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LAST EDITION.

The Czar Has Made Demand

On Turkey for Exemplary Punishment of the Murderers of The Russian Consul at Monastir and Also of All Civil and Military Officials in Any Way Responsible for Crime—Much Excitement at Constantinople.

Petersburg, Aug. 10.—The czar has demanded the exemplary punishment not only of the murderer of the Russian consul at Monastir, who was killed last week, but of all officials in any way responsible for the crime.

The assassination of the Russian consul at Monastir, M. Rostkowski, is the second murder of a Russian official in Macedonia within a few months, and has created intense indignation here. In reporting the occurrence to the foreign office, the Russian ambassador at Constantinople telegraphed Aug. 8 as follows:

"The Russian consul at Monastir has fallen the victim of an atrocious crime. The grand vizier and the Turkish foreign minister have come to me with expressions of regret in the name of the sultan. The sultan has also informed me that the assassin was a gendarme named Halim and that he will be subjected to the severest punishment, and that the consul will be taken from his post."

In reply Consul Lamsdorf, the foreign minister, telegraphed to the ambassador Aug. 9:

"His majesty has received a telegram from the sultan expressing his deep regret at the death of the Russian consul at Monastir. His majesty has also ordered that the assassin should be punished with the utmost severity, and that the consul should be taken from his post."

According to the report made by the official now in charge of the Russian consulate at Monastir, the murderer is a gendarme. The consul asked his name, because, in defiance of instructions, the gendarme did not salute him. The gendarme thereupon fired several shots, mortally wounding the consul in the head and hip. The horse drawing the carriage in which the consul was riding received two bullets and shots were also fired at the coachman.

Excitement in Constantinople.

Constantinople, Aug. 10.—The murder of the Russian consul Rostkowski, has caused intense excitement here. The streets are full of people, and the atmosphere is one of great tension. It is felt that it will undoubtedly encourage the Bulgarians to support the insurrectionary movement, which is spreading rapidly, notably to the southward of Monastir.

According to mail advices from Monastir dated Aug. 8, the insurgents who recently occupied the little town of Krushevo, 32 miles north of Monastir, numbered 500. They killed the garrison consisting of 50 soldiers, dynamited and burned the town, and then fled. They held on to a hill a red flag, bearing "Death or Liberty," and on the other side the words "Bulgaria, Bulgaria." The rebels were still in possession of the town when the letters were sent off.

Practically the whole country north of Monastir is in revolt. The Turkish official reports state that fresh bands of revolutionary forces in considerable numbers have crossed the frontier from Bulgaria during the last few days. The leading Bulgarian officials, however, deny this and declare that the strictest watch is being kept along the frontier.

CONSUL ABUSED THE GENDARME.

Belgrade, Serbia, Aug. 10.—According to the latest reports received here regarding the murder of the Russian consul at Monastir, the gendarme who was doing sentry duty for not saluting him and called him a "pig of a Turk." Then he struck the consul with his rifle butt. "Next time, perhaps you will know me," the gendarme thereupon fired upon the consul.

It is stated that M. Rostkowski was hated by the Turks on account of his friendly relations with the Bulgarians.

M. Rostkowski has been in Macedonia

for 20 years. He knew the inside of almost every village in the province and was regarded as a friend of the Christians. He was a believer in the tradition that an everbearing manner was best in dealing with orientals.

Last May the consul had an experience apparently similar to the incident which led to his death. He went to the village of Mogli, six miles north of Monastir, to investigate the Turkish excesses there. The Turkish troops had conducted the village and a sergeant seized the bride of M. Rostkowski's horse and attempted to stop the consul. The latter, without any warning, struck the sergeant. His action placed him in imminent danger until his identity was revealed.

SITUATION GRAVE.

Vienna, Aug. 10.—Officials here realize the gravity of the situation arising from the murder of M. Rostkowski, but believe that Russia in spite of the British attitude can be obtained pending the receipt of information regarding the length to which Russia will go in exacting reparation for the murder of the consul.

