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AT THE

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**CentenniaL**

World Exhibition,

1876.

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LEAVE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Daily Express | 10:30 a.m. |
| Mixed | 5:30 p.m. |
| Freight | 8:30 a.m. |

ARRIVE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Daily Express | 6:15 p.m. |
| Mixed | 3:40 p.m. |
| Freight | 2:15 p.m. |

Daily connections made at Ogden with Central Pacific R. R., and with Utah Central road for Salt Lake City and all points in Southern Utah.

At Bryan with stages for Sweetwater mines.

At Cheyenne with Denver Pacific road for Denver, Central City, Georgetown and all points in Colorado and New Mexico.

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# EVENING NEWS.

Friday - - November 30, 1877.

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### Last Night's Dispatches.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

**SENATE.**

WASHINGTON, 29.—Immediately after the reading of the journal an inquiry was made whether some little time could be given to the ordinary morning business. The Vice President replied that the pending resolution for the admission of Kellogg was a privileged question, and could not be laid aside excepting by unanimous consent.

Sargent thereupon asked unanimous consent for the consideration of the Paris Exposition bill, and expressed belief that it could be disposed of in fifteen minutes.

Whyte and others objected, and the Senate resumed consideration of the Kellogg resolution. The pending question being on Saulsbury's amendment to recommit the whole subject to the privileges and elections committee, with instructions to take testimony upon certain charges that Kellogg, in connection with the returning board, perpetrated frauds to procure his election to the United States Senate.

Hill took the floor and made some extended remarks, which were substantially a repetition of his speech of yesterday, arguing that the Senate could not rightly or decently refuse to investigate the charges now made by Spofford, and that witnesses were ready to develop facts never before developed. He said the testimony already taken stenched the whole earth, but he affirmed that the half had not been told, and that the chief agent, chief conspirator, and chief actor in the frauds was now, for the first time, before the country, and stood here, to day, asking admission to this Senate. He added, however, with reference to the frauds which he believed had been committed in Louisiana in connection with the electoral vote, that it was gratifying to know that the gentleman who finally came into the office of President has no complicity with these frauds. No man would dare stand up and say that Mr. Hayes had any complicity in them, but to admit Kellogg would be a crime against the popular government, and bring a blush of shame to the cheeks of every lover of the popular government of the world.

Wadleigh remarked that Hill, in his seat, had again gone beyond the record and gone beyond what Spofford himself alleged before the committee. Wadleigh also expressed the opinion that the proposition to take further testimony was designed simply as a measure of delay and to get other cases ahead of the Kellogg case.

McDonald stated that the testimony offered by Spofford would lift the veil from the secret sessions of the Louisiana returning board, and show that Kellogg was admitted to them, and took part in throwing out certain parish returns, &c. When the proof should be made it would also reach some other men who have not as yet been much named in this connection. The proof could be made, and he spoke with knowledge in saying so.

Conkling, sarcastically, said he would like to know whether the refusal of the committee to stop the wheels of business for this investigation was made before or after the committee had been so strongly charged by certain senators with having delayed this very case—a case which, it had been said, demanded immediate action, because a sovereign state was being kept in waiting.

Wadleigh replied that Spofford's request was refused after these complaints had been made.

Conkling proceeded to remind the Senate that more than one democratic senator had arraigned the committee for delay. A democratic senator had also insisted that Spofford's credentials should not be referred to the committee on the grounds that the facts were all fixed. Conkling quoted similar declarations, and placed them in contrast with the present demands of the democratic senators for further investigation and delay. He characterized the pending proposition as an attempt to make the committee a police court to go to the Gulf for witnesses to obtain facts touching the character of Kellogg, and the declaration made a few days ago by Hill, to the effect that the Senate was not called upon to inquire whether a claimant to the seat in the Senate (Butler) had or had not been privy to murder in the Hamburg massacre to secure his election.

This reference to Butler called forth remarks from Gordon, Saulsbury and Merriman, earnestly defending him from the charge or imputation, or that he had any complicity in the Hamburg massacre.

Patterson also stated that Butler had prevented the perpetration of any KuKlux outrages in Edgefield County, and that he was in no way responsible for the Hamburg massacre.

Cameron, of Wisconsin, and Sargent, rejoined by reading testimony going to show that Butler was largely responsible for the Hamburg outrages. Sargent also quoted from the address of colored citizens of South Carolina, showing by their statements that Butler was the author, instigator and executor of the barbarous crime, and that it was committed for the purpose of giving the political control of the State to the democrats, and to help the Butler elections.

Saulsbury then commenced another speech upon the Louisiana case, but at 4 o'clock, yielded for the motion of Conover for an executive session, which was agreed to without discussion, and after half an hour's session, with closed doors, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

### EASTERN.

**Speaker Randall Explains.**

WASHINGTON, 29.—Statement having been made that the reason for there not having been proper service at the life saving station near where the disaster to the *Huron* occurred, was an insufficient appropriation. Speaker Randall, in a note to the agent of Associated Press, says: "I beg leave to direct your attention to the following extract from a speech delivered by me in the House of Representatives on the 14th of August, 1876. For life saving and life boat stations our appropriations are in excess of those made last year. We gave this year $237,680, while the amount we appropriated last year was $231,580. Surely we cannot be charged with injuring this humane service of the government when we have, in this democratic House, appropriated more than was appropriated by the previous republican House. I find, upon examination of the act of last year, which embraced the expenditures for the current fiscal year, that the amount appropriated was $238,000, an increase even either of the two prior years."

