

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Terrible gale on the English coast. Destruction of vessels and loss of life. Servian plenipotentiaries and Hafvet Pasha. A South Carolina Hayes elector ineligible. Eastern Question affairs. New York World on republicanism. Parade forbidden at Columbia. Drury, Salisbury and Beaumont on the Eastern question. Rindgepat at Hull. Electoral Commission proceedings. Don Platt indicted and arrested. Huny naturalized. An express company robber caught in Colorado. Fire at Fairview, Pa., \$30,000. Bank failure at Montreal. Shipwreck and suffering of the survivors. Eating the dead. Congressional proceedings. Republican scheme to put Hayes forward. The St. Louis fire. Talk in Washington. Grant on Nichols. A House committee and a Senate committee come to a mutual understanding. Don Platt disclaims.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A gang of five men, pretending to be mechanics, sent to inspect a gas meter, obtained entrance to the house of Mr. Amos S. Seelye, in Chicago, Monday afternoon, held the servant girl and a small boy at the point of a pistol and knife, knocked Mrs. Seelye down, rifled the house, barricaded the inmates in a closet and got off without detection. The subscriptions for the family of the cashier of the Northfield, Minn., bank, who was murdered by burglars, amounts to between seventeen and eighteen thousand dollars. Colonel Gordon, the African discoverer, has been appointed governor of the province of Sudan. The committee on Agriculture in the Missouri Legislature have reported a bill offering five dollars a bushel for grasshoppers. Mrs. Kate Field has accepted a permanent position on the London Examiner. She also contributes to the Hornet, has written a play for Herman Vesin, also a blank verse poem, and is fulfilling a theatrical engagement in London. At Alton, Illinois, a bride expectant bought some lotion to remove freckles or pimples from her face. She either bathed her face with the lotion or took it inwardly, and the next morning she was a corpse. "Don't count your chickens before they are hatched." The republican party leaders were depressed and the democratic party leaders were elated over the passage of the electoral commission bill. But, now they see how it is working, the tables are turned, and the latter are depressed while the former are correspondingly elated.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

To-morrow will be a general holiday in commemoration of the anniversary of the birth of the first President of the United States, which occurred 145 years ago on the Virginia bank of the Potomac. It is fitting that the memory of good and great men, who have wielded remarkable influence upon the destiny of the country, should be revered with feelings of patriotic enthusiasm. For such men are none too numerous. They may rightly be made much of, and their memory be kept fresh and green in the minds of their countrymen, that their virtues may be kept in view and emulated by those who come after them, to the end that the country may be and remain soundly prosperous. It is fitting, too, at this particular time, when party spirit runs so high, and when political corruption prevails so extensively, that the example of those who are believed to have been pure patriots should be looked up to, and held up often before the whole republic, that peradventure many of the people may become at least copyists of the noble traits discoverable in the best representatives of American citizenship and manhood. All may not be Washingtons, but all may look upon the virtues of Washington, and strive to the best of their ability, to rival him therein. For this reason and with this purpose, then, it is good to lay aside ordinary duties for a day now and then, and reflect upon men and things of high character, measure ourselves and our acts conscientiously by the standard thus recalled to mind, see how we stand, and whether the signs are of an advancing or of a retrograde character, and proceed accordingly.

A STORY ABOUT ARIZONA.

A Detroit correspondent tells to the New York Herald a wonderful story of an ex-soldier of the Michigan cavalry brigade, the remnant of which, after the surrender of Lee, was marched into Colorado to finish its time of service. The story relates that in July, 1865, Charles Burton, a scout with the brigade, induced five privates to desert and follow him. Four of them deserted him the first night and returned to the brigade. The fifth, Henry Reynolds, is the hero of the story. Burton and the scout picked up stragglers, teamsters and half-breeds to the number of 36, with the object of plunder. Burton and Reynolds quarrelled and separated, after a fight, six of the band following Reynolds. On the South Fork of the Platte, near Long's Peak, Reynolds and party were attacked by Indians, four of his men killed, the rest captured, two burned at the stake, and Reynolds surviving with the Indians. In 1867 he was sold to another band, and taken into Arizona, near the head waters of the Rio San Pedro, on its west bank. In 1868 he fell and broke his arm, and the Indians, considering him a useless burden, counselled to put him out of the way. A squaw, with whom he was in love, informed him of this purpose. So he and she eloped. They were pursued, but fruitlessly. The two lived in the mountains till May, 1870, when the squaw died, and Reynolds worked his way eastward. In 1869, the squaw made a discovery which is thus told: "In the fall of 1869, while they were hunting for some warm and secure place in which to pass the winter, the squaw made a wonderful discovery. She found, on the western base of the mountains, at a bend in a ravine or gulch, a cave which had been fashioned from the earth and rock by human hands. Within a distance of fifteen miles from this cave were the ruins of three Aztec villages. Fair evidences that a road had once led from one of the villages to the cave. The cavity, Reynolds says, was walled by, and he took him and the squaw a hole day to retrace the work of the ancient stone masons and effect an entrance. He says there were hundreds of bodies in the cave, or the black dust of hundreds of bodies. As to his further discoveries he is silent, but he has exhibited to several wealthy residents of this State curious and valuable ornaments in gold, such as have never been seen here before. Last year he returned to Michigan, and ever since then he has been seeking to interest men in his scheme to revisit the mountains. He is also said to have obtained means to push his enterprise, and has left Michigan with a band of twenty-five men for San Diego, for that purpose. Such is the story, believe it who may.