It is expected, however, that the Russian demands for the punishment of the murderer and the responsible officials will be followed by others of greater international interest and affecting the whole Balkan situation.

It was stated today by a diplomat in a position to know the czar's policy that the emperor had no intention of precipitating war, and that before dealing with the international situation in Turkey, Russia will communicate with Austria and demand the other signatory powers of the Berlin treaty with at least part of her plans.

The state of affairs in Macedonia was brought up in the house of commons. Premier Balfour declared he was unable to give any satisfactory assurance regarding the situation. The latest news received from the government, he said, was far from reassuring.

Mr. Balfour acknowledged the ill success of the efforts of Europe in the Macedonian question since the signing of the treaty of Berlin, but he thought that the critics of English diplomacy should not forget the extraordinary complication in the difficulties of the task. There were grave grievances arising from a deep-seated disease. He deplored the non-success of their efforts to deal with the situation, but he was still hopeful that the plan recently devised by the British government would prove the best way of dealing with the problem. It was therefore the duty of the rest of Europe to support them as long as their efforts were directed to the non-abandonment of the amelioration to the lot of the population of Macedonia.

It must sorrowfully be admitted "that the revolutionary bands themselves were one of the chief obstacles to the success of Europe's efforts." The lurid picture drawn of the plan recently devised by the British government, Mr. Bryce, was not painted in colors any too dark. Between the outrages deliberately planned by the revolutionists and the license of Turkish troops the historical truth required him to say that the balance of criminality lay rather with the revolutionists than with the Turks.

ED. MANTEI CAPTURED.

He Perjured Himself and Fought an Innocent Woman to Prison.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 9.—A special to the Post-Intelligencer, from Dawson says that Ed Mantel, the man who perjured himself and sent Leola Wagner, whom he accused of robbing him, an innocent woman to the penitentiary from Nome last summer, has been captured in Dawson. While her case was on appeal, Miss Wagner was a broken heart in a Seattle hospital. Mantel has been a fugitive from justice for more than a year.

JUTAH G. A. R. DELEGATION.

One to Grand Encampment in San Francisco Arrives.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 10.—Gen. R. H. Warfield, has resigned as grand marshal of the parade during the G. A. R. encampment, on account of severe illness. Col. Jesse B. Fuller has elected to fill the vacancy. Grand Marshal Fuller is past department commander of California and Nevada, past commander of the Local Legion commandery of California, and has been a member of several committees in connection with the present encampment. He served through the war with the army of the Cumberland, under General Thomas, and was engaged in all the battles between Chattanooga and Atlanta.

The arrival is announced at Los Angeles, where the delegation of the G. A. R. of the Pacific, and they put in the day sight-seeing. They were received at the chamber of commerce and given a hearty welcome by citizens.

The Utah delegation also arrived and other delegations are expected there immediately.

One of the prominent delegates to take part in the encampment will be Capt. J. N. Johnson of Kentucky, who was one of the heroes of the famous Libby prison escape during the civil war. When captured and transported to Libby prison at Richmond, he was in command of company H, Sixth Kentucky infantry at the battle of Chickamauga. He was the leader of the escape from prison when 109 Union prisoners were liberated on Feb. 9, 1864.

Preparations in this city for the reception of the delegates are well advanced and everything points to the grand success of the encampment.

COLORADO SPRINGS AFFECTED.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 10.—The

boy murdered by Horn, was present and probably had more to do with the crowd changing its mind than anyone else. There were plenty of people willing to participate in a lynching and had the fact become known at the time of Horn and McCloud's escape, that Horn attempted to murder the boy, they would have lynched the desperadoes forthwith but the full details of the fight inside of the jail were not given to the public until after Horn and McCloud had been returned to their cells. Nickell excited the people at first with his appeals for a party to storm the jail and burn it down, but he later talked so irrational and silly that the feelings of the people changed to disgust and he was soon left to himself and a few friends.

