The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

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STRIKE GOES ON.

Miners Fooled Too Often to Trust Operators.

MINE OWNERS ANXIOUS.

Some Favor Complete Surrender to the Strikers.

FUTURE PROCEDURE UNCERTAIN.

Arrests, Evictions and Marching All Cease While Awaiting Further Developments.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 24.—The final effort to arrange a plan for ending the big coal strike has proved a failure and the strike goes on. At noon a conference between a committee of coal miners and operators, national and district officials, closed and the conference adjourned without day.

The miners' representatives did not recede from their original proposition to settle the strike by arbitration and start the mines at the 69 cent rate.

The operators offered to give the diffference between 54 and 69 cent men, making the price at which the mines shall start 61½ cents per ton, but this was rejected. Then a written offer of compromise was made. One was to start the mines without fixing a price for thirty days and then to pay the rates agreed upon by the board of arbitration. This was also refused by the miners, and they said they had been fooled too often to trust the operators again. They declined to work for a month, giving the operators the option that length of time without knowing what wages would be paid.

A proposition was then made to open the mines for ten days without fixing the price, a board of arbitration to fix the price for that time.

President Ratchford insisted that nothing but the 69 cent rate could be possibly accepted.

The operators were firm, but the miners were equally determined and every argument of the operators was met by the miners' leaders. It was 3 o'clock when the conference adjourned.

President Ratchford gave out the following statement:

"We have disagreed. Our proposition remains unchanged. Neither our proposition to arbitrate was made then a second one along the lines of bringing about a central conference of miners and operators of all mining districts. They refused to lend their efforts in that direction and the strike will be continued. We have no other plans for the future."

Immediately after the close of the joint conference J. R. Z. Pollock held a meeting of the president of District 5 (Illinois) to discuss the situation and outline a plan for future action.

None of the operators favorable plan decided upon at the Cleveland conference to make a fight to shut the miners with the old men if they can be induced to do it at 54 cents or to hire part men to take their places.

Others, however, say they will not be a party to carrying out this plan and are strongly against it.

The outlook after the adjournment of the conference seems to be encouraging for the miners. There is no question as to the anxiety of the operators to get their mines. Nearly every coal company in the Pittsburg district was represented at the Monongahela during the conference.

BOTH SIDES WAITING.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 24.—Quiet prevails at the strikers camp at the Du Bois mines. Both sides are waiting for the decision of the court in the case of the five men arrested on Saturday morning.

The sheriff does not want to go on hauling crowds until he is sure the law is with him, and the strikers seem willing to be arrested if the court will enable the sheriff to making the arrests. Not a ton of coke has come out.

This morning an amount of rails, the remains remained under shelter in person on Greenwalt day, awaiting the coke ovens. Nothing occurs the operators and miners officials in Connellsville.

The threatened evictions at Plum Creek will take place this week as the company discovered an error in the notice served on the tenants which made them illegal. New papers are being prepared. Anticipating the evicts several strikers who occupied company houses have moved out.

Lodge only was pay day at the Plum Creek mines and about 200 of the men received their money. Pay was withheld in all about 150 men on account of the strike. A number of miners threatened to enter suit for the amount due them.

PLACE WHERE STRIKERS LIVE.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Aug. 24.—The mines collected further losses in the Kanawha valley in the upper Loup Creek district along New river on Monday. New river mines I said 500 men at work yesterday, which is a mistake. Normal conditions. In Kanawha 200 more men were at work yesterday which leaves very few men out. Tomorrow I expect the output and Norfolk & Western region comes back in a mass. Another fact in the Pocahontas region today established five mines miners. The mine will shortly be ready to camp, meaning water, taking this to be their interpretation of an injunction given by Judge Goff. It is believed these miners will be ready to work very.

The usual of a coal famine in the Wheeling district has been greatly reduced by the pedding mines over in eastern O to going to work, this being their nearest market.

The strike at Carlisle has caused the loss of one million brick that were half turned. When the miners refused to furnish any more coal.