**Shot by a Colored Man.**

PHILADELPHIA, 29.—This morning John H. Brown (colored) shot Wm. Kelly, son of Congressman Kelly, while riding on the street car. The wound is probably not fatal. The assailant had been drinking, and shot Kelly without any provocation.

**Another Bank Defrauder.**

LA FAYETTE, Ind., 29.—The Second National Bank closed, yesterday afternoon, owing to the defalcation of Chas. L. Mayo, cashier. The shortage will reach $60,000, reported to have gone into Chicago speculations. This is the first bank failure in this city for twenty years.

**Gen. Ord and the Texas Pacific R. R. Troubles.**

CHICAGO, 29.—*The Times'* Washington special says, General Ord will arrive here to-morrow, to testify before the House military committee regarding the troubles on the Texas Pacific railroad. The latest advices are that the Mexican government is concentrating a large force on the Rio Grande, near Camargo, a commercial and military key to Mexico. Capitalists there have subscribed liberally for the construction of a railroad along the coast to the Rio Grande City, opposite Camargo, which would afford a better means of defence than forts or military posts, by enabling a speedy distribution of the transportation of troops along the seaboard.

**Again on the War Path.**

NEW YORK, 29.—A Washington special says information has reached the authorities here, that while the Sioux Indians were being removed from the Red Cloud agency to the Missouri River, seven hundred of them broke away, and are now on the war path. These who have thus deserted are operating in the Deadwood country, and have already attacked trains and caused general consternation.

Gen. Terry has issued orders to the United States troops to prepare for a winter campaign.

**Tilden and the Presidency.**

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: It is impossible to conceal the fact that many republicans in Washington are by no means easy in their minds over the rumors that Tilden is to be declared the lawfully elected President of the United States by a joint resolution of Congress after the democrats have gained a majority in the Senate. Some of the republicans openly avow their belief that the plans for such a *coup d' etat* were long ago perfected, and that the attempt to secure the admission of Gen. Butler and Eustis to seats in the Senate before a vote was taken on the Kellogg-Spofford case, is part of the programme. It may not be that the democratic managers of this scheme propose to put it in operation during the present winter, even if such a plan actually exists, although there are some indications that if such a resolution should be introduced in the Senate during the December session, it might possibly be passed.

### FOREIGN.

**GREAT BRITAIN.**

**The London Press on Earl Derby's Eastern Policy.**

LONDON, 29.—The *Times* and *Daily News* unqualifiedly approve of Derby's declarations regarding England's policy in the East. Those journals, which usually support the Government, find them very unsatisfactory.

The *Times* says: Lord Derby has at last, we may presume, returned a final answer to the clamors for war with Russia in defence of Turkey, and his words will give perfect satisfaction to the great majority of his countrymen.

The *Standard* says: At the time when the Government is accused of not knowing its own mind, and of not having a definite policy on the eastern question, the country will read with interest Earl Derby's speech to the deputation, which waited on him, yesterday, to inform him that Constantinople was in danger, and that he really ought to do something, especially if he could get Austria to help him. The Foreign Secretary was able to point out that the policy of the present government, to wit, the abandonment of Turkey except so far as our own interests require that we should resist her enemies, was resolved upon and declared even before the agitation concerning the outrages in Bulgaria. Having thus re-assured his audience that the policy of the government was not dictated by St. James' Hall, and would not be uttered by it, Lord Derby was able, also, to say, "We have spoken in as strong terms as diplomatic usage permits of. The necessity of not allowing Constantinople to pass into other hands than those that now hold it, upon that point I can only refer you to the language we held at the beginning of the war, from which we do not intend to depart in the slightest degree." Lord Derby's second point was, that although we need not yet talk of intervention, still should it come to that, we must not rely upon Austria. One of the deputation had said that Austria was ready to do something provided England encouraged her. The reply was explicit. "I think I can lay claim for myself that I have missed no opportunity of knowing what are the ideas and feelings of the Austrian Government, and I content myself with expressing my dissent from this opinion." The *Standard* further says England has a stake in the issue of the conflict which it is impossible for her to forget or ignore. Of the bystanders she is the most nearly interest in either of the two possible results of the battle, the total colapse of Turkey, or private arrangements between her and Russia. Any day may bring us news of either events, and when that day comes, how shall we be prepared for it? That is the question which the English people are now asking themselves, and we are sorry that Earl Derby cannot give us anything more comforting than the well-worn assurance that Constantinople is not to pass into Russian hands.