TALK OF LYNCHING.

There was strong talk yesterday of lynching Horn and McCloud but no one could be found who had the nerve to take the lead. Kels Nickell, father of

CRIPPLE CREEK MINES CLOSED.

Western Federation of Miners Committee Calls Out Miners at Properties Shipping Ores to Mills Operated by U. S. Reduction and Refinery Company.

Cripple Creek, Colo., Aug. 10.—A committee of the Western Federation of Miners made a tour of the district this morning, calling out the miners at the properties which are shipping ore to the mills operated by the United States Re-

duction and Refining company, which has refused to pay the union scale of wages. The miners' independence was one of the first mines closed.

Colorado Springs Affected.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 10.—The

THE SALT LAKE EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

MONDAY, AUGUST 10, 1903. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE
Church of Jesus Christ
of Latter-day Saints

PUT AN AD IN THE "NEWS" if you would reach the purchasers in this city. Our readers look for your advertisement.

FIFTY-THIRD YEAR.

Big Contract For Utah Firm

Manager Wallis of Ogden Comes Home From Los Angeles With News That His Firm Has Been Awarded a \$2,000,000 Construction Contract on the Clark Road Between Calientes and Dagget—Will Employ 2,000 Men

(Special to the "News.")

Ogden, Aug. 10.—Manager W. H. Wallis, of the Utah Construction company, returned home yesterday from Los Angeles, where he has been for the past two weeks in the interest of his company, which bid on the construction work of the San Pedro road between Calientes and Dagget, California. Mr. Wallis brought back with him the good news that his company has been awarded a contract for the construction of 35 miles of the new road. The contract price has not been given out, but it is understood it will reach nearly \$2,000,000. The contracts have been signed and the well known Ogden company will this week send teams, men, scrapers, etc., to the scene of the work. The contract specifies that the work of constructing the 35 miles must be completed by Aug. 1, 1904. This piece of work is considered one of the heaviest on the entire Salt

VACATION FOR CITY OFFICIALS

All Being Well the Municipal Fathers and Other Public Servants Will Tie Themselves Off to Idaho and Oregon On Saturday Evening Next.

Arrangements are being made for members of the Salt Lake city council and other municipal officers to go on their summer vacation about the end of the week. Idaho and Oregon are the objective destinations and the time for starting Saturday evening next. The outing will last about 10 days and will be along the water courses of the two states that offer the best hunting and fishing, particularly fishing. It is understood that most of the members of the council have signified their intention of participating in the excursion and that their wives and daughters will not be included in the outing. The matter will receive informal consideration at this evening's meeting of the council.

Meanwhile preparations are under way to make the affair as pleasant as possible. A scheduled program will doubtless be agreed upon within the next few days.

SIX HUNDRED DROWNED

By Great Tidal Waves That Swept Over the Tsamotu Group of Tahiti.

Old Ocean is Boasting Them, Seemingly Determined to Take Them All Back Into Her Bosom.

Papeete, Tahiti, July 23. Via San Francisco, Aug. 8.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—It would seem that the 90 islands known variously as the Low Archipelago or Tuamotu group, are destined to be reclaimed by the Pacific ocean.

Last January they were swept by a flood composed of high waves from the ocean and the lesser ones from the enclosed lagoons, and in consequence nearly 600 of the inhabitants were drowned and property to the value of one half million dollars was destroyed. And now, six months later, fierce gales from the southwest and southeast have again caused great surging crests to sweep over some of the islands. So far only four persons are believed to have perished, but the fear is great that when all the islands are heard from there may be a distressing list of fatalities.

The steamer Excelsior suffered much damage during the series of gales, while she was on her trip from Tahiti to the Marquesas group.

Three of Tuamotu islands were under water to such an extent that the inhabitants had to climb coconut trees for safety. Houses and stores, crops, and finally the coconut trees were destroyed, while the inhabitants had a close call to death. It is thought that the islands of the group were visited by the storm.