Delegates to Irrigation Congress.

PHOENIX, Ariz., August 24.—Governor Mount has appointed the following named as delegates to the sixth national irrigation congress which is to be held in Lincoln, Neb., September 28th:

Ex-Governor Hughes, Tucson, Maricopa Cotowater, Prescott; J. N. Smith, Snowflake; C. D. Bepky, Florence; and H. P. Rossier, Phoenix, Ariz.

Dying of Appendicitis.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 24.—Mrs. Hugh Wallace, daughter of Chief Justice Mackey, W. Foster, is dying of appendicitis at Ashford's farm, at the base of Mount Rainier. Dr. Louis Yocum and Harrison and Mr. Walker are at the house. Every thing possible is done to save her life. It is considered doubtful if she can live two days. The doctors have decided that she is too weak to undergo an operation. Messengers are sent on the road between Ashford and Tacoma carrying medicines spaced throughout to be taken in later emergencies. Mrs. Wallace is Chief Justice Foster, who is sojourning at a Maine summer resort.

DIVIDE RICH MEN'S LAND.

Clamor of Italian Peasants for Distribution of Patrician's Estates.

Hundreds of Villagers Attempt to Seize Colonna's Domain—Troops Called Out.

ROME, Aug. 24.—There is considerable agitation among the peasants in Lazio district in favor of a distribution of the vast uncultivated estates of the patrician families. Seven hundred villagers with their wives and children carrying the national flag and headed by a band playing the royal march started from Marino, a few miles southeast of Rome, yesterday to seize and divide the estates of Prince Colonna at Le Frattocchie. The authorities interfered and persuaded them to disperse. Troops have been dispatched to prevent further disturbances.

FUSION IN KANSAS.

To Accomplish this it Will be Necessary to Silence the Populist Platform.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 24.—The chairmen of the Populist, Democratic and free Silver Republican state committees met in conference here and decided that in order to maintain fusion in Kansas it would not be good policy to make opposition to federal courts a leading issue in the coming campaign. The contest will be made upon the silver question and the other demands which have been incorporated in the Populist platform heretofore. It was the unanimous sentiment of the conference that fusion in Kansas in the next campaign would be more complete than it had been at any time in the history of the allied forces.

Cut by a Swordfish.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—When the harpooning swordfish was closed for repairs yesterday it was discovered that a swordfish had run into the vessel and had been struck by a swordfish. The sword had pierced through four inches of planking and gone five inches under the keel of the vessel. The other nine inches was broken off even with the copper sheeting.

THE GLUCOSE TRUST.

A Secret Report to Those Who Invested Heavily Therein.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—One of the good things in the organ note of trusts is the new glucose trust. The quotations on its stocks on the street have reached a point that holdings represented almost double what they cost two or three months ago.

The trading has been particularly heavy in the last few days, when an advance of 15 points was gained.

At the present figure an investment of $1,000 when the trust was formed (if such existed) $9,178 for preferred at 91½ and common at 42.

In another week or so the stores will be listed on the stock exchange and talk of preferred reaching 125 and common 70 very soon increase of prevails among brokers. The price of the common has advanced from 75 cents on June 2 to $1.75 today.

The Canadian Lumber Tariff.

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 24.—It is reported here that Canadian manufacturers of lumber intend to make a strong effort on the part of the Dominion government in the direction of a retaliatory tariff against the government at Washington for lower duties on lumber. The report says the task of endeavoring to get some terms for the admission of Canadian lumber into the United States will in all probability be assigned to John Charlton, M. P., and that it will be much easier for him to do so than it would be for any other man, as he has been instrumental in making the tariff, this not of since has come about.

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STOPPED THE SHOW.

Chicago Chief of Police Closes a Hypnotic Exhibition.

