

THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY EXCEPTED
AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

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EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Thursday, Jan. 7, 1876.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The business men and other leading citizens of New Orleans and Louisiana are still protesting against and condemning Sheridan's partisan telegrams to the Secretary of War.

The chairman of the conservative central committee of Louisiana appears to be calm and patient under the outrages that are being heaped upon them.

Irwin, the ex-Pacific Mail agent, was before the U. S. House of Representatives yesterday, and, refusing to answer a certain question, he was committed to jail.

In a debate on Louisiana affairs in the U. S. House of Representatives yesterday, one of the speakers declared that General Sheridan had lost the first regulation of a man and a soldier—the love of truth.

The congressional committee have closed their investigation at New Orleans.

The Nevada legislature has nominated Sharon for the U. S. Senate.

A jury has been impaneled at San Jose, Cal., for the trial of the notorious scoundrel Tiburcio Vasquez.

Castellar is preparing to quit Spain before the arrival of the new king.

McMahon has sent a message to the Assembly, urging the passage of constitutional bills.

The resignation of the ministry is intensely exciting and, it is said, led to the resignation of the ministry.

The bark *Ascension* has been lost at sea, and several of her crew drowned.

The Bank of England has fixed its rate of discount at five per cent.

The French ministry has resigned.

In his testimony before the congressional committee, yesterday, Governor Kellogg said that a plan had been formed for the assassination of President Grant.

The postmaster at San Francisco has been commissioned Brigadier General of the State militia.

Two Protestant newspapers have been suppressed at Madrid.

The legislatures of Missouri and Michigan convened yesterday.

The Director of the U. S. Mint thinks the project of redeeming the fractional currency with silver coin quite feasible.

The New York Times pronounces a scathing denunciation of the course of Sheridan at New Orleans, for synopses of which see telegrams of to-day's review.

King Alfonso has started for Spain, accompanied by his sister.

In a message to the Ohio legislature, to-day, Governor Allen called attention to recent movements of the U. S. forces at New Orleans.

He says that if such things are lawful, the law which sustains them ought to be at once repealed; if there is no such law, then there ought to be an indignant protest, and some action by Congress, to prevent hereafter such outrages on civil liberty.

Frederic Williams, Elector of Hesse, is dead.

The Indiana legislature met and organized to-day.

Governor Gaston, in his message to the Massachusetts legislature, to-day, strongly denounces federal encroachments on the rights of the State.

The House of Representatives to-day, passed the Senate bill providing for the resumption of specie payment.

ANOTHER BRIGHT MAN IN THE WRONG PLACE.

Sheridan may be an admirable general in real war times. But his conduct at New Orleans, as reported, makes him appear as a most unfit man for the pacification of a country, or for pouring oil upon the troubled waters of political antagonism. He appears to have no competent ideas of settling civil disturbances other than by the red right hand of war. He unsheathes the glittering sword, brandishes the glittering bayonet, and wants Congress or the administration to formally deliver up those whom he considers the enemies of the State to him, when he would let all the dogs of war and exterminate them. The man who talks in this way when there is no civil war, when there is no insurrection, when there is no outbreak, talks like a —, well, not like a wise man and a sagacious statesman. The General is evidently spoiling for a fight. His hot Irish blood urges him to have a state of war declared, so that he may plunge into the thickest of the fray, in military-donkeybrook fashion. In fact he seems to be getting quite excited over affairs in the South, and to be ready to swear to anything that is bad and fearful concerning the spirit and doings of those who do not worship him nor approve the vile and illegal deeds of the radical Republicans down toward the Gulf. The last heard from him he was shouting to the administration in Washington that he was in the midst of banditti who were breathing assassination to him, that the whole atmosphere, in spots, was impregnated with the spirit of assassination, but still he was not afraid. Nevertheless he will be likely to keep outside those particular spots where the air is so obnoxious to men of his political stamp. But he wishes it to be distinctly understood that he is not afraid, and backed by the bayonets of his infantry, the sabres of his cavalry, and the cannon of his artillery, he virtually exclaims, "Come on, come on, this rock shall fly from its firm base as soon as I."

The General may be a very brave man and an excellent soldier, but he is a poor hand to superintend civil government. That is not his sphere. In it he is entirely outside of his element. His fish out of water, and his spasmodic ebullitions of authority, and semi-frantic appeals for martial law, are ridiculous, or would be if they were not so seriously dangerous to the principles of the government of the United States.

More insanity.—This morning a man was brought in from (San) Valley, and taken to the insane asylum.

IMPROVEMENT.

There is a call for the impeachment of President Grant by the next Congress, the idea being manifestly very strong that such an appeal would not be heeded by the present Congress, in consequence of its intensely partisan character.

The next House of Representatives being very differently constituted to the present one, may take up the subject and actually impeach the President. If such should be the case, it is doubtful whether the Senate would convict, no matter what the charges or argument, the Senate, then at sit, not being so radically changed in its complexion as the House. But the act of impeachment by the House would manifest and fix the sentiment of that body regarding the peculiar course of the President, and could not be regarded in any other light than that of unequivocal censure, although the impeached might consider himself a much abused man, notwithstanding the fact of his receiving double salary.

The "iron and blood" system of government, of which Grant and some of his lieutenants seem to be so much enamored, may be all very well on the field of battle, or in an enemy's country, but it is a most miserable apology for an enlightened government in a democratic-republic like the United States, and should be promptly discouraged and disavowed by the people and their representatives, and the official sticklers for it should be put where they will do the least harm, and that with all reasonable dispatch.