The 10th of July the anniversary of the falling of the battle, and the following week was celebrated here with much enthusiasm.

TROUVILLE CASINO.

Famous French Place Destroyed by Fire Last Sunday.

New York, Aug. 10.—The Casino was completely destroyed by fire on Sunday, says a Herald dispatch from Trouville, France.

The Deauville races had just ended and hundreds of carriages and automobiles were returning toward Trouville when a thick cloud of black smoke was seen in the vicinity of the Hotel de Paris. A report spread rapidly that the Casino was on fire. A tremendous crowd began to travel at once toward the beach, where the flames already were pouring from the building.

A few minutes before the fire was discovered a large crowd had assembled in the main room and gambling was about to begin. M. Fishoff was the banker. Cars had hardly been dealt when a cry of fire was raised. The greatest sangfroid M. Fishoff showed, "Messieurs, pick up your stakes." He then threw down the cards and got up from his seat.

By this time those present were fleeing panic-stricken by the staircases. Women were shrieking and rushing for the doors although there was, of course, no immediate danger.

The fire began in the ceiling of the gambling room and was caused, it is believed, by a short circuit of the electric wires. In a few minutes the whole of the right wing of the building was in flames.

There was a very slow organization to combat the fire. Little water was to be had, as the tide was out. Employees of the Casino began to throw furniture out of the windows and soon the beach was covered with chairs, tables, umbrellas and other furnishings. Fishermen, visitors, sportsmen, and

Grand Army of the Republic, which opens Aug. 14 in San Francisco. A dozen special trains carrying delegates from nearly all the eastern states passed through the city on Sunday.

In the Pennsylvania delegation was Thomas Stewart of Philadelphia, the present commander-in-chief of the national organization. He was accompanied by 75 members of his staff.

The Massachusetts party, comprising 453 persons, in charge of St. Dwight O. Judd, commander-in-chief of the department of Massachusetts also passed through.

Woman Candidate for Senator.

New York, Aug. 10.—The Victorian Women's Federal Political association, announce the candidature of its president at the approaching senate election, says a Times dispatch from Melbourne by wire of London. The constitution, in giving the franchise to men only used the word "he" in the clause defining qualifications for the senate. The federal parliament has since amended the word "he" includes the feminine gender. Eminent lawyers consider the women's claim valid.

Vesuvius Hurls Scorcher.

New York, Aug. 10.—Vesuvius has had a recrudescence of activity, says a Herald dispatch from Naples. The central cone of the volcano is at an unusual height, accompanied by loud rushings.

Senators Stuck on Sand Bar.

Tacoma, Wash., Aug. 10.—When the steamship St. Paul left for Nome 10 days ago, it was stuck on a sand bar of Minnesota. Patterson of Colorado and Dillingham of Vermont were stuck on a sand bar in the Yukon river, 200 miles above Seattle.

Their senators compose part of the senatorial committee appointed to investigate Alaskan affairs. After visiting Skagway and Juneau they went to Dawson and inspected Klondike mines. They started for the mining camps on the lower Yukon on the steamer Van Vleet. After visiting Eagle and Rampart the senators intended going direct to St. Michael and Nome.

Officials at Nome were notified by wire last week of the party's predicament. A scheduled program will doubtless be agreed upon within the next few days.

The Widow's Mite.

Old Orchard, Me., Aug. 10.—A collection of 50 cents from a Maine woman, a widow who said it was the last she had, was the beginning of the collections taken up here by Rev. Dr. A. B. Simpson of New York in the Christian Alliance camp meeting.

The collection was for foreign missions, and \$42,000 were raised in the three principal meetings of the day.

KILLED HIS WIFE, SHOT SELF.

Kent Stow of Buffalo Commits an Awful Deed While Insane.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Kent Stow, son of F. D. Stow, general clerk of the Merchants' Dispatch & Transportation company in New York, and a young man of 24 years, shot his wife early today, killing her instantly and then shot himself with a revolver.