Representatives Lawrence, Burdick, and McMillan.

Senator Kelly presented the objection to the certificate of Cartwright, Odell and Cronin, signed by Senators Kelly, Boyd, McDonald, Stevenson and Cooper, and Representatives Field, Tucker, Lane, Jennings, Snyder, Lane, Johnston, Poppleton, and of Ohio, Hurd and Luttrell. The grounds of objection are: First—The papers purporting to be the certificates of the Governor of Oregon are required to be made and signed by section 133 and 138 of the United States Revised Statutes. Second—The names have not been annexed to them the names of Cartwright, Odell and Watta as electors, to which the seal of the State of Oregon was affixed by the Secretary of State of Oregon, and signed by the Governor and Secretary, as required by section 133 of the general laws of Oregon. Third—It was the right and duty of the Governor of Oregon, under the laws of that State, to give the certificates of election or appointment as electors to John C. Cartwright, W. H. Odell and E. A. Cronin, being the three persons capable of being appointed presidential electors, who received the highest number of votes at the election held in Oregon, on Nov. 7, 1876. Fourth—Cartwright and Odell had no right or authority in law to appoint Watta to be an elector, and he had no right or authority in law to fill the vacancy in the office of presidential elector on that day. Fifth—Cartwright and Odell had no right or authority in law to appoint Watta, inasmuch as they did not, on that day, compose a quorum any part of the electoral college of Oregon, as by law constituted. Sixth—They had no authority to appoint Watta, because, on that day, Watta was still postmaster at Lafayette, Oregon, and was still on that day holding said office of postmaster. Seventh—Watta, who claims to be an elector on the above described certificate, was in February, 1873, appointed postmaster at Lafayette, Oregon, and was duly commissioned, and qualified as such postmaster, that is, he was appointed and took the oath of office under the laws of the United States, and continued to be such postmaster from February 1873, until after November 13, and was acting as such postmaster on November 7, when the presidential electors were appointed by the State of Oregon, and that he was appointed presidential elector. Eighth—When the governor of Oregon caused the list of the names of the electors of the State to be made and certified, such list did not contain the name of Watta, but did contain the name of Cartwright, Odell and Cronin, who were the duly appointed electors of the State in the State of Oregon.

By Telegraph.

PAR MEXICAN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE. TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES. CONGRESSIONAL. SENATE. WASHINGTON, 21.—The Senate returned from the joint convention and resumed business. Sargent, from the committee on appropriations, reported back the deficiency appropriation bill, with sundry amendments; placed on the calendar. Mitchell, from the committee on privileges and elections, submitted a report on the case of the Oregon electors, and asked that it be printed in the journal. Objection being made by Davis and Kerrass, Mitchell withdrew his motion and the report was ordered printed in the usual manner. HOUSE. WASHINGTON, 21.—The House met at 10 o'clock, and after reading testimony to sustain the objection to the electoral vote of Daggett, of Nevada, Springer, who made the objection, offered a resolution that the vote be counted. He explained that the objection had been made in describing the office held by Daggett as that of a United States commissioner. Why?—The testimony shows that he held the office of clerk of the United States court. A vote on the resolution was taken and agreed to without a division. The House and Senate then met in joint session to continue the count. After reading the resolutions of each house on the counting of the vote of Nevada, the tellers announced that they had cast three votes for Hayes and Wheeler. They followed in succession the States of New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina and Ohio. The presiding officer then opened and handed to the tellers the certificate received from Oregon. It was read, and proved to be the original of the three Hayes electors, Cartwright, Odell and Watta, executed before a notary public. The papers contain a full statement of the doings of the three electors, and the resolution of Watta as postmaster, his subsequent choice by the other two electors, the original ballot cast by the three electors, &c. They were read in full. The presiding officer then handed to the tellers the certificate of the three electors, Cronin, Miller and Parker, authenticated by the signature of the Governor and Secretary of State, with the seal of the State attached. This certificate gives two votes to Hayes and Wheeler, and one vote to Tilden and Hendricks. Senator Mitchell presented objections to the certificate of Cronin, Miller and Parker, on the following grounds: First—Because neither of said persons was ever appointed elector by the State of Oregon in any manner whatever. Second—Because it appears from the records and the paper contained in and attached to the certificate of Odell, Cartwright, and Watta that they were the duly appointed electors, and cast their votes as such. Third—Because it does not appear from the face of Governor Grover's certificate, attached to the returns of the votes of Cronin, Miller and Parker, that such certificate was issued to the three persons having the highest number of votes for electors, but was issued by him to persons whom he deemed eligible, though one of them (Cronin) was not appointed thereto according to the laws of Oregon. Fourth—It appears from the certificate of I. S. Chadwick, the secretary of state, that Odell, Cartwright, and Watta received the certificate of votes, and that the secretary of state, in pursuance of the law, declared, and that, therefore, the certificates of the governor, in so far as it omitted the certificate name of Watta as one of the electors appointed, and in fact such certificates contained the name of Cronin as one of the electors appointed, false to conform to the act of Congress in such cases made and passed under the laws of Oregon, and that such certificate is, as to said Cronin, without authority, and of no effect. Fifth—Because it appears from the certificate that Odell and Cartwright, the two electors, and that the electoral college, were duly appointed electors by Oregon in the manner directed by the legislature that their record, presented to the President of the Senate, by him to the two houses, should be a record of the certificates of the House on the day issued by law for the meeting of the Senate, and that the certificate name of Watta as one of the electors appointed, and that this objection is signed by Senators Mitchell and Sargent, and