PEACE AND DIGNITY.—The New York Journal of Commerce has the following from Washington—

"It is said in high official circles here that the United States troops now in Louisiana are sufficient to preserve the public peace and dignity should violation be threatened."

Recent events go to show that there are troops sufficient there to preserve the public peace, but the public dignity is another thing entirely. Troops are as liable to impart that as to preserve it, judging by the present Louisiana muddle.

THE CARPET-BAGGERS AT THE BOTTOM OF IT.—Treating of Louisiana affairs, the Sacramento Union of Jan. 3 says—

"Neither party is blameless, but the secret of the quarrel is probably traceable to the carpet-bagging politicians, who have been for years assailing every power they have held in that State by the most infamous methods."

CRIMES, CASUALTIES, ETC.

Accounts of fires, deaths by accident and violence, disasters at sea, etc., received by telegraph during the month of December.

FIRES.

2. Fire at Wilton, N. H., loss \$97,000.

Fire at Karna City, Pa., loss \$100,000.

Fire at Medina, N. Y., loss \$50,000.

Jelly works burned at Lebanon, Del., loss \$50,000.

Fire in East New York, loss \$50,000.

Fire in the Courthouse, 8. Daniel's printing establishment at Lillo, the largest in France, burned, loss \$300,000.

American Print Works at Fall River, Mass., partially burned; loss \$30,000.

Fire at Port Washington, Wis., loss \$10,000.

Custom house at Ontario, Canada, burned.

Rolling mill burned at Montreal, Canada, loss \$20,000.

A church burned at Bridgeport, loss \$60,000.

10. Novelty spice works, at New York burned; loss \$35,000.

Foot office and other buildings burned at Darien, Ga., loss \$50,000.

Fire at Charleston, West Virginia, loss \$200,000.

Fire at Lyndonville, Vt., loss \$25,000.

11. Reform School at Waterbury, Vt., burned; loss \$50,000.

Incendiary fire at St. George, Southern Utah, burned seventy-five or eighty tons of lumber.

12. A shoe factory burned at Campbell, Mass.; loss \$115,000.

13. Several fires at Boston, Mass., and vicinity; loss about \$750,000.

14. Fire at Ausable Forks, N. Y.; loss \$125,000.

Cotton press at Charleston, S. C., burned; loss \$250,000.

Starch factory burned at St. Charles, Mo.; loss \$25,000.

Severely damaged buildings burned at Bangor, Me.; loss \$70,000.

15. Business part of Forest City, Ark.; loss \$30,000.

16. Fire at New York, loss \$30,000.

17. Fire at Chicago; loss \$30,000.

18. Fire at Riverside, Ill.; loss \$50,000.

19. Fire at Vernon, Mich.; loss \$10,000.

20. Woollen mill burned at Calhoun, Tenn.; loss \$30,000.

21. Fire at New York, loss \$30,000.

22. Fire at Cincinnati; loss \$70,000.

23. Fire at New York, loss \$30,000.

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100. Fire at New York, loss \$30,000.

FOUR MEN KILLED NEAR SMOKE'S FERRY, MASS.

A boy killed by the explosion of a locomotive boiler, at Delaware.

Edward Madden, editor of the *Merced*, Cal., *Phoenix*, shot and killed by E. G. Jones, a miner near Wilkesbarre, Pa.

Two passengers killed by an accident on the Central Pacific railroad.

Dr. F. H. Beck committed suicide by poison in Salt Lake City.

Number of lives lost by a storm on the British coast and killed.

Charles Davis shot himself through the head, at San Francisco.

Mrs. Mangin and child burned to death, at Beaver Falls, Minn.

A rough named O'Neill shot through the heart by a rough named Hall, at Blomark, D. T.

A man named David Lynch killed by falling from the bridge of the Germania works, Birmingham, U. T.

W. H. Jones murdered Mrs. Barry and himself at Charleston.

Five men drowned by the capsizing of a schooner near Providence.

Persons lost at sea on the coast of Santander, Spain.

Two burglars fatally shot at Hamilton, L. I.

A family of five children, named Doerich, drowned at Freshness, N. J.

Sixteen persons on board the steamer *Mongol*, drowned at sea.

Edward Lynch killed by a mob at Des Moines, Iowa.

Eight persons, on a British collier, drowned in the Bay of Biscay.

J. A. Olman assassinated at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Seven persons killed at Angers, France, by the falling of the market house roof.

Thirteen men killed at Sedalla, Ill.

Four men killed by a railway accident in East Tennessee.

Captain Bourne, of the Brooklyn police, shot and killed.

Two hundred persons killed by the explosion of a powder magazine, at Soutari, Turkey.

Richard Smith fatally scalded at New York City, U. T.

Six persons killed by a boiler explosion, at Angoules, Wis.

A. W. Hodges shot and killed at Lancaster, Ky.

Four men killed at Bergen, N. J.

Wm. McCaulin died from the effects of morphine, at Beaver City, U. T.

One man killed by a boiler explosion at Boston, Mass.

Bellevue, thirty persons killed by railroad and colliery accidents in England.

Thomas Dahl fatally shot at Windsor, near S. L. City, U. T.

Mr. Spence, of the Buchanan Co. Co., fatally shot.

Mr. Newberry, living near Columbus, O., murdered.

Mr. E. E. Ryall, fatally stabbed at New Orleans, by ex-Governor Warmouth.

Rev. J. M. Coombs cut his throat, at Washington, D. C.

John Hannon murdered at Erie, Pa.

Four men killed by a collision of steamers at Williamsburg.

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