Stow was suffering from malaria fever but was well again yesterday. He and his wife were out for a long drive, returning during the evening in good spirits. They have an infant child, a year old, which Stow said he brought down stairs this morning and left with his parents. A few minutes later his father heard pistol shots from above and rushing upstairs found his daughter-in-law dead and his son unconscious. Mr. Stow stated that his son was suffering from temporary insanity.

Young Stow was 24 years of age. His wife, Pauline, was shot through the head. So far as can be learned, the Stows never had any domestic trouble. They had been married about two years.

M. COMBES' ASSAILANTS.

Roman Authorities Verify Them as Assassins.

Rome, Aug. 10.—The names of the men who attempted to assassinate M. Combes, the French premier, were verified today, according to the official report of the Italian authorities. The report states that the men were Italian anarchists and were caught in the act of attempting to assassinate M. Combes.

MANILA HI MP.

Chambers of Commerce Opposed to New Classifications.

Manila, Aug. 10.—The Filipino, Spanish and American chambers of commerce are strongly opposed to the proposed bill regulating classification and presiding of the Philippine tariff.

NATIONAL BUILDING TRADES.

Over Hundred Delegates Meet in Denver to Attend Council.

Denver, Aug. 10.—Over 100 delegates were present when President E. E. Smith called the annual convention of the National Building Trades council to order in the chamber of commerce.

RYAN BRINGS SUIT.

Arrested for Stealing He Asks Damages for Defamation of Character.

George Ryan, formerly of Oquirrh, Colo., was recently arrested at Oquirrh, Colo., on the charge of stealing a horse, and Ryan, after confinement in the county jail without a hearing or opportunity to secure a bond, was released.

Declines a Call to Westminster.

St. Paul, Aug. 10.—A letter was read at the People's church today from its pastor, Dr. Samuel G. Smith, who is now abroad, stating he had declined the call extended to him some months ago by Westminster chapel, London.

"Not Guilty" Says Mrs. Hodge

Enters That Plea to a Charge of Murder in the First Degree, During a Silence So Intense That a Pin Drop Could Have Been Distinctly Heard—Hearing Postponed One Week—Showed Signs of Nervousness.

Mrs. Aurora Hodge, the self-confessed slayer of William C. Ryan, was arraigned before Judge C. B. Dietl in the city court this morning on the charge of murder in the first degree. In a voice hardly audible to the court, and with downcast eyes, she entered a plea of not guilty. The case was then set for preliminary hearing, the date decided upon being August the 17th, one week from today at 10 a. m.

The proceedings in court this morning did not occupy more than five minutes, but they were solemnly impressive. During the arraignment, a pin drop could have been distinctly heard in any part of the old court room. After the plea had been entered and the date for the examination set, the young woman was gently led from the court room by her brother and assisted into a survey, which drove rapidly away to the county jail.

Mrs. Hodge was brought to the station in a carriage by Sheriff Emery, in company with another prisoner, A. E. Wakeman, the young man charged with embezzling money from the Salt Lake Hardware store. She was met at the door of the station by her attorney, F. C. Looftbour, and her brother, A. J. Larson. The greeting between the young woman and her brother was affectionate but very quiet and unobtrusive. As she entered the crowded courtroom, all eyes were turned upon her and she was the center of attraction until court adjourned.

After the adjournment, she took a chair at the cost of the reporters' table and her attorney and brother took seats near her. She was apparently suffering from nervousness and kept her eyes downcast until the complaint was read.

Mrs. Hodge was attired in a skirt of heavy dark gray material, a spotted white waist and a neat black chignon hat. Her hands twitched nervously and when her brother spoke reassuring words to her, she smiled faintly. There was a breathless silence in the courtroom when Judge Dietl mounted the bench. As soon as Clerk Bernheiser

called out the name, "Mrs. Aurora Hodge," she stood up and listened to the reading of the complaint.