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Just Arrived at TEASDEL'S! An Elegant Stock of Ladies' Flannel-Lined Shoes, at \$1.75 per pair. FLOUR. If you want Extra Good, buy the New Process, At TEASDEL'S. Other Brands of XXX on hand from \$2.75 to \$3.25 per Sack, At TEASDEL'S. DAY & CO. SELL THE FINEST NEW FRUITS, CANDIES, NUTS AND A HOST OF OTHER HOLIDAY GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY! OMAMA TRADE. STEELE & JOHNSON, Wholesale Grocers, 200 N. 13th Street, Omaha, Neb. CHICAGO TRADE. N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. NEW EDITION. DOCTRINE AND COVENANTS JUST PUBLISHED! PACKERS OF PURE BURNED LARD. ST. LOUIS TRADE. M. RUMSEY & CO. Pumps and Fire Engines.

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At Logan, Cache Co., Utah, Feb. 18th, 1877. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the sum of \$100.00, from the estate of the late THOMAS H. BOYD, son of Thomas and Janet McNeill. Decidedly born in Trenton, county of Baldwin, Scotland, Dec. 18th, 1817; was baptized when eight years of age; moved to Logan in the Fall of 1839; was married to Miss Mary Ann Smith, of the same place, in the year 1841; and was a member of the Presbyterian Church of that place; died on the 18th of February, 1877, at the age of 59 years, and was buried in the cemetery at Logan. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss.—C. W. DENVER, 91.—John Dennis, who stole \$3,000 from the express company at Syracuse, N. Y., last November, has been captured at Santa Ana, N. Mex., by Agent Henry Mountain Detective Association of this city. An Express Robber Caught. DENVER, 91.—John Dennis, who stole \$3,000 from the express company at Syracuse, N. Y., last November, has been captured at Santa Ana, N. Mex., by Agent Henry Mountain Detective Association of this city. At East Denham, Lindl. Hampshire, Scotland, Dec. 18th, 1876, I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the sum of \$100.00, from the estate of the late THOMAS H. BOYD, son of Thomas and Janet McNeill. Decidedly born in Trenton, county of Baldwin, Scotland, Dec. 18th, 1817; was baptized when eight years of age; moved to Logan in the Fall of 1839; was married to Miss Mary Ann Smith, of the same place, in the year 1841; and was a member of the Presbyterian Church of that place; died on the 18th of February, 1877, at the age of 59 years, and was buried in the cemetery at Logan. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss.—C. W. DENVER, 91.—John Dennis, who stole \$3,000 from the express company at Syracuse, N. Y., last November, has been captured at Santa Ana, N. Mex., by Agent Henry Mountain Detective Association of this city. At East Denham, Lindl. Hampshire, Scotland, Dec. 18th, 1876, I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the sum of \$100.00, from the estate of the late THOMAS H. BOYD, son of Thomas and Janet McNeill. Decidedly born in Trenton, county of Baldwin, Scotland, Dec. 18th, 1817; was baptized when eight years of age; moved to Logan in the Fall of 1839; was married to Miss Mary Ann Smith, of the same place, in the year 1841; and was a member of the Presbyterian Church of that place; died on the 18th of February, 1877, at the age of 59 years, and was buried in the cemetery at Logan. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss.—C. W. DENVER, 91.—John Dennis, who stole \$3,000 from the express company at Syracuse, N. Y., last November, has been captured at Santa Ana, N. Mex., by Agent Henry Mountain Detective Association of this city.

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