**Eastern War News.**

A Vienna correspondent states that the rumors of negotiations for the surrender of Plevna are contradicted from the Russian camp itself. Turkish prisoners, moreover, assert that Osman Pasha has supplies for many weeks, and that he has addressed his officers announcing his intention to hold out to the last man. Either owing to these reports or other information, it seems the expectation of the Russians of a speedy surrender are somewhat diminished.

**ITALY.**

**The Pope's Condition.**

ROME, 29.—The Pope passed a sleepless night. His rheumatic pains are aggravated, and it is feared they may attack the heart. His holiness is passing through a dangerous crisis. Cardinal Simeoni, in consequence of the opposition of the strong party at the vatican, is inclined to resign the secretaryship of state. The Pope hesitates to accept his resignation.


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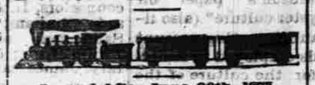

On and After June 20th, 1870.

| Name of Station. | No. 1 Passenger. | No. 3 Freight. | No. 5 Freight. | Fare. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Trains leave | | | | |
| Salt Lake | 7 00 | 3 45 | | |
| *Wood's Cross | 7 28 | 4 16 | | 50 |
| Centreville | 7 38 | 4 26 | | 50 |
| Farmington | 7 50 | 4 33 | 1 00 | |
| Kaysville | 8 13 | 4 53 | 1 3 | |
| Arrive at | | | | |
| Ogden | 9 00 | 5 40 | 2 0 | |

| Name of Station. | No. 2 Passenger. | No. 4 Passenger. | Fare. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Trains leave | | | |
| Ogden | 9 40 | 6 20 | |
| Kaysville | 10 31 | 7 10 | 1 00 |
| Farmington | 10 53 | 7 31 | 1 25 |
| Centerville | 11 04 | 7 44 | 1 50 |
| *Wood's Cross | 11 13 | 7 53 | 1 75 |
| Arrive at | | | |
| Salt Lake | 11 40 | 8 20 | 2 00 |

*Passing places.

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*On and after Dec. 13th, 1876.*

Going South.

| Name of Station. | No. 1 Passenger. | No. 3 Freight. | No. 5 Freight. | Fare. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | A. M. | P. M. | |
| Trains leave | | | | |
| Salt Lake | 7 00 | 6 10 | 2 00 | |
| Little Cottonwood | 7 38 | 6 45 | 2 38 | 50 |
| Junction | 7 48 | 7 15 | 2 55 | 75 |
| Arrive at | | | | |
| Sandy | 7 52 | 7 25 | 3 15 | 1 00 |
| Leave | mxd | | | |
| Sandy | 8 03 | | | |
| Draper | 8 15 | | | 1 25 |
| Lehi | 9 08 | | | 1 75 |
| American Fork | 9 20 | | | 1 90 |
| Pleasant Grove | 9 32 | | | 2 00 |
| Provo | 10 15 | | | 2 50 |
| Springville | 10 30 | | | 2 75 |
| Spanish Fork | 10 51 | | | 3 00 |
| Payson | 11 23 | | | 3 50 |
| Santaquin | 11 43 | | | 4 00 |
| Arrive at | M. | | | |
| Ter[illegible] | 12 00 | | | 4 0 |

Going North.

| | No. 2 Passenger. | No. 4 Freight. | No. 6 Freight. | Fare. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | |
| Trains leave | | | | |
| Terminus | 12 20 | | | 25 |
| Santaquin | 12 97 | | | 50 |
| Payson | 1 17 | | | 50 |
| Spanish Fork | 1 49 | | | 1 00 |
| Springville | 2 06 | | | 1 25 |
| Provo | 2 25 | | | 1 50 |
| Pleasant Grove | 3 08 | | | 2 00 |
| American Fork | 3 20 | | | 2 10 |
| Lehi | 3 32 | | | 2 25 |
| Draper | 4 22 | | | 2 75 |
| Arrive at | | | | |
| Sandy | 4 37 | | | |
| Leave | | | | |
| Sandy | 4 47 | 9 15 | 5 00 | 3 00 |
| Junction | 4 51 | 9 25 | 5 10 | 3 25 |
| Little Cottonwood | 5 11 | 9 55 | 5 40 | 3 50 |
| Arrive at | | | | |
| Salt Lake | 5 40 | 10 30 | 6 15 | 4 00 |

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## UTAH NORTHERN RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER

**November 1st, 1877.**

Trains on this road will leave stations mentioned below as follows:

NORTHWARD.

| | No. 1. |
|---|---|
| Leave Ogden | 9.30 a. m. |
| " Brigham | 11.06 a. m. |
| " Logan | 3.55 p. m. |
| Arrive at Franklin | 4.25 p. m. |

SOUTHWARD.

| | No. 2. |
|---|---|
| Leave Franklin | 9.20 a. m. |
| " Logan | 11.45 a. m. |
| " Brigham | 2.40 p. m. |
| Arrive at Ogden | 4.15 p. m. |

Gilmer & Salisbury's Stage Line, to and from Montana, connects with trains at Franklin.

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JOS. WALKER, JOHN A. KNIGHT, JOHN REES, JOHN F. GILLAD.

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AND THE

***Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman***

ON the Subject,

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AND

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