of course, every Territory ought to be admitted into the Union as soon as possible consistent with the welfare and needs of the people. The Territorial system is ble consistent with the welfare and needs of the people. The Territorial system is contrary to the principles upon which our government was established. It denies to the people who live under it any voice in the affairs of the General Government, but statehood should never come until all the conditions which are necessary to build up a great and patriotic commonwealth are perfectly fulfilled."

With a pat of approval on the back of the Utah Commission the Governor closes hisable report. With that body he has a fellow feeling. Statehood would place him in the same box with It as defunct. Of course, statehood for Utah is a dreaded consummation. No official hankers to be a political corpse. But since there is no present effort to rush Utah into the Union as a State, the terrors and declamations of those who "oppose it with all the ability and power they possess are a little premature and quite suggestive of personal reasons for their tremors and apprehen-

The Governor's Report for 1891 is altogether the best he has written, and the most comprehensive and statistical. ly valuable of any gubernatorial report that has been made from this Terri-

ENGLAND AND THE M'KINLEY BILL

EXPORTS from Bradford, England. to the United States for the month of September show a decrease of \$1,617.-280 as compared with the returns of September, 1890. The dispatch which imparted this intelligence from England also stated that the American fariff law was proving ruinous to the trade of Bradford. In Sheffield the situation is even worse, because some manufacturers of that city are transferring their plants to the United States. The Sheffield Telegraph says that one of the largest cutlery firms in the place has moved its works to this country. Speaking of the McKinley bill the Telegraph says:

"Its promotors meant it to push forward the policy of America for Americans. One way of realizing it was to keep all the work within theirown dominions. The country was to be made self-supplying. What could be made self-supplying. own dominions. The country was to be made self-supplying. What could be produced at home was not to be bought abroad. That was the crux of the Mc-Kinley scheme, and it is working out the ideas of its designers with the preciseness and effectiveness of a machine. Manufacturers are naturally reluctant to give exact and candid information as to how they are affected in any particular marexact and caudid information as to how they are affected in any particular mar-ket, but when a single industry falls off by nearly fifty fifty per cent. it is sheer folly to hope to hide the fact."

The Telegraph goes on to say that this method of procedure on the part of Americans, or, as it calls them, "Yankees" is unfair and inequitable; that the tariff advocates aimed at a displace. ment of capital and labor and that Washington monument.

Sheffield artisans are now idle because "Yankee" craftsmen are unable to cope with them in fair and honest competition.

AN EMPHATIC DENIAL.

WE have given place to some explanations concerning the treatment of dipsomania at the Keely institution in Dwight, illinois. We have also printed some of the experiences of persons in Utah and elsewhere who claim that they have been cured by that process. There are people who are always skeptical upon any subject that may be presented, particularly if it is new to them. Therefore it is not surprising that without any special reason for disputing the facts that have been published, doubting persons have ridiculed and denied the statements of those who ought to know the truth.

A short time ago the press dispatches brought word of the death of some individuals who had gone to a branch institution for treatment, and their demise was attributed to the bi-chloride of gold administered at that place. A lady of this city who had witnessed the cure of many inebriates and the rescue of a near relative from destruction by the use of opiates, through the treatment at Dwight, was quite exercleed over the dispatches. She wrote at once to learn the facts and received the following letter:

"DWIGHT, Ill., Oet. 24, 1891 "Dear Madam—Your letter of Oct. 20th is with us today and we hasten to assure you that there is no truth in the reports which you hear. There was a report pringed about our Institute in Pittsburg losing three cases in a short time, but upon careful examination we find that one was not under treatment at all, one was was not under treatment at all, one was killed in a railroad accident, and the other we were unable to learn the particulars of the case. In our Institution here we have not had more than one death this summer, and that man died shortly after he came from heart trouble.

"Very truly yours,

"The Leslie E. Keeley Co.
"John R. Oughton Chemiet"

"JOHN R. OUGHTON, Chemist."

We see nothing remarkable in the death of some individuals while undergoing treatment at one of these institutions. It is surprising that they are not frequent. Men who have almost ruined their systems by alcoholic poison, or the opium habit, go to these places by hundreds, and it is marvellous that many do not die while the radical change is being effected in their habits and desires. However, we are pleased to be able to give the above emphatic contradiction of the report-It affords another proof that "half the lies that are told by telegraph are not Frine 22

The tower in Madison Square Garden, New York, is 341 feet high, the highest in the United States except the

CLEAN UP FOR WINTER.

This is the time of year above all others when the sceds of disease are planted. Broadcast over the country are scattered millions of tons of vegetable products which if not collected and destroyed must rot where they happen to fall. The gases which arise from all such collections of vegetation are poison. If on the banks of a stream, they poison the water, and if in the immediate neighborhood of a dwelling, they carry infection into the very atmosphere of the household.

Iu the case of a great many malignant diseases that mysteriously attack and carry to their graves, otherwise strong and healthy children, and sometimes older people, these vegetable emanations are the direct and only And though cause. the disease may be communicated by contagion, death itself might still be the result of the plentiful nourishment afforded to the disease by these products of decay. There is no form of putrifying vegetable or animal matter that is not baneful to human health.

What is true of the leaves, weeds, and so forth, that are falling in heaps everywhere, is doubly true of the various forms of household filth that are too often allowed to accumulate near residences. During the season of growth the effect of these products of decay is counteracted by the tremendous absorption of the gases by the growing vegetation of which these very poisons are the main source of subsistence. But now that absorption has ceased and all these rank products are unloaded upon the air we breathe.

The sequence to these facts ought to be comprehended at once. It may be expressed in two small words, "Clean up." Not a vestige of this putrefying regetation should be left unburned or unburied, either in cities or at country homes. To of diapose auch matter Is a small labor now, but pretty soon the snows will come and then it will be too late. It should be constantly remembered that cleanliness as a positive law of heaven should be likewise a prominent law of man. In dense communities particularly it is an essential law of li'e.

THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

As a legal proposition the Mayor was right Nov. 3rd in his ruling that Mr. Pickard's motion against the Marshal was out of order. The City Marshal's office is elective, just as much as is the Mayor's. Under the old ordinances a. Chief of Police was to be appointed by