upon him. The young reprobates who thus shock decency go out of their way to lug in improper language, apparently for no other reason than for the pleasure of saying the most blasphemous and filthy words they know. They have no regard for any human being. As often as anybody else it is delicate and refined ladies thus insulted by them. It is not only the newsboys and the young unwhipped cubs of the lower 10,000,000 who thus outrage common decency. Often it is the squally unwhipped cubs who are the sons of wealthy parents. You know that from their fine clothing, which ill belies the language of the wearers.

The thing ought to be stopped. Societies for the prevention of vice ought to take the matter up. Teachers especially could perhaps do more than anybody else to make these boys cleaner minded on the streets. As to parents—well, it is their fault that the boys thus outrage good manners and good morals.

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SPECIAL BANNER SALE

6 SALE DAYS. 6

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Monday, May 16.

3c. UNBLEACHED SHEETING, 36 ins. wide. 3c. the pair, LADIES' HOSE, Fast Black, full regular spliced heels and toes, 15c.

25c. each, LADIES' CHIFFON LACE BOWS, 25c.

PRICES FOR THIS DAY ONLY.

Tuesday, May 17.

Promptness at 9 A.M. we will sell

3c. per yard, 36 inches wide, BLEACH'D MUSLIN, 3c.

25c. each, CHILDREN'S SUNSHINE SILK HATS, 25c.

$1.75 each, LADIES' DOUBLE BREASTED BOX COATS, in tans only, $1.75.

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Wednesday, May 18.

Prompt at 9 o'clock. The Store is Hard, the Goods Cheap, and the Goods Good yet.

4c. yard, SEERSUCKERS in Plaids and Stripes, Fast Colors, 4c.

25c. each, TURKISH TOWELS, 25c.

75c. LADIES' BLAZERS, all Wool, High Shoulders, in black only, 75c.

PRICES FOR THIS DAY ONLY.

Thursday, May 19.

Our Regular Prices are Always to be the Lowest—This day we Venture out Superlative.

5c. yard, DRESS GINGHAMS, Fast Colors, 5c.

2c. yard, 10-inch CRASH TOWELING, 2c.

10c. each, GENTS' SILK TIES, all Silk.

PRICES FOR THIS DAY ONLY.

Friday, May 20.

Attend our sale this day. Every Department has special Inducements.

2c. yard, LAWN DRESS STYLES, Fast Color, 2c.

25c. each, GENTS' CREAM KNIT SHIRTS and DRAWERS, 25c.

50c. LADIES' CASHMERE JERSEYS, all Wool, 50c.

PRICES FOR THIS DAY ONLY.

Saturday, May 21.

We are all Tired Today, Something the Matter—one of Prices.

$2.50. LADIES' CAPE, 24 ins. long, Appliqued Yoke and Collar, in Tans and Gray, $2.50.

5c. yard, BEDFORD CORD DRESS GOODS, Solid Colors, 30 ins. wide, 5c.

15c. yard, CREAM TABLE LINEN, 15c.

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