POLICE UNABLE TO WAKE THE BOY,

So the Professor of Hypnotism Had to Do it Under Pain of Arrest—Excuse for Police Action.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The Chicago police force has pitted its strength against the power of hypnotism and the result may be termed a draw. Chief Kipley and six men, as they said, in the interest of humanity, sought to prevent an exhibition of a seven days' hypnotic sleep given at a north side hall and succeeded, but not until they had called upon the professor to release the subject from his mesmeric influence.

The victim was Samuel Burg, a young Danish barber. Burg was put to sleep Sunday afternoon with the regulation passes and it was announced that he would sleep seven days and nights.

POLICE COULD NOT WAKE HIM.

Chief Kipley sent two detectives to make a report on the exhibition. The detectives found Young Burg asleep in the presence of a crowd which included several physicians who explained to the detectives that they were studying the effect of the prolonged hypnotic sleep on the subject. The physicians were losing the effect certainly and that Burg was completely under hypnotic influence. The detectives were skeptical and proceeded to apply such gentle tests as pinching the lady's cheeks, pulling his ears and tugging at his hair. But Burg did not stir. The detectives reported to Chief Kipley, who declared he stop the exhibition and sent a special officer to put that purpose.

Lieut. Eery, with full energy of the exhibition, gave Burg a rap on the head that had not with his club, but the usual treatment prescribed by patrolmen for sleepers was tried at a disadvantage. Burg did not stir.

"It is big and sudden risk has taken a sudden turn," said Lieut. Eery later. "I don't consider it is justified by circumstances. At the same time our action is more than ever and the case will hold no some time apparently."

"It is due, in my opinion, to various causes, one being the big fee second which was agreed by New York, Cleveland got triggered and closed it to cover themselves. I would not wonder if the Chicago authorities on the ar sports or prize, the fee being in view, or purely speculative and surprising."

Mr. Weyl, of the leading firm of W. P. Weyl & Co., at the corn exchange, said:

"The outlook depends, in my opinion, on the financial situation in the other side. If there is no money trouble in the United States I believe wheat will go up another 20 cents. They are importing wheat from Canada and America to the Canada provinces, where they have never imported it before. We have to be so of Europe are in the hands of America. It is in my country we have to look to for our wheat. We mills are buying from Manitoba and Minnesota. Crop is prime, while I do not believe will come. A poor crop in Europe generally is the cause for the rise—I partially agree with the idea of your millionaires go into wheat, having made a good deal out of railways from which they are now withdrawing, the crash will take place."

Frank Wilson of Montgredieu, Eberly & Co. said: "France is a great factor in the situation. I have seen a French buyer just come over from Paris, who said to me of the present French crop, 'The more we see of it, the less we like it.'"

"There was a shortage in France of seven million quintals and they have already bought 3,000,000. If the only source of supply is Russia, it is selling room instead of buying. Here is a sample of a patent of wheat which I offered six weeks ago at 29 shillings and for which I could not get it this morning 41 shillings. That is a hard cast wheat cannot be blighted. I give you my opinion I believe the present prices are too high, and that will rule for some time to come."

On the floor, far and away the biggest mover of the day, Lamson Bros. & Co. sold the line spring from natural conditions, but in all my experience I have never known an advance more sudden and rapid at a time with not any very striking change in the situation. There is, of course, the fact that the whole continental crop is taken by the Russian, leaving the north of England before the harvest is over you will have the price up another five shillings like a shot. The Russian crop is a small one. The condition of France apparently is very serious. The French government can save themselves from the scalpers by a sanitary law in the wheat only if the present prices are maintained.

POLICE FOR THE KLONDIKE

Dominion Government Will Send Them by a New Route.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 24.—The minister of the interior has left for a brief holiday on the Atlantic coast, but before his departure he reached a most important decision. It was to the effect that a small detachment of mounted police should not proceed from Edmonton, Alberta, and endeavor to reach the Klondike country from the eastern slope of the Rockies. Edmonton is the most northerly railway point in the Canadian northwest territory, being 100 miles north of Calgary. The route to be followed is the Peace river, down the Peace river to the Peace river, and down the Peace river to the Peace, and down the Peace river to the Peace, and down the Peace river to the Peace