prosecution of my labors, my public discourses were of a very ragged character; and my hands and my head during the week being full of rags, I could not well divest myself of them on the Sabbath day.

I will here remark for the benefit of the young men in this community: "You know not what lies before you; but whatever labor you may be called upon to do by the servants of the Lord, do it with your whole might, with a cheerful heart, and the Spirit or God will be with you to make the yoke easy and the burthen light." Such was my experience. GEORGE GODDARD.

## NEW TERRITORIAL LAWS.

An Act amending chapter 50 of the Laws of Utah, 1890, entitled "An act concerning the laying out and platting of towns."

Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah:

That (ha,)ter 50 of the Laws of Utah, 1890, be and the same is hereby amended by striking out section 6, and adding thereto the following sections:

SECTION 6. Any owner or owners of land that has been laid out and platted as hereinbefore provided, may, upon application to the city council of the city wherein said land is situated, or to the county court of any county wherein said land is contained, have such plat, or any portion thereof, or any street or alley therein contained vacated, altered or changed as hereinafter provided. Sec. 7. It it is desired to vacate as

Sec. 7. It it is desired to vacate as entire plat, and the land is situated in any incorporated city, an application in writing signed by all of the owners of the land contained in said plat, and by the owners of land contiguous or adjacent to any street or alley in such plat, shall be made to the city council of the city wherein such land is situated, and in all other cases the application shall be made to the county court wherein said land is contained.

Sec. S. The city council or the county court shall at its next regular meeting, after the filing of such application, consider the same, and if the said council or said county court be satisfied that the public not any person will not be materially injured thereby, it shall order such plat to be vacated as prayed for in the petition, which order shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of the county wherein said land is situated.

Sec. 9. If it is directed to vacate a portion only of any plat or a street or alley therein, application in writing may be made for that purpose to the city council of the city wherein said land is situated, and in all other cases, to the county court of the county wherein said land is contained, which petition shall be signed by all the owners of land in the plat or which a portion is toj be vacated, and by the owners of land contiguous or adjacent to any street or alley in such plat, to vacate or alter which, application is made.

Sec. 10. Upon the filing of such application, the city council or county court, as the case may be, shall at its next regular meeting proceed to hear and consider the same, and if the said

council or county court be satisfied that the public nor any person will not be materially injured thereby, it shall order such portion of said plat or such street or alley to be vacated, altered or changed as prayed for in the petition, which order shall be duly recorded in the office of the recorder of the county wherein said land is situated.

Sec. 11. This act shall take effect from and after its approval. Approved February 26th, 1894.

- An act providing for the location of county seats and election of county officers in new counties.
- Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah:

SECTION 1. That whenever any new county is formed in this Territory the Governor shall, within thirty days after the act forming such county takes effect, call a special election to be held in said county within thirty days after such call, for the following purposes:

1. To determine by vote of the registered qualified voters of such county the location of the county seat for such county, and the city, town or village receiving the highest number of votes cast shall be the county seat of such county. Said election shall be held and returns thereof made as provided by law for holding general elections, and the form of the ballot to be used in voting upon said question shall be as tollows:

For county seat of the county of (here insert the name of the county and city, town or village, for which the voter desires to cast his vote).

2. To elect all county officers made elective by the laws of Utah Territory, which officers so elected shall quality and give bonds within the time,"and in the manner as other county officers are required by law to give bonds and qualify; provided, such officers shall file oaths of office with and to the acceptance of the Governor of the Territory; and the said officers shall hold office until their successors shall be elected and qualified. At the next succeeding general election for county officers there shall be an election of the county and precinct officers of such county the same as for officers of other counties.

Sec. 2. All county revenue collected in the year in which such county is organized in the Territory, comprising such county, shall be its property and shall be turned over to the treasurer as soon as elected and qualified.

Sec. 3. That all the property of the county or counties from which a new county may be organized that lies within the territory comprising the new county shall be its property.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its approval. Approved March 3rd, 1894.

- An act to amend chapter 5, of title 13, of the Compiled Laws of Utah, 1888, in reference to larceny.
- Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah:

SECTION 1. That chapter 5, of title 13, of the Complete Laws of Utah of 1888, be amended by inserting after section 4652, the following:

"Section 4652 a. Every person who other points.

with intent to injure or defraud makes or causes to be made any connection by wire or other instrument with any cable or wire used for conducting or supplying electricity for power, lighting, heating or other purpose to one burner or orifice by or at which such electricity is used or consumed for lighting, heating, power, or any other purpose, around or without passing through the meter provided for measuring and registering the quantity used or consumed, or in any other manner so as to evade payment therefor, and every person who with like intent injures or alters any electric meter or obstructs its action, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Approved March Sth, 1894.

An act abolishing the office of collector in cities of the third class.

Be it enacted by the [Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah:

SECTION 1. That the office of collector 1 each city of the third class is hereby abolished and all the duties of said office shall be performed by the treasurers of their respective cities.

Sec. 2. All act and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its approval.

Approved March 7th, 1894.

An Act permitting school boards to establish kindergarteps.

Be it enacted by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah: SECTION 1. That the school board of

any school district in this Territory shall have power to establish and maintain one or more kindergartens in connection with the public schools of said district, for the instruction of children resident therein and between three and six years of age, and shall establish, in case such schools are opened, such courses of training, study and discipline, and such rules and regulations governing such kindergarten schools as said board may deem best; Provided, that nothing in this act shall be construed to change the law relating to the taking of the census of the school population, or the apportionment of Territorial or county school funds among the several counties and districts in this Territory: Pro-vided further, that the cost of establishing and maintaining such kindergartens shall be paid from the school funus of said districts, and the said kindergartens shall be part of the public school system, and shall he governed as far as practicable in the same manner and by the same officers as is now, or bereafter may be provided by law for the government of other public schools of this Territory; vided further, That teachers of kindergarten schools shall have a diploma from some kindergarten teacher's institute, or pass such examination on kindergarten work as the kindergarten department of the Territorial Normal school may direct.

This act shall be in force from and after its approval.

Approved March 8th, 1894.

Pueblo (Colo.) firms are shipping mining machinery to New Mexico and other points.