"Are you ready to enter your plea to the charge of murder in the first degree?" Without hesitating the question she faintly said:

"I am not guilty," and resumed her seat.

COMES UP NEXT MONDAY.

County Attorney Westervelt, then asked that the case be set for next Monday morning. Mr. Looftbour stated that, unless an earlier date could be had, that this would be satisfactory. The case was then set for the preliminary hearing over with that as soon as possible. We are ready to proceed in the case, and the owner it is over the better it will be for everybody concerned."

NOTHING NEW.

Attorney Looftbour stated in answer to a question from "The News" reporter, that there was absolutely nothing new in the case, and that Mrs. Hodge had no statements to make. "It is not a question of whether or not the preliminary hearing over with that as soon as possible. We are ready to proceed in the case, and the owner it is over the better it will be for everybody concerned."

CAUGHT AGAIN.

Statement of Mrs. Hodge as to Money Matters is Untrue.

The statement made by Mrs. Hodge to Sheriff Emery at Omaha that J. E. Hodge, a prominent Pittsburg business man, sent her \$5,000 from Los Angeles, Cal., and that it was this money that she used to pay for the trip to the city, is untrue according to a statement of Mr. Lange, who declares that he ever sent her \$45 or any less.

This bit of information will prove quite an obstacle for the defense to overcome as it is claimed by her that she had no money when she was taken at Pittsburg and used by her the \$45 which belonged to her. Now that it is certain that she did not have any money, it is a grim certainty that she committed the crime in order to get the money. The deposition of Mr. Lange in regard to the money matter, will probably settle the case.

THE TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.

Forty-ninth Session Meets in Washington—Nearly All Delegates Present—Secretary Cortelyou and Public Printer Palmer There—Past Year Has Been a Notable One.

Washington, Aug. 10.—The forty-ninth session of the International Typographical union began here today with nearly all of the 315 delegates present. Chairman Whitehead, of the local committee on arrangements, presided, while by his side sat Secy. Cortelyou of the department of commerce and labor; Public Printer Palmer, and a number of other prominent men. Commissioner Farland and Willis Moore, chief of the weather bureau, welcomed the delegates. Mr. Moore, who was formerly

was a printer, congratulated the union upon its strength, and spoke of "the president of the United States as a friend of labor."

President Van Baugh, of the local union, also welcomed the delegates. President James M. Lynch responded to the welcoming addresses. He expressed the opinion that in a few years the union would number 100,000 members.

PRESIDENT'S REPORT.

The report of President James M. Lynch was presented. He says the past year has been a notable one, not only for the international typographical union, but for organized labor in general. The spirit of organization, he says, has prevailed in trades and callings hitherto almost unknown while other organizations have made steady progress and gained in membership.

The report says that the locality of any typographical union is rare. Mr. Lynch urged the adoption of some plan whereby the isolated printer, working in localities supporting from one to six brother artisans, but not enough to warrant an organization, may be reached. In such cases he suggests that such men be attached directly to the parent organization.

THE REPORT CONCLUDES AS FOLLOWS:

"We're doing well. Careful action on the part of the delegates, coupled with moderation and ordinary business sagacity will accelerate our progress, add to our stability as an organization, make our future even more secure, and be of inestimable benefit to the individual typographer in this world of ours. Let wisdom be the watchword."

"If, however," the report says, "the arbitration agreement is signed, with by unscrupulous individuals and made the vehicle for unjust and questionable decisions, through the connivance of any interest in the party, then the cause of arbitration, and the cause of industrial peace will receive a blow from which recovery will not be possible for years."

ADDRESS TO PUBLISHERS.

President Lynch makes his address to the American Newspaper Publishers' association a part of his court and refers to the conditions existing in various cities. He also speaks on the subject of trade union incorporation and says that the convention might well adopt a law forbidding local unions to incorporate except under exceptional conditions and with the sanction of the executive council of the International Typographical union.

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