

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 1.—The Bryan party started for Columbus over the Big Four road at 10:45 this morning, escorted by a delegation of politicians who came here yesterday to attend the meeting. Before leaving the city Mr. and Mrs. Bryan held a short reception at Hollenden. The first persons received were thirty or forty members of the Bryan club of Republicans. In the party were Judge S. C. Parks, delegate to the Republican national convention in 1856, a life long friend of Lincoln who appointed him to the supreme bench of Illinois in 1862; Judge J. H. MacMath, appointed minister to Morocco by President Lincoln; Col. J. F. Herrick and ex-Senator W. H. Hackney. A big crowd followed the party to the station. The train will arrive at Columbus about 2:30.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 1.—According to Japanese advices received today Formosa continues in a state of rebellion against Japanese rule. Japanese forces are kept constantly on the alert in an endeavor to subdue the rebels. Discussing this state of affairs the Japan Daily Mail urges the immediate suppression of uprisings and says:

"There are certain foreign countries that have long turned longing eyes upon Formosa, and are most anxious to gain possession of it. If in view of these repeated disturbances and failures to administer the island the world decides that Japan is not competent to hold it, what a bitter disgrace it will be to her."

Continuing the paper says: The only way in which the government can raise funds for the suppression of disorder and to bring about peace is "to take a really bold step, raising a loan, domestic and foreign, on security of the island. If Formosa be placed in pledge there would be no difficulty in obtaining 100,000,000 yen, for foreigners would be delighted to go into such an investment."

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 2.—The Bryan party left here this morning for Springfield. There was a crowd at the train to see him off. On the train were reception committees from Springfield and Keaton. A short stop was made at London to shake hands with the crowd.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, Sept. 2.—Twenty thousand people greeted the Democratic nominee here, cheering him from the time he left the train until the police finally fought a way for him to the train bearing him to Toledo. Bryan said in part:

#### ANOTHER SPEECH.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—For a few minutes only I shall occupy your attention because a large portion of my voice has been left along the line of travel where it is still calling sinners to repentance. (Great laughter.)

I am told that in this city you manufacture more agricultural implements than are manufactured in any other city of the country. I am glad to talk to people who recognize their dependence upon the farmers of this country. I had occasion to talk to some who seem to imagine that the harder up they make the farmers the better they would be off. I am glad to talk to you who recognize that the dollars which you receive are earned by those who convert the natural resources of this

country into money, those who till the soil, and that from its fertility springs forth this nation's primary greatness. As a matter of fact farmers and laboring men are the foundation socially. (Cheers.) Upon this foundation is built the commercial classes and the financier acts as a sort of roof over the whole thing. You can take off the roof and put on another, but you cannot destroy the foundation without ruining the whole building. [Applause.] Upon the prosperity of the great producers of wealth, whom we call the masses as distinguished from the classes, depends all the prosperity of this city. If you have a gold standard you legislate the value of money up and the value of property down.

Our opponents are trying to throw upon Providence the faults of your condition. If the farmer complains that he is not making much of his potato crop, they tell him its due to the potato bug. If he tell them he is not making much of his corn crop they tell him its due to the chinch bug. If he is not making much out of wheat, they tell him it is due to the army worm. But let me tell you the gold bug is destroying more crops than all of them. [Great laughter.] The farmer is the most helpless victim of circumstances of all the producers of wealth. When he plants his crop in the spring he does not know whether there is going to be a flood or drought, whether there is going to be hot winds or a cold hail. He takes his chances and I assert, when he has taken more chances than everybody else and if he survives all and the calamities that visit the farm, it is not fair to drive him between the hills and bears of Wall street and let them take from him what is left. [Great laughter and applause.]

LONDON, Sept. 2.—In official circles it is believed that Marquis Salisbury has determined to pursue his own course at Constantinople in the future and given the British ambassador, Sir Phillip Currie, precise and significant instructions with greater powers to command naval aid in enforcing the demands of Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—Chief Hazen of the secret service has received a telegram announcing the arrest at Ionia, Mich., of Frank and George Kingston and P. J. McWain, for counterfeiting.

The officers also captured \$7,200 in counterfeit twenties, with plates, press and paper.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Sept. 2.—With half a score of remote towns to be heard from, the vote of which will not materially change the result, the Republicans carried Vermont by more than 35,000.

Returns from 235 towns out of 245 in the state give Grout (Rep.) 52,751; Jackson (Dem.) 14,450; Republican plurality 38,301. The Democrats have elected seven representatives to the legislature.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies of Great Britain, and Mrs. Chamberlain, were passengers on the Teutonic. Chamberlain said that he came here to visit Mr. and Mrs. Endicott, the parents of his wife at Danvers, Mass. He expects to return to England in a fortnight.

DUBLIN, Sept. 2. [Copyright by the Associated Press.]—The Irish nationalist convention resumed session at 11 o'clock this morning. There were rumors of war on every side and little prospect of that harmony which the convention was organized to bring about.

Rev. Father Flynn moved the appointment of a committee of arbitration composed of home and foreign delegates with instructions to draft rules and a platform to unite all the factions of the Irish party. The motion was greeted with enthusiasm.

P. T. O'Connor took the floor. His eloquence aroused the first breeze of the day. He read Father Flynn's original resolution suggesting that a committee be selected from the three sections of the Irish parliamentary party to prepare a basis of union which has since been amended and which was believed to have been written by Timothy M. Healy, M. P. O'Connor fiercely attacked the disruptionists who are fighting the convention with every dirty expedient. O'Connor's attack on the Healyites was received with deafening cheers from the Dillonites. Canon Murnane of London objected to O'Connor's language which, he said, was defeating the object the convention had in view of bringing about, viz.: unity among the Irishmen of all sections. A scene of great disorder followed until Murnane was ruled out of order. O'Connor then resumed his remarks and declared the only way to kill dissension was to crush it by "the united determination of an angry people," and urged the convention to give the Irish leaders the means of uniting the Parnellites with the Irish party. He appealed to the delegates to uphold constitutional methods.

The discussion of Father Flynn's resolution, the first test of strength between the Dillonites and Healyites, was long and bitter. The resolution was finally withdrawn in the interest of harmony.

Later the convention adopted resolutions recording the conviction that it was of importance that the nationalists' representatives in Parliament should be reunited in one home rule party in which every supporter of that policy would be cordially received and treated according to capacity and render service to the common cause.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 1.—The second day of the Grand Army week opened cloudy, which made it more comfortable for the marching of the veterans, as they tramped to quarters or participated in the parade. A conservative estimate is 130,000 visitors, based on the number of tickets sold and contracted last week, but this will be short of the actual number present tomorrow when the grand parade starts.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—The Milwaukee express on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad which left Chicago at 11:30 a. m., was wrecked north of Evanston today and four persons were seriously injured. The accident was caused by the spreading of the rails on a curve.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 1.—The Florida delegation held an enthusiastic meeting tonight, at which they decided to support Mr. Cleveland. J. E. Hartridge, who is considered one of the most forcible speakers in the Palmetto state, was selected to present Mr. Cleveland's name to the convention.